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	ired of Brokers and Dealers Pu Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule		
REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGIN	NING 10/01/2015 MM/DD/YY	AND ENDING	09/30/2016 MM/DD/YY
A	A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICAT	ΓΙΟΝ	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: d/b/	Die International Investments, In a Noble Financial Capital Marke DF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box N	ets	OFFICIAL USE ONL
	(No. and Street)		
Boca Raton (City)	FL (State)		33431 (Zip Code)
Nico Pronk	R OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REG	· · ·	PORT <u>(561) 994-1191</u> (Area Code – Telephone Numb
	TANT whose opinion is contained in thi	s Report*	
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNT	•		
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNT Spicer Jeffries	(Name – if individual, state last, first, r	middle name)	
	(Name – <i>if individual, state last, first, r</i> Greenwood Village (City)	middle name) CO (State)	80111 (Zip Code)
Spicer Jeffries 5251S. Quebec St. #200 (Address) CHECK ONE:	Greenwood Village (City)	CO (State)	
Spicer Jeffries 5251S. Quebec St. #200 (Address) CHECK ONE: Certified Public Account Public Accountant	Greenwood Village (City)	CO (State) Securitic NO	(Zip Code)

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

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OATH OR AFFIRMATION

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OATH OF	X AFFIRMATION
Nico Pronk	, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of
y knowledge and belief the accompanying financial stat	ement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of
Noble International Investments, Inc. d/b/a No	oble Financial Capital Markets , a
	20_16, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	I officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account
lassified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:	a officer of director has any propriodity increase in any account
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	A
	ATA
Notary Public State of Fiorida	Signature
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Summuns .	President
	Title
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Notary Public	
 Computation for Determination of the Reserve Ref. (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudit consolidation. (l) An Oath or Affirmation. (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report. 	to Claims of Creditors. irements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3. I Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3. on of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the equirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3. ted Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of
(n) A report describing any material inadequacies foun	nd to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous au
*For conditions of confidential treatment of certain port	tions of this filing see section 240 $17a-5(e)(3)$

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Page(s)

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm	3
Statement of Financial Condition	4
Notes to Financial Statements	5-11



CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS 5251 SOUTH QUEBEC STREET • SUITE 200 GREENWOOD VILLAGE, COLORADO 80111 TELEPHONE: (303) 753-1959 FAX: (303) 753-0338 www.spicerieffries.com

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Board of Directors of Noble International Investments, Inc. dba Noble Financial Capital Markets

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We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Noble International Investments, Inc. dba Noble Financial Capital Markets (the "Company") as of September 30, 2016 that is filed pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and the related notes to the statement of financial condition. The Company's management is responsible for this financial statement. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The Company is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. Our audit included consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statement referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial condition of the Company as of September 30, 2016 in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Apicer Jeffines LLP

Greenwood Village, Colorado November 21, 2016



STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION SEPTEMBER 30,2016

ASSETS

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 92,009
Due from clearing broker	73,457
Deposit with clearing brokers	350,000
Commission receivable	82,625
Securities owned, at market value	90,720
Firm Investments	3,629,500
Other receivables	75,840
Property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation of \$251,805	21,412
Other assets	 37,280

\$ 4,452,843

LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY

LIABILITIES

Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 143,459
Commission and salaries payable	16,893
Deferred taxes	912,630
Deferred revenue	6,667
Lease obligation	 16,469
Total Liabilities	\$ 1,096,118

COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Notes 4 and 5)

SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY (Note 2)

Total liabilities and shareholder's equity	\$ 4,452,843
Total shareholder's equity	3,356,725
Retained Earnings	 1,059,316
Additional paid-in-capital	2,297,309
issued and oustanding	100
Common Stock, \$1.00 par value, 100 shares authorized,	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE I - ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Organization and Business

Noble International Investments, Inc. (the "Company") was incorporated in the State of Florida on September 21, 1984, and is presently operating as Noble Financial Capital Markets. The Company operates as a securities broker-dealer and is registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") and is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. ("FINRA"). The Company earns revenues from proprietary trading, investment banking and advisory services, providing research and consulting services and the sale of securities on a fully disclosed basis. The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Noble Financial Group, Inc. (the "Parent").

Clearing Agreements

The Company, under Rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(ii), is exempt from the reserve and possession or control requirements of Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commission. The Company does not carry or clear customer accounts. Accordingly, all customer transactions are executed and cleared on behalf of the Company by its clearing brokers on a fully disclosed basis. The Company's agreements with its clearing brokers provides that as clearing brokers, these firms will make and keep such records of the transactions effected and cleared in the customer accounts as are customarily made and kept by a clearing broker pursuant to the requirements of Rules 17a-3 and 17a-4 of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Act"). It also performs all services customarily incident thereon, including the preparation and distribution of customer's confirmation and statements and maintenance margin requirements under the Act and the rules of the Self Regulatory Organizations of which the Company is a member.

Securities Valuation and Revenue Recognition

The Company records proprietary transactions, commission revenue and related expenses on a trade- date basis. Interest and dividend income are recognized in the period earned. Investment advisory fees are received quarterly in advance and recognized ratably over the term of the contract.

The Company values its securities in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification 820 - Fair Value Measurements ("ASC 820"). Under ASC 820, fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability (i.e., the "exit price") in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. In determining fair value, the Company uses various valuation approaches. ASC 820 establishes a fair value hierarchy for inputs used in measuring fair value that maximizes the use of

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Securities Valuation and Revenue Recognition (continued)

observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs by requiring that the most observable inputs be used when available. Observable inputs are those that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability based on market data obtained from sources independent of the Company. Unobservable inputs reflect the Company's assumption about the inputs market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on the best information available in the circumstances. The fair value hierarchy is categorized into three levels based on the inputs as follows:

Level 1 - Valuations based on unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Company has the ability to access. Valuation adjustments and blockage discounts are not applied to Level 1 securities. Since valuations are based on quoted prices that are readily and regularly available in an active market, valuation of these securities does not entail a significant degree of judgment.

Level 2 - Valuations based on quoted prices in markets that are not active or for which all significant inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 - Valuations based on inputs that are unobservable and significant to the overall fair value measurement.

The availability of valuation techniques and observable inputs can vary from security to security and is affected by a wide variety of factors, including the type of security, whether the security is new and not yet established in the marketplace, and other characteristics particular to the transaction. To the extent that valuation is based on models or inputs that are less observable or unobservable in the market, the determination of fair value requires more judgment. Those estimated values do not necessarily represent the amounts that may be ultimately realized due to the occurrence of future circumstances that cannot be reasonably determined. Because of the inherent uncertainty of valuation, those estimated values may be materially higher or lower than the values that would have been used had a ready market for the securities existed. Accordingly, the degree of judgment exercised by the Company in determining fair value is greatest for securities categorized in Level 3. In certain cases, the inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, for disclosure purposes, the level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement falls in its entirety is determined by the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 - **ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

Securities Valuation and Revenue Recognition (continued)

Fair value is a market-based measure considered from the perspective of a market participant rather than an entity-specific measure. Therefore, even when market assumptions are not readily available, the Company's own assumptions are set to reflect those that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. The Company uses prices and inputs that are current as of the measurement date, including during periods of market dislocation. In periods of market dislocation, the observability of prices and inputs may be reduced for many securities. This condition could cause a security to be reclassified to a lower level within the fair value hierarchy.

The Company holds \$90,720 in securities classified as Level 1 and \$3,629,500 in securities classified as Level 2.

Property and Equipment

Furniture, equipment and leasehold improvements are recorded at cost, and are depreciated over the estimated useful lives of the assets using the straight line and accelerated methods. Repairs and maintenance are charged to expense as incurred.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Income Taxes

The Company files a consolidated income tax return with its Parent. For financial statement purposes, the Company presents income tax information as if filed a separate income tax

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 - **ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

return. The Company utilizes the asset and liability method of accounting for income taxes, as prescribed by Accounting Standards Codification 740 – Income Taxes ("ASC 740"). Under this method, deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax basis. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply in the years in which these temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. Changes in tax rates are recognized in income in the period that includes the enactment date.

The Company is required to determine whether a tax position is more likely than not to be sustained upon examination by the applicable taxing authority, including resolution of any tax related appeals or litigation processes, based on the technical merits of the position. The Company files an income tax return in the U.S. federal jurisdiction, and may file income tax returns in various U.S. states. The Company is not subject to income tax return examinations by major taxing authorities for years before 2010. The tax benefit recognized is measured as the largest amount of benefit that has a greater than fifty percent likelihood of being realized upon ultimate settlement. De-recognition of a tax benefit previously recognized results in the Company recording a tax liability that reduces net assets. However, the Company's conclusions regarding this policy may be subject to review and adjustment at a later date based on factors including, but limited to, on-going analyses of and changes to tax laws, regulations and interpretations thereof. The Company recognized tax benefits in income taxes payable, if assessed. No interest expense or penalties have been recognized as of and for the year ended September 30, 2016.

NOTE 2 - NET CAPITAL

Pursuant to the net capital provisions of Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Company is required to maintain a minimum net capital, as defined under such provisions. At September 30, 2016, the Company had net capital and net capital requirements of \$491,715 and \$100,000, respectively. The Company's net capital ratio (aggregate indebtedness to net capital) was 2.23 to 1. According to Rule 15c3-1, the Company's net capital ratio shall not exceed 15 to 1.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 3- INCOME TAXES

The Company has a net operating loss carry forward in the current year of approximately \$1,376,092 available to offset future taxable income which expires in 2032. The net operating loss may produce future income tax benefits of approximately \$557,317.

Deferred income tax liabilities or assets arise from the net effects of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for income tax purposes. The Company currently has a material amount of unearned income related to Stock warrants recorded on the financial statements.

Significant components of the Company's deferred tax liabilities as of September 30, 2016 are:

Unrealized gain of firm investments	\$ 1,469,947
Net operating loss carryforward	 (557,317)
Income tax provision	\$ 912,630

The valuation allowance decreased by \$320,183 for the year ended September 30, 2016.

NOTE 4 - COMMITMENTS AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company has entered into long-term operating payments under these operating leases are as follows:

<u>Year</u>	Amount
2017	216,399
2018	268,470
2019	268,053
2020	273,451
2021	279,010
2022	236,959
	\$ 1,542,342

Rent expense for the year ended September 30, 2016 was \$248,828.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 4 - COMMITMENTS AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

The Company has entered into a long-term capital lease for certain office equipment. The leased equipment is depreciated on a straight line basis over 63 months. Total accumulated depreciation is \$8,220 on capital leases at September 30, 2016. The following is a schedule showing the future minimum lease payments under capital leases by year and the present value of the minimum lease payments as of September 30, 2016.

<u>Year ending September 30,</u>		
	<u>A</u>	mount
2017		4,212
2018		4,212
2019		4,212
2020		351
Total minimum lease payments		12,987
Less: Amount representing interest		(1,024)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$	11,963

At September 30, 2016, the present value of minimum lease payments due within one year is \$3,502, and the net book value of leased equipment is \$11,696.

The Company offers a defined contribution 401(k) retirement plan for its employees who have one year of service and are 21 years or older. Contributions to the plan are at the discretion of the board of directors. For the year ended September 30, 2016, the Company contributed \$6,693 to the plan.

Noble Capital Management, Inc. ("NCM"), a registered investment advisor, is a related party through common ownership and is part of the combined group. NCM's investment advisory fees are retained by the Company. During the year ended September 30, 2016, the Company received \$168,935 on behalf of NCM.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 5 - FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, OFF-BALANCE SHEET RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

In the normal course of business, the Company's activities through its clearing broker involve the execution, settlement and financing of various customer securities transactions. These activities may expose the Company to off-balance sheet risk. In the event a customer fails to satisfy its obligations, the Company may be required to purchase or sell financial instruments at prevailing market prices in order to fulfill the customer's obligations. The Company is also engaged in various corporate financing activities with counterparties. In the event counterparties do not fulfill their obligations, the Company may be exposed to risk. The risk of default depends on the creditworthiness of the counterparty or issuer of the instrument. It is the Company's policy to review, as necessary, the credit standing of each counterparty with which it conducts business.

In addition, the Company bears the risk of financial failure by its clearing brokers. If the clearing brokers should cease doing business, the Company's receivable and deposit from these clearing brokers could be subject to forfeiture.

The Company's financial instruments, including due from brokers, deposit with clearing brokers, receivables, other assets, accounts payable and accrued expenses, commissions and salaries payable and are carried at amounts that approximate fair value, due to the short-term nature of the instruments. Securities owned and securities sold, but not yet purchased are valued as described in Note I.

The Company also maintains its cash balances in a financial institution, which at times may exceed federally insured limits. As of September 30, 2016, the Company had \$0 in excess of the federally insured limit. The Company has not experienced any losses in such accounts and believes it is not exposed to any significant credit risk on cash and cash equivalents.

NOTE 6 - CONTINGENCIES

Litigation

The Company is involved in various disputes arising in the normal course of business. Management, after review and discussion with legal counsel, believes the Company has meritorious defense and intends to vigorously defend itself in these matters, but is not feasible to predict or determine the final outcomes at the present time.

NOTE 7 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Company has performed an evaluation of subsequent events through the date the financial statements were issued. On October 26, 2016, the Company received payment for firm investments (warrants) in the amount of \$3,673,056.