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ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT
FORM X-17A-5
PART III

SEC FILE NUMBER
 8-49806



FACING PAGE

**Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the
 Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder**

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING 01/01/15 AND ENDING 12/31/15
MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

OFFICIAL USE ONLY
 FIRM ID. NO.

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:

DOUGALL & ASSOCIATES, INC.

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)

440 S. LASALLE STREET

(No. and Street)

Chicago

(City)

Illinois

(State)

60605

(Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT

Scott Freyn

(312) 663-2670

(Area Code - Telephone No)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report*

Ryan & Juraska LLP

(Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name)

141 West Jackson Boulevard, Suite 2250

(Address)

Chicago

(City)

Illinois

(State)

60604

(Zip Code)

RECEIVED

MAR 01 2016

DIVISION OF TRADING & MARKETS

CHECK ONE:

- Certified Public Accountant
- Public Accountant
- Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2).

JH

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, **Scott Freyn**, swear (or affirm), to the best of my knowledge and belief, the accompanying financial statements and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of **Dougall & Associates, Inc.** as of **December 31, 2015** are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the Company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:

None

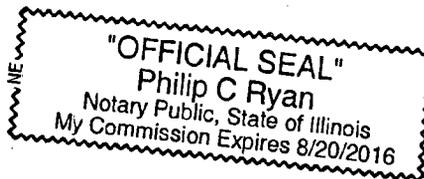

Signature

President
Title

Subscribed and sworn to before me this

24 day of February, 2016


Notary Public



This report** contains (check all applicable boxes)

- (a) Facing Page.
- (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
- (c) Statement of Income (Loss).
- (d) Statement of Cash Flows.
- (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital.
- (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of General Creditors.
- (g) Computation of Net Capital for Brokers and Dealers pursuant to Rule 15c3-1.
- (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- (i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements for Brokers and Dealers Under Rule 15c3-3.
- (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
- (l) An Oath or Affirmation.
- (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
- (n) A copy of the Exemption Report.
- (o) Schedule of Segregation Requirements and Funds in Segregation – Customers' Regulated Commodity Futures Accounts Pursuant to CFTC Rule 1.11(d)2(iv).

**For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see Section 240.17a-5(e)(3).



RYAN & JURASKA LLP
Certified Public Accountants

141 West Jackson Boulevard
Chicago, Illinois 60604

Tel: 312.922.0062
Fax: 312.922.0672

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Stockholders of
Dougall & Associates, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Dougall & Associates, Inc. (the Company) as of December 31, 2015 that you are filing pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and the related notes to the financial statement and supplemental information. This financial statement is the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this financial statement based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free of material misstatement. The Company is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. Our audit included consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the statement of financial condition, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statement referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Dougall & Associates, Inc. as of December 31, 2015 in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The Supplemental Information (the "supplemental information") has been subjected to audit procedures performed in conjunction with the audit of Dougall & Associates, Inc.'s financial statement. The supplemental information is the responsibility of Dougall & Associates, Inc.'s management. Our audit procedures included determining whether the supplemental information reconciles to the financial statement or the underlying accounting and other records, as applicable, and performing procedures to test the completeness and accuracy of the information presented in the supplemental information. In forming our opinion on the supplemental information, we evaluated whether the supplemental information, including its form and content, is presented in conformity with 17 C.F.R. §240.17a-5 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. In our opinion, the Supplemental Information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statement as a whole.

Ryan & Juraska LLP

Chicago, Illinois
February 24, 2016

DOUGALL & ASSOCIATES, INC.
Statement of Financial Condition
December 31, 2015

Assets

Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,223
Receivables from broker-dealers		269,803
Other receivables		<u>7,367</u>
Total Assets	\$	<u><u>278,393</u></u>

Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity

Liabilities:

Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	26,888
Securities sold, not yet purchased, at fair value		1
Bank Overdraft		<u>17,398</u>
Total Liabilities		44,287

Stockholders' equity

Common stock		1,000
Retained earnings		<u>233,106</u>
	\$	<u><u>234,106</u></u>

Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	\$	<u><u>278,393</u></u>
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See accompanying notes.

DOUGALL & ASSOCIATES, INC.

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition

December 31, 2015

1. Organization and Business

Dougall & Associates, Inc. (the "Company") is a broker-dealer operating as a floor broker on the Chicago Stock Exchange. The Company engages in proprietary trading activities. The Company incorporated under Illinois law on December 15, 1996. The Company does not carry customer accounts as defined in Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities Act.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Securities Valuation and Revenue Recognition

Securities transactions and related commissions and expenses are recorded on a trade date basis. Dividends are recorded on the ex-dividend date and interest is recognized on the accrual basis. Securities owned and securities sold, not yet purchased are recorded in the statement of financial condition at fair value in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 820, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures (see note 8).

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with United States Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("U.S. GAAP") requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Income Taxes

The Company has elected to be taxed under the provisions of Subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code. Accordingly, no provision has been made for federal income taxes as the taxable income or loss of the Company is included in the respective income tax returns of the stockholders.

In accordance with U.S. GAAP, the Company is required to determine whether its tax positions are more likely than not to be sustained upon examination by the applicable taxing authority, based on the technical merits of the position. Generally, the Company is no longer subject to income tax examinations by major taxing authorities for the years before 2012. Based on its analysis, there were no tax positions identified by management which did not meet the "more likely than not" standard as and for the year ended December 31, 2015.

Cash Equivalents

Cash equivalents consist of money market deposits with maturities of less than three months.

DOUGALL & ASSOCIATES, INC.

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition, Continued

December 31, 2015

3. Clearing Agreement

The Company has a clearing agreement with Lek Securities Corporation who provide execution and clearing services for the Company in accordance with orders placed by the Company's traders.

4. Credit Concentration

At December 31, 2015, a significant credit concentration consisted of \$269,803 representing the fair value of the Company's account carried by its clearing broker, Lek Securities Corporation. Management does not consider any credit risk associated with this receivable to be significant.

5. Receivables from Broker-Dealers

Receivable from broker-dealer includes cash balances due from the Company's broker, and the net amount receivable or payable for securities transactions pending settlement. The Company's broker provides execution, clearing and depository services for the Company's securities trading activities.

6. Off-Balance Sheet Risk

Risk arises from the potential inability of counterparties to perform under the terms of the contracts (credit risk) and from changes in the values of the underlying financial instruments (market risk). The Company is subject to credit risk to the extent that any broker with which it conducts business is unable to fulfill contractual obligations on its behalf. The Company attempts to minimize its exposure to credit risk by monitoring brokers with which it conducts investment activities. In management's opinion, market risk is substantially diminished when all financial instruments are aggregated.

From time to time, the Company maintains bank accounts with balances in excess of federally insured limits. The Company's exposure to credit risk associated with counterparty nonperformance is limited to the amounts reflected in the statement of financial condition. The Company's bank has provided a bank deposit guarantee bond in the amount of \$250,000 to cover deposits in excess of federally insured limits.

7. Net Capital Requirements

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (Rule 15(c)3-1). Under this rule, the Company is required to maintain "net capital" equal to the greater of \$100,000 or 6 ⅔ % of "aggregate indebtedness", as defined.

At December 31, 2015, the Company had net capital and net capital requirements of \$233,235 and \$100,000, respectively.

DOUGALL & ASSOCIATES, INC.

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition, Continued

December 31, 2015

8. Fair Value Disclosure

ASC 820, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures requires enhanced disclosures about investments that are measured and reported at fair value. Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. ASC 820 establishes a fair value hierarchy for inputs used in measuring fair value that maximizes the use of observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs by requiring that the most observable inputs be used when available. Observable inputs are those that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability based on market data obtained from sources independent of the Company. Unobservable inputs reflect the Company's assumptions about the inputs market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on the best information available in the circumstances. The fair value hierarchy prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three broad levels:

Level 1 Inputs – Valuation is based on quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities at the reporting date.

Level 2 Inputs – Valuation is based on other than quoted prices included with Level 1 that are observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. Level 2 assets include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities that are not active; and inputs other than quoted prices that are observable, such as models or other valuation methodologies.

Level 3 Inputs – Valuation is based on unobservable inputs for the valuation of the asset or liability. Level 3 assets include investments for which there is little, if any, market activity. These inputs require significant management judgment or estimation.

The availability of valuation techniques and observable inputs can vary from investment to investment and is affected by a wide variety of factors, including, the type of investment, whether the investment is new and not yet established in the marketplace, and other characteristics particular to the transaction. To the extent that valuation is based on models or inputs that are less observable or unobservable in the market, the determination of fair value requires more judgment. Those estimated values do not necessarily represent the amounts that may be ultimately realized due to the occurrence of future circumstances that cannot be reasonably determined. Because of the inherent uncertainty of valuation, those estimated values may be materially higher or lower than the values that would have been used had a ready market for the investments existed. Accordingly, the degree of judgment exercised by the Company in determining fair value is greatest for investments categorized in Level 3. In certain cases, the inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, for disclosure purposes, the level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement in its entirety falls is determined based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

DOUGALL & ASSOCIATES, INC.

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition, Continued

December 31, 2015

8. Fair Value Disclosure, Continued

The Company values its investments based on the following principles and method of valuation:

Investments in equities listed on an exchange and which are freely transferable are valued at their last sale price on such exchange on the date of valuation. To the extent these securities are actively traded, and valuation adjustments are not applied, they are categorized in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy. Preferred and other equities traded on inactive markets or valued by dealer quotations or an alternative pricing source or model supported by observable inputs are classified within Level 2.

Investments in securities sold short, not yet purchased represent obligations to purchase such securities at a future date. The value of the open short position is recorded as a liability, and the Company records an unrealized appreciation or depreciation to the extent of the difference between the proceeds received and the value of the open short position. The Company records a realized gain or loss when the short position is closed out. By entering into short sales, the Company bears the market risk of increases in value of the security sold short in excess of the proceeds received.

At December 31, 2015, the Company holdings were as follows:

	<u>Level 1</u>
Securities sold, not yet purchased, at fair value	<u>\$ 1</u>

At December 31, 2015, the Company had no level 2 or level 3 investments.

9. Guarantees

Accounting Standards Codification Topic 460 ("ASC 460"), Guarantees, requires the Company to disclose information about its obligations under certain guarantee arrangements. ASC 460 defines guarantees as contracts and indemnification agreements that contingently require a guarantor to make payments to the guaranteed party based on changes in an underlying (such as an interest or foreign exchange rate, security or commodity price, an index or the occurrence or nonoccurrence of a specified event) related to an asset, liability or equity security of a guaranteed party. This guidance also defines guarantees as contracts that contingently require the guarantor to make payments to the guaranteed party based on another entity's failure to perform under an agreement, as well as indirect guarantees of the indebtedness of others. The Company did not enter into any guarantee arrangements during the year ended December 31, 2015.

10. Subsequent Events

The Company's management has evaluated events and transactions through February 24, 2016, the date the financial statements were issued, noting no material events requiring disclosure in the Company's financial statements.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

DOUGALL & ASSOCIATES, INC.

Computation of Net Capital for Brokers and Dealers pursuant to Rule 15c3-1

December 31, 2015

Computation of net capital

Total stockholders' equity	\$	234,106
Deductions and/or charges:		
Nonallowable assets:		
Other Receivables		<u>871</u>
Net capital before haircuts on securities positions		233,235
Haircuts on securities:		
Trading and investment securities:		
Other securities		<u>0</u>
Net capital	\$	<u><u>233,235</u></u>

Computation of basic capital requirement

Minimum net capital required (greater of \$100,000 or 6 % of aggregate indebtedness)		<u>100,000</u>
Net capital in excess of net capital requirement	\$	<u><u>133,235</u></u>

Computation of aggregate indebtedness

Aggregate indebtedness	\$	<u><u>44,287</u></u>
Ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital	%	<u><u>18.99</u></u>

There are no material differences between the above computation and the Company's corresponding unaudited Form FOCUS Part IIA filing as of December 31, 2015.

See accompanying notes.

DOUGALL & ASSOCIATES, INC.

Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3

December 31, 2015

The Company did not handle any customer cash or securities during the year ended December 31, 2015 and does not have any customer accounts.

DOUGALL & ASSOCIATES, INC.

Information Relating to Possession or Control Requirements pursuant to Rule 15c3-3

December 31, 2015

The Company did not handle any customer cash or securities during the year ended December 31, 2015 and does not have any customer accounts.



RYAN & JURASKA LLP
Certified Public Accountants

141 West Jackson Boulevard
Chicago, Illinois 60604

Tel: 312.922.0062
Fax: 312.922.0672

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Stockholders
of Dougall & Associates, Inc.

We have reviewed management's statements, included in the accompanying Exemption Report, in which (1) Dougall & Associates, Inc. (the Company) stated that it may file an Exemption Report because the Company had no obligations under 17 C.F.R. §240.15c3-3 (the "exemption"); and (2) the Company stated that it had no obligations under 17 C.F.R. §240.15c3-3 throughout the most recent fiscal year ended December 31, 2015 without exception. The Company's management is responsible for compliance with the exemption and its statements.

Our review was conducted in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) and, therefore, included inquiries and other required procedures to obtain evidence about the Company's compliance with the exemption provisions. A review is substantially less in scope than an examination, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion on management's statements. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Based on our review, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to management's statements referred to above for them to be fairly stated, in all material respects, based on the provisions set forth in paragraph (k) of Rule 15c3-3 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Ryan & Juraska LLP

Chicago, Illinois
February 24, 2016

Rule 15c3-3 Exemption Report

Dougall & Associates, Inc. (the "Company") is a registered broker-dealer subject to Rule 17a-5 promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission (17 C.F.R. §240.17a-5, "Reports to be made by certain brokers and dealers"). This Exemption Report was prepared as required by 17 C.F.R § 240.17a-5(d)(1) and (4). To the best of its knowledge and belief, the Company states the following:

- (1) The Company may file an Exemption Report because the Company had no obligations under 17 C.F.R. § 240.15c3-3.
- (2) The company had no obligations under 17 C.F.R. § 240.15c3-3 throughout the most recent fiscal year without exception.

I, Scott Freyn, swear (or affirm) that, to my best knowledge and belief, this Exemption Report is true and correct.

By:



Title: President

February 24, 2016