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Washington DC PART III
404

FACING PAGE
Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING 1/1/2015 AND ENDING 12/31/2015
MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: DABBAH SECURITIES CORP.

OFFICIAL USE ONLY
FIRM ID. NO.

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)

6 EAST 46TH STREET

(No. and Street)

NEW YORK

NY

10017

(City)

(State)

(Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT

STEVE DABBAH

212 697-9870

(Area Code -- Telephone No.)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report*

WEISBERG, MOLE', KRANTZ & GOLDFARB LLP

(Name -- if individual, state last, first, middle name)

185 CROSSWAYS PARK DRIVE

WOODBURY

NY

11797

(Address)

(City)

(State)

(Zip Code)

CHECK ONE:

- Certified Public Accountant
- Public Accountant
- Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2).

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

SEC 1410 (06-02)

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OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, STEVE DABBAH, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of DABBAH SECURITIES CORP., as of 31-Dec 20 15, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:

NONE

Steve Dabbah

Signature

PRESIDENT

Title

[Signature]
Notary Public

GOHAR E. BARAZADEH
Notary Public, State of New York
No. 015A6170301
Qualified in New York County
Commission Expires Sept. 04, 2016

This report** contains (check all applicable boxes):

- (a) Facing page.
- (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
- (c) Statement of Income (Loss).
- (d) Statement of Cash Flows
- (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital.
- (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
- (g) Computation of Net Capital.
- (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- (i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
- (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
- (l) An Oath or Affirmation.
- (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
- (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.
- (o) Management statement regarding compliance with the exemption provisions for SEC Rule 15c3-3
- (p) Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm Regarding Rule 15c3-3 Exemption Report

**For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

DABBAH SECURITIES CORP.

Financial Statements

December 31, 2015

Dabbah Securities Corp.

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December 31, 2015

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Weisberg, Molé, Krantz & Goldfarb, LLP
Certified Public Accountants

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Board of Directors of
Dabbah Securities Corp.

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Dabbah Securities Corp., which comprise the statement of financial condition as of December 31, 2015, and the related statements of operations, changes in stockholder's equity, and cash flows for the year then ended. Dabbah Securities Corp.'s management is responsible for these financial statements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial condition of Dabbah Securities Corp. as of December 31, 2015, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The Computation of Net Capital on page 11 has been subjected to audit procedures performed in conjunction with the audit of Dabbah Securities Corp.'s financial statements. The supplemental information is the responsibility of Dabbah Securities Corp.'s management. Our audit procedures included determining whether the supplemental information reconciles to the financial statements or the underlying accounting and other records, as applicable, and performing procedures to test the completeness and accuracy of the information presented in the supplemental information. In forming our opinion on the supplemental information, we evaluated whether the supplemental information, including its form and content, is presented in conformity with 17 C.F.R. §240.17a-5 and the regulations under the Commodity Exchange Act. In our opinion, the supplemental information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Woodbury, N.Y., Kowitz & Goldfarb, LLP

Woodbury, New York
February 14, 2016

DABBAH SECURITIES CORP.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

December 31, 2015

ASSETS

Cash	\$	13,900
Marketable securities		658,012
Due from broker		777,466
Other assets		5,608
Furniture, equipment and improvements, net of accumulated depreciation of \$319,874		<u>2,090</u>
Total assets	\$	<u>1,457,076</u>

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY

LIABILITIES

Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	9,294
Due to stockholder		<u>228,217</u>
Total liabilities	\$	<u>237,511</u>

STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY

Common stock, no par value; 10,000 shares authorized, 3,000 shares issued and outstanding	\$	59,800
Additional paid-in-capital		1,010,000
Retained earnings		<u>149,765</u>
Total stockholder's equity	\$	<u>1,219,565</u>
Total liabilities and stockholder's equity	\$	<u>1,457,076</u>

DABBAH SECURITIES CORP.

STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

REVENUES

Commissions	\$ 486,112
Trading losses, net of gains	(94,870)
Other income	8,916
Interest and dividends	12,104
	<hr/>
Total revenues	\$ 412,262

EXPENSES

Trading expenses and commissions	\$ 182,032
Employee compensation and related	12,000
Professional fees	65,006
License and registration fees	6,022
Depreciation	337
Interest	4,396
Insurance	42,086
General, administrative and other	221,793
	<hr/>
Total expenses	\$ 533,672
Loss before provision for income taxes	\$ (121,410)
Provision for income taxes	1,978
	<hr/>
Net loss	\$ (123,388)

DABBAH SECURITIES CORP.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Shares	Common Stock	Additional Paid-In-Capital	Retained Earnings	Total Stockholder's Equity
Balance at January 1, 2015	3,000	\$ 59,800	\$ 1,010,000	\$ 273,153	\$ 1,342,953
Net loss	-	-	-	(123,388)	(123,388)
Balance at December 31, 2015	<u>3,000</u>	<u>\$ 59,800</u>	<u>\$ 1,010,000</u>	<u>\$ 149,765</u>	<u>\$ 1,219,565</u>

DABBAH SECURITIES CORP.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

Net loss	<u>\$ (123,388)</u>
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash used in operating activities:	
Trading losses, net of gains	94,870
Depreciation	337
Cash flow from changes in assets and liabilities:	
Decrease in due from broker	116,972
Decrease in other assets	18,198
Decrease in accounts payable and accrued expenses	<u>(18,156)</u>
Total adjustments	<u>212,221</u>
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>\$ 88,833</u>

CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES

Purchase of fixed assets	\$ (2,427)
Sales of marketable securities, net of purchases	<u>(31,224)</u>
Net cash used in investing activities	<u>\$ (33,651)</u>

CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES

Decrease in due to stockholder	<u>\$ (42,133)</u>
Net change in cash	\$ 13,049
Cash at beginning of year	851
Cash at end of year	<u><u>\$ 13,900</u></u>

SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW DISCLOSURES:

Interest paid	<u>\$ 4,396</u>
Income taxes paid	<u>\$ 1,978</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Dabbah Securities Corp.
Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2015

NOTE 1 – NATURE OF BUSINESS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING
POLICIES

Nature of Operations

Dabbah Securities Corp. (the "Company"), a Delaware corporation, is a broker-dealer registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA") and a member of the National Futures Association ("NFA").

Revenue Recognition

The Company's business consists substantially of commissions based on customer transactions and income from proprietary trading. Commission revenues are recorded on a settlement date basis. The Company is a non-clearing broker and, accordingly, utilizes a clearing broker on a fully disclosed basis on applicable transactions.

Use of Estimates and Subsequent Events

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reported period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. The Company has evaluated events and transactions that occurred through February 14, 2016, which is the date the financial statements were available for issuance, for possible disclosure and recognition in the financial statements.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, cash in banks, and short-term, highly liquid investments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less.

Marketable Securities

Marketable securities are reflected at the closing price on the day of valuation with resultant unrealized gains or losses reflected in net income for the year. The financial statements reflect realized gains and losses on dispositions of investment securities on a trade date basis. The cost of marketable securities sold is determined on the specific identification method.

Good Faith Deposit

At December 31, 2015 the Company maintained Good Faith Deposits totaling \$167,750 with former and current clearing/trading firms. The Company's active deposits are invested in money market funds which maintain a constant \$1 per share value.

Dabbah Securities Corp.
Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2015

NOTE 1 – NATURE OF BUSINESS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING
POLICIES (*continued*)

Income Taxes

The Company has elected to be treated as a Subchapter S Corporation for federal and state purposes and, as a result, will generally not be subject to corporate income taxes. The Company's shareholder is taxed on the Company's income. However, New York City does not recognize S corporation status and, accordingly, local corporation income taxes will continue to be payable by the Company in addition to certain alternative and minimum taxes to various state agencies where applicable.

Due To/From Broker

The Company maintains proprietary trading positions in broker accounts. The balances in these accounts and the related margin balances are reflected as due to/from brokers in the accompanying financial statements.

NOTE 2 – FURNITURE AND EQUIPMENT

Furniture and equipment are stated at cost. Depreciation is provided for on the straight-line basis using estimated useful lives.

A summary of furniture and equipment is as follows:

Computer equipment	\$ 168,868
Furniture and fixtures	72,834
Leasehold improvements	<u>80,262</u>
	321,964
Total cost	
Accumulated depreciation and amortization	<u>(319,874)</u>
Furniture and equipment, net	<u>\$ 2,090</u>

NOTE 3 - MARKETABLE SECURITIES

The Company's investments in marketable securities are held primarily for short-term trading profits and are classified as trading securities and are reflected at fair value. At December 31, 2015 marketable securities consisted of common stocks (\$580,487), and options (\$77,525).

Dabbah Securities Corp.
Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2015

NOTE 3 - MARKETABLE SECURITIES *(continued)*

Accounting Standards Codification 820, Fair Value Measurements, defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and establishes a fair value hierarchy which prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. A fair value measurement assumes that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability occurs in the principal market for the asset or liability or, in the absence of a principal market, the most advantageous market. Valuation techniques that are consistent with the market, income or cost approach, as specified in accordance with professional standards, are used to measure fair value.

The fair value hierarchy prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three broad levels:

Level 1 – Pricing inputs are unadjusted, quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities the Company has ability to access.

Level 2 – Pricing inputs are quoted prices for similar investments, or inputs that are observable for the asset or liability either directly or indirectly for substantially the full term through corroboration with observable market data.

Level 3 – Pricing inputs are unobservable for the asset or liability and rely on management's own assumptions. The unobservable inputs should be developed based on the best information available in the circumstances and may include the Company's own data.

Management considers all investments to be valued using Level 1 inputs.

NOTE 4 – NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital of \$100,000 and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. At December 31, 2015, the Company had net capital of \$985,500 which was \$85,500 in excess of its required net capital. The Company's aggregate indebtedness to net capital ratio was .24 to 1.

Dabbah Securities Corp.

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2015

NOTE 5 – REGULATION

The Company is registered as a broker-dealer with the SEC. The securities industry in the United States is subject to extensive regulation under both federal and state laws. The SEC is the federal agency responsible for the administration of the federal securities laws. Much of the regulation of broker-dealers has been delegated to self-regulatory organizations, such as the FINRA, which has been designated by the SEC as the Company's primary regulator. These self-regulatory organizations adopt rules, subject to approval by the SEC, that govern the industry and conduct periodic examinations of the Company's operations. The primary purpose of these requirements is to enhance the protection of customer assets. These laws and regulatory requirements subject the Company to standards of solvency with respect to capital requirements, financial reporting requirements, record keeping and business practices.

NOTE 6 – CUSTOMER PROTECTION RULE

The Company had no items reportable as customers' fully paid securities: (1) not in the Company's possession or control as of the audit date (for which instructions to reduce to possession or control had been issued as of the audit date) but for which the required action was not taken by the Company within the time frames specified under Rule 15c3-3 or (2) for which instructions to reduce to possession or control has not been issued as of the audit date, excluding items arising from "temporary lags which result from normal business operations" as permitted under Rule 15c3-3.

The Company is exempt from SEC rule 15c3-3 pursuant to the exemptive provisions under sub-paragraph (k)(2)(ii).

NOTE 7 – CREDIT AND OFF BALANCE SHEET RISK

The Company receives its commission income from customer transactions on a monthly basis from its clearing brokers and, accordingly, is not exposed to credit risk. At certain times throughout the year the Company may maintain bank account balances in excess of federally insured limits. The Company's clearing broker will require the Company to fulfill the obligation of a customer account that goes into default. The Company monitors customer accounts intraday to mitigate such risk.

NOTE 8 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Company occupies office space under a lease executed by an affiliated company. Rent is charged between the affiliated companies according to an expense sharing agreement.

NOTE 9 – DUE TO STOCKHOLDER

As of December 31, 2015, the Company's stockholder has made short-term advances amounting to \$228,217. These advances are due on demand without interest.

Supplementary Information

DABBAH SECURITIES CORP.

**COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER RULE 15c3-1 OF THE
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**

As of December 31, 2015

NET CAPITAL	
Total stockholder's equity	\$ 1,219,565
Deduct stockholder's equity not allowable for net capital	-
Total stockholder's equity qualified for net capital	<u>\$ 1,219,565</u>
Additions: none	
Deductions:	
Non-allowable assets	\$ (47,947)
Proprietary charges on commodities	(49,342)
Total deductions	<u>\$ (97,289)</u>
Net capital before haircuts on securities positions	\$ 1,122,276
Haircuts on securities	(136,776)
Net capital	<u>\$ 985,500</u>
AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS	
Items included in statement of financial condition	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 9,294
Due to stockholder	228,217
Total aggregate indebtedness	<u>\$ 237,511</u>
COMPUTATION OF BASIC NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS	
Minimum net capital required (6 2/3% of aggregate indebtedness) (A)	<u>\$ 15,834</u>
Minimum dollar net capital requirement for reporting broker or dealer (B)	<u>\$ 100,000</u>
Net capital requirement (greater of (A) or (B))	<u>\$ 100,000</u>
Excess net capital	<u>\$ 885,500</u>
Net capital less 120% of minimum required	<u>\$ 865,500</u>
Ratio: Aggregate indebtedness to net capital	<u>.24 to 1</u>
RECONCILIATION WITH COMPANY'S COMPUTATION	
(Included in Part II A of Form X-17A-5 as of December 31, 2015)	
Net capital as reported in Company's Part II A (unaudited) FOCUS report	\$ 985,500
No differences	-
Net capital per above	<u>\$ 985,500</u>

Exemption Report

Dabbah Securities Corp. is a registered broker-dealer subject to Rule 17a-5 promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission (17 C.F.R. 240.17a-5 "Reports to be made by certain brokers and dealers"). This Exemption Report was prepared as required by 17 C.F.R. 240.17a-5(d)(1) and (4). To the best of its knowledge and belief, the Company states the following:

The company claimed an exemption for 17 C.F.R. 240.15c3-3 under the provisions of 17 C.F.R. 240.15c3-3(K)(2)(ii).

The company met the identified exemption provisions in 17 C.F.R. 240.15c3-3(K)(2)(ii) throughout the most recent fiscal year without exception.

Dabbah Securities Corp.

I, Steve Dabbah, affirm that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, this Exemption Report is true and correct.

By: Steve Dabbah

Steve Dabbah, President

Date: Feb 18, 2016

SD



Weisberg, Molé, Krantz & Goldfarb, LLP
Certified Public Accountants

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To The Board of Directors of
Dabbah Securities Corp.

We have reviewed management's statements, included in the accompanying Statement of Exemption From SEC Rule 15c3-3, in which (1) Dabbah Securities Corp. identified the following provisions of 17 C.F.R. § 15c3-3(k) under which Dabbah Securities Corp. claimed an exemption from 17 C.F.R. § 240.15c3-3 [(k)(2)(ii)] (the "exemption provisions") and (2) Dabbah Securities Corp. stated that Dabbah Securities Corp. met the identified exemption provisions throughout the most recent fiscal year without exception. Dabbah Securities Corp.'s management is responsible for compliance with the exemption provisions and its statements.

Our review was conducted in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) and, accordingly, included inquiries and other required procedures to obtain evidence about Dabbah Securities Corp.'s compliance with the exemption provisions. A review is substantially less in scope than an examination, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion on management's statements. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Based on our review, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to management's statements referred to above for them to be fairly stated, in all material respects, based on the conditions set forth in paragraph(k)(2)(ii) of Rule 15c3-3 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Weisberg, Molé, Krantz & Goldfarb, LLP

Woodbury, New York
February 14, 2016



Weisberg, Molé, Krantz & Goldfarb, LLP
Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Required by CFTC Regulation 1.16

To the Board of Directors of
Dabbah Securities Corp.

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedules of Dabbah Securities Corp. (the Company), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2015, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

As required by Regulation 1.16 of the Commodities Futures Trading Commission (CFTC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding customer and firm assets. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Regulation 1.16 in making the following:

1. The periodic computations of the minimal financial requirements pursuant to Regulation 1.17.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the CFTC's previously mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Regulation 1.16(d)(2) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraphs.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the company's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described above would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we considered to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to above are considered by the CFTC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Commodity Exchange Act, and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described herein, were adequate at December 31, 2015, to meet the CFTC's objectives.

This report recognizes that it is not practical in an organization the size of Dabbah Securities Corp. to achieve all the divisions of duties and crosschecks generally included in an internal control environment and that alternatively, greater reliance must be placed on surveillance and direct involvement by management.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of Management, the CFTC and other agencies such as the National Futures Association ("NFA") which rely on Regulation 1.16 of the CFTC in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers and introducing brokers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Waisberg, Hali, Krantz & Goldfarb, LLP

Woodbury, New York
February 14, 2016