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UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

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ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT
FORM X-17A-5
PART III

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SECTION 17
SECTION 17

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FACING PAGE
Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING 01/01/14 AND ENDING 12/31/14
MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: Ladder Capital Securities LLC

OFFICIAL USE ONLY
FIRM I.D. NO.

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)

345 Park Avenue 8th Fl

(No. and Street)

New York
(City)

NY
(State)

10154
(Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT

Kevin Moclair

(212) 715-3188

(Area Code - Telephone Number)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report*

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

(Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name)

300 Madison Avenue
(Address)

New York
(City)

NY
(State)

10017
(Zip Code)

CHECK ONE:

- Certified Public Accountant
- Public Accountant
- Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

3/10/14

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

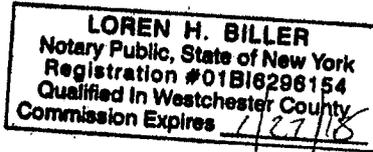
I, Michael Mazzer, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of Ladder Capital Securities LLC, as of December 31, 20 14, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:

N/A

[Signature]
Signature

President
Title

[Signature]
Notary Public



This report ** contains (check all applicable boxes):

- (a) Facing Page.
- (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
- (c) Statement of Income (Loss).
- (d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.
- (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital.
- (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
- (g) Computation of Net Capital.
- (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- (i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
- (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
- (l) An Oath or Affirmation.
- (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
- (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

**For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

Ladder Capital Securities LLC
Statement of Financial Condition
Index
December 31, 2014
(confidential)

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Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Management of
Ladder Capital Securities LLC

In our opinion, the accompanying statement of financial condition presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Ladder Capital Securities LLC at December 31, 2014 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The statement of financial condition is the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the statement of financial condition based on our audit. We conducted our audit of this statement in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the statement of financial condition is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the statement of financial condition, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall statement of financial condition presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

January 30, 2015

Ladder Capital Securities LLC
(a limited liability company)
Statement of Financial Condition
December 31, 2014
(confidential)

Assets

Cash	\$2,008,418
Due from affiliates	2,056,529
Prepaid expenses and other assets	<u>12,849</u>
Total Assets	<u>\$4,077,796</u>

Liabilities and Member's Capital

Liabilities

Accrued expenses	<u>\$ 106,635</u>
Total Liabilities	106,635

Commitments and contingencies (Note 6)

Member's Capital	<u>3,971,161</u>
Total Member's Capital	<u>3,971,161</u>
Total Liabilities and Member's Capital	<u>\$4,077,796</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement of financial condition.

Ladder Capital Securities LLC

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition

December 31, 2014

(confidential)

1. Organization and Nature of Business

On August 13, 2009, Ladder Capital Securities LLC (the “Company”) was organized as a Delaware limited liability company. The Company is owned 100% by Ladder Midco LLC, which is owned 100% by Ladder Capital Finance Holdings LLLP (“LCFH”) whose ultimate parent is Ladder Capital Corp (“LCC”). The Company is registered as a broker-dealer with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “SEC”) and the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (“FINRA”). After receiving approval on July 21, 2010 to conduct business as a registered broker-dealer, the Company’s primary business activity has been to act as co-manager on commercial real estate loan securitizations from time to time.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying statement of financial condition has been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the statement of financial condition in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the statement of financial condition and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Income Taxes

The Company is part of a consolidated group which has elected to be taxed as a partnership, and therefore generally is not subject to income tax in any of the jurisdictions in which it operates, except for unincorporated business taxes in New York City. Taxes for which the Company is liable are calculated on a separate return basis for the Company and are recorded in due from affiliate on the statement of financial condition.

The amount of current and deferred taxes payable or refundable is recognized as of the date of the statement of financial condition, utilizing currently enacted tax laws and rates. Deferred tax expenses or benefits are recognized in the statement of financial condition for the changes in deferred tax liabilities or assets between years. At December 31, 2014, the Company has no deferred tax assets or liabilities.

The Company recognizes and measures its unrecognized tax benefits in accordance with ASC 740, *Income Taxes*. Under this guidance the Company assesses the likelihood, based on their technical merit, that tax positions will be sustained upon examination based on the facts, circumstances and information available at the end of each period. The measurement of unrecognized tax benefits is adjusted when new information is available, or when an event occurs that requires a change. Any estimated interest and penalties associated with unrecognized tax benefits are accrued and recognized in income tax expense and the corresponding liability in income taxes payable of income taxes receivable, net in the Statement of Financial Condition. As of December 31, 2014, the Company had no unrecognized tax benefits recorded in the statement of financial condition. The Company, as part of the

Ladder Capital Securities LLC

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition

December 31, 2014

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consolidated group, may be subject to examination by the state tax authority for the years 2014, 2013, 2012, 2011, and 2010. As of December 31, 2014, there were no on-going examinations by tax authorities.

Cash

The Company maintains a cash account at a major financial institution. As of December 31, 2014, this cash amount is in excess of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") limit.

Recently Issued and Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

In August 2014, the Federal Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2014-15, *Presentation of Financial Statements — Going Concern (Subtopic 205-40): Disclosure of Uncertainties About an Entity's Ability to Continue as a Going Concern* ("ASU 2014-15"). The guidance in ASU 2014-15 sets forth management's responsibility to evaluate whether there is substantial doubt about an entity's ability to continue as a going concern as well as required disclosures. ASU 2014-15 indicates that, when preparing interim and annual financial statements, management should evaluate whether conditions or events, in the aggregate, raise substantial doubt about the entity's ability to continue as a going concern for one year from the date the financial statements are issued or are available to be issued. This evaluation should include consideration of conditions and events that are either known or are reasonably knowable at the date the financial statements are issued or are available to be issued, and, if applicable, whether it is probable that management's plans to address the substantial doubt will be implemented and, if so, whether it is probable that the plans will alleviate the substantial doubt. ASU 2014-15 is effective for annual periods ending after December 15, 2016, and interim periods and annual periods thereafter. Early application is permitted. The Company anticipates adopting this update in the year ended December 31, 2017 and does not expect the adoption to have a material impact on the Company's financial statement.

In August 2014, FASB issued ASU 2014-14, *Receivables-Trouble Debt Restructurings by Creditor (ASC Subtopic 310-40): Classification of Certain Government-Guaranteed Mortgage Loans Upon Foreclosure* ("ASU 2014-14"). The guidance in ASU 2014-14 requires that a mortgage loan be derecognized and that a separate other receivable be recognized upon foreclosure if the following conditions are met: (1) the loan has a government guarantee that is not separable from the loan before foreclosure; (2) at the time of foreclosure, the creditor has the intent to convey the real estate property to the guarantor and make a claim on the guarantee, and the creditor has the ability to recover under that claim; and (3) at the time of foreclosure, any amount of the claim that is determined on the basis of the fair value of the real estate is fixed. Upon foreclosure, the separate other receivable should be measured based on the amount of the loan balance (principal and interest) expected to be recovered from the guarantor. The guidance is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2014, and the interim periods within those fiscal years. An entity should adopt the amendments in ASU 2014-14 using either a prospective transition method or a modified retrospective transition method. Early adoption, including adoption in an interim period, is permitted if the entity already has adopted ASU 2014-04. The Company anticipates adopting this update in the year ended December 31, 2015 and does not expect the adoption to have a material effect on the Company's statement of financial condition.

In July 2013, the FASB issued ASU 2013-11, *Income Taxes (Topic 740): Presentation of an Unrecognized Tax Benefit When a Net Operating Loss Carryforward, a Similar Tax Loss, or a Tax Credit Carryforward Exists* ("ASU 2013-11"). The objective of this update is to eliminate the diversity in practice in the presentation of unrecognized tax benefits when a net operating loss carryforward, a similar tax loss, or a tax credit carryforward exists. Under this guidance, an unrecognized tax benefit, or a portion of an unrecognized tax benefit, should be presented in the

Ladder Capital Securities LLC

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition

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financial statements as a reduction to a deferred tax asset for a net operating loss carryforward, a similar tax loss, or a tax credit carryforward, except in certain circumstances. This update does not require any new recurring disclosures and is effective for annual and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2013. This guidance became effective for the Company beginning January 1, 2014. The adoption of this standard did not have a material impact on its statement of financial condition or footnote disclosures.

In February 2013, FASB issued ASU 2013-04, *Liabilities (Topic 405): Obligations Resulting from Joint and Several Liability Arrangements for which the Total Amount of the Obligation Is Fixed at the Reporting Date* (ASU 2013-04"). ASU 2013-04 addresses the recognition, measurement, and disclosure of certain obligations resulting from joint and several liability arrangements for which the total amount of the obligation is fixed at the reporting date, including debt arrangements, other contractual obligations, and settled litigation and judicial rulings. U.S. GAAP does not currently include specific guidance on accounting for such obligations with joint and several liability which has resulted in diversity in practice. The ASU requires an entity to measure these obligations as the sum of the amount the reporting entity agreed to pay on the basis of its arrangement among its co-obligors and any additional amount the reporting entity expects to pay on behalf of its co-obligors. The ASU also requires an entity to disclose the nature and amount of the obligation as well as other information about those obligations. The ASU is to be applied retrospectively to all prior periods presented for those obligations resulting from joint and several liability arrangements within the updates scope that exist within the Company's statement of financial position at the beginning of the year of adoption. This guidance became effective for the Company beginning January 1, 2014. The adoption of this standard did not have a material impact on its statement of financial condition or footnote disclosures.

3. Regulatory Requirements

The Company is subject to the SEC Uniform Net Capital Rule (SEC Rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. At December 31, 2014, the Company had net capital of \$1,901,783, which was \$1,801,783 in excess of its required net capital of \$100,000. The Company's net capital ratio at December 31, 2014 was 0.06 to 1.

The Company claims exemption from Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 under paragraph (k)(2)(ii) as it does not maintain customer accounts, nor does it hold securities for customers.

4. Fair Value of Financial Instruments

FASB ASC 820 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value and establishes a fair value hierarchy which prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. A fair value measurement assumes that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability occurs in the principal market for the asset or liability or, in the absence of a principal market, the most advantageous market. Valuation techniques used to measure the Company's financial instruments are based primarily upon market quotations, broker quotations, counterparty quotations or pricing services quotations, which provide valuation estimates based upon reasonable market order indications or a good faith estimate thereof and are subject to significant variability based on market conditions, such as interest rates, credit spreads and market liquidity.

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The fair value hierarchy prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three broad levels:

Level 1 - Quoted prices in active markets for identical instruments.

Level 2 - Valuations based principally on other observable market parameters, including

- Quoted prices in active markets for similar instruments,
- Quoted prices in less active or inactive markets for identical or similar instruments,
- Other observable inputs (such as interest rates, yield curves, volatilities, prepayment speeds, loss severities, credit risks and default rates), and
- Market corroborated inputs (derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data).

Level 3 - Valuations based significantly on unobservable inputs.

- Valuations based on third party indications (broker quotes, counterparty quotes or pricing services) which were, in turn, based significantly on unobservable inputs or were otherwise not supportable as Level 2 valuations.
- Valuations based on internal models with significant unobservable inputs

The Company has no financial instruments at December 31, 2014 which would require disclosure.

5. Related-Party Transactions

The Company is involved in underwriting and other transactions, and has related party balances with affiliates. Pursuant to certain agreements with Ladder Capital Finance LLC (“LCF”), the wholly-owned operating company subsidiary of LCFH, the Company earns transaction fee income in connection with co-managing asset backed securitization transactions to which LCF is a party. Additionally, pursuant to a management agreement, LCF provides the Company with facilities and administrative services as have been required in the normal conduct of the Company’s business for the year-ended December 31, 2014. A portion of the salaries and other compensation of the employees who work directly on activities for the Company have been charged accordingly pursuant to the management agreement. In addition, the Company entered into an operating sublease with LCF for its office space. Refer to Note 6, Commitments and Contingencies for further details of this related-party transaction.

Due from affiliates of \$2,056,529 included in the statement of financial condition represents fee income receivable, net of income taxes accrued by the Company, payable to an affiliate. The only counterparty that the Company engaged with is LCF and, per the agreement, a netting of the receivables and payables is permitted.

6. Commitments and Contingencies

FASB ASC 460, *Guarantees*, specifies the disclosures to be made about obligations under certain issued guarantees and requires a liability to be recognized for the fair value of a guarantee obligation. In the normal course of

Ladder Capital Securities LLC

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition

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business, the Company enters into contracts that contain a variety of representations and warranties and which provide general indemnifications. The Company's maximum potential amount of future payments that the Company could be required to make under these arrangements cannot be estimated. However, the Company believes that it is unlikely it will have to make material payments under these arrangements and accordingly has not recorded any contingent liability.

On May 23, 2014, the Company reported an electronic communication archiving issue to FINRA. While the Company believes it has not engaged in violative conduct, the ultimate resolution of the matter, which is expected to occur within one year, could result in a fine in the range of \$50,000 - \$75,000. An accrual for this loss contingency of \$50,000 is included in accrued expenses in the statement of financial condition as of December 31, 2014.

Lease

The Company entered into an operating sublease with LCF for its office space. The lease commenced on October 1, 2011 and expires on September 30, 2021. Aggregate annual future minimum rental payments required under the sublease as of December 31, 2014 are as follows:

	<u>Amount</u>
2015	\$ 100,874
2016	102,556
2017	107,599
2018	107,599
2019	107,599
Thereafter	<u>224,165</u>
Total	\$ 750,392

As of December 31, 2014, \$11,172 of deferred rent payable is included in accrued expenses in the statement of financial condition.

7. Off Balance Sheet Risk, Concentration Risk and Regulatory Risk

The Company's customers' securities transactions are introduced on a fully-disclosed basis to its clearing broker. The clearing broker carries all of the customer accounts and is responsible for collection and payment of funds and receipt and delivery of securities relative to customer transactions. These transactions may expose the Company to off-balance-sheet risk, wherein the clearing broker may charge the Company for any losses it incurs in the event that customers may be unable to fulfill their contractual commitments and margin requirements are not sufficient to fully cover losses. As the right to charge the Company has no maximum amount and applies to all trades executed through the clearing broker, the Company believes there is no maximum amount assignable to this right. The Company has the right to pursue collection or performance from the counterparties who do not perform under their contractual obligations. The Company seeks to minimize this risk through procedures designed to monitor the credit worthiness of its customers and ensure that customer transactions are executed properly by the clearing broker which is subject to the credit risk of the clearing broker. As of December 31, 2014, the Company maintains no deposit with the clearing broker.

The Company is required to be compliant with FINRA and SEC requirements on an ongoing basis and is subject to multiple operating and reporting requirements to which all broker-dealer entities are subject. If the Company fails to

Ladder Capital Securities LLC

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December 31, 2014

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comply with regulatory requirements, it could be subject to loss of their licenses and registration and/or economic penalties.

8. Income Taxes

Included in due from affiliate, net is a net payable to LCF of \$60,179 for accrued income taxes.

9. Subsequent Events

The Company has evaluated subsequent events through January [30], 2015, the issuance date of the statement of financial condition, and determined no additional disclosure is necessary.