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ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A-5 PART III

SEC FILE NUMBER
8- 21884

FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING 07/01/2014 AND ENDING 6/30/2015
MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: Neidiger, Tucker, Bruner Inc.

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)
9540 S Maroon Cir. Ste #250
(No. and Street)

Englewood CO 80112
(City) (State) (Zip Code)

OFFICIAL USE ONLY
FIRM I.D. NO.

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT
Scott Gillespie 303-825-1825
(Area Code - Telephone Number)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report*
Spicer Jeffries LLP
(Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name)

5251 S. Quebec Street Ste # 200 Greenwood Village CO 80111
(Address) (City) (State) (Zip Code)

CHECK ONE:

- Certified Public Accountant
- Public Accountant
- Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(c)(2)

SEC 1410 (06-02)

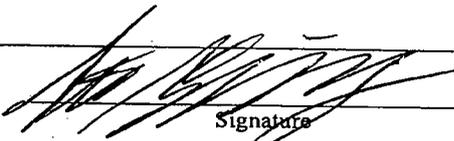
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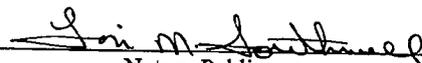
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OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Scott Gillespie, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of Neidiger, Tucker, Bruner Inc., as of June 30th, 20 15, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:

LORI M SOUTHWELL
NOTARY PUBLIC
STATE OF COLORADO
NOTARY ID # 20054027260
MY COMMISSION EXPIRES JULY 23, 2017


Signature
Chief Financial Officer
Title


Notary Public

This report ** contains (check all applicable boxes):

- (a) Facing Page.
- (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
- (c) Statement of Income (Loss).
- (d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.
- (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital.
- (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
- (g) Computation of Net Capital.
- (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- (i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
- (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
- (l) An Oath or Affirmation.
- (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
- (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

**For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

NEIDIGER, TUCKER, BRUNER, INC.

CONTENTS

	<u>Page(s)</u>
Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm	3
Statement of Financial Condition	4
Notes to Statement of Financial Condition	5-10



SPICER JEFFRIES LLP

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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GREENWOOD VILLAGE, COLORADO 80111

TELEPHONE: (303) 753-1959

FAX: (303) 753-0338

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Board of Directors of
Neidiger, Tucker, Bruner, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Neidiger, Tucker, Bruner, Inc. (the "Company") as of June 30, 2015, that is filed pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and the related notes to the statement of financial condition. The Company's management is responsible for this financial statement. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this financial statement based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the statement of financial condition is free of material misstatement. The company is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. Our audit included consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the statement of financial condition, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall statement of financial condition presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the statement of financial condition referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial condition of the Company as of June 30, 2015 in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Greenwood Village, Colorado
August 12, 2015



NEIDIGER, TUCKER, BRUNER, INC.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION
JUNE 30, 2015

ASSETS

Cash and cash equivalents	\$	548,490
Receivables:		
Clearing broker		308,085
Clearing deposit		250,000
Other receivables, less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$13,000		10,172
Securities owned, at fair value (Note 4)		7,643
Furniture, equipment and leasehold improvements, at cost, net of accumulated depreciation of \$139,557		7,661
Deferred tax asset		95,157
Other assets		83,179
	\$	<u>1,310,387</u>

LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

LIABILITIES:

Salaries and commissions payable	\$	330,471
Accrued expenses and other liabilities		<u>249,001</u>

TOTAL LIABILITIES 579,472

COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Note 3 and 6)

SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (Note 5):

Preferred stock, series 2001-A, \$.001 par value, 9% voting, 600,000 shares authorized; 38,478 shares issued and outstanding		38
Common stock, \$.001 par value; 10,000,000 shares authorized; 609,469 shares issued and outstanding		609
Additional paid-in capital		800,082
Deficit		<u>(69,814)</u>

TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY 730,915

\$ 1,310,387

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

NEIDIGER, TUCKER, BRUNER, INC.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Organization and Business

Neidiger, Tucker, Bruner, Inc. (the "Company") was organized on May 20, 1977, and is a securities broker-dealer and investment advisor registered with the Securities Exchange Commission. The Company has 8 branch offices and transacts business throughout Colorado, Missouri, Kansas, Florida, Washington, North Carolina and Texas.

Basis of Accounting, Trading and Valuation of Securities

The Company values its securities in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification 820 – Fair Value Measurements ("ASC 820"). Under ASC 820, fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability (i.e., the "exit price") in an orderly transaction between market participants and the measurement date.

In determining fair value, the Company uses various valuation approaches. ASC 820 establishes a fair value hierarchy for inputs used in measuring fair value that maximizes the use of observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs by requiring that the most observable inputs be used when available. Observable inputs are those that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability based on market data obtained from sources independent of the Company. Unobservable inputs reflect the Company's assumption about the inputs market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on the best information available in the circumstances. The fair value hierarchy is categorized into three levels based on the inputs as follows:

Level 1 – Valuations based on unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Company has the ability to access. Valuation adjustments and blockage discounts are not applied to Level 1 securities. Since valuations are based on quoted prices that are readily and regularly available in an active market, valuation of these securities does not entail a significant degree of judgment.

Level 2 – Valuations based on quoted prices in markets that are not active or for which all significant inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 – Valuations based on inputs that are unobservable and significant to the overall fair value measurement.

The availability of valuation techniques and observable inputs can vary from security to security and is affected by a wide variety of factors, including the type of security, whether the security is new and not yet established in the marketplace, and other characteristics particular to the transaction. To the extent that valuation is based on models or inputs that are less observable or unobservable in the market, the determination of fair value requires more judgment. Those estimated values do not necessarily represent the amounts that may be ultimately realized due to the occurrence of future circumstances that cannot be reasonably determined. Because of the inherent uncertainty of valuation, those estimated values may be materially higher or lower than the values that would have been used had a ready market for the securities existed. Accordingly, the degree of judgment exercised by the Company in determining fair value is greatest for securities categorized in Level 3.

NEIDIGER, TUCKER, BRUNER, INC.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(continued)

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES
(continued)

Basis of Accounting, Trading and Valuation of Securities (concluded)

In certain cases, the inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, for disclosure purposes, the level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement falls in its entirety is determined by the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

Fair value is a market-based measure considered from the perspective of a market participant rather than an entity-specific measure. Therefore, even when market assumptions are not readily available, the Company's own assumptions are set to reflect those that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. The Company uses prices and inputs that are current as of the measurement date, including during periods of market dislocation. In periods of market dislocation, the observability of prices and inputs may be reduced for many securities. This condition could cause a security to be reclassified to a lower level within the fair value hierarchy.

The Company values investments in securities that are freely tradable and are listed on a national securities exchange or reported on the national market exchanges at their last sales price as of the last business day of the year.

Agreement with Clearing Broker

The Company, under Rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(ii), is exempt from the reserve and possession or control requirements of Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commission. The Company does not carry or clear customer accounts. Accordingly, all customer transactions are executed and cleared on behalf of the Company by its clearing broker on a fully disclosed basis. The Company's agreement with its clearing broker provides that as clearing broker, that firm will make and keep such records of the transactions effected and cleared in the customer accounts as are customarily made and kept by a clearing broker pursuant to the requirements of Rules 17a-3 and 17a-4 of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Act"). It also performs all services customarily incident thereon, including the preparation and distribution of customer's confirmations and statements and maintenance margin requirements under the Act and the rules of the Self-Regulatory Organizations of which the Company is a member.

Depreciation and Amortization

Furniture, equipment and leasehold improvements are stated at cost. The Company provides for depreciation of furniture and equipment on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of three to seven years. Substantial leasehold improvements are capitalized and amortized over the term of the related lease.

NEIDIGER, TUCKER, BRUNER, INC.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(continued)

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES
(continued)

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Company considers all highly liquid instruments purchased with original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Revenue Recognition

The Company records commission and trading profit revenue and related expenses on a trade date basis. In connection with the Company's accounts receivable, amounts considered uncollectable or doubtful of collection are written off and charged against income when such determinations are made. The Company receives revenue from investment advisor and administrative services and these revenues are recorded as they are accrued under the terms of the related investment advisory contracts and service agreements.

Income Taxes

The Company files a federal income tax return. For financial statement purposes, the Company presents income tax information as if it filed a separate income tax return. The Company utilizes the asset and liability method of accounting for income taxes as prescribed by Accounting Standards Codification 740 – Income Taxes (“ASC 740”). Under this method, deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply in the years in which these temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. Changes in tax rates are recognized as income in the period that includes the enactment date.

The Company adopted Financial Accounting Standards Board Accounting Standards Codification Topic 740-10, *Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes*, which establishes that a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return is to be recognized in the financial statements when it is more likely than not, based on the technical merits, that the position will be sustained upon examination. The Company is required to determine whether a tax position is more likely than not to be sustained upon examination by the applicable taxing authority, including resolution of any related appeals or litigation processes, based on the technical merits of the position. The Company files an income tax return in the U.S. federal jurisdiction, and may file income tax returns in various U.S. states. The Company is not subject to income tax return examinations by major taxing authorities for years before 2011. The tax benefit recognized is measured as the largest amount of benefit that has a greater than fifty percent likelihood of being realized upon ultimate settlement. De-recognition of a tax benefit previously recognized results in the Company recording a tax liability that reduces net assets. However, the Company's conclusions regarding this policy may be subject to review and adjustment at a later date based on factors including, but not limited to, on-going analyses of and changes to tax laws, regulations and interpretations thereof. The Company recognizes interest accrued related to unrecognized tax benefits and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits in income taxes payable, if assessed. No interest expense or penalties have been recognized as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015.

NEIDIGER, TUCKER, BRUNER, INC.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(continued)

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES
(concluded)

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 - INCOME TAXES

The Company has a deferred rent expense of approximately \$230,000 available to offset future taxable income. The deferred rent expense may produce future income tax benefits of approximately \$90,000.

Deferred income tax assets or liabilities arise from the net tax effects of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for income tax purposes. The deferred income tax assets or liabilities of the Company relate to the reporting of expenses recorded on the books, but not for income taxes and a net operating loss carryforward.

Significant components of the Company's deferred income tax assets and liabilities as of June 30, 2015 are as follows:

Deferred tax asset:	
Deferred rent expense	\$ 90,000
Various other temporary differences	5,157
Valuation allowance for deferred tax assets	<u>-</u>
	<u>\$ 95,157</u>

NEIDIGER, TUCKER, BRUNER, INC.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(continued)

NOTE 3 - LEASE OBLIGATIONS

Operating Lease Obligations

The Company leases office space under a non-cancelable operating leases expiring in 2022. At June 30, 2015, aggregate minimum future rental commitments under this lease with initial or remaining terms in excess of one year are as follows:

Year	Amount
2016	\$ 194,992
2017	203,741
2018	212,967
2019	222,193
2020	231,419
Thereafter	596,230
	\$ 1,661,542

In addition to the above lease, the Company also leases equipment on a month-to-month basis. Total rental expense of \$195,365, including the non-cancelable leases referred to above, was charged to operations during the year ended June 30, 2015.

NOTE 4- FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The following table presents information about the Company's assets measured at fair value as of June 30, 2015:

	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Balance as of June 30, 2015
Assets:				
Common stock	\$	\$ 7,643	\$ -	\$ 7,643

The company did not have any significant transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 during the year ended June 30, 2015.

NEIDIGER, TUCKER, BRUNER, INC.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(concluded)

NOTE 5 - NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

Pursuant to the net capital provisions of Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Company is required to maintain a minimum net capital, as defined under such provisions. At June 30, 2015, the Company had net capital and net capital requirements of \$533,599 and \$250,000, respectively. The Company's net capital ratio (aggregate indebtedness to net capital) was 1.09 to 1. According to Rule 15c3-1, the Company's net capital ratio shall not exceed 15 to 1.

***NOTE 6 - FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS WITH OFF-BALANCE SHEET RISK,
CONTINGENCIES AND UNCERTAINTIES***

In the normal course of business, the Company's client activities ("clients") through its clearing broker involve the execution, settlement and financing of various client securities transactions. These activities may expose the Company to off-balance sheet risk. In the event a client fails to satisfy its obligations, the Company may be required to purchase or sell financial instruments at prevailing market prices in order to fulfill the client's obligations.

Management, after review and discussion with legal counsel, believes the Company has meritorious defenses and intends to vigorously defend itself in these various matters, but it is not feasible to predict the final outcomes at the present time.

The Company has deposits in banks in excess of the FDIC insured amount of \$250,000. At June 30, 2015, the Company had \$298,490 in excess of this requirement, which is subject to loss should the bank cease operations.

The Company has receivables from and deposits with its clearing broker as shown on the accompanying statement of financial condition. These amounts are not covered by SIPC and are subject to loss should the clearing broker cease business.

The Company's financial instruments, including cash and cash equivalents, receivables from clearing broker, clearing deposit, other receivables, other assets, salaries and commissions payable and accrued expenses and other liabilities are carried at amounts which approximate fair value. Securities owned, at fair value are valued as described in Note 1.

NOTE 7 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Company has performed an evaluation of subsequent events through the date the financial statements were issued. The evaluation did not result in any subsequent events that required disclosures and/or adjustments.



SPICER JEFFRIES LLP

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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FAX: (303) 753-0338

www.spicerjeffries.com

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES

To the Board of Directors of
Neidiger, Tucker, Bruner, Inc.

In accordance with Rule 17a-5(e)(4) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, we have performed the procedures enumerated below with respect to the accompanying Schedule of Assessment and Payments ("Form SIPC-7") to the Securities Investor Protection Corporation ("SIPC") for the year ended June 30, 2015, which were agreed to by Neidiger, Tucker, Bruner, Inc. (the "Company"), and the Securities and Exchange Commission, Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. and SIPC, solely to assist you and the other specified parties in evaluating the Company's compliance with the applicable instructions of Form SIPC-7. The Company's management is responsible for the Company's compliance with those requirements. This agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of those parties specified in this report. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose. The procedures we performed and our findings are as follows:

1. Compared the listed assessment payments in Form SIPC-7 with respective cash disbursement records entries, noting no differences;
2. Compared the amounts reported on the audited Form X-17A-5 for the year ended June 30, 2015, as applicable, with the amounts reported in Form SIPC-7 for the year ended June 30, 2015, noting no differences;
3. Compared any adjustments reported in Form SIPC-7 with supporting schedules and working papers, noting no differences;
4. Proved the arithmetical accuracy of the calculations reflected in Form SIPC-7 and in the related schedules and working papers supporting the adjustments noting no differences; and
5. Compared the amount of any overpayment applied to the current assessment with the Form SIPC-7 on which it was originally computed, noting no differences (if applicable).



We were not engaged to, and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on compliance. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the specified parties listed above and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Spicer Jeffries LLP". The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style.

Greenwood Village, Colorado
August 12, 2015

NEIDIGER, TUCKER, BRUNER INC.

**GENERAL ASSESSMENT RECONCILIATION
PURSUANT TO FORM SIPC-7
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015**

General Assessment per Form SIPC-7, including interest	\$ 12,197
Less payment made with Form SIPC-6	<u>(5,886)</u>
Amount paid with Form SIPC-7	<u>\$ 6,311</u>



SPICER JEFFRIES LLP

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Greenwood Village, Colorado
August 12, 2015

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PURSUANT TO FORM SIPC-7
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015**

General Assessment per Form SIPC-7, including interest	\$	12,197
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Amount paid with Form SIPC-7	\$	<u>6,311</u>

See accompanying Independent Accountants' Report

S3

NEIDIGER, TUCKER, BRUNER, INC.
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION
JUNE 30, 2015

The report is filed in accordance with Rule 17a-5(e)(3) under Securities Exchange Act of 1934 as a PUBLIC DOCUMENT