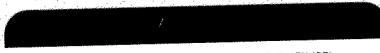


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UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549



14049658

**ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT
FORM X-17A-5
PART III**

SEC
Mail Processing
Section
MAR 10 2014
Washington DC
404

OMB APPROVAL	
OMB Number:	3235-0123
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SEC FILE NUMBER
8- 67588

FACING PAGE

**Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder**

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING January 1, 2013 AND ENDING December 31, 2013
MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: BCC Advisory Services LLC

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)
4685 MacArthur Court Suite 370

OFFICIAL USE ONLY
FIRM I.D. NO.

Newport Beach (City) California (State) 92660 (Zip Code)
(No. and Street)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT
Nadim Khalaf (949) 833-3767
(Area Code - Telephone Number)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report*

Breard & Associates, Inc. Certified Public Accountants

(Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name)

9221 Corbin Avenue, Suite 170 (Address) Northridge (City) California (State) 91324 (Zip Code)

CHECK ONE:

- Certified Public Accountant
- Public Accountant
- Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

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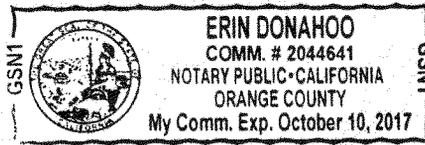
OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Nadim Khalaf, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of BCC Advisory Services, LLC, as of December 31, 2013, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:

State of California
County of Orange
Subscribed and sworn to (or affirmed) before me on this 18 day of February, 2014 by Nadim Khalaf proved to me on the basis of satisfactory evidences to be the person who appeared before me.

Nadim S. Khalaf
Signature
MANAGING PRINCIPAL
Title

Erin Donahoo
Notary Public



This report ** contains (check all applicable boxes):

- (a) Facing Page.
(b) Statement of Financial Condition.
(c) Statement of Income (Loss).
(d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.
(e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital.
(f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
(g) Computation of Net Capital.
(h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
(i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
(j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
(k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
(l) An Oath or Affirmation.
(m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
(n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

**For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).



Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors
BCC Advisory Services, LLC:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of BCC Advisory Services, LLC, (the Company) as of December 31, 2013, and the related statements of operations, changes in member's equity, and cash flows for the year then ended that are filed pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Company's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

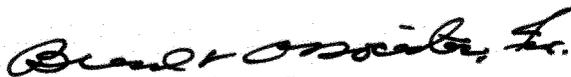
Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of BCC Advisory Services, LLC. as of December 31, 2013, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern. As discussed in Note 4 to the financial statements, the Company has suffered losses from operations and minimal revenue which raises substantial doubt about its ability to continue as a going concern. Management's plans in regard to these matters are also described in Note 4. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

Other Matter

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The information contained in Schedules I, II, and III is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information in Schedules I, II, and III has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information in Schedules I, II, and III is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.



Breard & Associates, Inc.
Certified Public Accountants

Northridge, California
March 6, 2014

BCC Advisory Services LLC
Statement of Financial Condition
December 31, 2013

Assets

Cash	\$	9
Receivable from related parties		29,980
FINRA CRD Account		<u>1,300</u>
Total assets	\$	<u><u>31,289</u></u>

Liabilities and Member's Equity

Liabilities

Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	<u>10,785</u>
Total liabilities		10,785

Member's equity

Member's equity (deficit)	<u>20,504</u>
Total member's equity	<u>20,504</u>
Total liabilities and member's equity	<u><u>\$ 31,289</u></u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

BCC Advisory Services LLC
Statement of Operations
For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

Revenues

Advisory fees	<u>\$ 0</u>
Total revenues	0

Expenses

Regulatory expenses	2,519
Other operating expenses	<u>25,576</u>
Total expenses	<u>28,095</u>
Net income (loss) before income tax provision	(28,095)

Income tax provision	<u>800</u>
Net income (loss)	<u><u>\$ (28,895)</u></u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

BCC Advisory Services LLC
Statement of Changes in Member's Equity
For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

	Member's Equity (Deficit)
Balance at December 31, 2012	\$ (6,056)
Member's distributions	0
Member's contributions	55,455
Net income (loss)	<u>(28,895)</u>
Balance at December 31, 2013	<u>\$ 20,504</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

BCC Advisory Services, LLC
Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2013

Statement of Cash Flows
For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

OPERATING ACTIVITIES

Net Income (28,895)

Adjustments to reconcile Net Income to net cash provided by operations:

Due from BCC Valuation Advisors (21,230)

Due From Holding Company 504

FINRA CRD Account (1,301)

Accounts Payable (9,383)

Accrued Expenses 4,060

Due to BCC Hold Co. 1,500

State Taxes Payable (1,700)

Net cash provided by Operating Activities (56,445)

FINANCING ACTIVITIES

Additional Paid-In Capital 55,455

Net cash provided by Financing Activities 55,455

Net cash decrease for period (990)

Cash at beginning of period 999

Cash at end of period 9

Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:

Cash paid during the year for:

Interest \$ -

Taxes \$ 2,500

BCC Advisory Services, LLC
Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2013

Note 1: GENERAL AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

General

BCC Advisory Services, LLC (the "Company") was organized in the State of California on May 11, 2006. The Company is a registered broker-dealer in securities under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA"), and the Securities Investor Protection Corporation ("SIPC").

The Company is a wholly-owned subsidiary of BCC Hold Co, LLC (the "Parent"), and is affiliated through common ownership with BCC Valuation, LLC.

The Company provides merger and acquisition ("M&A") and private placement of securities for its clients. It does not carry security accounts for customers and does not perform custodial functions relating to customer securities.

Under its membership agreement with FINRA and pursuant to Rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(i), the Company conducts business on a fully disclosed basis and does not execute or clear securities transactions for customers. Accordingly, the Company is exempt from the requirement of Rule 15c3-3 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 pertaining to the possession or control of customer assets and reserve requirements.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The presentation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Securities transactions are recorded on a trade date basis with related commission income and expenses also recorded on a trade date basis.

The Company is treated as a disregarded entity for federal income tax purposes, in accordance with single member limited liability company rules. All tax effects of the Company's income or loss are passed through to the member. Therefore, no provision or liability for Federal Income Taxes is included in these financial statements.

BCC Advisory Services, LLC
Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2013

Note 2: INCOME TAXES

The Company is subject to a limited liability company gross receipts tax, with a minimum franchise tax. As of December 31, 2013, the income tax provision consists of the California Franchise Tax Board minimum of \$800.

Note 3: RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company has an expense sharing agreement with its Parent and Affiliate, whereby the Company pays the Parent for use of office space, back office support, and general office services. During the year ended December 31, 2013, the Company incurred \$6,000 of expenses which are included in office expenses in the financial statements.

At December 31, 2013, the Company was carrying some advances to affiliates of \$29,980. These advances are non-interest bearing and due on demand.

It is possible that the terms of certain of the related party transactions are not the same as those that would result for transactions among wholly unrelated parties.

Note 4: COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

At December 31, 2013, the Company's net capital deficit of \$10,776 was \$15,776 lower than its minimum required net capital. Without the proper operating net capital, the Company cannot transact business as a broker/dealer.

These financial statements contain no adjustments for any potential fines, censures or other penalties that may arise from the Company falling below its net capital at year end, or contingencies should the Company remain out of net capital.

The Company is required to file income tax returns in state tax jurisdictions. The Company's tax returns are subject to examination by taxing authorities in the jurisdictions in which it operates in accordance with the normal statutes of limitations in the applicable jurisdiction. The statute of limitations for state purposes is generally three years, but may exceed this limitation depending upon the jurisdiction involved. Returns that were filed within the applicable statute remain subject to examination. As of December 31, 2013, no jurisdiction has proposed any adjustment to the Company's tax position.

BCC Advisory Services, LLC
Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2013

Note 4: COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES
(Continued)

Going-Concern

For the year ended December 31, 2013, the Company conducted no securities business and was only able to maintain operations via additional paid-in capital from its member. This inactivity has resulted in substantial operating losses which bring into question the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. To provide needed liquidity, the member will continue to capitalize the Company to fund its continuing operations.

Note 5: SUBSEQUENT EVENT

Subsequent to year end, but prior to the issuance of these financial statements, the Company's member contributed \$15,000 in equity to the Company to restore its net capital above its minimum requirement.

The Company has evaluated events subsequent to the balance sheet date for additional items that may require recording or disclosure in the financial statements. The evaluation was performed through March 6, 2014, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued. Based upon this review, the Company has determined that there were no additional events which took place that would have a material impact on its financial statements.

Note 6: RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

The Financial Accounting Standards Board (the "FASB") has established the Accounting Standards Codification ("Codification" or "ASC") as the authoritative source of generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") recognized by the FASB. The principles embodied in the Codification are to be applied by nongovernmental entities in the preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP in the United States. New accounting pronouncements are incorporated into the ASC through the issuance of Accounting Standards Updates ("ASUs")

For the year ending December 31, 2013, various ASUs issued by the FASB were either newly issued or had effective implementation dates that would require their provisions to be reflected in the financial statements for the year then ended. The Company has reviewed the following ASU releases to determine relevance to the Company's operations:

BCC Advisory Services, LLC
Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2013

Note 6: RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

(Continued)

<u>ASU Number</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>Effective Date</u>
2011-05	Comprehensive Income (Topic 220): Presentation of Comprehensive Income (<i>June 2011</i>).	After 12/15/11
2011-11	Balance Sheet (Topic 210): Disclosures about Offsetting Assets and Liabilities (<i>December 2011</i>).	After 01/01/13
2011-12	Comprehensive Income (Topic 220): Deferral of the Effective Date for Amendments to the Presentation of Reclassifications of Items Out of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income in Accounting Standards Update No. 2011-05 (<i>December 2011</i>).	After 12/15/11
2013-02	Comprehensive Income (Topic 220): Reporting of Amounts Reclassified Out of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (<i>February 2013</i>)	After 12/15/13
2013-11	Income Taxes (Topic 740): Presentation of an Unrecognized Tax Benefit When a Net Operating Loss Carryforward, a Similar Tax Loss, or a Tax Credit Carryforward Exists (<i>July 2013</i>).	After 12/15/13

The Company has either evaluated or is currently evaluating the implications, if any, of each of these pronouncements and the possible impact they may have on the Company's financial statements. In most cases, management has determined that the pronouncement has either limited or no application to the company and, in all cases, implementation would not have a material impact on the financial statements taken as a whole.

Note 7: NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (SEC rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. Rule 15c3-1 also provides that equity capital may not be withdrawn or cash dividends paid if the resulting net capital ratio would exceed 10 to 1. Net capital and aggregate indebtedness change day to day, but on December 31, 2013, the Company had a negative net capital of (\$10,776) which was \$15,776 in deficient of its required net capital of \$5,000; and the Company's ratio of aggregate indebtedness (\$10,785) to net capital was -1.07 to 1, which is less than the 15 to 1 maximum allowed.

BCC Advisory Services, LLC
Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2013

Note 8: RECONCILIATION OF AUDITED NET CAPITAL TO UNAUDITED FOCUS

There is a difference of \$3,860 between the computations of net capital under net capital SEC Rule 15c3-1 and the corresponding unaudited FOCUS part IIA.

Net capital per unaudited schedule		\$ (6,916)
Adjustments:		
Member's equity (deficit)	\$ (12,034)	
Non-allowable assets	<u>8,174</u>	
Total adjustments		<u>(3,860)</u>
Net capital per audited statements		<u><u>\$ (10,776)</u></u>

BCC Advisory Services LLC

Schedule I - Computation of Net Capital Requirements

**Pursuant to Rule 15c3-1
As of December 31, 2012**

Computation of net capital

Member's equity (deficit)	<u>\$ 20,504</u>	
Total member's equity		\$ 20,504
Less: Non-allowable assets		
Receivable from related parties	<u>(31,280)</u>	
Total non-allowable assets		<u>(31,280)</u>
Net capital		(10,776)

Computation of net capital requirements

Minimum net capital requirements		
6 2/3 percent of net aggregate indebtedness	\$ 719	
Minimum dollar net capital required	<u>\$ 5,000</u>	
Net capital required (greater of above)		<u>(5,000)</u>
Excess (deficit) net capital		<u><u>\$ (15,776)</u></u>
Ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital	-1.07 : 1	

There was a difference of \$3,860 between net capital computation shown here and the net capital computation shown on the Company's unaudited Form X-17A-5 report dated December 31, 2013 (See Note 8).

At December 31, 2013, the Company's net capital deficiency of (\$10,776), was (\$15,776) below its required net capital of \$5,000.

See independent auditor's report

BCC Advisory Services LLC

Schedule II- Computation for Determining of Reserve Requirements

**Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3
As of December 31, 2012**

A computation of reserve requirements is not applicable to B C C Advisory Services, LLC as the Company qualifies for exemption under Rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(i).

See independent auditor's report

BCC Advisory Services LLC

Schedule III - Information Relating to Possession or Control Requirements

**Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3
As of December 31, 2013**

Information relating to possession or control requirements is not applicable to B C C Advisory Services, LLC as the Company qualifies for exemption under Rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(i).

See independent auditor's report

BCC Advisory Services, LLC
Supplementary Accountant's Report
on Internal Accounting Control
Report Pursuant to Rule 17a-5
For the Year Ended December 31, 2013



Board of Directors

BCC Advisory Services, LLC:

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of BCC Advisory Services, LLC. (the Company), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2013, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13
2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's previously mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Control deficiencies are noted below under material weaknesses.

A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the company's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

The size of the business and the resultant limited number of employees imposes the practical limitations on the effectiveness of those internal control policies and procedures that depends on the segregation of duties. Because this condition is inherent in the size of the Company, the specific weaknesses are not described herein and no corrective action has been taken or proposed by the Company.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined previously.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2013, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.



Breard & Associates, Inc.
Certified Public Accountants

Northridge, California
March 6, 2014