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**ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT
FORM X-17A-5
PART III**

SEC FILE NUMBER
8- 67262

FACING PAGE

**Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder**

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING 01/01/13 AND ENDING 12/31/13
MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: Triton Pacific Securities, LLC

OFFICIAL USE ONLY

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)

FIRM I.D. NO.

10877 Wilshire Blvd., 12th Floor

(No. and Street)

Los Angeles

CA

90024

(City)

(State)

(Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT

Craig Faggen

310 943-4990

(Area Code - Telephone Number)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report*

Elizabeth Tractenberg, CPA

(Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name)

3832 Shannon Road

Los Angeles

CA

90027

(Address)

(City)

(State)

(Zip Code)

CHECK ONE:

- Certified Public Accountant
- Public Accountant
- Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

SEC 1410 (06-02)

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

Handwritten signature

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Craig Faggen, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of Triton Pacific Securities, LLC, as of December 31, 2013, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:

None

Craig Faggen

Signature

President

Title

Kimberly A. Bonseta

Notary Public

This report ** contains (check all applicable boxes):

- (a) Facing Page.
- (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
- (c) Statement of Income (Loss).
- (d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.
- (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital.
- (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
- (g) Computation of Net Capital.
- (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- (i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
- (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
- (l) An Oath or Affirmation.
- (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
- (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

**For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

CALIFORNIA ALL-PURPOSE CERTIFICATE OF ACKNOWLEDGMENT

State of California

County of Los Angeles

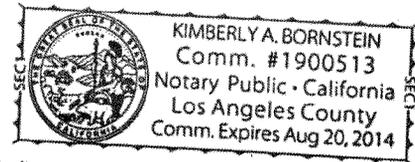
On Feb 21st, 2014 before me, Kimberly A. Bornstein, Notary Public
(Here insert name and title of the officer)

personally appeared Craig Faggen

who proved to me on the basis of satisfactory evidence to be the person(s) whose name(s) is are subscribed to the within instrument and acknowledged to me that he she/they executed the same in his her/their authorized capacity(ies), and that by his her/their signature(s) on the instrument the person(s), or the entity upon behalf of which the person(s) acted, executed the instrument.

I certify under PENALTY OF PERJURY under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing paragraph is true and correct.

WITNESS my hand and official seal.
Kimberly A. Bornstein
Signature of Notary Public



(Notary Seal)

ADDITIONAL OPTIONAL INFORMATION

DESCRIPTION OF THE ATTACHED DOCUMENT

(Title or description of attached document)

(Title or description of attached document continued)

Number of Pages _____ Document Date _____

(Additional information)

CAPACITY CLAIMED BY THE SIGNER

Individual (s)

Corporate Officer

(Title)

Partner(s)

Attorney-in-Fact

Trustee(s)

Other _____

- INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING THIS FORM**
- Any acknowledgment completed in California must contain verbiage exactly as appears above in the notary section or a separate acknowledgment form must be properly completed and attached to that document. The only exception is if a document is to be recorded outside of California. In such instances, any alternative acknowledgment verbiage as may be printed on such a document so long as the verbiage does not require the notary to do something that is illegal for a notary in California (i.e. certifying the authorized capacity of the signer). Please check the document carefully for proper notarial wording and attach this form if required.*
- State and County information must be the State and County where the document signer(s) personally appeared before the notary public for acknowledgment.
 - Date of notarization must be the date that the signer(s) personally appeared which must also be the same date the acknowledgment is completed.
 - The notary public must print his or her name as it appears within his or her commission followed by a comma and then your title (notary public).
 - Print the name(s) of document signer(s) who personally appear at the time of notarization.
 - Indicate the correct singular or plural forms by crossing off incorrect forms (i.e. ~~he~~/she/~~they~~ - is /are) or circling the correct forms. Failure to correctly indicate this information may lead to rejection of document recording.
 - The notary seal impression must be clear and photographically reproducible. Impression must not cover text or lines. If seal impression smudges, re-seal if a sufficient area permits, otherwise complete a different acknowledgment form.
 - Signature of the notary public must match the signature on file with the office of the county clerk.
 - ❖ Additional information is not required but could help to ensure this acknowledgment is not misused or attached to a different document.
 - ❖ Indicate title or type of attached document, number of pages and date.
 - ❖ Indicate the capacity claimed by the signer. If the claimed capacity is a corporate officer, indicate the title (i.e. CEO, CFO, Secretary).
 - Securely attach this document to the signed document

Triton Pacific Securities, LLC
Report Pursuant to Rule 17a-5(d)
Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

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Elizabeth Tractenberg, CPA

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PCAOB # 3621

Report of Independent Auditor

To the Members
Triton Pacific Securities, LLC
Los Angeles, California

Report on the Financial Statements

I have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Triton Pacific Securities, LLC as of December 31, 2013 and related statements of income (loss), changes in member's equity, and changes in financial condition for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with the standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Company's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinion.

Opinion

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2013, and the results of its operations and its changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matter

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedules I, II and III is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information in Schedules I, II and III has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the information in Schedules I, II and III is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.



Elizabeth Tractenberg, CPA
Los Angeles, CA
February 27, 2014

Triton Pacific Securities, LLC
Statement of Financial Condition
December 31, 2013

Assets

Current Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 14,008
Commissions receivable	1,000
Due from affiliates	42,956
Prepaid expenses	<u>18,693</u>
Total Current Assets	76,657
Deposits	<u>700</u>
Total assets	<u>\$ 77,357</u>

Liabilities and Members' Equity

Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 12,437
Commissions payable	900
Due to affiliates	<u>1,109</u>
Total liabilities	14,446
Members' Equity	<u>62,911</u>
Total Liabilities and Members' Equity	<u>\$ 77,357</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Triton Pacific Securities, LLC
Statement of Income (Loss)
For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

Revenue	
Commissions and fees	\$ 1,000
Total revenue	<u>\$ 1,000</u>
Operating Expenses	
Commission expense	900
Insurance	1,505
Office expense	6,403
Outside services	23,722
Pension plan	1,216
Professional fees	20,859
Regulatory fees	25,251
Rent	19,100
Salaries and wages	404,558
Telephone	2,251
Other general and administrative expenses	851
Total operating expenses	<u>506,617</u>
Net loss before income tax provision	<u>\$ (505,617)</u>
Income tax provision	<u>3,550</u>
Net loss	<u>\$ (509,167)</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Triton Pacific Securities, LLC
Statement of Changes in Members' Equity
For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

Balance, December 31, 2012	\$ 59,578
Capital contribution	512,500
Net Income	<u>(509,167)</u>
Balance, December 31, 2013	<u><u>\$ 62,911</u></u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Triton Pacific Securities, LLC
Statement of Cash Flows
For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	
Net loss	\$ (509,167)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	
Commission receivable	115,785
Due to affiliates	(34,176)
Prepaid expenses	(6,129)
Deposits	(700)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(90,741)
Due from affiliates	359
Commissions payable	900
	<u> </u>
Net cash used in operating activities	<u>(523,869)</u>
Net cash provided by investing activities	<u>-</u>
Cash Flows from Financing Activities:	
Capital contribution	512,500
	<u> </u>
Net cash flows provided by financing activities	<u>512,500</u>
Net increase in cash	(11,368)
Cash at beginning of year	25,377
Cash at end of year	<u><u>\$ 14,009</u></u>
Supplemental Information	
Interest paid	\$ -
Income taxes paid	<u>\$ -</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Triton Pacific Securities, LLC
Notes to Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

Note 1 – Organization and Nature of Business

Triton Pacific Securities, LLC (Company) was organized in Delaware as a Limited Liability Company on January 6, 2006 under the name TP Securities, LLC. In 2007, the Company changed its name to Triton Pacific Securities, LLC. The Company is a registered broker-dealer with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA) and Securities Investors Protection Corporation (“SIPC”). The Company conducts business on a fully disclosed basis and does not hold customer funds and/or securities.

Note 2 – Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation – The Company conducts the following types of business as a securities broker-dealer:

- Private placement of securities
- Distribution of Business Development Companies

Rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(i) provides an exemption from the SEC's so-called "customer protection rule" for firms that: carry no margin accounts; promptly transmit all customer funds and deliver all securities received in connection with their broker-dealer activities; do not otherwise hold funds or securities for, or owe money or securities to, customers; and effectuate all financial transactions with customers through one or more bank accounts designated as "Special Account for the Exclusive Benefit of Customers" of Triton Pacific Securities, LLC.

Use of Estimates - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Investment Banking – Investment banking revenues include gains, losses, and fees, net of syndicate expenses, arising from securities offerings in which the Company acts as an underwriter or agent. Investment banking revenues also include fees earned from providing merger-and-acquisition and financial restructuring advisory services. Investment banking management fees are recorded on offering date, sales concessions on settlement date, and underwriting fees at the time the underwriting is completed and the income is reasonably determined.

Income Taxes - The Company, with consent of its Members, has elected to be a California Limited Liability Company. For tax purposes the Company is treated like a partnership, therefore in lieu of business income taxes, the Member is taxed on the Company's taxable income. Therefore, no provision or liability for Federal Income Taxes is included in these financial statements. The State of California has a similar treatment, although there exists a

provision for a gross receipts tax and a minimum Franchise Tax of \$800.

Note 2 – Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Statement of Changes in Financial Condition - The Company has defined cash equivalents as highly liquid investments, with original maturities of less than three months that are not held for sale in the ordinary course of business.

Note 3 - Fair Value

FASB ASC 820 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and establishes a fair value hierarchy which prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. A fair value measurement assumes that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability occurs in the principal market for the asset or liability or, in the absence of a principal market, the most advantageous market. Valuation techniques that are consistent with the market, income or cost approach, as specified by FASB ASC 820, are used to measure fair value.

The fair value hierarchy prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three broad levels:

Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities the Company has the ability to access.

Level 2 inputs are inputs (other than quoted prices included within level 1) that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability and rely on management's own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. (The unobservable inputs should be developed based on the best information available in the circumstances and may include the Company's own data.)

The following table presents the Company's fair value hierarchy for those assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of December 31, 2013.

**Fair Value Measurements on a Recurring Basis
As of December 31, 2013**

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Cash	\$14,008	\$ -	\$ -	\$14,008

Note 4 – Related Party

The Company has entered into an expense sharing agreement with Triton Pacific Capital Partners, LLC ("TPCP"). The Company and TPCP have common shareholders. Rent and general overhead are allocated between the two companies.

During 2013 the Company paid approximately \$10,800 to TPCP as rent and other expenses and paid on behalf of TPCP \$100,000 in wages. Approximately \$359 was due to TPCP on December 31, 2013. In addition, there is approximately \$750 receivable from a member and another \$42,205 from a BDC client currently in being distributed.

It is possible that the terms of certain of the related party transactions are not the same as those that would result from transactions among wholly unrelated parties.

Note 5 – Net Capital Requirements

The Company is subject to the SEC Uniform Net Capital Rule (SEC Rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. Rule 15c3-1 also provides that equity capital may not be withdrawn or cash dividends paid if the resulting net capital ratio would exceed 10 to 1. At December 31, 2013, the Company had net capital of \$562 which was \$4,438 short of its required net capital of \$5,000. The Company's net capital ratio was 24.1 to 1. This shortfall to net capital was corrected in early January by a capital contribution to the Company.

Note 6 – Income Taxes

The Company is subject to a limited liability company gross receipts tax, with a minimum provision of \$800. For the year ended December 31, 2013, the Company recorded the minimum liability company income tax of \$800.

Note 7– Exemption from the SEC Rule 15c3-3

Rule 15c3-3(k) (2) (i) provides an exemption from the SEC's so-called "customer protection rule" for firms that: carry no margin accounts; promptly transmit all customer funds and deliver all securities received in connection with their broker-dealer activities; do not otherwise hold funds or securities for, or owe money or securities to, customers; and effectuate all financial transactions with customers through one or more bank accounts designated as "Special Account for the Exclusive Benefit of Customers" of the Company.

Note 8 – SIPC Supplementary Report Requirement

The Company is not required to complete the SIPC Supplementary Report under SEC Rule 17a-5(e) (4) for fiscal year ending December 31, 2013 because the Company's SIPC Net Operating Revenues are under \$500,000.

Note 9– Subsequent Events

Management has reviewed the results of operations for the period of time from its year end December 31, 2013 through February 27, 2014, the date the financial statements were available to be issued, and has determined that no adjustments are necessary to the amounts reported in the accompanying combined financial statements nor have any subsequent events occurred, the nature of which would require disclosure.

Triton Pacific Securities, LLC
Schedule I - Computation of Net Capital Requirements
Pursuant to Rule 15c3-1
December 31, 2013

Computation of net capital

Member's capital		\$ 62,911
Less: Non-allowable assets:		
Commissions receivable net of payable	-	
Due from affiliates	42,956	
Prepaid expenses	18,693	
Other assets	<u>700</u>	<u>62,349</u>
Net capital		<u>\$ 562</u>

Computation of net capital requirements

Minimum net aggregate indebtedness - 6.67% of net aggregate indebtedness	<u>\$ 1,939</u>
Minimum dollar net capital required	<u>\$ 5,000</u>
Net Capital required (greater of above)	<u>\$ 5,000</u>

Excess net capital \$ (4,438)

Computation of aggregate indebtedness

Total liabilities	<u>\$ 13,546</u>
Aggregate indebtedness to net capital	24.1

Note: There are no differences between the net capital reported above and the net capital reported on Form FOCUS X-17A-5 Part 11A at December 31, 2013.

Triton Pacific Securities, LLC
Schedule II – Computation for Determination of Reserve
Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3
As of December 31, 2013

A computation of reserve requirement is not applicable to Triton Pacific Securities, LLC as the Company qualifies for exemption under Rule 15c3-3 (k) (2) (i).

Triton Pacific Securities, LLC
Schedule III – Information Relating to Possession or Control
Requirements under Rule 15c3-3
As of December 31, 2013

Information relating to possession or control requirements is not applicable to Triton Pacific Securities, LLC as the Company qualifies for exemption under Rule 15c3-3 (k) (2) (i).

Elizabeth Tractenberg, CPA

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elizabeth@tractenberg.net
PCAOB # 3621

Part II

Report on Internal Control Required by SEC Rule 17a-5(g)(1) for a Broker-Dealer Claiming an Exemption from SEC Rule 15c3-3

To the Member
Triton Pacific Securities, LLC
Los Angeles, California

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements of Triton Pacific Securities, LLC (the Company), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2013, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, I considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing my auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing my opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g) (1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), I have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that I considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, I did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13
2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's previously mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are

safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

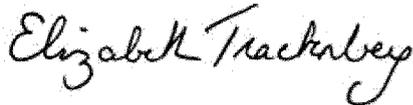
Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A deficiency in internal control over financial reporting exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatement on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Company's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that I consider to be material weaknesses, as defined previously.

I understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on my study, I believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2013 to meet the SEC's objectives. This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Member, management, the SEC, and FINRA, and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.



Elizabeth Tractenberg, CPA
Los Angeles, California
February 27, 2014