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UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

**ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT
FORM X-17A-5
PART III**

OMB APPROVAL
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FACING PAGE
**Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder**

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING January 1, 2013 AND ENDING December 31, 2013
MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: GBM International, Inc.

OFFICIAL USE ONLY
FIRM I.D. NO.

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)

2700 Post Oak Blvd., Suite 110

(No. and Street)

Houston

Texas

77056

(City)

(State)

(Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT

Richard Nunn

(281) 745-9100

(Area Code - Telephone Number)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report*

Easley, Endres, Parkhill & Brackendorff, P.C.

(Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name)

1333 W. Loop South, Suite 1400

Houston

Texas

77027

(Address)

(City)

(State)

(Zip Code)

CHECK ONE:

- Certified Public Accountant
- Public Accountant
- Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

3/10/14

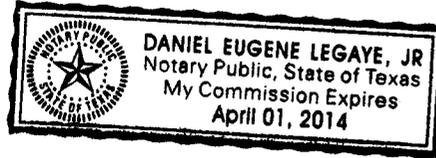
OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Richard Nunn, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of GBM International, Inc., as of December 31, 2013, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:

Richard Nunn
Signature

Chief Financial Officer
Title

Daniel Eugene Legaye, Jr.
Notary Public



This report ** contains (check all applicable boxes):

- (a) Facing Page.
(b) Statement of Financial Condition.
(c) Statement of Income (Loss).
(d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.
(e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital.
(f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
(g) Computation of Net Capital.
(h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
(i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
(j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
(k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
(l) An Oath or Affirmation.
(m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
(n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

**For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

GBM INTERNATIONAL, INC.
(A WHOLLY-OWNED SUBSIDIARY OF
PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS, INC.)

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

December 31, 2013

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

February 19, 2014

Board of Directors
GBM INTERNATIONAL, INC.

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of GBM INTERNATIONAL, INC. as of December 31, 2013 and the related statement of income, stockholder's equity, and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statement referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of GBM INTERNATIONAL, INC. as of December 31, 2013, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

EEPB, P.C.

Houston, Texas

GBM INTERNATIONAL, INC.
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION
DECEMBER 31, 2013

ASSETS

CURRENT ASSETS

Cash and cash equivalents	\$	148,714
Deposits held by clearing brokers, restricted		410,495
Accounts receivable		2,120
Receivable from nonaffiliated brokers and dealers		2,751,488
Receivable from employees		6,100
Receivable from affiliates		354,636
Other assets		32,240
Securities owned - marketable, at market value		<u>11,940</u>
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		<u>3,717,733</u>

Property and equipment, net		16,599
Deferred income taxes, net		<u>11,155</u>
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		<u>27,754</u>

TOTAL ASSETS	\$	<u>3,745,487</u>
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LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY

CURRENT LIABILITIES

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	67,490
Payable to affiliates		8,205
Accrued income tax payable to affiliate		<u>537,720</u>
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		<u>613,415</u>

COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY

Common stock, no par value; 1,000 shares authorized; 725 shares issued and outstanding		-
Additional paid in capital		7,530,334
Retained earnings (deficit)		<u>(4,398,262)</u>
TOTAL STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY		<u>3,132,072</u>

TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY	\$	<u>3,745,487</u>
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The accompanying notes are an integral
part of these financial statements.

GBM INTERNATIONAL, INC.
STATEMENT OF INCOME
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

REVENUE	
Net dealer inventory and investment gain	\$ 4,201,124
Commissions	2,445,736
Interest and dividends	43,325
Other	<u>33,557</u>
TOTAL REVENUE	<u>6,723,742</u>
EXPENSES	
Employee compensation and benefits	1,259,892
Clearing, execution and commission fees	1,986,354
Research and terminal usage fees	565,370
General and administrative	438,460
Professional fees	252,312
Interest expense	73,908
Depreciation expense	<u>8,698</u>
TOTAL EXPENSES	<u>4,584,994</u>
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES	2,138,748
PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES	<u>(734,803)</u>
NET INCOME	<u>\$ 1,403,945</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral
part of these financial statements.

GBM INTERNATIONAL, INC.
STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	<u>Shares</u>	<u>Additional Paid-In Capital</u>	<u>Accumulated Deficit</u>	<u>Total</u>
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2012	725	\$ 7,530,334	\$ (5,632,207)	\$ 1,898,127
Distributions	-	-	(170,000)	(170,000)
Net income	-	-	1,403,945	1,403,945
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2013	<u>725</u>	<u>\$ 7,530,334</u>	<u>\$ (4,398,262)</u>	<u>\$ 3,132,072</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral
part of these financial statements.

GBM INTERNATIONAL, INC.
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Net income	\$ 1,403,945
Adjustments to reconcile net income to cash provided by operating activities:	
Unrealized gain on securities owned - marketable	(4,443)
Depreciation	8,698
Deferred income taxes	(2,766)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities	
Deposits held by clearing brokers, restricted	(152,046)
Accounts receivable	401
Receivable from nonaffiliated brokers and dealers	(1,060,180)
Receivable from employees	(1,615)
Receivable from affiliates	(219,898)
Other assets	(22,551)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	4,124
Payable to affiliates	(30,813)
Accrued income taxes payable to affiliate	334,820
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	<u>257,676</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Purchase of Property and Equipment	<u>(2,908)</u>
NET CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES	<u>(2,908)</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Distribution	<u>(170,000)</u>
NET CASH USED IN FINANCING ACTIVITIES	<u>(170,000)</u>
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	84,768
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, beginning of year	<u>63,946</u>
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, end of year	<u>\$ 148,714</u>
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION	
Interest Paid	<u>\$ 73,908</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral
part of these financial statements.

GBM INTERNATIONAL, INC.
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2013

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Organization

GBM INTERNATIONAL, INC. ("International" or the "Company") was incorporated for the purpose of serving as an introducing broker-dealer to its customers and conduct certain investment banking activities. International is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Portfolio Investments, Inc. ("PI"), which is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Corporativo GBM S.A.B. de C.V. ("GBM Mexico"). International is registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission as a broker-dealer under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA"). International is also registered with the Commodity Futures Trading Commission as an introducing broker and is a member of the National Futures Association. International executes securities trades for customers as a principal and agent, futures trades as agent, and trades securities for its own account. All customer securities and futures transactions are cleared on a fully disclosed basis through unaffiliated broker-dealers. Accordingly, International does not carry customer accounts and does not receive, deliver or hold cash or securities in connection with such transactions.

Cash and cash equivalents

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, International considers cash and highly liquid investments with maturities of three months or less when purchased to be cash and cash equivalents.

Deposits held by clearing brokers

During the year ended December 31, 2013, International maintained Securities Clearing Agreements with Pershing LLC ("Pershing") and Apex Clearing Corporation, Inc. ("APEX", formerly Penson Financial Services.). Pursuant to the terms of each Agreement, International is required to maintain a certain level of cash or eligible securities on deposit at each clearing firm. At December 31, 2013, International was required to have cash deposits of \$150,000 at Pershing and \$250,000 at Apex. Should either Pershing or Apex suffer a loss due to a failure of a customer of International to complete a transaction, International is required to indemnify the applicable clearing firm to the extent of any such loss. At December 31, 2013 there were no such amounts owed to either clearing firm nor did International incur any such loss during the year ended December 31, 2013.

International maintained a similar Agreement with R.J. O'Brien ("RJO") to provide clearing services for International's futures trading activities. The amount of the cash deposit maintained by International at RJO at December 31, 2013 was \$10,000. International is required to indemnify RJO to the extent of any loss incurred by RJO due to a failure of a customer of International to complete a transaction. At

GBM INTERNATIONAL, INC.
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (*Continued*)

December 31, 2013 there were no such amounts owed to RJO nor did International incur any such loss during the year ended December 31, 2013.

At December 31, 2013, International maintained cash of \$150,113, \$250,382 and \$10,000 in the clearing deposit account of Pershing, APEX and RJO respectively.

Receivable from nonaffiliated brokers and dealers

Receivables from brokers, dealers, and clearing organizations may include amounts receivable for securities failed to deliver, certain deposits for securities borrowed, amounts receivable from clearing organizations relating to open transactions, good-faith and margin deposits, and commissions receivable.

Securities transactions

Securities owned and securities sold, not yet purchased are valued at market value. Unrealized gain or loss from marking securities owned and securities sold, not yet purchased to market value is included in income under the caption net dealer inventory and investment gain.

Securities transactions and related income and expense are recorded on the trade date. Realized gains and losses from sales of securities and derivatives are computed using the first-in, first-out method. Substantially all of the net dealer inventory and investment gain relate to security positions in companies domiciled in Mexico and South America.

Property and equipment

Property and equipment is stated at cost, less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is provided using accelerated methods over estimated useful lives of the related assets ranging from 5-7 years. Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful life of the lease. Maintenance and repairs are charged to operations as incurred.

Income taxes

International's revenue and expenses are included in the consolidated Federal income tax return filed by PI. International's tax calculations are made as if International prepared a separate income tax return. Additionally, International may record a tax benefit, if such benefit can be utilized by PI in its consolidated return. International is also subject to certain state income taxes.

International uses the liability method of accounting for income taxes that requires the recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities for the expected future tax

GBM INTERNATIONAL, INC.
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (*Continued*)

consequences of events that have been recognized in International's financial statements or would have been recognized in PI's consolidated tax return.

In estimating future tax consequences, all expected future events are considered other than enactment of changes in the tax law or rates. International provides a valuation allowance, if necessary, to reduce deferred tax assets to amounts that are likely to be realized.

International's deferred tax asset represents the tax effects of taxable temporary differences in the book and tax reporting. The taxable temporary differences consist of unrealized gains (losses) on securities, depreciation methods and lives, deferred rent and rent incentive.

International is subject to the Texas Gross Margin Tax. The Texas Gross Margin Tax generally is calculated as one percent of gross margin, as defined, and was \$3,518 for the year ended December 31, 2013.

Foreign currency transactions

As an agent, in the normal course of business, International enters into securities transactions which are denominated in foreign currencies, primarily the Mexican peso. Realized and unrealized foreign currency gains and losses on such transactions are recorded in the period and are included in the caption net dealer inventory and investment gain. There was no net material realized and unrealized foreign currency losses recorded in 2013. For the purposes of reporting cash flows, International has determined that the effect of exchange rate changes on foreign currency transactions is immaterial.

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of support and revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Risks and uncertainties

Securities owned and securities sold, not yet purchased which are recorded at fair value have exposure to market risk, including the volatility of securities markets. Significant changes in the prices of securities owned could have a significant impact on International's results of operations for any particular year.

GBM INTERNATIONAL, INC.
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 2: TRANSACTIONS WITH AFFILIATES AND RELATED PARTIES

Occasionally, International enters into securities transactions in Mexico which are cleared by GBM Mexico, an affiliated securities dealer domiciled in and regulated by the government of Mexico. However, there were no such transactions entered into during 2013. Additionally, International executes orders, either as principal or agent, on behalf of GBM Mexico. Commission and dealer income earned from GBM Mexico during the year ended December 31, 2013 was \$756,208. Commissions receivable from GBM Mexico at December 31, 2013 were \$95,456. GBM Mexico also charges International for overhead costs. There was no balance due to GBM Mexico for these overhead costs at December 31, 2013.

During the year ended December 31, 2013, International paid for accounting and administrative services to GBM Mexico of \$84,000, under the terms of the administrative services agreement.

During 2009, International entered into an agreement with GBM Brazil, an affiliated securities dealer domiciled in and regulated by the government of Brazil, for International to pay a portion of revenue earned from referrals from GBM Brazil. Commissions paid to GBM Brazil during the year ended December 31, 2013 were \$104,635 Commission's payable to GBM Brazil as of December 31, 2013 were \$8,205.

Furthermore, International from time to time may enter into transactions with affiliates in the normal course of business which are recorded as receivable from or payable to affiliates. As of December 31, 2013, there was a \$200,000 receivable from FH for advancement of funds and a \$48,881 receivable from PI, the majority of which arose as result of tax consequences of being a subsidiary of a consolidated group that files a consolidated federal income tax return and \$10,298 net receivable for GBM Mexico for payments made on behalf of GBM Mexico.

From time to time advances are made to employees by International. At December 31, 2013, a total of \$6,100 of employee receivables remained outstanding.

NOTE 3: NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

International is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (SEC rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital of \$100,000 (including subordinated indebtedness) and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. International is also subject to the Commodity Futures Trading Commission's minimum financial requirements (Regulation 1.17). At December 31, 2013,

GBM INTERNATIONAL, INC.
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 3: NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS *(Continued)*

International had net capital, as defined, of \$2,667,397, which was \$2,567,397 in excess of the required minimum net capital of \$100,000. International's ratio of aggregate indebtedness was 0.23 to 1.0 at December 31, 2013. International is currently in compliance with these requirements.

Rule 15c3-1 also provides that equity capital may not be withdrawn or cash dividends paid if the resulting net capital ratio would exceed 10 to 1.

International is exempt from the provisions of SEC Rule 15c3-3 under paragraph (k)(2)(ii), as described in Supplemental Schedule II.

NOTE 4: FAIR VALUE OF INVESTMENTS

The Company adopted FASB Accounting Standards Codification Topic 820-10, "Fair Value Measurements", for all financial assets and liabilities. ASC 820-10 provides standards and disclosures for assets and liabilities that are measured and reported at fair value. As defined in ASC 820-10, fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date (exit price). ASC 820-10 requires disclosure that establishes a framework for measuring fair value and expands disclosure about fair value measurements. The statement requires fair value measurements be classified and disclosed in one of the following categories:

Level 1: Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets that are accessible at the measurement date for identical, unrestricted assets or liabilities. An active market for the asset or liability is a market in which transactions for the asset or liability occur with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.

Level 2: Measured based upon inputs that are observable, either directly or indirectly, for the asset or liability other than quoted market prices included in Level 1. These inputs include: a) quoted prices for similar asset or liabilities in active markets b) quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active c) inputs other than quoted market prices that are observable and d) inputs that are derived primarily from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

Level 3: Measured based on unobservable inputs for the asset or liability for which there is little, if any, market activity for the asset or liability at the measurement date. This input includes management's own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. The inputs are

GBM INTERNATIONAL, INC.
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 4: FAIR VALUE OF INVESTMENTS *(Continued)*

developed based on the best information available in the circumstances, which might include management's own data.

As required by ASC 820-10, financial assets and liabilities are classified based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. International's assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement requires judgment, and may affect the valuation of the fair value of assets and liabilities and their placement within the fair value hierarchy levels.

The following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for assets measured at fair value. There have been no changes in the methodologies used at December 31, 2013.

U.S. Securities: Valued at the closing price reported on the active market on which the individual securities are traded.

The following table summarizes the valuation of International's financial instruments by ASC 820-10 pricing levels as of December 31, 2013:

	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Fair Value at December 31, 2013
U.S. Securities:				
Corporate Stock	\$ 11,940	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,940
Total	\$ 11,940	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,940

There were no transfers between levels during the year ended December 31, 2013.

NOTE 5: PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, NET

Property and equipment, net consisted of the following at December 31, 2013:

	Estimated Useful Life	
Office Equipment	5 Years	\$ 55,268
Vehicles	5 Years	20,441
Leasehold Improvements	Lease term	85,813
Subtotal:		<u>161,522</u>
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		<u>(144,923)</u>
Property and Equipment, net		<u>\$ 16,599</u>

GBM INTERNATIONAL, INC.
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 6: INCOME TAXES

As of December 31, 2013, the Company's provision for income taxes was as follows:

Federal Provision (Benefit)	
Current	\$ 734,052
Deferred	<u>(2,767)</u>
	731,285
State Provision	
Current	<u>3,518</u>
Total Provision for Income Taxes	<u>\$ 734,803</u>

Deferred income taxes reflect the net effects of the temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for tax reporting purposes. The temporary differences consist of depreciation methods and lives, adjustment for audit fees, and unrealized gains on securities.

The Company did not have unrecognized tax benefits as of December 31, 2013 and does not expect this to change significantly over the next twelve months. The Company will recognize interest and penalties accrued on any unrecognized tax benefits as a component of income tax expense. As of December 31, 2013, the Company has not accrued interest or penalties related to uncertain tax positions. The Company's U.S. federal and state income tax returns are open to audit under the statute of limitations for the years ending December 31, 2010 and beyond.

NOTE 7: COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Operating Lease

International leases its office facility under a non-cancelable operating lease which expires on August 31, 2015. Future minimum lease payments for this lease at December 31, 2013 are as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	
2014	55,718
2015	<u>37,791</u>
	<u>\$ 93,509</u>

Rent expense for the year ended December 31, 2013 was \$87,799.

GBM INTERNATIONAL, INC.
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 7: COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (*Continued*)

Security Transactions

In the normal course of business, International enters into securities short-sale transactions for its own account and for its clients as an agent. Since the securities subject to such transactions are not in International's possession, International is subject to risk of loss if it must acquire the securities on the open market at a price which exceeds the contract amount of the transaction. At December 31, 2013, International does not expect nonperformance by customers or counterparties.

International executes securities and futures transactions on behalf of its customers. If either the customer or the counterparty fails to perform, International may be required to discharge the obligation of the nonperforming party. In such circumstances, International may sustain a loss if the market value of the security or futures contract is different from the contract value of the transaction. International does not expect nonperformance by customers or counterparties.

International clears all of its securities transactions through clearing brokers on a fully disclosed basis. Pursuant to the terms of the agreements between International and the clearing brokers, the clearing brokers have the right to charge International for losses that result from a counterparty's failure to fulfill its contractual obligations. As the right to charge International has no maximum amount and applies to all trades executed through the clearing broker, International believes there is no maximum amount assignable to this right. As of December 31, 2013, International has no recorded liabilities with regard to the right. During 2013, International did not pay the clearing brokers any amounts related to these guarantees. International's policy is to monitor its market exposure, customer risk, and counterparty risk through the use of a variety of credit exposure reporting and control procedures, including marking-to-market securities and any related collateral as well as requiring adjustments of collateral levels as necessary. In addition, International has a policy of reviewing, as considered necessary, the credit standing of each counterparty and customer with which it conducts business.

Other

During the normal course of business, International enters into contracts that contain a variety of representation and warranties and which provide general indemnifications. International's maximum exposure under these arrangements is unknown as this would involve future claims that may be made against International that have not yet occurred. However, based on experience, International expects the risk of loss to be remote.

GBM INTERNATIONAL, INC.
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 8: TRADING GAINS AND LOSSES

The portion of trading gains and losses for the period related to trading securities still held for the year ended December 31, 2013 is calculated as follows:

Net gains and losses recognized during the period on trading securities	\$ 4,414
Less: Net gains and losses recognized during the period on trading securities sold during the period	<u>-</u>
Unrealized gains and losses recognized during the reporting period on trading securities still held at year end	<u>\$ 4,414</u>

NOTE 9: CONCENTRATIONS

A portion of International's trading activities, as an agent; involve securities of companies domiciled in Mexico and South America. Consequently, the ability of International to maintain appropriate levels of trading activity in Mexican and South American securities and the value of such securities outstanding is impacted by economic and business conditions in Mexico and South America.

NOTE 10: SUBORDINATED LIABILITIES

International had no subordinated liabilities at any time during the year ended December 31, 2013. Therefore, the statement of changes in liabilities subordinated to claims of general creditors has not been presented for the year ended December 31, 2013.

NOTE 11: 401(K) PLAN

The Company maintains a 401(k) plan for employees. The 401(k) Plan does not require a mandatory employer contribution but does provide for a discretionary employer contribution. Employer contributions were \$44,675 for the year ended December 31, 2013.

NOTE 12: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent events were evaluated through February 19, 2014 which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued, and noted no significant subsequent events.

SUPPLEMENTAL
INFORMATION

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION REQUIRED
BY RULE 17A-5 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

February 19, 2014

Board of Directors
GBM INTERNATIONAL, INC.
Houston, Texas

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of GBM INTERNATIONAL, INC. as of and for the year ended December 31, 2013, and have issued our report thereon dated February 19, 2014. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in page 20, supplemental schedule I, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

EEPB, P.C.

Houston, Texas

GBM INTERNATIONAL, INC.

SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE I

COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER RULE 15C3-1 OF THE
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

DECEMBER 31, 2013

Net capital:	
Total stockholder's equity	\$ 3,132,072
Reductions and charges:	
Nonallowable assets:	
Property and equipment, net	16,599
Petty Cash	2,000
Accounts receivable	2,120
Receivables from non-affiliates, affiliates and employees	397,032
Other assets	43,395
Total nonallowable assets and charges, net	461,146
Net capital before haircuts on security positions	2,670,926
Haircuts on security positions	3,529
Net capital	<u>\$ 2,667,397</u>
Aggregate indebtedness	<u>\$ 613,415</u>
Percent of aggregate indebtedness to net capital	<u>23%</u>
Computation of basic net capital requirement	
Minimum net capital requirement (greater of 6 2/3% of aggregate indebtedness or \$100,000)	<u>\$ 100,000</u>
Excess net capital	<u>\$ 2,567,397</u>

STATEMENT PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH (d)(4) OF RULE 17a-5

There are no material differences between this computation of net capital pursuant to Rule 15c3-1 and the corresponding computation prepared by GBM International, Inc. and included in the Company's unaudited Part II A Focus report filing as of December 31, 2013.

STATEMENT OF OMITTED SUPPLEMENTAL DATA

The Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3 and the Information Relating to Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3 have been omitted because GBM International, Inc. is exempt from the requirements of Rule 15c3-3 under condition (k)(2)(ii). The conditions of the exemption were being complied with as of December 31, 2007 and no facts came to our attention to indicate that the exemption had not been complied with during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL

February 19, 2014

Board of Directors
GBM INTERNATIONAL, INC.
Houston, Texas

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedules of GBM INTERNATIONAL, INC. ("GBM") as of and for the years ended December 31, 2013 in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered its internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of International's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of GBM's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by GBM including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because GBM does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by GBM in any of the following:

1. Making the quarterly securities examinations, accounts, verifications, and comparisons and the recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13;
2. Complying with the requirements of prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System;

The management of GBM is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not

absolute assurance that assets for which GBM has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. *A significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the company's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined previously.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that GBM's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2013, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

EEPB, P.C.

Houston, Texas



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES RELATED TO AN
ENTITY'S SIPC ASSESSMENT RECONCILIATION

February 19, 2014

Board of Directors
GBM INTERNATIONAL, INC. (A WHOLLY-OWNED SUBSIDIARY OF PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS, INC.,
WHICH IS WHOLLY-OWNED BY CORPORATIVO GBM S.A.B. DE C.V.)
Houston, Texas

In accordance with Rule 17a-5(e)(4) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, we have performed the procedures enumerated below with respect to the accompanying Schedule of Assessment and Payments [General Assessment Reconciliation (Form SIPC-7)] to the Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC) for the twelve months ended December 31, 2013, which were agreed to by GBM INTERNATIONAL, INC. ("the "Company") and the Securities and Exchange Commission, Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc., and SIPC, solely to assist you and the other specified parties in evaluating the Company's compliance with the applicable instructions of the General Assessment Reconciliation (Form SIPC-7). The Company's management is responsible for the Company's compliance with those requirements. This agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of those parties specified in this report. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose. The procedures we performed and our findings are as follows:

1. Compared the listed assessment payments in Form SIPC-7 with respective cash disbursements record entries, check copies, and bank statements noting no differences;
2. Reconciled the amounts reported on the audited Form X-17A-5 for the year ended December 31, 2013, with the amounts reported in Form SIPC-7 for the year ended December 31, 2013, noting no differences.
3. Compared any adjustments reported in Form SIPC-7 with supporting schedules and working papers noting no differences; and

4. Proved the arithmetical accuracy of the calculations reflected in Form SIPC-7 and in the related schedules and working papers supporting the adjustments noting no differences.

We were not engaged to, and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on compliance. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the specified parties listed above and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

EEPB, P.C.

Houston, Texas