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SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

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ANNUAL AUDITED REPORTS
FORM X-17A-5
PART III

FEB 28 2014

SEC FILE NUMBER
8-65408

FACING PAGE **Washington DC**
Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING 01/01/13 AND ENDING 12/31/13
MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:
GREENWICH PRIME TRADING GROUP, LLC
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)

OFFICIAL USE ONLY
FIRM I.D. NO.

100 FIRST STAMFORD PLACE, 6TH FLOOR

(No. and Street)

STAMFORD

CT

06902

(City)

(State)

(Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT
PATRICK CONNORS **203-388-4800**
(Area Code - Telephone Number)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report*

McGladrey LLP

(Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name)

1185 AVENUE OF THE AMERICAS NEW YORK

NY

10036

(Address)

(City)

(State)

(Zip Code)

CHECK ONE:

- Certified Public Accountant
- Public Accountant
- Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

3/18/14

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, PATRICK CONNORS, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of GREENWICH PRIME TRADING GROUP, LLC, as of DECEMBER 31, 2013, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:

Gail M Parker
Notary Public, State of New York
NO 01PA6126374
Qualified in New York County
Commission Expires May 02, 2017

Patrick Connors
Signature
Managing Member
Title

Gail M. Parker
Notary Public

This report ** contains (check all applicable boxes):

- (a) Facing Page.
(b) Statement of Financial Condition.
(c) Statement of Income (Loss).
(d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.
(e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital.
(f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
(g) Computation of Net Capital.
(h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
(i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
(j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
(k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
(l) An Oath or Affirmation.
(m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report. (Bound under separate cover)
(n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.
(o) Independent auditor's report on internal control

**For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

Greenwich Prime Trading Group, LLC

Statement of Financial Condition

December 31, 2013

Greenwich Prime Trading Group, LLC

Statement of Financial Condition

December 31, 2013

Filed as PUBLIC information pursuant to Rule 17a-5(d) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members
Greenwich Prime Trading Group, LLC
Stamford, Connecticut

Report on the Financial Statement

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Greenwich Prime Trading Group, LLC (the "Company") as of December 31, 2013 that is filed pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and the related notes (the financial statement).

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statement

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of this financial statement in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this financial statement based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Company's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statement.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statement referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2013, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

McGladrey LLP

New York, New York
February 24, 2014

Greenwich Prime Trading Group, LLC

**Statement of Financial Condition
December 31, 2013**

ASSETS

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 952,072
Receivables from brokers and dealers	1,518,014
Security deposit	65,119
Fixed assets	57,002
Other assets	<u>24,687</u>
Total assets	<u>\$ 2,616,894</u>

LIABILITIES AND MEMBERS' EQUITY

Liabilities:

Bonuses payable	\$ 785,000
Payable to Members	52,433
Deferred revenue	307,351
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	<u>145,043</u>

Total liabilities 1,289,827

Members' Equity 1,327,067

Total liabilities and Members' equity **\$ 2,616,894**

See Notes to Statement of Financial Condition.

Greenwich Prime Trading Group, LLC

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1. Organization

Greenwich Prime Trading Group, LLC (the "Company") is a Connecticut limited liability company. The Company is registered as a broker-dealer in securities with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") and is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA").

The Company operates under the exemptive provisions of paragraph (k)(2)(ii) of SEC Rule 15c3-3. All customer transactions are cleared through another broker-dealer on a fully disclosed basis.

Note 2. Significant Accounting Policies

The Company follows accounting standards established by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (the "FASB") to ensure consistent reporting of financial condition, results of operations and cash flows. References to generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") in these notes are to the FASB Accounting Standards Codification™, sometimes referred to as the "Codification" or "ASC."

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions in determining the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and reported amounts of income and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

The Company considers all highly liquid investments, with original maturities of three months or less at the date of acquisition that are not held for sale in the ordinary course of business, to be cash equivalents.

Fixed assets consisting of furniture, equipment and leasehold improvements are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and amortization. Depreciation and amortization are computed on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets.

The Company records its commission revenues and related expenses on a trade-date basis as securities transactions occur.

Under certain customer arrangements, a portion of commissions generated are segregated for "Soft Dollar" use. The Company sets aside a pre-set amount collected on each trade in a Special Reserve Account. Money is utilized for paying bills associated with client research activity under Section 28(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Soft Dollars are accounted as deferred revenue and reduced when Soft Dollar expenses are paid.

The Company follows the provisions of FASB ASC Topic 820, *Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures* ("ASC 820"). ASC 820 defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date and sets out a fair value hierarchy. The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3). Inputs are broadly defined as assumptions market participants would use in pricing an asset or liability. The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described below:

Level 1: Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the reporting entity has the ability to access at the measurement date. The types of financial instruments in Level 1 include listed equities and listed derivatives.

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, and fair value that is determined through the use of models or other valuation methodologies. Financial instruments in this category generally include corporate bonds and loans, less liquid and restricted equity securities, certain over-the-

Greenwich Prime Trading Group, LLC

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 2. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

counter derivatives and redeemable investments in alternative investment funds. A significant adjustment to a Level 2 input could result in the Level 2 measurement becoming a Level 3 measurement.

Level 3: Inputs that are unobservable for the asset or liability and that include situations where there is little, if any, market activity for the asset or liability. The inputs into the determination of fair value are based upon the best information in the circumstances and may require significant management judgment or estimation. Financial instruments in this category generally include equity and debt positions in private companies, and nonredeemable investments in alternate investment funds.

The Company's money market fund of \$31,320, included in cash and cash equivalents on the statement of financial condition, is stated at fair value based on quoted market prices, which is a Level 1 measurement.

The Company assesses the levels of investments held at each measurement date, and transfers between levels are recognized on the measurement date in accordance with the Company's accounting policy regarding the recognition of transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy. There were no transfers among Levels 1, 2, and 3 during the year.

Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncement: In December 2011, the FASB issued new guidance that requires an entity to disclose information about offsetting and related arrangements to enable users of its financial statements to understand the effect of those arrangements on its financial position. In January 2013, FASB issued additional clarification to specify that the guidance applies only to derivatives, repurchase agreements and reverse repurchase agreements, and securities borrowing and securities lending transactions that are either offset in accordance with specific criteria of the Codification or subject to a master netting arrangement or similar agreement. This guidance is effective for annual and interim periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013. The adoption did not have a material impact on the financial statements.

Note 3. Receivables From Brokers and Dealers

Receivables from broker-dealers at December 31, 2013 consist of the following:

	<u>Amount</u>
Deposits with clearing broker	\$ 1,004,620
Fees and commissions receivable	465,356
Unsettled securities transactions	<u>48,038</u>
	<u>\$ 1,518,014</u>

The clearing and depository operations for the Company's security transactions are provided by its clearing broker, Goldman Sachs Execution & Clearing, L.P., pursuant to a clearing agreement

Note 4. Income Taxes

The Company is not subject to federal income tax, but may be subject to certain state taxes. Each Member is individually liable for taxes on its share of the Company's income or loss. FASB guidance requires the evaluation of tax positions taken or expected to be taken in the course of preparing the Company's tax returns to determine whether the tax positions are "more likely than not" of being sustained "when challenged" or "when examined" by the applicable tax authority. Tax positions not deemed to meet the more-likely-than-not threshold would be recorded as a tax benefit or expense and liability in the current year. The Managing

Greenwich Prime Trading Group, LLC

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 4. Income Taxes (Continued)

Member has reviewed the Company's tax positions for the open tax years (current and prior three tax years) to determine if additional taxes would be due if such positions were examined, and has concluded that there are no material uncertain income tax positions for which an expense and liability should be recorded. The Company is not subject to examination by U.S. federal and state tax authorities for tax years before 2010.

Note 5. Regulatory Requirements

Pursuant to the Uniform Net Capital Rule 15c3-1 of the SEC, the Company is required to maintain minimum net capital of the greater of \$250,000 or 6-2/3% of aggregate indebtedness and requires the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, not to exceed 15 to 1. Rule 15c3-1 also provides that equity may not be withdrawn if the ratio would exceed 10 to 1. Net capital and aggregate indebtedness fluctuate on a daily basis; however, at December 31, 2013, the Company had net capital, as defined, of \$1,965,259, which exceeded the required amount by \$1,715,259. At December 31, 2013, the Company's net capital ratio was 0.26 to 1.

Note 6. Profit-Sharing Plan

The Company maintains a qualified profit-sharing plan under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code (the "Plan"). For the year ended December 31, 2013, the Company contributed \$10,762, in addition to the Members' contributions of \$122,000.

Note 7. Commitments

The Company is obligated under a noncancelable operating lease for office space expiring April 30, 2018. The aggregate minimum future payments under this lease, exclusive of required payments for increases in real estate taxes and operating costs, are payable as follows:

Year ending December 31,

2014	\$ 190,400
2015	192,950
2016	195,500
2017	198,050
Thereafter	<u>66,300</u>
	<u>\$ 843,200</u>

Note 8. Fixed Assets

Details of fixed assets at December 31, 2013 are as follows:

Computer equipment	\$ 130,624
Furniture	69,541
Leasehold improvements	<u>44,789</u>
	244,954
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	<u>187,952</u>
	<u>\$ 57,002</u>

Greenwich Prime Trading Group, LLC

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 9. Off-Balance-Sheet Risk and Concentration of Risk

The Company, at times, maintains bank deposit accounts in excess of federally insured limits. It has not experienced any losses on such amounts.

Since the Company does not clear its own securities and futures transactions, it has established accounts with clearing brokers for this purpose. This can and often does result in a concentration of credit risk with these firms. Such risk, however, is mitigated by each clearing broker's obligation to comply with rules and regulations of the SEC.

The Company's customers' securities transactions are introduced on a fully disclosed basis with its clearing broker-dealers. The clearing broker-dealers carry all of the accounts of the customers of the Company and are responsible for execution, collection and payment of funds and receipt and delivery of securities relative to customer transactions. Off-balance-sheet risk exists with respect to these wherein the clearing broker-dealers may charge any losses it incurs to the Company. The Company seeks to minimize this risk through procedures designed to monitor the creditworthiness of its customers and that customer transactions are executed properly by the clearing broker-dealers.

The Company had two clients which provided 19% and 22%, respectively, of the total commission revenue generated in 2013.

Note 10. Indemnifications

The Company has agreed to indemnify its clearing brokers for losses that the clearing brokers may sustain from the customer accounts introduced by the Company. The maximum potential amount of future payments that the Company could be required to make under these indemnifications cannot be estimated. However, the Company believes that it is unlikely it will have to make material payments under these agreements and has not recorded a contingent liability in the financial statements for these indemnifications.

In the normal course of business, the Company enters into contracts that contain a variety of representations and warranties that provide indemnifications under certain circumstances. The Company's maximum exposure under these arrangements is unknown, as this would involve future claims that may be made against the Company that have not yet occurred. The Company expects risk of loss to be remote.

Note 11. Related Party Transactions

Compensation and benefits are paid to Members employed by the Company in accordance with the Amended and Restated Operating Agreement effective January 1, 2006. At December 31, 2013, the Company has a payable to Members for \$52,433 in the statement of financial condition for base compensation and benefits.

Note 12. Subsequent Events

The Company has evaluated subsequent events for potential recognition and/or disclosure through the date these financial statements were issued.