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SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

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DIVISION OF TRADING & MARKETS

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A-5 PART III

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Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING January 1, 2013 AND ENDING December 31, 2013 MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: Salt Spray Capital, LLC

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)

300 Beardsley lane Bldg D Suite 205

(No. and Street)

Austin

(City)

TX

(State)

78746

(Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT

Cathy Vasilev

(512) 796-3299

(Area Code - Telephone Number)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report\*

Debasish Banerjee, CPA

(Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name)

6301 Owensmouth Avenue

(Address)

Woodland Hills

(City)

California

(State)

91367

(Zip Code)

CHECK ONE:

- Certified Public Accountant
- Public Accountant
- Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

\*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

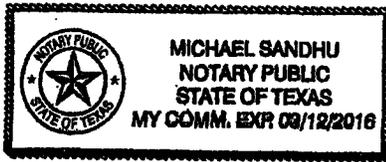
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SEC 1410 (06-02)

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Cathy Vasilev, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of Salt Spray Capital, LLC, as of December 31, 2013, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:

NONE



[Signature] Notary Public

Cathy Vasilev [Signature] Signature CCO Title

This report \*\* contains (check all applicable boxes):

- (a) Facing Page.
(b) Statement of Financial Condition.
(c) Statement of Income (Loss).
(d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.
(e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital.
(f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
(g) Computation of Net Capital.
(h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
(i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
(j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
(k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
(l) An Oath or Affirmation.
(m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
(n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

\*\*For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).



## **Independent Accountant's Report**

Cathy Vasilev, CCO  
Salt Spray Capital, LLC  
Austin, Texas

### **Reports on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Salt Spray Capital, LLC ("Company") as of December 31, 2013 and the related statements of operations, changes in Member's Equity, and Cash Flows for the year then ended and the related notes to the financial statements, pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

### **Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and with the standards of the Public Company Accounting oversight Board. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

## **Independent Accountant's Report**

Cathy Vasilev, CCO  
Salt Spray Capital, LLC  
Austin, Texas

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Salt Spray Capital, LLC as of December 31, 2013 and the results of its operations, member's equity and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The Company's financial statements are prepared using the generally accepted accounting principles applicable to a going concern, which contemplates the realization of assets and liquidation of liabilities in the normal course of business. The Company's result of operation was a deficit of \$61,669 and negative cash flows from operations amounting to \$60,752 for the year ended December 31, 2013. These factors as discussed in Note 7 to the financial statements raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Management's plans in regard to these matters are also described in Note 6. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of these uncertainties.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained on Schedule I-IV is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not required as part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subject to the auditing procedures applied in our audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respect in relating to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

This opinion is intended solely for the information and use of the Member, the Securities and Exchange Commission, and other regulatory agencies which rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

  
Dave Banerjee, CPA  
Woodland Hills, California  
February 18, 2014

**SALT SPRAY CAPITAL, LLC**

**Statement of Financial Condition  
December 31, 2013**

**ASSETS**

Cash	\$ 15,540
Other assets	<u>1,678</u>
Total assets	<u><u>\$ 17,218</u></u>

**LIABILITIES AND MEMBERS' EQUITY**

**Liabilities:**

Accounts Payable (Note 2)	<u>\$ 1,900</u>
Total liabilities	\$ 1,900

**Members' equity**

Members' Equity	\$ (21,802)
Additional Equity Capital	98,790
Deficits	<u>(61,669)</u>
Total members' equity	<u>\$ 15,319</u>
Total liabilities and members' equity	<u><u>\$ 17,218</u></u>

*The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements*

**SALT SPRAY CAPITAL, LLC**

**Statement of Income  
For the year ended December 31, 2013**

REVENUE		
Total revenue	\$	-
EXPENSES:		
Professional fees	\$	3,500
Rent expense		4,950
Other operating expenses		<u>53,219</u>
Total expenses	\$	<u>61,669</u>
NET LOSS BEFORE INCOME TAXES	\$	<u>(61,669)</u>
NET LOSS	\$	<u><u>(61,669)</u></u>

*The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements*

## SALT SPRAY CAPITAL LLC

### Statement of Changes in Members' Equity For the year ended December 31, 2013

	<b>Members' Equity</b>	<b>Net Loss</b>	<b>Total Members' Equity</b>
Beginning balance December 31, 2010	\$ 12,463		\$ 12,463
Adjustments:	(800)		(800)
Net Loss		(5,388)	(5,388)
<b>Ending balance December 31, 2011</b>	<b>\$ 11,663</b>	<b>\$ (5,388)</b>	<b>\$ 6,275</b>
Additional Equity Capital	38,085	-	38,085
Net Loss		(28,076)	(28,076)
<b>Ending balance December 31, 2012</b>	<b>\$ 49,748</b>	<b>\$ (33,464)</b>	<b>\$ 16,284</b>
Additional Equity Capital	60,704	-	60,704
Net Loss		(61,669)	(61,669)
<b>Ending balance December 31, 2013</b>	<b>\$ 110,452</b>	<b>\$ (95,133)</b>	<b>\$ 15,319</b>

*The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements*

# SALT SPRAY CAPITAL, LLC

## Statement of Cash Flows For the year ended December 31, 2013

### CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

Net Loss	\$ (61,669)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided/(used) by operating activities:	
(Increase) decrease in:	
CRD balance	(983)
Increase (decrease) in:	
Accounts payable	<u>1,900</u>
Total adjustments	<u>\$ 917</u>
Net cash used in operating activities	<u>\$ (60,752)</u>

### CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES

Equity Capital Contribution from Members	\$ 60,704
Net cash provided in financing activities	<u>\$ 60,704</u>
Decrease in cash	\$ (48)
Cash - beginning of year	\$ 15,588
Cash - end of period	<u><u>\$ 15,540</u></u>

Interest -

*The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements*

**SALT SPRAY CAPITAL, LLC**  
**Notes to Financial Statements**  
**December 31, 2013**

**Note 1: Organization**

**Business Activity**

Salt Spray Capital, LLC is currently owned by Salt Spray Holdings, LLC, a limited liability company, as a limited disclosure Broker-Dealer, registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and is a member of Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA). The Company conducts business as a private placement broker-dealer acting solely as agent or finder under Rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(i). As a registered broker-dealer in securities, the Company is subject to the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. On August 30, 2010, Salt Spray Capital was converted from a sole proprietorship to Salt Spray Capital, LLC as a successor organization for the Company's business. FINRA's approval was received on January 20, 2011. Going forward the Company conducts its business as a limited liability company.

On June 2011, the founder Mr. Christopher Scott ("Seller") entered into agreement with Salt Spray Holdings, LLC, a Texas limited liability company ("Purchaser") regarding the sale and purchase of all (100%) outstanding membership interest in Salt Spray Capital, LLC. The final sale was completed in August 2012 and 100% ownership was transferred to the purchaser. On August 3, 2012, FINRA granted the continuing membership application of the Company and approved the 100% change in ownership.

**Note 2: Significant Accounting Policies**

**Method of accounting**

The Company uses the accrual method of accounting for financial reporting purposes. For purposes of reporting cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand and demand deposits at banks.

The Company's books and records are maintained at the Company's office location. All rent, utilities and other expenses are paid as of the date of the financial statements and therefore no liabilities were accrued and recorded.

**Use of Estimates**

In conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, preparation of financial statements may require the use of management's estimates. Those estimates and assumptions affect reported amount of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and the reported revenue and expenses.

**SALT SPRAY CAPITAL, LLC**  
**Notes to Financial Statements**  
**December 31, 2013**

**Note 2: Significant Accounting Policies (cont.)**

**Comprehensive Income**

The Company adopted SFAS No. 130, "Reporting Comprehensive Income," which requires that an enterprise report, by major components and as a single total, the changes in equity. There were no comprehensive income items for the year ended December 31, 2013.

The firm did not have any adjustments that would have made comprehensive income different from net income.

**Concentrations of Credit Risk**

The Company has not engaged in securities business, various trading and brokerage activities in which counterparties primarily include broker-dealers, banks, and other financial institutions, and therefore is not exposed to risk.

**Note 3: Capital Requirement**

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (SEC) Rule 15c3-1, which requires the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. Net Capital and the related net capital ratio may fluctuate on a daily basis. At December 31, 2013, the Company had net capital of \$13,461 of which \$8,641 was in excess of its required minimum net capital per SEC Rule 15c3-1. The Company's net capital ratio was 13.93% which is less than 15:1.

**Note 4: Fair Value**

The Company adopted Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") ASC 820 Measurements and Disclosures, for assets and measured at fair value on a recurring basis. The ASC 820 had no effect on the Company's financial. ASC 820 accomplishes the following key objectives:

- Defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date;
- Establishes a three-level hierarchy (the "Valuation Hierarchy") for fair value measurements;
- Requires consideration of the Company's creditworthiness when valuing liabilities; and expands disclosures about instruments measured at fair value.

**SALT SPRAY CAPITAL, LLC**  
**Notes to Financial Statements**  
**December 31, 2013**

**Note 4: Fair Value (cont.)**

The Valuation Hierarchy is based upon the transparency of inputs to the valuation of an asset or liability as of the measurement date. A financial instrument's categorization within the Valuation Hierarchy is based upon the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The three levels of the Valuation Hierarchy and the distribution of the Company's financial assets within it are as follows:

- Level 1 - inputs to the valuation methodology are quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets.
- Level 2 - inputs to the valuation methodology included quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, and inputs that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the financial instrument.
- Level 3 - inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

Certain financial instruments are carried at cost on the balance sheet, which approximates fair value due to their short-term, highly liquid nature. These instruments include cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accrued expenses and other liabilities and deferred revenue.

The Company has either evaluated or is currently evaluating the implications, if any; of each of these pronouncements and the possible impact they may have on the Company's financial statements. In most cases, management has determined that the pronouncement has either limited or no application to the Company and, in all cases, implementation would not have a material impact on the financial statements taken as a whole.

**Note 5: Recently issued accounting standards**

The Financial Accounting Standards Board (the "FASB") issued a new professional standard in June of 2009 which resulted in a major restructuring of U.S. accounting and reporting standards. The new professional standard, issued as ASC 105 ("ASC 105"), establishes the Accounting Standards Codification ("Codification or ASC") as the source of authoritative accounting principles ("GAAP") recognized by the FASB. The principles embodied in the Codification are to be applied by nongovernmental entities in the preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States. Rules and interpretive releases of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") issued under authority of federal securities laws are also sources of GAAP for SEC registrants. Existing GAAP was not intended to be changed as a result of the Codification, and accordingly the change did not impact the financial statements of the Company.

**SALT SPRAY CAPITAL, LLC**  
**Notes to Financial Statements**  
**December 31, 2013**

**Note 5: Recently issued accounting standards (cont.)**

For the year ending December 31, 2013, various Accounting Standard Updates ("ASU") issued by the FASB were either newly issued or had effective implementation dates that would require their provisions to be reflected in the financial statements for the year then ended. The Company has reviewed the following ASU releases to determine relevance to the Company's operations:

<u>ASU No.</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>Effective Date</u>
2014-01	Investments—Equity Method and Joint Ventures (Topic 323): Accounting for Investments in Qualified Affordable Housing Projects (a consensus of the Emerging Issues Task Force)	For all entities other than public business entities, the amendments are effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2014, and interim periods within annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2015. Early adoption is permitted.
2014-02	Intangibles—Goodwill and Other (Topic 350): Accounting for Goodwill (a consensus of the Private Company Council) Early application is permitted, including application to any period for which the entity	The accounting alternative, if elected, should be applied prospectively to goodwill existing as of the beginning of the period of adoption and new goodwill recognized in annual periods beginning after December 15, 2014, and interim periods within annual periods beginning after December 15, 2015.
2013-12	Comprehensive Income (Topic 220): Deferral of the Effective Date for Amendments to the Presentation of Reclassifications of Items Out of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income in	After December 15, 2013

The Company has either evaluated or is currently evaluating the implications, if any, of each of these pronouncements and the possible impact they may have on the Company's financial statements. In most cases, management has determined that the pronouncement has either limited or no application to the Company and, in all cases, implementation would not have a material impact on the financial statements taken as a whole.

**SALT SPRAY CAPITAL, LLC**  
**Notes to Financial Statements**  
**December 31, 2013**

**Note 6: Provision for Taxes**

The Company is treated as a regular LLC for federal tax purposes and is allowed to absorb any gains or losses in the member's individual tax return. As the tax obligations of the members are carried to their individual tax return, any audit or review considerations related to Internal Revenue Service assessments and statute of limitations thereof are borne by the members. Under section 6501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code (Tax Code) and section 301.6501(a)-1(a) of the Income Tax Regulations (Tax Regulations), the IRS is required to assess tax within 3 years after the tax return was filed with the IRS.

**Note 7: Going Concern Uncertainty**

The Company's result of operations was a deficit of \$61,669 and negative cash flow from operations amounting \$60,752 for the period ended December 31, 2013. These factors as well as the uncertain conditions that the Company faces in its day-to-day operations create an uncertainty as to the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern. The Company's only significant asset is cash amounting to \$15,540.

The Company is still in a development stage company and does not anticipate generating significant revenues that improves the Company's financial condition. It expects to fund regulatory capital from the sole member as needed.

**Note 8: Commitments and Contingencies**

As of the audit date there are no contingencies, guarantees of debt, and the like. Rental commitment is on a month to month basis for \$450.00 per month or \$5,400 per year.

**Note 9: Members' Equity**

During 2013, members made cash contributions to the Company in the amount of \$ 60,704.

**Note 10: Subsequent Events**

These financial statements were approved by management and available for issuance on February 18, 2014. Subsequent events have been evaluated through this date.

## SALT SPRAY CAPITAL LLC

### Statement of Net Capital Schedule I For the year ended December 31, 2013

	<u>Focus 12/31/13</u>	<u>Audit 12/31/13</u>	<u>Change</u>
Member's equity, December 31, 2013	\$ 15,319	\$ 15,319	\$ -
Subtract - Non allowable assets:			
Other asset	<u>(1,678)</u>	<u>(1,678)</u>	<u>-</u>
Tentative net capital	\$ 13,641	\$ 13,641	-
Haircuts:	-	-	-
NET CAPITAL	<u>\$ 13,641</u>	<u>\$ 13,641</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Minimum net capital	(5,000)	(5,000)	-
Excess net capital	<u>\$ 8,641</u>	<u>\$ 8,641</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Aggregate indebtedness	\$ 1,900	\$ 1,900	\$ -
Ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital	13.93%	13.93%	

There was no difference noted between the Audit and Focus report as of December 31, 2013.

*The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements*

**SALT SPRAY CAPITAL LLC**  
**December 31, 2013**

**Schedule II**  
**Determination of Reserve Requirements**  
**Under Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commission**

The Company is exempt from the Reserve Requirement of computation according to the provision of Rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(i)

**Schedule III**  
**Information Relating to Possession or Control**  
**Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3**

The Company is exempt from the Rule 15c3-3 as it relates to Possession and Control requirements under the (k)(2)(i) exemptive provision.

**Schedule IV**  
**Independent Accountant's Report on Applying Agreed-Upon Procedures**  
**Related to an Entity's SIPC Assessment Reconciliation**

The Company is exempt from the Rule 17a-5(c)(4) as it meets the minimum assessment as for in Section 4(d)(1)(c) of The Securities Investor Protection Act of 1970, as amended.

*The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements*



**INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON  
INTERNAL CONTROL STRUCTURE REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17A-5**

Cathy Vasilev, CCO  
Salt Spray Capital, LLC  
Austin, Texas

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Salt Spray Capital, LLC for the year ended December 31, 2013 in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered its internal control structure, including control activities for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control structure. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission, we have made a study of the practices and procedures including tests of such practices and procedures followed by Salt Spray Capital, LLC. including test of compliance with such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g)(1) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following: (i) in making the quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisons, (ii) recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13, or (iii) in complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities of Section 8 of Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of internal control structure policies and procedures and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the Commission's above mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Cathy Vasilev, CCO  
Salt Spray Capital, LLC  
Austin, Texas  
Page Two

Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, errors or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of the internal control structure would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving the internal control structure, including control activities for safeguarding securities, which we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

In addition, our consideration of the internal control structure indicated that the Company was in compliance with the conditions of the exemption under Paragraph (k)(2)(i) of Rule 15c3-3, and no facts came to our attention indicating that such conditions had not been complied with during the period. The scope of our engagement did not include the Anti Money Laundering provision of the U.S. Patriot Act.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the Commission to be adequate for its purpose in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2013 to meet the Commission's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Member, the Securities and Exchange Commission, and other regulatory agencies which rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.



Dave Banerjee, CPA  
Woodland Hills, California  
February 18, 2014