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UNITED STATES
AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

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**ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT
FORM X-17A-5
PART III**

SEC FILE NUMBER
8- 53148

FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING 01/01/13 AND ENDING 12/31/13
MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: Gold Coast Securities, Inc.

OFFICIAL USE ONLY
FIRM I.D. NO.

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)

275 E. Hillcrest Drive, Suite 225

(No. and Street)

Thousand Oaks

California

91360

(City)

(State)

(Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT

Tae P. Ho

(805) 496-3660

(Area Code - Telephone Number)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report*

Farber Hass Hurley LLP

(Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name)

9301 Oakdale Ave., Suite 230, Chatsworth, California 91311

(Address)

(City)

(State)

(Zip Code)

CHECK ONE:

- Certified Public Accountant
- Public Accountant
- Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

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3/20/14

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Tae P. Ho, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of Gold Coast Securities, Inc., as of December 31, 2013, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:



Signature

Chief Executive Officer
Title

Notary Public

This report ** contains (check all applicable boxes):

- (a) Facing Page.
- (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
- (c) Statement of Income (Loss).
- (d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.
- (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital.
- (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
- (g) Computation of Net Capital.
- (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- (i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
- (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
- (l) An Oath or Affirmation.
- (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
- (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

**For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

CALIFORNIA ALL-PURPOSE CERTIFICATE OF ACKNOWLEDGMENT

State of California

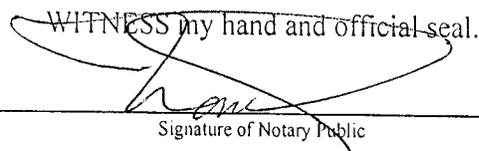
County of Ventura

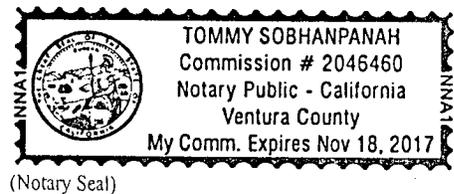
On 2/26/14 before me, Tommy Sobhanpanah, Notary Public
(Here insert name and title of the officer)

personally appeared Tac Pom Ho

who proved to me on the basis of satisfactory evidence to be the person(s) whose name(s) is/are subscribed to the within instrument and acknowledged to me that he/she/they executed the same in his/her/their authorized capacity(ies), and that by his/her/their signature(s) on the instrument the person(s), or the entity upon behalf of which the person(s) acted, executed the instrument.

I certify under PENALTY OF PERJURY under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing paragraph is true and correct.

WITNESS my hand and official seal.

 Signature of Notary Public



ADDITIONAL OPTIONAL INFORMATION

DESCRIPTION OF THE ATTACHED DOCUMENT

Annual Audited Report
(Title or description of attached document)

Form X-17A-S Part III
(Title or description of attached document continued)

Number of Pages _____ Document Date _____

(Additional information)

CAPACITY CLAIMED BY THE SIGNER

Individual (s)
 Corporate Officer

(Title)

Partner(s)
 Attorney-in-Fact
 Trustee(s)
 Other _____

- INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING THIS FORM**
- Any acknowledgment completed in California must contain verbiage exactly as appears above in the notary section or a separate acknowledgment form must be properly completed and attached to that document. The only exception is if a document is to be recorded outside of California. In such instances, any alternative acknowledgment verbiage as may be printed on such a document so long as the verbiage does not require the notary to do something that is illegal for a notary in California (i.e. certifying the authorized capacity of the signer). Please check the document carefully for proper notarial wording and attach this form if required.*
- State and County information must be the State and County where the document signer(s) personally appeared before the notary public for acknowledgment.
 - Date of notarization must be the date that the signer(s) personally appeared which must also be the same date the acknowledgment is completed.
 - The notary public must print his or her name as it appears within his or her commission followed by a comma and then your title (notary public).
 - Print the name(s) of document signer(s) who personally appear at the time of notarization.
 - Indicate the correct singular or plural forms by crossing off incorrect forms (i.e. ~~he/she/they~~, is /are) or circling the correct forms. Failure to correctly indicate this information may lead to rejection of document recording.
 - The notary seal impression must be clear and photographically reproducible. Impression must not cover text or lines. If seal impression smudges, re-seal if a sufficient area permits, otherwise complete a different acknowledgment form.
 - Signature of the notary public must match the signature on file with the office of the county clerk.
 - ❖ Additional information is not required but could help to ensure this acknowledgment is not misused or attached to a different document.
 - ❖ Indicate title or type of attached document, number of pages and date.
 - ❖ Indicate the capacity claimed by the signer. If the claimed capacity is a corporate officer, indicate the title (i.e. CEO, CFO, Secretary).
 - Securely attach this document to the signed document

GOLD COAST SECURITIES, INC.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AS OF

DECEMBER 31, 2013 and 2012

**FARBER HASS HURLEY LLP
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS**

GOLD COAST SECURITIES, INC.
FINANCIAL STATEMENT INDEX
December 31, 2013 and 2012

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Directors
Gold Coast Securities, Inc.

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying statements of financial condition of Gold Coast Securities, Inc. (the "Company") as of December 31, 2013 and 2012, and the related statements of operations, changes in stockholders' equity, changes in liabilities subordinated to claims of general creditors, and cash flows for the years then ended that are filed pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Company's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Gold Coast Securities, Inc. as of December 31, 2013 and 2012, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matter

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The information contained in Schedules I, II, III, and IV is presented for the purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information in Schedules I, II, III, and IV has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information in Schedules I, II, III, and IV is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.



Farber Hass Hurley LLP

Chatsworth, California
February 25, 2014

GOLD COAST SECURITIES, INC.
STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION
December 31, 2013 and 2012

ASSETS	2013	2012
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 64,006	\$ 37,709
Deposit with clearing organization	25,000	25,000
Receivable from broker-dealers and clearing organization	119,569	132,094
Office furniture and equipment, at cost, less accumulated depreciation of \$52,000 and \$51,039 at December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively	8,288	4,072
Other assets	34,718	39,091
Total assets	\$ 251,581	\$ 237,966
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 73,866	\$ 61,803
Deferred revenue, net	15,295	12,861
	89,161	74,664
Commitments and contingent liabilities		
Liabilities subordinated to claims of general creditors	-	-
Stockholders' equity:		
Common stock, no par value, Series A voting shares, 200 shares authorized, 151 shares issued and outstanding at both December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively	7,265	7,265
Common stock, no par value, Series B non-voting shares, 1,300 shares authorized, 542.34 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012	80,809	80,809
Additional paid-in capital	3,515	3,515
Retained earnings	70,831	71,713
Total stockholders' equity	162,420	163,302
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 251,581	\$ 237,966

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

GOLD COAST SECURITIES, INC.
STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS
For the Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012

	2013	2012
Revenues:		
Commissions	\$ 1,409,485	\$ 1,080,885
Investment advisory and management fees	512,901	470,545
Representative monthly fees	102,825	111,215
Miscellaneous income	8,326	12,601
Reimbursement income	35,729	61,147
Interest and dividend income	51	55
	2,069,317	1,736,448
Expenses:		
Commissions	1,118,056	815,983
Investment advisory and management fee expense	404,546	374,876
Employee compensation and benefits	246,079	241,023
Office expense	135,103	136,697
Occupancy	88,800	89,770
Legal and professional fees	34,332	41,097
Communications and data processing	15,475	12,662
Website maintenance and documentation	7,662	8,283
Postage and delivery	6,607	6,684
Clearing	8,406	11,560
Travel and entertainment	1,290	2,307
Other	3,043	1,969
	2,069,399	1,742,911
Loss before income tax provision	(82)	(6,463)
Income tax provision	800	800
Net loss	\$ (882)	\$ (7,263)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

GOLD COAST SECURITIES, INC.
STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN LIABILITIES SUBORDINATED
TO CLAIMS OF GENERAL CREDITORS
For the Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012

	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>
Subordinated borrowings at beginning of year	\$ -	\$ -
Increases:	-	-
Decreases:	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Subordinated borrowings at end of year	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

GOLD COAST SECURITIES, INC.
 STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY
 For the Years Ended December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012

	Series A Common Stock		Series B Common Stock		Additional Paid-in Capital	Retained Earnings	Stockholders' Equity
	Shares	Value	Shares	Value			
Balance at December 31, 2011	151	\$7,265	542.34	\$80,809	\$3,515	\$78,976	\$170,565
Net loss	-	-	-	-	-	(7,263)	(7,263)
Balance at December 31, 2012	151	7,265	542.34	80,809	3,515	71,713	163,302
Net loss	-	-	-	-	-	(882)	(882)
Balance at December 31, 2013	151	\$7,265	542.34	\$80,809	\$3,515	70,831	\$162,420

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

GOLD COAST SECURITIES, INC.
STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
For the Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012

	2013	2012
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net loss	\$ (882)	\$ (7,263)
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	961	805
Changes in:		
Receivable from broker-dealers and clearing organization	12,525	(4,254)
Other assets	4,373	(1,227)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	12,063	11,775
Deferred revenue, net	2,434	(102)
Total adjustments	32,356	6,997
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	31,474	(266)
Cash flows from investment activities:		
Purchase of furniture and equipment	(5,177)	-
Net cash used in investing activities	(5,177)	-
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	26,297	(266)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	37,709	37,975
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 64,006	\$ 37,709
Supplemental cash flow disclosures:		
Income tax payments	\$ 800	\$ 800
Interest payments	\$ -	\$ -

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

GOLD COAST SECURITIES, INC.
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2013 and 2012

1. Organization and Nature of Business

Gold Coast Securities, Inc. (a C-corporation) (the "Company") is a broker-dealer registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA). The Company is a Delaware corporation, headquartered in California, and began operations in January 2001.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The Company is engaged in a single line of business as a securities broker-dealer, which comprises several classes of services, including both principal and agency transactions involving retailing corporate equity securities and mutual funds; selling corporate debt, municipal bonds, and U.S. government securities; selling variable life or annuities; and providing investment advisory and management services.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand and certificates of deposits. The Company considers all highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Commissions

Commissions and related clearing expenses are recorded on a trade-date basis as securities transactions clear.

Investment Advisory Income

Investment advisory and management fees are received quarterly in advance, but are recognized as earned on a pro rata basis over the term of the contract. The unearned portion is recorded as deferred revenue, net of associated fees and expenses.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost. Depreciation has been provided using the straight-line method over the useful lives of the assets, which range from three to seven years.

GOLD COAST SECURITIES, INC.
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2013 and 2012

2. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Income Taxes

Income taxes are provided for the tax effects of transactions reported in the financial statements and consist of taxes currently due plus deferred taxes related primarily to differences between the basis of depreciation and realization of net operating losses for financial and income tax reporting. The amount of current and deferred taxes payable or refundable is recognized as of the date of the financial statements, utilizing currently enacted tax laws and rates. Deferred tax expenses or benefits are recognized in the financial statements for the changes in deferred tax liabilities or assets between years.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Carrying values of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and accounts payable approximate fair values due to the short maturities of such instruments.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to significant concentrations of credit risk consist principally of cash and cash equivalents and clearing organization accounts receivable. The Company places substantially all of its cash deposits with one high-quality financial institution.

Advertising Costs

The Company expenses the cost of advertising in the year incurred. During the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, such advertising expenses (included as part of "other" expenses) were under \$1,000, respectively.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In December 2011, the FASB issued an amendment to an existing standard which requires companies to disclose certain financial and derivative instruments which offset in accordance with existing standards as well as those instruments subject to enforceable master netting arrangements or similar agreements. This amendment is effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013. The adoption will not have a material impact on the Company's financial statements and disclosures.

Subsequent Events

The Company evaluated subsequent events through February 25, 2014, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

3. Cash Segregated Under Federal and Other Regulations

Cash of \$25,000 has been segregated in a special reserve bank account for the benefit of customers under Rule 15c3-3 of the SEC on agreements for proprietary accounts of introducing brokers.

GOLD COAST SECURITIES, INC.
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2013 and 2012

4. Receivable From and Payable Clearing Organizations

Amounts receivable from and payable to clearing organizations were as follows for the years ending:

<i>December 31, 2013</i>	<u>Receivable</u>	<u>Payable</u>
Receivable from clearing organization	\$ 1,236	\$ --
Fees and commissions receivable/payable	<u>118,333</u>	<u>73,522</u>
	<u>\$119,569</u>	<u>\$ 73,522</u>
<i>December 31, 2012</i>	<u>Receivable</u>	<u>Payable</u>
Receivable from clearing organization	\$ 1,925	\$ --
Fees and commissions receivable/payable	<u>130,169</u>	<u>61,803</u>
	<u>\$132,094</u>	<u>\$ 61,803</u>

The Company has an agreement to clear substantially all of its proprietary and customer transactions through another broker-dealer (Pershing LLC) on a fully disclosed basis. Pershing LLC is responsible for handling and monitoring all securities lending activities (collateralized financings) related to securities borrowed and securities loaned transactions.

5. Related Party Activities

Two of the Company's stockholders receive compensation for their services as officers and employees, approximately \$60,000 each, for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012. The third principal stockholder was compensated as a commissioned independent contractor when employed with the Company. Since 2009, this stockholder has not been involved with the Company and no longer receives compensation.

These stockholders have also formed a partnership, which is the beneficiary of life insurance policies on their respective lives. The partnership has adopted a buy-sell agreement, which states that in the event of the death of any one of these three individuals, the insurance proceeds will be utilized (as a down or full payment thereon) to repurchase the stockholder's interest in the Company from the stockholder's heirs, at a price as defined in the agreement.

6. Commitments and Contingencies

The Company has an operating lease for 1,782 square feet of office space in Thousand Oaks, California. The Company extended the lease for an additional twelve month period to be terminated on November 30, 2014. Current monthly rental payments are approximately \$3,300.

GOLD COAST SECURITIES, INC.
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2013 and 2012

6. Commitments and Contingencies (continued)

The Company executed a two year lease extension for the rental of 1,802 square feet of office space in Gold River, California, terminating on October 31, 2015. Current monthly rental payments are approximately \$3,300.

Rental expense for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012 amounted to \$77,714 and \$78,841, respectively. Future aggregate minimum required lease payments on the office leases are approximately \$77,400 for the year ended December 31, 2014. The following are the minimum lease payments for the years ending December 31:

2014	\$ 74,200
2015	<u>32,400</u>
Total	<u>\$106,600</u>

In 2012 the Company settled outstanding litigation which required the Company to pay a settlement of approximately \$20,000 which was covered by the Company's insurance. The Company had met its deductible relating to this case in prior years; therefore the settlement had no impact on the Company's financial statements.

7. Retirement Plan

In August 2003, the Company established a 401(k) Profit Sharing Plan administered by the Senex Group. In February 2011, the Board of Directors approved the termination of the Profit Sharing Plan. The 401(k) Profit Sharing plan, as adopted, allowed for employee contributions through salary reductions ranging from 0% to 15% of employee salary, capped, respectively, at \$17,500 and \$17,000 in 2013 and 2012 (plus catch-up provisions).

This plan was non-discriminatory; all employees who were at least 21 years of age and had been employed by the Company for at least six months were eligible to participate. Plan contributions are self-directed. No employer matching contributions were made for the years ending December 31, 2013 and 2012.

8. Major Revenue Concentration

For the year ended December 31, 2013 variable annuity, management fee, and mutual fund revenue were approximately 41%, 23% and 19%, of total revenue, respectively. The Company expects that most of this revenue will be recurring. During the year ended December 31, 2012, approximately 32%, 20% and 19%, of the Company's overall revenue was derived from commissions related to mutual fund, variable annuity, and management fees, respectively.

GOLD COAST SECURITIES, INC.
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2013 and 2012

8. Major Revenue Concentration (continued)

For the year ended December 31, 2013, approximately 19%, 17% and 18%, of total revenues were generated from the two insurance companies and Company's custodian, respectively. In 2012 the same organizations totaled 22%, 12%, and 11%, respectively, of the Company's revenue.

With respect to clearing organization receivables, such receivables normally arise from fees generated through clearing and execution services performed for the Company's numerous customers. The Company has contractual arrangements with highly-rated broker-dealers, mutual fund companies, and insurance companies as the source of these revenues. As of December 31, 2013, two product providers had balances of roughly 19% and 17% of total receivables, respectively.

The Company maintains reserves for potential credit losses, as applicable and such losses, in the aggregate, have not exceeded management's expectations. The Company had no bad debt expense for December 31, 2013 and 2012.

9. Income Tax

The primary timing differences between book and tax expense reporting are depreciation expense and the utilization of the Net Operating Loss (NOL) carryforward. At December 31, 2013, the Company had a state and federal NOL carryforward of approximately \$100,000 and \$1,500, respectively, which will expire by 2032. As such, it did not recognize any tax expenses, other than the minimum state franchise tax of \$800, for the years 2013 and 2012.

The Company recognizes and measures its unrecognized tax benefits in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accountings Standards Codification (ASC) 740, *Income Taxes*. Under that guidance the Company assesses the likelihood, based on their technical merit, that tax positions will be sustained upon examination based on the facts, circumstances and information available at the end of each period. The measurement of unrecognized tax benefits is adjusted when new information is available, or when an event occurs that requires a change. The Company does not have any tax positions at the end of the year for which it is reasonably possible that the total amounts of unrecognized tax benefits will significantly increase or decrease within twelve months of the reporting date.

The Company is generally not subject to federal, state, or local tax examinations by taxing authorities for years before 2010. As of December 31, 2013, no taxing authority has proposed any adjustments to the Company's tax position.

GOLD COAST SECURITIES, INC.
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2013 and 2012

10. Capital Requirements

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (SEC rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital (i.e., \$50,000) and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1 (and the rule of the “applicable” exchange also provides that equity capital may not be withdrawn or cash dividends paid if the resulting net capital ratio would exceed 10 to 1). At December 31, 2013, the Company’s net capital measured \$100,598 and its net capital ratio was .89 to 1. At December 31, 2012, the Company’s net capital measured \$96,220 and its net capital ratio was .78 to 1.

GOLD COAST SECURITIES, INC.

**Supplementary Information
Pursuant to Rule 17a-5 of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934**

As of December 31, 2013

Schedule I
GOLD COAST SECURITIES, INC.
 Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 of the
 Securities and Exchange Commission
 As of December 31, 2013

Net capital		
Total stockholders' equity	\$	162,420
Deduct stockholders' equity not allowable for capital		<u>-</u>
Total stockholders' equity qualified for net capital		162,420
Add:		
Subordinated borrowings allowable in computation of net capital		-
Other (deductions) or allowable credits - deferred income taxes payable		-
Total capital and allowable subordinated borrowings		162,420
Deductions and/or charges:		
Nonallowable assets:		
Office furniture and equipment	8,288	
Other assets - registered representative receivables, net	18,774	
Other assets - prepaid expenses and deposits	<u>34,718</u>	<u>61,780</u>
Net capital before haircuts on securities positions		100,640
Haircuts on securities positions		<u>42</u>
Net capital per audited financial statements	\$	<u>100,598</u>
Aggregate indebtedness		
Items included in statement of financial condition:		
Accounts payable, accrued expenses, and deferred revenue, net,	\$	89,161
Items not included in statement of financial condition		<u>-</u>
Total aggregate indebtedness (AI)	\$	<u>89,161</u>
Computation of basic net capital requirement		
Minimum net capital required (6-2/3% of AI)	\$	<u>5,944</u>
Minimum dollar net capital requirement	\$	<u>50,000</u>
Minimum net capital required (greater of above):	\$	<u>50,000</u>
Excess net capital over minimum net capital required	\$	<u>50,598</u>
Excess net capital at 1,500 percent (net capital - 6.67% of AI)	\$	<u>94,654</u>
Excess net capital at 1,000 percent (net capital - 10% of AI)	\$	<u>91,682</u>
Ratio: Aggregate indebtedness to net capital		<u>0.89 to 1</u>

There are no material differences between the preceding computation and the Company's corresponding unaudited part II of Form X-17A-5 as of December 31, 2013

See Independent Auditors' Report

Schedule II

GOLD COAST SECURITIES, INC.
Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements
Under Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commission
As of December 31, 2013

Gold Coast Securities, Inc. is exempt from the reserve requirement, as it operates pursuant to SEC Rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(ii) (the Customer Protection Rule), clearing all transactions on a fully disclosed basis through its clearing firm. Gold Coast Securities, Inc. does not hold customer funds or safekeep customer securities.

See Independent Auditors' Report

Schedule III

GOLD COAST SECURITIES, INC.
Information Relating to Possession or Control Requirements
Under Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commission
As of December 31, 2013

Gold Coast Securities, Inc. is exempt from the possession or control requirements, as it operates pursuant to SEC Rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(ii) (the Customer Protection Rule), clearing all transactions on a fully disclosed basis through its clearing firm. Gold Coast Securities, Inc. does not hold customer funds or safekeep customer securities.

See Independent Auditors' Report

Schedule IV

GOLD COAST SECURITIES, INC.
Schedule of Segregation Requirements and Funds
In Segregation for Customers' Regulated
Commodity Futures and Options Accounts
As of December 31, 2013

Not applicable

See Independent Auditors' Report



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY SEC
RULE 17a-5 FOR A BROKER-DEALER CLAIMING AN
EXEMPTION FROM SEC RULE 15c3-3

Board of Directors
Gold Coast Securities, Inc.:

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedules of Gold Coast Securities, Inc. (the "Company") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2013, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions for Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13
2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's previously mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the

preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the company's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined previously.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2013, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA), and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.



Farber Hass Hurley LLP

Chatsworth, California
February 25, 2014

Independent Accountants' Report on Applying Agreed-Upon Procedures Related to an Entity's SIPC
Assessment Reconciliation

To the Board of Directors
Gold Coast Securities, Inc.

In accordance with Rule 17a-5(e)(4) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, we have performed the procedures enumerated below with respect to the accompanying Schedule of Assessment and Payments General Assessment Reconciliation (Form SIPC-7) to the Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC) for the year ended December 31, 2013, which were agreed to by Gold Coast Securities, Inc. and the Securities and Exchange Commission, Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc., and SIPC, solely to assist you and the other specified parties in evaluating Gold Coast Securities, Inc.'s compliance with the applicable instructions of the General Assessment Reconciliation (Form SIPC-7). Gold Coast Securities, Inc.'s management is responsible for Gold Coast Securities, Inc.'s compliance with those requirements. This agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of those parties specified in this report. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose. The procedures we performed and our findings are as follows:

1. Compared the listed assessment payments in Form SIPC-7 with respective cash disbursement records entries noting no differences;
2. Compared the amounts reported on the audited Form X-17A-5 for the year ended December 31, 2013, as applicable, with the amounts reported in Form SIPC-7 for the year ended December 31, 2013, noting no differences;
3. Compared any adjustments reported in Form SIPC-7 with supporting schedules and working papers noting no differences;
4. Proved the arithmetical accuracy of the calculations reflected in Form SIPC-7 and in the related schedules and working papers supporting the adjustments noting no differences; and
5. Compared the amount of any overpayment applied to the current assessment with the Firm SIPC-7T on which it was originally computed noting no differences.

We were not engaged to, and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on compliance. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the specified parties listed above and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.



Farber Hass Hurley LLP

Chatsworth, California
February 25, 2014

SIPC-7

(33-REV 7/10)

SECURITIES INVESTOR PROTECTION CORPORATION
P.O. Box 92185 Washington, D.C. 20090-2185
202-371-8300

General Assessment Reconciliation

For the fiscal year ended **12/31/2013**
(Read carefully the instructions in your Working Copy before completing this Form)

SIPC-7

(33-REV 7/10)

TO BE FILED BY ALL SIPC MEMBERS WITH FISCAL YEAR ENDINGS

1. Name of Member, address, Designated Examining Authority, 1934 Act registration no. and month in which fiscal year ends for purposes of the audit requirement of SEC Rule 17a-5:

053148 FINRA DEC
GOLD COAST SECURITIES INC 18*18
275 E HILLCREST DR STE 225
THOUSAND OAKS CA 91360-8241

Note: If any of the information shown on the mailing label requires correction, please e-mail any corrections to form@sipc.org and so indicate on the form filed.

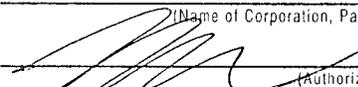
Name and telephone number of person to contact respecting this form.

Tae P. Ho, 805-496-3660

- 2. A. General Assessment (item 2e from page 2) \$ 1,689
- B. Less payment made with SIPC-6 filed (exclude interest) (824)
- 07/29/2013
Date Paid
- C. Less prior overpayment applied (_____)
- D. Assessment balance due or (overpayment) _____
- E. Interest computed on late payment (see instruction E) for _____ days at 20% per annum _____
- F. Total assessment balance and interest due (or overpayment carried forward) \$ 865
- G. PAID WITH THIS FORM:
Check enclosed, payable to SIPC
Total (must be same as F above) \$ 865
- H. Overpayment carried forward \$(_____)

3. Subsidiaries (S) and predecessors (P) included in this form (give name and 1934 Act registration number):

The SIPC member submitting this form and the person by whom it is executed represent thereby that all information contained herein is true, correct and complete.

Gold Coast Securities, Inc.
(Name of Corporation, Partnership or other organization)

(Authorized Signature)
President
(Title)

Dated the 25 day of February, 20 14.

This form and the assessment payment is due 60 days after the end of the fiscal year. Retain the Working Copy of this form for a period of not less than 6 years, the latest 2 years in an easily accessible place.

SIPC REVIEWER Dates: _____
Postmarked Received Reviewed

Calculations _____ Documentation _____ Forward Copy _____

Exceptions: _____

Disposition of exceptions: _____

**DETERMINATION OF "SIPC NET OPERATING REVENUES"
AND GENERAL ASSESSMENT**

Amounts for the fiscal period
beginning 1/1/2013
and ending 12/31/2013

Eliminate cents

Item No.		
2a. Total revenue (FOCUS Line 12/Part IIA Line 9, Code 4030)		\$ <u>2,069,319</u>
2b. Additions:		
(1) Total revenues from the securities business of subsidiaries (except foreign subsidiaries) and predecessors not included above.		_____
(2) Net loss from principal transactions in securities in trading accounts.		_____
(3) Net loss from principal transactions in commodities in trading accounts.		_____
(4) Interest and dividend expense deducted in determining item 2a.		_____
(5) Net loss from management of or participation in the underwriting or distribution of securities.		_____
(6) Expenses other than advertising, printing, registration fees and legal fees deducted in determining net profit from management of or participation in underwriting or distribution of securities.		_____
(7) Net loss from securities in investment accounts.		_____
Total additions		_____
2c. Deductions:		
(1) Revenues from the distribution of shares of a registered open end investment company or unit investment trust, from the sale of variable annuities, from the business of insurance, from investment advisory services rendered to registered investment companies or insurance company separate accounts, and from transactions in security futures products.		<u>1,385,802</u>
(2) Revenues from commodity transactions.		_____
(3) Commissions, floor brokerage and clearance paid to other SIPC members in connection with securities transactions.		<u>8,028</u>
(4) Reimbursements for postage in connection with proxy solicitation.		_____
(5) Net gain from securities in investment accounts.		_____
(6) 100% of commissions and markups earned from transactions in (i) certificates of deposit and (ii) Treasury bills, bankers acceptances or commercial paper that mature nine months or less from issuance date.		_____
(7) Direct expenses of printing advertising and legal fees incurred in connection with other revenue related to the securities business (revenue defined by Section 16(9)(L) of the Act).		_____
(8) Other revenue not related either directly or indirectly to the securities business. (See Instruction C):		_____

(Deductions in excess of \$100,000 require documentation)		
(9) (i) Total interest and dividend expense (FOCUS Line 22/PART IIA Line 13, Code 4075 plus line 2b(4) above) but not in excess of total interest and dividend income.	\$ _____	
(ii) 40% of margin interest earned on customers securities accounts (40% of FOCUS line 5, Code 3960).	\$ _____	
Enter the greater of line (i) or (ii)		_____
Total deductions		<u>1,393,830</u>
2d. SIPC Net Operating Revenues		\$ <u>675,489</u>
2e. General Assessment @ .0025		\$ <u>1,689</u>

(to page 1, line 2.A.)