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UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

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ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT
FORM X-17A-5
PART III

SEC
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Section

FEB 27 2014

Washington DC
404

SEC FILE NUMBER
8-00831

FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING 01/01/13 AND ENDING 12/31/13
MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: MARTIN NELSON & CO., INC.

OFFICIAL USE ONLY

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)

FIRM I.D.NO.

1500 WESTLAKE AVE. N., STE 200

SEATTLE WA 98109-3031
(City) (State) (Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT
MARTIN O. NELSON, JR. (206) 682-6261
(Area Code - Telephone Number)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report*
PETERSON SULLIVAN LLP

(Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name)

601 UNION ST., STE. 2300 SEATTLE WA 98101
(Address) (City) (State) (Zip Code)

CHECK ONE:

- Certified Public Accountant
- Public Accountant
- Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17 a-5(e)(2)

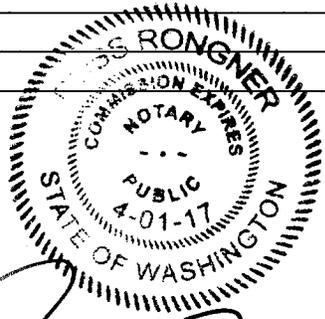
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SEC 1410 (06.02)

3/11/14

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, MARTIN O. NELSON, JR., swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of MARTIN NELSON & CO., INC., as of DECEMBER 31, 2013, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:



Martin O. Nelson, Jr.

Signature

President
Title

Notary Public

This report ** contains (check all applicable boxes):

- (a) Facing Page.
- (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
- (c) Statement of Income (Loss).
- (d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition. (CASH FLOWS)
- (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital.
- (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors. (NOT APPLICABLE)
- (g) Computation of Net Capital.
- (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3. (NOT APPLICABLE)
- (i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3. (NOT APPLICABLE)
- (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-3 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.*
- (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation. (NOT APPLICABLE)
- (l) An Oath or Affirmation.
- (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report. (SEE THE SEPARATELY BOUND REPORT)
- (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit. (NOT APPLICABLE)

* Reserve requirement is not applicable

** For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17 a-5(e)(3).

X (O) INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17a-5(g)(1) FOR A BROKER-DEALER CLAIMING AN EXEMPTION FROM SEC RULE 15c3-3

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MARTIN NELSON & CO., INC.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

DECEMBER 31, 2013

petersonsullivan LLP

Certified Public Accountants
& Advisors

MARTIN NELSON & CO., INC.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

DECEMBER 31, 2013

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors
Martin Nelson & Co., Inc.
Seattle, Washington

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Martin Nelson & Co., Inc. ("the Company") as of December 31, 2013, and the related statements of operations, stockholder's equity, and cash flows for the year then ended that are filed pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Company's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2013, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

Report on Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The information contained in Schedules I and II is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information in Schedules I and II has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. In our opinion, the information in Schedules I and II is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Peterson Sullivan LLP.

February 24, 2014

MARTIN NELSON & CO., INC.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

December 31, 2013

ASSETS

Cash	\$	33,202
Receivable from clearing firm		676,966
Prepaid expenses		27,324
Investments		2,479,739
Furniture and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation of \$119,573		29,636
Leasehold improvements, net of accumulated amortization of \$129,357		213,978
		<hr/>
	\$	3,460,845
		<hr/> <hr/>

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY

Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	107,649
Income tax payable		11,114
Deferred income tax liability		337,200
		<hr/>
Total liabilities		455,963
Stockholder's equity		
Common stock, \$10 par value, 5,000 shares authorized, 1,471 shares issued and outstanding		14,710
Retained earnings		2,990,172
		<hr/>
		3,004,882
		<hr/>
	\$	3,460,845
		<hr/> <hr/>

See Notes to Financial Statements

MARTIN NELSON & CO., INC.

STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

Revenues	
Commissions	\$ 1,791,022
Fees from municipal underwriting	133,395
Gain on securities held for resale	264,181
Realized gain on securities held as investments	54,841
Unrealized gain on securities held as investments	628,639
Interest and dividends	112,385
	<hr/>
	2,984,463
Expenses	
Compensation and benefits	1,326,201
Rent	211,490
Profit sharing contribution	152,638
Depreciation and amortization	123,750
Taxes, other than on income	114,251
Dues and subscriptions	98,104
Professional fees	55,679
Interest	43,466
Telephone	36,185
Auto	16,477
Underwriting expense	5,889
Entertainment	5,815
Travel	4,882
Advertising	3,952
Contributions	3,000
Insurance	1,938
Office supplies	1,920
Other operating expenses	865
	<hr/>
	2,206,502
Income before taxes	777,961
Income tax expense	(227,300)
	<hr/>
Net income	\$ 550,661

See Notes to Financial Statements

MARTIN NELSON & CO., INC.

STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY
For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

	<u>Common Stock</u>	<u>Retained Earnings</u>	<u>Total</u>
Balance, December 31, 2012	\$ 14,710	\$ 2,439,511	\$ 2,454,221
Net income for 2013		550,661	550,661
Balance, December 31, 2013	<u>\$ 14,710</u>	<u>\$ 2,990,172</u>	<u>\$ 3,004,882</u>

See Notes to Financial Statements

MARTIN NELSON & CO., INC.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

Cash Flows from Operating Activities	
Net income	\$ 550,661
Adjustments to reconcile net income to cash flows from operating activities	
Depreciation and amortization	123,750
Deferred tax expense	174,000
Realized gain on securities held as investments	(54,841)
Unrealized gain on securities held as investments	(628,639)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities	
Receivable from clearing firm	(502,911)
Prepaid expenses	(24,161)
Securities held for resale	10,675
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	46,226
Income tax payable	(7,193)
	<hr/>
Cash flows from operating activities	(312,433)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities	
Purchase of investments	(265,900)
Proceeds from sale of investments	562,706
Purchase of furniture, equipment and leasehold improvements	(16,757)
	<hr/>
Cash flows from investing activities	280,049
	<hr/>
Decrease in cash	(32,384)
Cash Balance, Beginning of Year	<hr/> 65,586
Cash Balance, End of Year	<hr/> \$ 33,202 <hr/>
Supplemental Cash Flow Information	
Cash paid during the year for:	
Federal income tax	<hr/> \$ 60,493 <hr/>
Interest	<hr/> \$ 43,466 <hr/>

See Notes to Financial Statements

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Organization and Significant Accounting Policies

Organization

Martin Nelson & Co., Inc. ("the Company") is a securities broker and dealer as approved by the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") and the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA"). The Company's customers are primarily individuals located in the Pacific Northwest. The Company is also involved in underwriting of municipal bonds and earns an underwriting fee when the underwriting is completed. In the normal course of business, the Company's customer, trading, and correspondent clearance activities involve the execution, settlement, and financing of various securities transactions. The Company also holds investments (mainly equity securities) for its own account. These activities may expose the Company to off-balance sheet risk in the event the other party to the transaction is unable to fulfill its contractual obligations.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Cash

The Company maintains its cash balances at various financial institutions. The balances occasionally exceed federally insured limits. Cash balances are available for immediate withdrawal.

Clearing Organization

The Company has an agreement with another securities broker and dealer to act as a clearing organization for the Company. The clearing organization clears all security transactions and maintains customer accounts. In addition, the clearing organization holds most of the Company's securities held for resale and investments. (Note that at December 31, 2013, the Company had no securities held for resale.) At December 31, 2013, the Company has cash balances at the clearing organization, which is included in receivable from clearing firm.

Revenue Recognition

Commissions associated with the securities transactions are recognized on a settlement date basis which is not materially different from transactions recorded on a trade date basis. Fees from municipal underwriting are recognized when the related services are completed. Realized (calculated using the specific identification method) and unrealized gains and losses on securities held for resale and investments are reflected in the results of operations for the year.

Fair Value Measurements/Investments

Fair value is defined as an exit price, representing the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants. As such, fair value is a market-based measurement determined based on assumptions that market participants would use in pricing an asset or liability. There are three levels which prioritize the inputs used in measuring fair value as follows:

- Level 1: Observable market inputs such as quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2: Observable market inputs, other than quoted prices in active markets, that are observable either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs where there is little or no market data, which require the reporting entity to develop its own assumptions.

An asset or liability's level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for investments measured at fair value, including a general description of the investments.

Investments consist of various common stocks and municipal bonds and are carried at fair value. The majority of fair value of common stocks is based on quoted prices in active markets and is classified within Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy. The fair value of certain common stocks are based on observable market inputs which are classified within Level 2 of the hierarchy, consisting of quoted values of the same securities traded around December 31, 2013, as these securities are not traded on a regular basis. The fair value of municipal bonds is based on observable market inputs and is classified within Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy, consisting of quoted values of the same securities traded around December 31, 2013, as these securities are also not traded on a regular basis. Two issuers of common stock represented 25% of all investments as of December 31, 2013.

The fair value of investments at December 31, 2013, was determined within the above fair value hierarchy as follows:

	<u>Level 1 Inputs</u>	<u>Level 2 Inputs</u>	<u>Total</u>
Investments			
Common stocks	\$ 2,061,287	\$ 290,482	\$ 2,351,769
Municipal bonds		127,970	127,970
Total investments	<u>\$ 2,061,287</u>	<u>\$ 418,452</u>	<u>\$ 2,479,739</u>

Furniture and Equipment/Leasehold Improvements

Furniture and equipment are stated at cost and are depreciated using straight-line methods over estimated useful lives of five to seven years. Leasehold improvements are amortized using straight-line over the shorter of their estimated lives or the anticipated term of the lease.

Advertising

Advertising costs are expensed as incurred.

Income Tax

Income tax is determined using an asset and liability approach which requires the recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities for the expected future tax consequences of temporary differences between the financial statement basis and tax basis of assets and liabilities at the applicable enacted tax rates.

The Company's deferred tax assets and liabilities result from unrealized gains on investments and differences in depreciation rates on property. At December 31, 2013, the components of net deferred tax liabilities (assets) are as follows:

Furniture and equipment/leasehold improvements	\$	(35,100)
Investments		372,300
		<hr/>
	\$	337,200
		<hr/> <hr/>

The income tax expense is composed of:

Current provision	\$	53,300
Deferred provision		174,000
		<hr/>
	\$	227,300
		<hr/> <hr/>

The provision for federal income tax may differ from the statutory rate primarily due to interest income that is exempt from tax and the dividends received deduction.

The Company records a liability, if any, for unrecognized tax benefits resulting from uncertain income tax positions taken or expected to be taken in an income tax return. No liability has been recorded for uncertain tax positions, or related interest or penalties as of December 31, 2013. Tax years that remain subject to examination are for the last three years.

Subsequent Events

The Company has evaluated subsequent events through the date these financial statements were available to be issued, which was the same date of the independent auditors' report.

Note 2. Related Party Transactions

The Company has an office lease agreement with a company owned by the president's immediate family members. The office space is leased under a non-cancelable operating lease expiring on December 31, 2015. The total rent paid amounted to \$211,490 for the year ended December 31, 2013. Minimum future lease payments under this non-cancelable operating lease for the remainder of the lease for years ending December 31 are as follows:

2014	\$	211,992
2015		211,992
		<hr/>
	\$	423,984
		<hr/> <hr/>

Note 3. Commitments, Guarantees, and Contingencies

Management of the Company believes that there are no commitments (other than the non-cancelable lease described in Note 2), guarantees, or contingencies that may result in a material loss or future obligations as of December 31, 2013.

Note 4. Net Capital Requirement

The Company is subject to the SEC Uniform Net Capital Rule (Rule 15c3-1). Accordingly, the Company is required to maintain a minimum level of net capital (as defined) of \$250,000. At December 31, 2013, the Company had computed net capital of \$2,209,671, which was in excess of the required net capital level by \$1,959,671. In addition, the Company is not allowed to have a ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital (as defined) in excess of 15 to 1. At December 31, 2013, the Company's ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital was 0.054 to 1.

S U P P L E M E N T A R Y I N F O R M A T I O N

MARTIN NELSON & CO., INC.

SCHEDULE I
COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL PURSUANT TO RULE 15c3-1
December 31, 2013

COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL

Total stockholder's equity per the financial statements	\$ 3,004,882
Deductions:	
Furniture and equipment	29,636
Leasehold improvements	213,978
Petty cash	50
Prepaid expenses	27,324
	<hr/>
	270,988
Haircuts on securities:	
Equity securities	599,675
Debt securities	2,855
Undue concentration haircuts	12,155
Add back an allocation of deferred tax associated with haircut on unrealized appreciation of investments	(90,462)
	<hr/>
	524,223
	<hr/>
Total deductions and haircuts	795,211
	<hr/>
Net capital	2,209,671
Minimum net capital	250,000
	<hr/>
Excess net capital	\$ 1,959,671
	<hr/>

COMPUTATION OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS

Aggregate indebtedness	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 107,649
Income tax payable	11,114
	<hr/>
Total aggregate indebtedness	\$ 118,763
	<hr/>

COMPUTATION OF BASIC NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT

Minimum net capital required (6 2/3% of total aggregate indebtedness or \$250,000, whichever is greater)	\$ 250,000
Percentage of aggregate indebtedness to net capital	5.4%
Ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital	0.054 to 1

Martin Nelson & Co., Inc. is exempt from the computation of reserve requirements pursuant to Rule 15c3-3 under paragraph K(2)(ii).

MARTIN NELSON & CO., INC.

SCHEDULE II
RECONCILIATION BETWEEN THE COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL
PER THE BROKER'S UNAUDITED FOCUS REPORT PART IIA,
AND THE AUDITED COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL

December 31, 2013

Net capital, per the broker's unaudited Focus Report, Part IIA, and net capital per audited financial statements	<u>\$ 2,209,671</u>
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No adjustments were proposed to net capital per the broker's Unaudited Focus Report, Part IIA, as a result of our audit.

**INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL
REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17a-5(g)(1) FOR A BROKER-DEALER
CLAIMING AN EXEMPTION FROM SEC RULE 15c3-3**

To the Board of Directors
Martin Nelson & Co., Inc.
Seattle, Washington

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Martin Nelson & Co., Inc. ("the Company"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2013, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, comparisons, and recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13.
2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's previously-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Company's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined previously.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2013, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the use of the stockholder, management, the SEC, the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specific parties.

Peterson Sullivan LLP

February 24, 2014

**INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON APPLYING
AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES RELATED TO AN ENTITY'S
SIPC ASSESSMENT RECONCILIATION**

To the Board of Directors
Martin Nelson & Co., Inc.
Seattle, Washington

In accordance with Rule 17a-5(e)(4) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, we have performed the procedures enumerated below with respect to the accompanying Schedule of Assessment and Payments [General Assessment Reconciliation (Form SIPC-7)] to the Securities Investor Protection Corporation ("SIPC") for the year ended December 31, 2013, which were agreed to by Martin Nelson & Co., Inc. ("the Company") and the Securities and Exchange Commission, Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc., SIPC, and other designated examining authorities solely to assist you and the other specified parties in evaluating the Company's compliance with the applicable instructions of the General Assessment Reconciliation (Form SIPC-7). The Company's management is responsible for the Company's compliance with those requirements. This agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of those parties specified in this report. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose. The procedures we performed and our findings are as follows:

1. We compared the listed assessment payments in Form SIPC-7 with respective cash disbursement records, noting no differences;
2. We compared the amounts reported on the audited Form X-17A-5 for the year ended December 31, 2013, as applicable, with the amounts reported in Form SIPC-7 for the year ended December 31, 2013, noting no differences;
3. We compared any adjustments reported in Form SIPC-7 with supporting schedules and working papers (such as details from the Company's general ledger), noting no differences;
4. We proved the arithmetical accuracy of the calculations reflected in Form SIPC-7 and in the related schedules and working papers (such as details from the Company's general ledger) supporting the adjustments, noting no differences.

We were not engaged to, and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on compliance. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the specified parties listed above and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Peterson Sullivan LLP

February 24, 2014

601 Union Street
Suite 2300
Seattle, WA 98101

(206) 382-7777 MAIN
(206) 382-7700 FAX

psepa.com

MARTIN NELSON & CO., INC.

SCHEDULE OF SIPC ASSESSMENTS AND PAYMENTS (FORM SIPC-7)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

Total assessment for the year ended December 31, 2013	\$	5,396
Payment made with SIPC-6 July 22, 2013		<u>(3,569)</u>
Amount due with SIPC-7	\$	<u><u>1,827</u></u>