

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT
FORM X-17A-5
PART III

FACING PAGE
Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

OMB APPROVAL
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REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING JANUARY 1, 2013 AND ENDING DECEMBER 31, 2013
MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:

TRIPOINT GLOBAL EQUITIES, LLC

OFFICIAL USE ONLY
FIRM ID. NO.

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)

**130 West 42nd Street, 10th Floor
NEW YORK, NY 10036**

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT

Steven C. Bender

646.290.7248

(Area Code - Telephone Number)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report*

LBB & Associates Ltd., LLP

(Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name)

10260 Westheimer, Suite 310 Houston,

(Address)

(City)

TX

(State)

77042

(Zip Code)

CHECK ONE:

- Certified Public Accountant
 Public Accountant
 Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.



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KW
*
3/9/14

* Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant

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must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

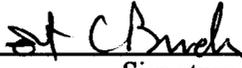
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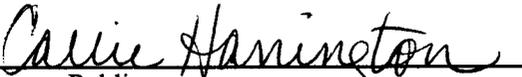
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OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, **Steven C. Bender**, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of **Tripoint Global Equities, LLC**, as of **DECEMBER 31, 2013**, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows: **NONE**.


Signature

Financial & Operations Principal
Title


Notary Public

CALLIE HARRINGTON
No. 01HA6210946
Notary Public, State of New York
Qualified in Erie County
My Commission Expires 09/08/2017

This report ** contains (check all applicable boxes):

- (a) Facing page.
- (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
- (c) Statement of Income (Loss).
- (d) Statement of Cash Flows.
- (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital.
- (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
- (g) Computation of Net Capital
- (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- (i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
- (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
- (l) An Oath or Affirmation.
- (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
- (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.
- (o) Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control

***For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).*

TRIPOINT GLOBAL EQUITIES, LLC
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2013

TRIPPOINT GLOBAL EQUITIES, LLC
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Independent Auditors' Report

Board of Directors
Tripoint Global Equities, LLC
Gaithersburg, MD

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Tripoint Global Equities, LLC (the Company), which comprise the statement of financial condition as of December 31, 2013, and the related statements of operations, changes in member's equity, and cash flows for the year then ended that are filed pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Company's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Tripoint Global Equities, LLC as of December 31, 2013, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matter

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The supplementary information contained in Schedules I and II is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information in Schedules I and II has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information in Schedules I and II is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

LBB & Associates Ltd., LLP

LBB & Associates Ltd., LLP
February 25, 2014

TRIPOINT GLOBAL EQUITIES, LLC
Statement of Financial Condition
December 31, 2013

ASSETS

Cash	\$ 88,184
Securities owned, at fair value	369,079
Prepaid expenses and other current assets, net	<u>124,522</u>
Total current assets	581,785
Fixed assets, net	<u>-</u>
Total Assets	<u>\$ 581,785</u>

LIABILITIES AND MEMBER'S EQUITY

Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	<u>\$ 44,134</u>
Total current liabilities	<u>44,134</u>
Total liabilities	<u>44,134</u>
Commitments and contingencies	
Member's equity	<u>537,651</u>
Total liabilities and member's equity	<u>\$ 581,785</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

TRIPOINT GLOBAL EQUITIES, LLC
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2013

Note A – Organization and Nature of Business

Tripoint Global Equities, LLC (the “Company”), a Maryland limited liability company organized in November 2006, is a registered broker-dealer with the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) and a member of FINRA. The Company conducts business by providing corporate finance consulting that may from time to time include consultation regarding mergers and/or acquisitions. The Company received its FINRA approval for membership on May 21, 2007. The Company’s sole member is TPF Holdings, LLC. The Company is exempt from Rule 15c3-3 of the SEC under paragraph (k)(2)(i) of that rule.

Note B – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Statement Presentation

The Statement of Financial Condition is presented in accordance with industry standards.

Revenue and Expense Recognition

Revenue associated with transaction commissions and private placement fees are recognized when the transaction closes and collection is reasonably assured, effectively when cash or financial instruments are received. Expenses are recognized as they are incurred.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers its investments in financial instruments with original maturities of less than 90 days when issued to be cash equivalents. From time to time, the Company’s bank deposits exceed the federally insured limits. No losses have been incurred by the Company relating to these deposits.

Securities

Investments in equity securities and securities warrants are stated at market value and transactions are recorded on the trade date. Changes in market value are recognized in the Company’s results of operations as mark to market adjustments.

Fair Value Measurements

The Company’s financial instruments consist of cash and cash equivalents, as well as securities and securities warrants. The carrying amount of these financial instruments approximate fair value either due to length of maturity or interest rates that approximate prevailing market rates, unless otherwise disclosed in these financial statements.

TRIPOINT GLOBAL EQUITIES, LLC
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2013

Note B – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Fair Value Measurements (continued)

FASB ASC 820 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and establishes a fair value hierarchy which prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. A fair value measurement assumes that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability occurs in the principal market for the asset or liability or, in the absence of a principal market, the most advantageous market. Valuation techniques that are consistent with the market, income or cost approach, as specified by FASB ASC 820, are used to measure fair value.

The fair value hierarchy prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three broad levels:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities the Company has the ability to access.
- Level 2 inputs are inputs (other than quoted prices included within level 1) that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3 are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability and rely on management's own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. (The unobservable inputs should be developed based on the best information available in the circumstances and may include the Company's own data.)

The Company uses Level 1 inputs to measure the fair value of its investments in active market securities. The Company uses Level 2 inputs to measure the value of its securities warrants.

Fixed Assets

Fixed assets are carried at cost. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over estimated useful lives of three to five years.

Income Taxes

No provision for income taxes has been reflected in the accompanying financial statements since a limited liability company is not responsible for payment of Federal, state or local income taxes. All revenues and expenses retain their character and pass through directly to the Company's sole member.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

TRIPOINT GLOBAL EQUITIES, LLC
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2013

Note B – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Subsequent Events

The Company has reviewed for subsequent events through February 25, 2014, the date these financial statements were available to be issued.

Recently Issued Pronouncements

The Company does not expect recently issued but not yet adopted accounting pronouncements will have a material impact on the Company's financial statements at the time of adoption.

Note C – Net Capital Requirement

The Company is subject to the SEC Uniform Net Capital Rule (Rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. Rule 15c3-1 also provides that equity capital may not be withdrawn or cash dividends paid if the resulting net capital ratio would exceed 10 to 1. At December 31, 2013, the Company had net capital of \$118,440, \$68,440 in excess of its minimum required capital of \$50,000. The Company's net capital ratio was 0.37 to 1.

Note D – Related Party Transactions

The Company shares office space and personnel with its sole Member, for which it is charged monthly. For the year ended December 31, 2013, rental expenses amounted to \$24,000.

Note E - Concentrations

During 2013, the Company earned revenues from four customers totaling approximately \$344,000, \$466,000, \$601,000, and \$800,000 individually, representing approximately 10%, 14%, 18%, and 24%, respectively, of the Company's gross revenue before its mark to market adjustment.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

TRIPPOINT GLOBAL EQUITIES, LLC
SCHEDULE I - COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL PURSUANT TO
UNIFORM NET CAPITAL RULE 15c3-1
AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2013

Total Ownership Equity	\$ 537,651
Less: non-allowable assets	<u>(415,439)</u>
Net capital before haircuts on securities positions	122,212
Haircuts on securities positions	<u>3,772</u>
Net capital (1)	<u>\$ 118,440</u>
Total aggregate indebtedness	<u>\$ 44,134</u>
Computation of basic net capital requirement	
Minimum capital required [under subparagraph (a)(2) or Rule 15c3-1]	<u>\$ 50,000</u>
Excess of net capital over minimum requirement	<u>\$ 68,440</u>
Ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital	<u>0.37 to 1</u>

(1) As of December 31, 2013, there are no material differences between the audited computation of net capital and the Company's unaudited computation of net capital as per Part IIA of the Company's December 31, 2013 quarterly Form X-17A-5 FOCUS report.

TRIPOINT GLOBAL EQUITIES, LLC
SCHEDULE II - COMPUTATION FOR DETERMINATION OF RESERVE REQUIREMENTS
UNDER RULE 15c3-3 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
As of December 31, 2013

Exemption Provisions

The Company does not receive or otherwise hold funds or securities for, owe money or securities to, securities customers and does not otherwise carry customer accounts. Accordingly, the Company is exempt from Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c3-3 under the exemption allowed in Section (k)(2)(i).

**REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM
ON INTERNAL ACCOUNTING CONTROL REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17a-5**

To the Managers of
Tripoint Global Equities, LLC
400 Professional Drive, Suite 310
Gaithersburg, MD 20879

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Tripoint Global Equities, LLC (the Company), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2013, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

1. Making the quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons, and the recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13
2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's previously mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the company's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined previously.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2013, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

LBB & Associates Ltd., LLP

LBB & Associates Ltd., LLP
Houston, TX
February 25, 2014