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UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

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ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT
FORM X-17A-5
PART III

SEC FILE NUMBER
8-49496

FACING PAGE
Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING 01/01/2013 AND ENDING 12/31/2013
MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: **MCM Securities LLC**
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)
152 W. 57th Street - 52nd Floor
(No. and Street)
New York **NY** **10019**
(City) (State) (Zip Code)

OFFICIAL USE ONLY
FIRM I.D. NO.

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT
Michael J. DeI Giudice **(212) 218-4088**
(Area Code - Telephone Number)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report*
Frost, PLLC
(Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name)
425 W. Capitol Avenue - Suite 3300 **Little Rock** **AR** **72201**
(Address) (City) (State) (Zip Code)

CHECK ONE:

- Certified Public Accountant
- Public Accountant
- Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.

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SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
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*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

SEC 1410 (06-02)

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AUG - 1 2014

DIVISION OF TRADING & MARKETS

8/15/14

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Michael J. Del Giudice, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of MCM Securities LLC, as of December 31, 2013, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:

SULEIKA CANAVERAL
Notary Public, State of New York
No. 01CA6208665
Qualified In Queens County
Commission Expires July 06, 2017

Michael J. Del Giudice
Signature

Senior Managing Director
Title

Suleika Canaveral 02/20/14
Notary Public

This report ** contains (check all applicable boxes):

- (a) Facing Page.
- (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
- (c) Statement of Income (Loss).
- (d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.
- (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital.
- (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
- (g) Computation of Net Capital.
- (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- (i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
- (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
- (l) An Oath or Affirmation.
- (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
- (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

**For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

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Independent Auditor's Report

The Member
MCM Securities, LLC
Troy, New York

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of MCM Securities, LLC, which comprise the statement of financial condition as of December 31, 2013, and the related statements of operations, changes in member's equity and cash flows for the year then ended that are filed pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe our audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

425 West Capitol Avenue, Suite 3300 | Little Rock, Arkansas 72201 | 501.376.9241 | frostpllc.com
1200 East Joyce Boulevard, Suite 301 | Fayetteville, Arkansas 72703 | 479.695.4300
3605 Glenwood Avenue, Suite 370 | Raleigh, North Carolina 27612 | 919.782.8410

FROST, PLLC is an independent firm associated with Moore Stephens.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of MCM Securities, LLC as of December 31, 2013, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Frost, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Little Rock, Arkansas
February 28, 2014

MCM SECURITIES, LLC

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Statement of Financial Condition

December 31, 2013

Assets

Cash	\$	20,938
Deposits receivable		3,151
Prepaid expenses		<u>2,685</u>
Total assets	\$	<u>26,774</u>

Liabilities and Member's Equity

Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$	330
Accrued expenses		<u>3,041</u>
Total liabilities		3,371
Member's equity		<u>23,403</u>
Total liabilities and member's equity	\$	<u>26,774</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

MCM SECURITIES, LLC

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Statement of Operations

For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

Operating expenses	
Salary and benefits	\$ 22,268
Professional fees	10,765
Broker/dealer expense	3,280
Office supplies and expenses	8,596
Occupancy expense	6,736
Licenses and permits	3,712
Miscellaneous	1,095
Insurance	1,010
Total operating expenses	<u>57,462</u>
Net loss	<u>\$ 57,462</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements**December 31, 2013****1. Nature of Operations**

MCM Securities, LLC (the "Company") was organized in September 1996 as a Delaware Limited Liability Corporation, is a broker/dealer registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") and is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority. The Company's sole member is Millennium Credit Markets, LLC (the "Parent"). The Company shall continue in existence through December 2050, or until terminated by the member.

The Company operates under the provisions of Paragraph (k)(2)(ii) of Rule 15c3-3 of the SEC and, accordingly, is exempt from the remaining provisions of that Rule. The requirements of Paragraph (k)(2)(ii) provide that the Company clear all transactions on behalf of customers on a fully disclosed basis with a clearing broker/dealer, and promptly transmit all customer funds and securities to the clearing broker/dealer. The clearing broker/dealer carries all of the accounts of any customers and maintains and preserves all related books and records as are customarily kept by a clearing broker/dealer.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

- a. **Business activities** – The Company's business activities are limited to the following: selling interests in mortgages or other receivables, private placements of securities, real estate syndicator, providing financial advice to issuers of private placements and municipal securities broker.
- b. **Cash** – For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Company considers all liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. At December 31, 2013, the Company did not hold investments considered to be cash equivalents.
- c. **Income taxes** – The Company is included in the federal income tax returns filed by its sole member, the Parent. The Parent is not a tax paying entity and distributes its pro rata share of income, losses and tax credits to the Company as provided in the operating agreement.

The Company's policy with respect to evaluating uncertain tax positions is based upon whether management believes it is more likely than not the uncertain tax positions will be sustained upon review by the taxing authorities, then the Company shall initially and subsequently measure the largest amount of tax benefit that is greater than 50% likely of being realized upon settlement with a taxing authority that has full knowledge of all relevant information. The tax positions must meet the more-likely-than-not recognition threshold with consideration given to the amounts and probabilities of the outcomes that could be realized upon settlement using the facts, circumstances and information at the reporting date. The Company will reflect only the portion of the tax benefit that will be sustained upon resolution of the position and applicable interest on the portion of the tax benefit not recognized. Based upon management's assessment, there are no uncertain tax positions expected to have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2013

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont.)

The income tax position taken by the Company for any years open under the various statutes of limitations is that it continues to be exempt from income taxes by virtue of its pass-through entity status. Management believes this tax position meets the more-likely-than-not threshold and, accordingly, the tax benefit of this income tax position (no income tax expense or liability) has been recognized for the years ended on or before December 31, 2013.

The Company is no longer subject to U.S. federal and state examinations by tax authorities for years before 2010. The Company's federal and state tax returns are not currently under examination. The Company recognizes interest and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits in income tax expense. During the year ended December 31, 2013, the Company did not recognize any interest or penalties. The Company did not have any interest or penalties accrued at December 31, 2013.

- d. **Related party transactions** -- In the normal course of business, the Company is allocated certain expenses by the Parent. Substantially all prior and future revenues earned by the Company are from transactions controlled by one member. These transactions have substantially the same terms as those with unrelated parties.
- e. **Use of estimates** -- The preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses, and disclosures about contingent assets and liabilities. The estimates and assumptions used in the accompanying financial statements are based upon management's evaluation of the relevant facts and circumstances as of the date of the financial statements. However, actual results may differ from the estimates and assumptions used in the accompanying financial statements.

3. Related Party Transactions

In accordance with an expense support agreement, as amended May 2012, the Parent allocates certain expenses to the Company, including but not limited to salaries and general operating expenses. Such expenses include all costs that the Company derived direct or indirect benefit for which the Company would be responsible if another entity had not agreed to pay these expenses.

The Parent incurs certain costs related to both the Parent and the Company. Shared expenses, such as salary, office supplies and other expenses are recorded as incurred in amounts determined according to a reasonable allocation, applied on a consistent basis. The allocation is derived as an attempt to equate the proportional cost of a service or product to the proportional use of or benefit derived from the service or product. All expenses, with the exception of certain professional fees, insurance, broker filing fees, licenses and permits, are based on allocations from the Parent.

Substantially all prior and futures revenues earned by the Company are derived from transactions controlled by one member. The member, indirectly through a series of limited liability companies, owns a majority of the Parent.

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2013

4. Net Capital Requirements

The Company is subject to the SEC Uniform Net Capital Rule ("SEC Rule 15c3-1"), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital of 6 2/3% of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. SEC Rule 15c3-1 also restricts the payments of dividends in certain cases. At December 31, 2013, the Company had net capital, as defined, of approximately \$17,600, which was approximately \$12,600 in excess of its minimum required net capital of \$5,000. The Company's ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital was 0.19 to 1.00 at December 31, 2013.

5. Subsequent Events Evaluation Date

The Company evaluated the events and transactions subsequent to its December 31, 2013 statement of financial condition date and determined there were no significant events to report through February 28, 2014, which is the date the Company issued its financial statements.



**Independent Auditor's Report on Supplementary Information
Required by Rule 17a-5 Under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934**

The Member
MCM Securities, LLC
Troy, New York

We have audited the financial statements of MCM Securities, LLC as of and for the year ended December 31, 2013, and have issued our report thereon dated February 28, 2014, which contained an unmodified opinion on those financial statements. Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole.

The supplementary information on page 11, required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, is presented for the purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Frost, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Little Rock, Arkansas
February 28, 2014

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MCM SECURITIES, LLC

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Computation of Net Capital Requirement Under
Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities and Exchange Commission

December 31, 2013

Aggregate indebtedness	<u>\$ 3,371</u>
Minimum required net capital	<u>\$ 5,000</u>
Net capital	
Member's equity	\$ 23,403
Deductions (nonallowable assets)	
Prepaid expenses and receivables*	<u>5,836</u>
Total net capital	17,567
Minimum required net capital	<u>5,000</u>
Net capital excess of requirement	<u>\$ 12,567</u>
Ratio: aggregate indebtedness to net capital	.19 to 1.00

* Prepaid expenses and receivables are not identified on the Company's computation of net capital as nonallowable assets on Part II of the unaudited FOCUS report.

See independent auditor's report on supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 Under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

**Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Required by SEC
Rule 17a-5(g)(1) for a Broker-Dealer Claiming an Exemption from SEC Rule 15c3-3**

The Member
MCM Securities, LLC
Troy, New York

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of MCM Securities, LLC (the "Company") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2013, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company, including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of compliance with such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13.
2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls, and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph, and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's previously mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

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Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined previously.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2013 to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Member, management, the SEC, and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Frost, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Little Rock, Arkansas
February 28, 2014