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UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT
FORM X-17A-5
PART III

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Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING 01/01/13 AND ENDING 12/31/2013
MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER - DEALER:

Marathon Financial Group, Inc
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)
311 W. Superior Street Suite 217

(No. and Street)

Chicago IL 60654
(City) (State) (Zip Code)

OFFICIAL USE ONLY
FIRM ID. NO.

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT

Ryan Vaile 312-953-1521
(Area Code - Telephone No.)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report*

Robert Cooper & Company CPAs, P.C.

(Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name)

141 West Jackson Blvd. Ste 3100 Chicago IL 60604
(Address) (City) (State) (Zip Code)

CHECK ONE:

- Certified Public Accountant
- Public Accountant
- Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.

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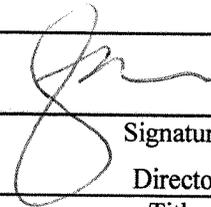
* Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2).

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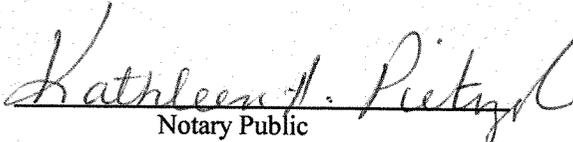
OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Ryan Vaile, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statements and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of Marathon Financial Group, Inc, as of December 31, 2013 are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal, officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:

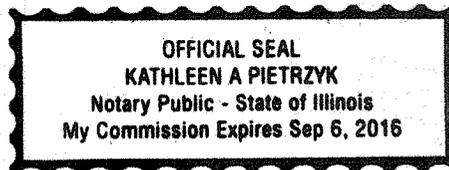


Signature
Director

Title



Notary Public



This report **contains (check all applicable boxes):

- X (a) Facing page.
- X (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
- X (c) Statement of Income (Loss).
- X (d) Statement of Changes in Cash Flows.
- X (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital.
- X (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
- X (g) Computation of Net Capital.
- X (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- X (i) Information Relating to the Possession or control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
 - (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
 - (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
- X (l) An Oath of Affirmation.
- (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
- (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

***For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).*

Marathon Financial Group, Inc.

(An Illinois Corporation)

***Financial Statements
and Independent Accountant Report
December 31, 2013***

Marathon Financial Group, Inc.

(An Illinois Corporation)

Index

December 31, 2013

	Page
Report of Independent Auditors	1-2
Financial Statements	
Statement of Financial Condition.....	3
Statement of Income	4
Statement of Changes in Members' Equity.....	5
Statement of Cash Flows.....	6
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	7-8
Supplementary Information	
Computation of Net Capital.....	9-10
Computation of Reserve Requirements	11
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Structure	12-13
Oath of Affirmation	14

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT

To the Board of Directors:
Marathon Financial Group, Inc.

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Marathon Financial Group, Inc., which comprise the balance sheet as of December 31, 2013, and the related statements of income, changes in stockholders' equity, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Marathon Financial Group, Inc. as of December 31, 2013, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The supplementary information contained in Schedules I, II as required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the

Marathon Financial Group, Inc.
February 21, 2014

underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.



Robert Cooper & Company CPA PC
February 21, 2014
Chicago, Illinois 60604

Marathon Financial Group, Inc.
 (An Illinois Corporation)
Statement of Financial Condition
As of December 31, 2013

Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	71,385	
Prepaid asset		800	
Total assets		\$	72,185
Liabilities			
Accrued expenses	\$		115
Total liabilities			115
Common Stock - no par value			
1000 shares authorized 500			
issued and outstanding	\$	1,000	
Additional paid in capital		86,000	
Retained earnings		(14,930)	
Total Stockholders' equity			72,070
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity		\$	72,185

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Marathon Financial Group, Inc.
(An Illinois Corporation)
Statement of Income
For the year ending to December 31, 2013

Revenues

Service agreement and incentive fees \$ 67,753

Total revenue 67,753

Expenses

Commissions 11,101

Office expense 5,000

Regulatory fee 9,269

Management fees 24,345

Other operating expenses 58,154

Total expenses 108,229

State of Illinois replacement taxes 0

Net loss for the year \$ (40,476)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Marathon Financial Group, Inc.
(An Illinois Corporation)
Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity
For year ending December 31, 2013

Stockholders' equity at January 1, 2013	\$	37,546
Additional paid in capital		75,000
Dividends payable		0
Net loss from operations		<u>(40,476)</u>
Stockholders' equity at December 31, 2013	<u>\$</u>	<u>72,070</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Marathon Financial Group, Inc.
 (An Illinois Corporation)
Statement of Cash Flows
 For year ending December 31, 2013

Cash flows from operating activities:

Net loss	\$	(40,476)
Depreciation and amortization		0
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash used in operating activities:		
Change in operating assets		0
Decrease in management fee		(32,975)
Change in security deposits		0
Decrease in payables		115
Net cash used in operating activities		(73,336)

Cash flows from investing activities:

Loan to shareholder		1,600
Net cash used in investing activities		-1,600

Cash flows from financing activities:

Capital contribution		75,000
Dividends paid		(0)
Net cash provided by financing activities		0
Net Increase in cash and cash equivalents		3,264
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of the year		68,121
Cash and cash equivalents, end of the year	\$	71,385

No interest expense was apid during the year

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Marathon Financial Group, Inc.
(An Illinois Corporation)
Notes to the financial statements
For year ending December 31, 2013

1. Organization

Marathon Financial Group, Inc. (The Company) was incorporated under the laws of the State of Illinois on August 30, 1996. Marathon Financial Group, Inc. is registered as a broker-dealer with the Securities and Exchange Commission and is a member of FINRA. Marathon Financial Group, Inc. was formed for the primary purpose of engaging in the executing of securities transactions for others for a commission. The firm does not receive directly or indirectly, or hold funds or securities, or owe funds or securities to, customers and does not carry accounts of, or for customers, nor trades for their own account.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

The Company is engaged in a single line of business as a broker in which they receive commissions from the selling of limited partnership interests and trailing commissions from various mutual funds. The Company does not hold customer funds. Nor do they engage in proprietary trading.

Income Recognition

Commissions are recorded as earned.

Cash Equivalents

The Company has defined cash equivalents as highly liquid investments, with original maturities of less than ninety days that are not held for sale in the ordinary course of business.

Income Taxes

At December 31, 2013, the Company had no taxable income; and has a net operating loss carry forward in the amount of 40,476. The statutory corporate federal rate for a personal service corporation is a flat 35%. The Illinois corporate rate is 7.3% of taxable income. The effective tax benefit would be \$17,202.

3. Fair Value Measurements

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. FASB ASC 829, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures, includes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1 measurement) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy from FASB ASC 820 are described as follows:

Level 1 Inputs that reflect unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Company has the ability to access at the measurement date;

Marathon Financial Group, Inc.
(An Illinois Corporation)
Notes to the financial statements
For year ending December 31, 2013

Level 2 Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability either directly or indirectly, including inputs in markets that are not considered to be active;

Level 3 Inputs that are unobservable.

Inputs are used in applying the various valuation techniques and broadly refer to the assumptions that market participants use to make valuation decisions, including assumptions about risk. Inputs may include price information, volatility statistics, specific and broad credit data, liquidity statistics, and other factors. An investment's level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. However, the determination of what constitutes "observable" requires significant judgment by management. Management considers observable data to be that market data which is readily available, regularly distributed or updated, reliable and verifiable, not proprietary, provided by multiple, independent sources that are actively involved in the relevant market. The categorization of an investment within the hierarchy is based upon the pricing transparency of the investment and does not necessarily correspond to management's perceived risk of that investment.

Substantially all of the Company's investments have been classified within Level 1 as they have observable inputs and their values are based on quoted market prices in active markets.

Investments may be classified as Level 2 when market information becomes available, yet the investment is not traded in an active market and/or the investment is subject to transfer restrictions, or the valuation is adjusted to reflect illiquidity and/or non-transferability.

The Company only has level one assets held in cash.

4. NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

As a registered FINRA broker-dealer, Marathon Financial Group, Inc. is subject to the net capital requirements of the Securities and Exchange Commission's "Uniform Net Capital Rule" (Rule 15c3-1). Marathon Financial Group, Inc. is required to maintain minimum net capital, as defined, equal to the greater of \$5,000 or 6 2/3% of aggregate indebtedness. At December 31, 2013, had \$71,270 of net capital which was \$66,270 in excess of the required minimum net capital.

5. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In May 2010, the FASB issued authoritative guidance on subsequent events. This guidance is intended to establish general standards of accounting for and disclosures of events that occur after the balance sheet date but before financial statements are issued or are available to be issued. The standard requires disclosure of the date through which the Company has evaluated subsequent events and whether that date represents the date the financial statements were issued or were available to be issued. Management has evaluated subsequent events through February 21, 2014, the date the financial statements were issued.

Marathon Financial Group, Inc.
Computation of net capital under 15C 3-1
Of the Securities and Exchange Commission
December 31, 2013

Total stockholder's equity	\$72,070
Unallowable assets	800
Haircut's required	0
	<hr/>
Net Capital	71,270
	<hr/>
Minimum net capital	5,000
	<hr/>
Excess net capital	<u>\$ 66,270</u>
Excess net capital at 1000%	<u>\$71,259</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

Marathon Financial Group, Inc.

Computation of Net capital Under 15C 3-1 (continued)

of the Securities and Exchange Commission

December 31, 2013

Aggregate Indebtedness

Items included in the balance sheet:

Accrued expenses payable	\$ 115
Total indebtedness	<u>\$ 115</u>

Ratio: Aggregate Indebtedness to Net Capital .1614% to 1

Statement pursuant to paragraph (d) (4) of rule 17 a-5

There are no material differences between the amount presented in the computation of net capital as above and the amount as reported in the Company's unaudited Part IIA FOCUS report as of December 31, 2013.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

Marathon Financial Group, Inc.
Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements
Under Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commission
As of December 31, 2013

RESERVE COMPUTATION
(see note below)

INFORMATION FOR POSSESSION AND CONTROL REQUIREMENTS

(see note below)

Note: Marathon Financial Group, Inc., is exempt from Rule 15c3-3, as it does not transact a business in securities with, or for, other than members of a national securities exchange and does not carry margin amounts, credit balances or securities for any person defined as a “customer” pursuant to Rule 17a-5(c)(4). Accordingly, there are no amounts reportable under these sections.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

**Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Structure Required
by SEC Rule 17a-5**

**To the Board of Directors:
Marathon Financial Group, Inc.**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Marathon Financial Group, Inc. as of December 31, 2013 and for the period then ended, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered Marathon Financial Group, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our audit procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Marathon Financial Group, Inc.'s internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Marathon Financial Group, Inc.'s internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by Marathon Financial Group, Inc. including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because Marathon Financial Group, Inc. does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1) Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13.
- 2) Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of Marathon Financial Group, Inc. is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's previously mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

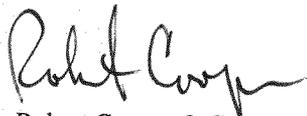
A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined previously. The Company, because of its size and limited personnel, is unable to maintain an adequate separation of the various accounting functions. However, the manager of the Company informed me that they exercise close oversight of the accounting records daily, thus offsetting the lack of separation of duties.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that Marathon Financial Group, Inc.'s practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2013, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, FINRA, and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.



Robert Cooper & Company CPA PC

Chicago, Illinois 60604

February 21, 2014

OATH OR AFFIRMATION
REGARDING ACCURACY AND COMPLETENESS
OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF FOR
THE PERIOD ENDING DECEMBER 31, 2013

To the best of my knowledge and belief, the information contained herein is accurate and complete.

Ryan Vaile
Managing Director