Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING 01/01/2013 AND ENDING 12/31/2013

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: JSL Securities, Inc.

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)

300 West Tenth Street
(No. and Street)

West Point, Georgia 31833
(City) (State) (Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT
Frank E. Plan, President
706-645-8242
(Area Code - Telephone Number)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report*

Warren Averett, LLC
(Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name)

Six Concourse Parkway, Suite 600 Atlanta, Georgia 30328-5351
(Address) (City) (State) (Zip Code)

CHECK ONE:

☒ Certified Public Accountant
☐ Public Accountant
☐ Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.
OATH OR AFFIRMATION

1. Frank E. Plan, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of JSL Securities, Inc., as of December 31, 2013, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:

[Signature]

President

[Title]

Notary Public

This report ** contains (check all applicable boxes):

☑ (a) Facing Page.
☑ (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
☑ (c) Statement of Income (Loss).
☐ (d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.
☐ (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders’ Equity or Partners’ or Sole Proprietors’ Capital.
☐ (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
☐ (g) Computation of Net Capital.
☐ (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
☐ (i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
☑ (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
☐ (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
☐ (l) An Oath or Affirmation.
☐ (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
☐ (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

**For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).**
JSL SECURITIES, INC.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AND
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

December 31, 2013

with

Independent Auditors’ Report
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December 31, 2013

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS’ REPORT

To the Board of Directors and Stockholder of JSL Securities, Inc.

Report on the Financial Statements
We have audited the accompanying financial statements of JSL Securities, Inc. (a Georgia corporation), which comprise the statement of financial condition as of December 31, 2013, and the related statement of income, changes in stockholder’s equity, and cash flows for the year then ended that are filed pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management’s Responsibility for the Financial Statements
Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors’ Responsibility
Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Company’s preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company’s internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion
In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of JSL Securities, Inc. as of December 31, 2013, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.
Other Matter
Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The information contained in Schedule I, Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and Schedule II, Other Information are presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements.

The information in Schedule I, Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and Schedule II, Other Information have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information in Schedule I, Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and Schedule II, Other Information are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

WARREN AVERETT, LLC
WARREN AVERETT, LLC
Atlanta, Georgia
February 12, 2014
# JSL SECURITIES, INC.
## STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION
### December 31, 2013

### ASSETS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Current Assets</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cash and Cash Equivalents</td>
<td>$1,563,238</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prepaid Expense</td>
<td>2,259</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**TOTAL ASSETS** $1,565,497

### LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER’S EQUITY

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Current Liabilities</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Due to Parent</td>
<td>$179,561</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State Income Tax Payable</td>
<td>5,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accrued Expenses</td>
<td>334,302</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES** 518,863

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Stockholder’s Equity</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Common Stock, $0.01 par value, 1,000 shares authorized, issued and outstanding</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Paid-in Capital</td>
<td>130,490</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Retained Earnings</td>
<td>916,134</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**TOTAL STOCKHOLDER’S EQUITY** 1,046,634

**TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER’S EQUITY** $1,565,497

*See accompanying notes.*
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Other Income</td>
<td>$1,977,608</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operating Expenses</td>
<td>1,519,121</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net Income before Tax</td>
<td>458,487</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Income Tax Expense</td>
<td>179,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net Income</td>
<td>$279,487</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

See accompanying notes.
JSL SECURITIES, INC.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY

For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Common Stock</th>
<th>Paid in Capital</th>
<th>Retained Earnings</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Balance at December 31, 2012</td>
<td>$10</td>
<td>$130,490</td>
<td>$636,647</td>
<td>$767,147</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net Income</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>$279,487</td>
<td>$279,487</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Balance at December 31, 2013</td>
<td>$10</td>
<td>$130,490</td>
<td>$916,134</td>
<td>$1,046,634</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

See accompanying notes.
JSU SECURITIES, INC.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

Cash Flows from Operating Activities

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Net Income</td>
<td>$279,487</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adjustments to reconcile net income</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>to net cash provided by operating activities:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Decrease in prepaid expenses</td>
<td>10,085</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Increase in other accruals</td>
<td>166,713</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Increase in income taxes payable</td>
<td>2,499</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Increase in due to parent</td>
<td>31,068</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities</strong></td>
<td><strong>489,852</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 489,852

Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year $1,073,386

Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year $1,563,238

Supplemental Cash Flow Disclosures:

Income taxes paid (Note E) $14,000

See accompanying notes.
NOTE A—DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES


Basis of Accounting: JSL Securities prepares its financial statements on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Revenue Recognition: Other income is predominantly commission income that is recognized when the terms of the sale of investment products and services to customers are substantially complete.

Cash and Cash Equivalents: For the purpose of reporting cash flows, the Company considers all demand notes and short-term investments with maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The Company maintains balances with banks in excess of federally insured limits. Management believes the exposure to loss from such balances to be minimal.

Income Taxes: The Company has elected to be taxed under the C Corporation rules of the Internal Revenue Code and accounts for income taxes using the asset and liability method in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (FASB) Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 740, Accounting for Income Taxes. The Company has elected to file a consolidated federal income tax return with its parent, JSL.

Management does not believe there are any uncertain tax positions as defined by FASB ASC 740, Accounting for Income Taxes. The Company could be subject to income tax examinations for its U.S. Federal tax filings for the current year and previous filings for tax years 2012, 2011 and 2010 still open under the statute of limitations.
NOTE A—DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES—Continued

Use of Estimates: The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Concentrations: At December 31, 2013, two sources accounted for 91% of commission revenue collected, see NOTE B.

Fair Values of Financial Instruments: Financial instruments are reported at values which the Company believes are not significantly different from fair values. The Company believes no significant credit risk exists with respect to any of its financial instruments.

Subsequent Events: The Company has evaluated events and transactions that occurred between January 1, 2013 and February 12, 2014 which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued, for possible recognition or disclosure in the financial statements.

NOTE B—REVENUE SHARE AGREEMENT

The Company has entered into Broker Dealer Services Agreements with four separate third party broker dealer entities. Under the agreements, all customer relationships created are recorded on the books and records of and accounted for solely as an account of the third party broker dealer. Company sales representatives are affiliated with both the third party broker dealer and the Company. The sales representatives have waived their rights to the revenue they generate on behalf of the third party broker dealer and instead direct the third party broker dealer to pay such revenue to the Company. Revenue paid to the Company under the third party broker dealer agreements during 2013 totaled $1,853,315 of which the Company received $1,593,916 from Royal Alliance, $205,788 from Financial Service Corporation, $33,318 from Invest and $20,293 from Pro Equities.
NOTE C—RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Effective March 1, 2007, JSL Securities entered into an Expense Sharing Agreement with JSL. JSL Securities agreed to pay JSL for expenses associated with the JSL Securities operations, including rent, office supplies, postage, technology and other non-regulatory expenses. During 2013, JSL Securities reimbursed JSL approximately $120,000 under the Agreement. Additionally, JSL funded payment for federal income taxes of the Company during 2013 which were accounted for through the Due to Parent account.

NOTE D—NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT

The Company, as a registered broker-dealer in securities, is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (Rule 15c3-1). The Company has elected to operate under that portion of the Rule which requires that the Company maintain “net capital” equal to the greater of $5,000 or $2/3% of “aggregate indebtedness,” as those terms are defined in the Rule. Reference Schedule I included in Supplemental Information of this report.

NOTE E—INCOME TAXES

The provision for income taxes is as follows:

Current:

<p>| | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Federal</td>
<td>$ 160,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State</td>
<td>19,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

$ 179,000

The Company and JSL have entered into a consolidated income tax sharing agreement whereby the Company recognizes its income tax liability as if it filed a separate income tax return.

As of December 31, 2013, the Company has recorded a federal income tax expense of $160,000 and a related intercompany payable as Due to Parent as reimbursement for its share of the consolidated federal income tax liability. The Company has also recorded a state income tax expense of $19,000. The Company made estimated state income tax payments during 2013 totaling $14,000.
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
JSL SECURITIES, INC.

COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER RULE 15c3-1

December 31, 2013

Computation of Net Capital

Total stockholder's equity $ 1,046,634
Deduct non-allowable assets

Net capital $ 1,044,375

Computation of Aggregate Indebtedness

Total aggregate indebtedness $ 518,863

Computation of Minimum Net Capital Requirement

Net capital $ 1,044,375

Minimum net capital to be maintained (greater of $5,000 or $2/3% of total aggregate indebtedness) 34,591

Net capital in excess of requirement $ 1,009,784

Percentage of aggregate indebtedness to net capital 49.68%

There is no significant difference between net capital as computed by the Company on its corresponding unaudited Form X-17A-5 as of December 31, 2013 as filed on January 17, 2014 and the audited financial statements at December 31, 2013.
The following statements and computations are not applicable at December 31, 2013, and for the year then ended and, accordingly, are not included herein:

a) Statement of changes in liabilities subordinated to claims of general creditors. The statement of changes in liabilities to claims of general creditors has been omitted since JSL Securities, Inc. had no such liabilities outstanding at the beginning of the year, during the year or at year end.

b) Computation for determination of the reserve requirements pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.

c) Information relating to the possession or control requirements under Rule 15c3-3.

d) Schedule of segregation requirements and funds in segregation pursuant to the Commodity Exchange Act.

The Company qualifies for exemption of b) and c) above under subparagraph (k) (2) (i) of Rule 15c3-3.
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS’ REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL
UNDER SEC RULE 17A-5(g)(1)
FOR BROKER-DEALER CLAIMING AN EXEMPTION FROM SEC RULE 15c3-3

To the Board of Directors and Stockholder of JSL Securities, Inc.

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of JSL Securities, Inc. (the “Company”) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2013, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company’s internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our audit procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company’s internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company’s internal control.

Also as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

2) Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.
3) Obtaining and maintain physical possession or control of all fully paid and excess margin securities of customers as required by Rule 15c3-3.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC’s previously mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management’s authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.
Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined previously.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2013, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the, Board of Directors, stockholder, management, the SEC, and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Warren Averett, LLC

WARREN AVERETT, LLC

Atlanta, Georgia
February 12, 2014
INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES REPORT
ON SCHEDULE OF ASSESSMENT AND PAYMENTS (FORM SIPC-7)

Board of Directors of JSL Securities, Inc.

In accordance with Rule 17a-5(e)(4) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, we have performed the procedures enumerated below with respect to the accompanying Schedule of Assessment and Payments (Form SIPC-7) to the Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC) for the year ended December 31, 2013, which were agreed to by JSL Securities, Inc., and the Securities and Exchange Commission, Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc., and SIPC solely to assist you and the other specified parties in evaluating JSL Securities, Inc.'s compliance with the applicable instructions of Form SIPC-7. JSL Securities, Inc.'s management is responsible for JSL Securities, Inc.'s compliance with those requirements. This agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of those parties specified in this report. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose. The procedures we performed and our findings are as follows:

1) Compared the listed assessment payments in Form SIPC-7 with respective cash disbursement records entries Capital City bank statements a/c number 3450763201 noting no differences;
2) Compared the amounts reported on the audited Form X-17A-5 for the 2013 quarters ended March, June, September and December within the year ended December 31, 2013, as applicable, with the amounts reported in Form SIPC-7 for the year ended December 31, 2013, noting no differences;
3) Compared any adjustments reported in Form SIPC-7 with supporting schedules and working papers General Ledger, noting no differences;
4) Proved the arithmetical accuracy of the calculations reflected in Form SIPC-7 and in the related schedules and working papers noting no differences; and
5) Compared the amount of any overpayment applied to the current assessment with the Form SIPC-7 on which it was originally computed, we noted no overpayment on Form SIPC-7.

We were not engaged to, and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on compliance. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the specified parties listed above and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Warren Averett, LLC
Atlanta, Georgia
February 12, 2014
General Assessment Reconciliation
For the fiscal year ended 12/31/2013
(Read carefully the instructions in your Working Copy before completing this Form)

TO BE FILED BY ALL SIPC MEMBERS WITH FISCAL YEAR ENDINGS

1. Name of Member, address, Designated Examining Authority, 1934 Act registration no. and month in which fiscal year ends for purposes of the audit requirement of SEC Rule 17a-5:

   O67280 FINRA DEC
   JSL SECURITIES INC 13*13
   PO BOX 70
   WEST POINT GA 31833-0070

   Note: If any of the information shown on the mailing label requires correction, please e-mail any corrections to form@sipc.org and so indicate on the form filed.

   Name and telephone number of person to contact respecting this form:

   706-645-8240
   Frank E. Pelin

2. A. General Assessment (item 2e from page 2)
   B. Less payment made with SIPC-6 filed (exclude interest)
      7/19/2013
      Date Paid
   C. Less prior overpayment applied
   D. Assessment balance due or (overpayment)
   E. Interest computed on late payment (see instruction E) for _____ days at 20% per annum
   F. Total assessment balance and interest due or overpayment carried forward
   G. PAID WITH THIS FORM:
      Check enclosed, payable to SIPC
      Total (must be same as F above)
      $3,008
   H. Overpayment carried forward
      $0

3. Subsidiaries (S) and predecessors (P) included in this form (give name and 1934 Act registration number):

   The SIPC member submitting this form and the person by whom it is executed represent thereby that all information contained herein is true, correct and complete.

   Dated the 22nd day of January, 2014.

   This form and the assessment payment is due 60 days after the end of the fiscal year. Retain the Working Copy of this form for a period of not less than 6 years, the latest 2 years in an easily accessible place.

   Dates:
   Postmarked
   Received
   Reviewed

   Calculations
   Documentation
   Forward Copy

   Exceptions:
   Disposition of exceptions:
DETERMINATION OF “SIPC NET OPERATING REVENUES” AND GENERAL ASSESSMENT

Amounts for the fiscal period beginning 1/1/2013 and ending 12/31/2013

Item No. 2a. Total revenue (FOCUS Line 12/Part IIA Line 9, Code 4030)

$ 1,977,608

2b. Additions:
   (1) Total revenues from the securities business of subsidiaries (except foreign subsidiaries) and predecessors not included above.
   (2) Net loss from principal transactions in securities in trading accounts.
   (3) Net loss from principal transactions in commodities in trading accounts.
   (4) Interest and dividend expense deducted in determining item 2a.
   (5) Net loss from management of or participation in the underwriting or distribution of securities.
   (6) Expenses other than advertising, printing, registration fees and legal fees deducted in determining net profit from management of or participation in underwriting or distribution of securities.
   (7) Net loss from securities in investment accounts.

Total additions

$ 127,428

2c. Deductions:
   (1) Revenues from the distribution of shares of a registered open end investment company or unit investment trust, from the sale of variable annuities, from the business of insurance, from investment advisory services rendered to registered investment companies or insurance company separate accounts, and from transactions in security futures products.
   (2) Revenues from commodity transactions.
   (3) Commissions, floor brokerage and clearance paid to other SIPC members in connection with securities transactions.
   (4) Reimbursements for postage in connection with proxy solicitation.
   (5) Net gain from securities in investment accounts.
   (6) 100% of commissions and markups earned from transactions in (i) certificates of deposit and (ii) Treasury bills, bankers acceptances or commercial paper that mature nine months or less from issuance date.
   (7) Direct expenses of printing advertising and legal fees incurred in connection with other revenue related to the securities business (revenue defined by Section 16(9)(L) of the Act).
   (8) Other revenue not related either directly or indirectly to the securities business.

(See Instruction C):

Interest Income - Checking Account

70

(See Instruction C):

Ending Income - Checking Account

127,498

Total deductions

$ 1,850,110

2d. SIPC Net Operating Revenues

$ 4,625

(to page 1, line 2A)
THREE THOUSAND EIGHT DOLLARS AND 00 CENTS

PAY **SIPC-7 JSL SECURITIES (067280)
FOR FINRA)**

TO THE ORDER OF SECURITIES INVESTOR PROTECTION CORP.
P O BOX 92185
Washington, DC 20090-2185

CAPITAL CITY BANK
West Point, GA 31833

DOLLARS

DATE 01/22/14
AMOUNT $$$$$3,008.00