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189 Information Required of B Securities Exchang	FACING PAGE Brokers and Dealers B ge Act of 1934 and Ru			
REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING	January 1, 2013 MM/DD/YY	AND ENDING		December 31, 2013 MM/DD/YY
A. RI	EGISTRANT IDENTI	FICATION		
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: Wayne Humi	mer Investments LLC			OFFICIAL USE ONLY
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSI	NESS: (Do not use P.O. Be	ox No.)		FIRM I.D. NO.
	222 S. Riverside Plaza, 28th	Floor		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	(No. and Street)			
Chicago			IL	60606
(City) NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PER	RSON TO CONTACT IN			
	CCOUNTANT IDENT		(.	Area Code – Telephone Number)
NDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose		Report*	<u> </u>	
155 N. Wacker Drive	Chicago	Illin	ois	60606
(Address)	(City)	(Stat	e)	(Zip Code)
CHECK ONE: Certified Public Accountant Public Accountant Accountant not resident in United Stat	tes or any of its possessions			
	FOR OFFICIAL USE O	NLY		]

\*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2).

SEC 1410 (06-02)

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a current valid OMB control number.

93/18/14

### **OATH OR AFFIRMATION**

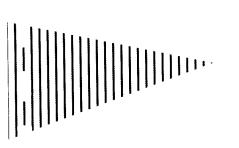
Thomas M. Paulus , swear (or affirm) that, to the best of I, my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statements and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of Wayne Hummer Investments LLC as December 31 , 20 13 , are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that of neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows: Signature OFFICIAL SEAL KAREN WOBKEN Thomas M. Paulus NOTARY PUBLIC - STATE OF ILLINOIS MY COMMISSION EXPIRES: 12/18/16 Chief Financial Officer Title Notary Public This report\*\* contains (check all applicable boxes): ⊠ (a) Facing page. Statement of Financial Condition. 🖾 (b) Statement of Operations. (c) (d) Statement of Cash Flows. Statement of Changes in Member's Equity. (e) □ (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors. Computation of Net Capital. (g) ..... (h) Statement Regarding Rule 15c3-3. Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3. (i) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the  $\Box$  (j) Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3. A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of (k) consolidation. An Oath or Affirmation. X **(1)** A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report (separately bound as per Rule 17a-5(e)(4)). (m) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous (n) audit. □ (o) Supplementary Report of Independent Auditors on Internal Control \*\*For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

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### STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

Wayne Hummer Investments LLC December 31, 2013 With Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

Ernst & Young LLP





## Statement of Financial Condition

December 31, 2013

## Contents

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm	.1
Financial Statements	
Statement of Financial Condition Notes to Statement of Financial Condition	



Tel: +1 312 879 2000 Fax: +1 312 879 4000

### Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

The Operating Committee and Sole Member Wayne Hummer Investments LLC

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Wayne Hummer Investments LLC (the Company) as of December 31, 2013, and the related notes to the statement of financial condition.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statement

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the statement of financial condition in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of a statement of financial condition that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the statement of financial condition based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the statement of financial condition is free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Company's preparation and fair presentation of the statement of financial condition in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the statement of financial condition.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



### Opinion

In our opinion, the statement of financial condition referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Wayne Hummer Investments LLC at December 31, 2013, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Emsty Young UP

February 27, 2014

## Statement of Financial Condition

## December 31, 2013

Assets		
Cash	\$	149,509
Deposits with clearing organizations and clearing broker		260,199
Receivables from:		
Clearing broker	3	2,413,006
Affiliates		3,864,399
Securities owned, pledged		411,969
Company-owned life insurance		7,221,709
Fixed assets, at cost (net of accumulated depreciation		
and amortization of \$4,698,915)		2,061,887
Goodwill		7,960,483
Tax receivable		751,828
Other assets		818,614
Total assets	\$ 5	5,913,603
Liabilities and member's equity		
Liabilities and member's equity Liabilities:		
	\$	9,350,000
Liabilities:	•	9,350,000 5,309,621
Liabilities: Short-term borrowings	·	
Liabilities: Short-term borrowings Nonqualified deferred compensation plan – plan liabilities	·	5,309,621
Liabilities: Short-term borrowings Nonqualified deferred compensation plan – plan liabilities Accrued compensation and benefits	·	5,309,621 3,968,907
Liabilities: Short-term borrowings Nonqualified deferred compensation plan – plan liabilities Accrued compensation and benefits Deferred rent		5,309,621 3,968,907 2,171,132
Liabilities: Short-term borrowings Nonqualified deferred compensation plan – plan liabilities Accrued compensation and benefits Deferred rent Accounts payable, accrued expenses, and other liabilities	2	5,309,621 3,968,907 2,171,132 1,871,072
Liabilities: Short-term borrowings Nonqualified deferred compensation plan – plan liabilities Accrued compensation and benefits Deferred rent Accounts payable, accrued expenses, and other liabilities Total liabilities	2	5,309,621 3,968,907 2,171,132 <u>1,871,072</u> 22,670,732

See notes to statement of financial condition.

### Notes to Statement of Financial Condition

December 31, 2013

### 1. Organization

Wayne Hummer Investments LLC (the Company) is a broker-dealer registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA).

The Company, a financial services firm headquartered in Chicago, Illinois, is a wholly owned subsidiary of North Shore Community Bank & Trust Company (NSCB), an Illinois-chartered state bank that is also a member of the Federal Reserve. NSCB is a wholly owned subsidiary of Wintrust Financial Corporation (Wintrust or the Parent).

The Company clears its securities transactions on a fully disclosed basis through First Clearing, LLC, a subsidiary of Wells Fargo Advisors.

### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

### Use of Estimates

The preparation of the statement of financial condition in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the statement of financial condition and accompanying notes. Management believes that the estimates utilized in preparing the statement of financial condition are reasonable and prudent. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

### **Financial Instruments**

Fair values for securities are typically based on prices obtained from independent pricing vendors. Securities measured with these valuation techniques are generally classified as Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy. Typically, standard inputs such as benchmark yields, reported trades for similar securities, issuer spreads, benchmark securities, bids, offers, and reference data, including market research publications, are used to fair value a security. When these inputs are not available, broker-dealer quotes may be obtained by the vendor to determine the fair value of the security. The Company reviews the vendor's pricing methodologies to determine if observable market information is being used, versus unobservable inputs. Fair value measurements using significant inputs that are unobservable in the market due to limited activity or a less liquid market are classified as Level 3 in the fair value hierarchy. Such measurements are significant to the overall fair value measurement.

### Notes to Statement of Financial Condition (continued)

### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Other financial instruments are recorded by the Company at contract amounts and include receivables from clearing brokers and others. Financial instruments carried at contract amounts, either have short-term maturities (one year or less), are repriced frequently, or bear market interest rates and, accordingly, are carried at amounts approximating fair value.

### Fair Value of Financial Instruments

In accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 820, *Fair Value Measurement*, the Company grouped financial assets and financial liabilities measured at fair value in three levels based on the markets in which the assets and liabilities are traded and the observability of the assumptions used to determine fair value. These levels are:

Level 1 – Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets that are accessible at the measurement date for identical, unrestricted assets or liabilities.

Level 2 – Inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. These include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability, or inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

Level 3 – Significant unobservable inputs that reflect the Company's own assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the assets or liabilities. Level 3 assets and liabilities include financial instruments whose value is determined using pricing models, discounted cash flow methodologies, or similar techniques, as well as instruments for which the determination of fair value requires significant management judgment or estimation.

A financial instrument's categorization within the above valuation hierarchy is based upon the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The Company's assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment and considers factors specific to the assets or liabilities. The following is a

### Notes to Statement of Financial Condition (continued)

### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

description of the valuation methodologies used for the Company's assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

Securities owned, pledged – Fair values for proprietary securities owned are based on quoted market prices when available or through the use of alternative approaches, such as matrix or model pricing or indicators from market makers.

#### **Company-Owned Life Insurance**

Company-owned life insurance (COLI) policies are carried at cash surrender value.

### **Fixed Assets**

Fixed assets include furniture and equipment, which are depreciated using the straight-line method over the useful lives of the assets ranging from two to seven years, and leasehold improvements, which are amortized using the straight-line method over the shorter of the lease term or useful life.

### Goodwill

ASC 350, Intangibles – Goodwill and Other, addresses the accounting for goodwill and intangible assets subsequent to their acquisition. Goodwill represents the excess of the cost of an acquisition over the fair value of net assets acquired. In accordance with accounting standards, goodwill is not amortized, but rather is tested for impairment on an annual basis or more frequently when events warrant. The Company conducted its annual impairment analysis as of December 31, 2013, and concluded goodwill is not impaired.

#### **Income Taxes**

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the estimated future tax consequences attributable to differences between the statement of financial condition carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using currently enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized as an income tax benefit or income tax expense in the period that includes the enactment date.

## Notes to Statement of Financial Condition (continued)

#### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Positions taken in the Company's tax returns may be subject to challenge by the taxing authorities upon examination. In accordance with ASC 740, *Income Taxes*, uncertain tax positions are initially recognized in the statement of financial condition when it is more likely than not the positions will be sustained upon examination by the tax authorities. Such tax positions are both initially and subsequently measured as the largest amount of tax benefit that is greater than 50% likely to be realized upon settlement with the tax authority, assuming full knowledge of the position and all relevant facts.

#### **Deferred Rent**

Rent expense for operating leases, which may have escalating rentals over the terms of the lease, is recorded on a straight-line basis over the initial lease term. The Company's initial lease term included a period of free rent, where no rent payments were due under the terms of the lease. The difference between rent expense and rent paid is recorded as deferred rent. Construction allowances received from landlords are recorded as deferred rent and amortized to rent expense over the initial term of the lease.

#### 3. Receivables From Clearing Broker

Receivables from the clearing broker include unsettled proprietary trades and amounts due for commissions earned from customer transactions. Also included in receivables from the clearing broker is a deposit in the amount of \$30,952,663 that is utilized by the clearing broker to finance the extension of credit to customers. The deposit is unsecured, interest bearing, and due on demand. The deposit monies are segregated by the clearing broker in accordance with the applicable SEC regulations.

### Notes to Statement of Financial Condition (continued)

#### 4. Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The following table presents the balances of financial instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis.

	 Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Securities owned, pledged: Collaterized mortgage				
obligations State and municipal	\$ 	\$ 73,437	\$ 	\$ 73,437
government obligations	 _	338,532		338,532
Total securities owned, pledged		411,969		411,969
Total	\$ 	\$ 411,969	\$ _	\$ 411,969

All securities owned are pledged to the clearing broker on terms that permit the clearing broker to sell or repledge the securities to others, subject to certain limitations.

Cash, deposits with clearing broker, receivables from clearing broker, and receivables from affiliates are short term in nature and accordingly are carried at amounts that approximate fair value (categorized as Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy).

Short-term borrowing is a floating rate intercompany loan, and its carrying value approximates its fair value (categorized as Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy).

#### 5. Fixed Assets, at Cost, Net of Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization

Fixed assets consisted of the following at December 31, 2013:

Computer equipment and hardware	\$ 625,814
Furniture and fixtures	3,030,439
Leasehold improvements	3,104,549
Total	6,760,802
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	(4,698,915)
	\$ 2,061,887

## Notes to Statement of Financial Condition (continued)

#### 6. Employee Benefit Plans and Stock-Based Compensation

#### **Employee Benefit Plans**

Wintrust sponsors a defined contribution plan with a deferred compensation arrangement pursuant to Section 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code. Participants are eligible to make pretax contributions to the plan and share in employer contributions. The Company has agreed to match 60% of each dollar of participant contributions up to a maximum matching contribution of \$4,000 annually. Total contributions made by the Company during the year were \$389,825.

#### **Deferred Compensation**

Wintrust sponsors a deferred compensation plan under which eligible employees may contribute a percentage of their compensation and defer income taxes thereon until the time of distribution. Although not required to do so, the Company has chosen to fund its obligation under this deferred compensation plan by investing in COLI. The balances in COLI are subject to the claims of general creditors of the Company and totaled \$7,221,709 at December 31, 2013.

#### 7. Income Taxes

The Company is included in the consolidated federal and state income tax returns filed by Wintrust. Federal and state income taxes are calculated as if the Company filed a separate tax return.

Net deferred tax assets as of December 31, 2013, are as follows:

Assets	\$ 3,551,498
Liabilities	
Net deferred tax assets	\$ 750,790

Net deferred tax assets consist principally of net temporary differences related to various compensation plans, premises, and goodwill.

The Company had no unrecognized tax benefits at January 1, 2013, did not have increases or decreases in unrecognized tax benefits during the year, and does not have any tax positions for which unrecognized tax benefits must be recorded at December 31, 2013. In addition, for the year ended December 31, 2013, the Company has no interest or penalties relating to income tax positions recognized in the statement of financial condition. If the Company were to record

### Notes to Statement of Financial Condition (continued)

### 7. Income Taxes (continued)

interest or penalties associated with uncertain tax positions or as the result of an audit by a tax jurisdiction, the interest or penalties would be included in income tax expense. The Company does not believe it is reasonably possible that unrecognized tax benefits will significantly change in the next 12 months.

Wintrust is subject to U.S. federal income tax as well as income tax in numerous state jurisdictions. In the ordinary course of business, its income tax returns are routinely subject to audit by the taxing authorities of these jurisdictions. Currently, the Company's federal income tax returns are open and subject to audit for the 2010 tax year forward, and in general, the Company's state income tax returns from the 2010 tax return forward are open and subject to audit, subject to individual state statutes of limitations.

#### 8. Related-Party Transactions

The Company has a line of credit available in the amount of \$30,000,000 with an affiliate that matures on April 30, 2015. Interest on this line of credit approximates the federal funds rate and is payable monthly. At December 31, 2013, the amount outstanding was \$9,350,000.

Included in receivables from affiliates are loans and interest made to financial advisors and other revenue-producing employees, typically in connection with their recruitment. These loans are forgiven based on continued employment and are amortized to compensation and benefits using the straight-line method over the terms of the loans, which generally range from three to ten years.

The following related-party transactions were included in the statement of financial condition as of December 31, 2013:

Statement of financial condition	
Receivables from affiliates:	
Loans and accrued interest due from employees	\$ 3,862,300
Due from The Chicago Trust Company	159
Due from Great Lakes Advisors	1,940
Total receivable from affiliates	\$ 3,864,399
Short-term borrowings from affiliate	\$ 9,350,000

### Notes to Statement of Financial Condition (continued)

### 9. Commitments, Contingencies, and Guarantees

#### Commitments

The Company leases certain office space and equipment under noncancelable operating lease agreements that expire on various dates through 2018.

At December 31, 2013, the aggregate future minimum annual lease commitments, exclusive of additional payments that may be required for certain increases in operating costs, were as follows:

December 31		
2014	\$ 1,043,161	
2015	1,075,391	
2016	1,108,327	
2017	1,100,406	
2018	821,070	
Total	\$ 5,148,355	_

#### Contingencies

The Company can be subject to various legal proceedings arising in the ordinary course of its business. In the opinion of management and counsel, the outcome of any pending proceeding is not likely to have a material effect on the Company's statement of financial condition.

### Guarantees

The Company applies the provisions of ASC 460, *Guarantees*, which provides accounting and disclosure requirements for certain guarantees. The Company has agreed to indemnify the clearing broker for losses that it may sustain from the customer accounts introduced by the Company. At December 31, 2013, the total amount of customer balances with margin extended by its clearing broker and subject to such indemnification was \$29,916,068. In accordance with applicable margin-lending practices, customer balances are typically collateralized by customer securities or supported by other types of recourse provisions. The Company's obligation under such guarantees could exceed the collateral amounts posted by customers; however, the potential for the Company to be required to make payments under such guarantees is deemed remote.

### Notes to Statement of Financial Condition (continued)

#### 9. Commitments, Contingencies, and Guarantees (continued)

For transactions where the Company's clearing broker extends credit to customers, the clearing broker seeks to control the risks associated with these activities by requiring customers to maintain margin collateral in compliance with various regulatory and internal guidelines. The Company and the clearing broker monitor required margin levels daily and, pursuant to such guidelines, request customers to deposit additional collateral or reduce securities positions when necessary.

### **10. Net Capital Requirements**

The Company is subject to the SEC *Uniform Net Capital Rule* (Rule 15c3-1) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. The Company has elected to use the alternative method, which requires the Company to maintain minimum net capital equal to \$250,000, as defined.

At December 31, 2013, the Company had net capital of \$11,725,306, which was \$11,475,306 in excess of its required minimum net capital.

Advances to affiliates, repayment of subordinated borrowings, dividend payments, and other equity withdrawals are subject to certain notification and other provisions of SEC Rule 15c3-1 and other regulatory bodies.

#### 11. Subsequent Events

Management evaluated material subsequent events in the accompanying statement of financial condition and notes through the date of issuance of its annual statement of financial condition as of December 31, 2013.

#### EY | Assurance | Tax | Transactions | Advisory

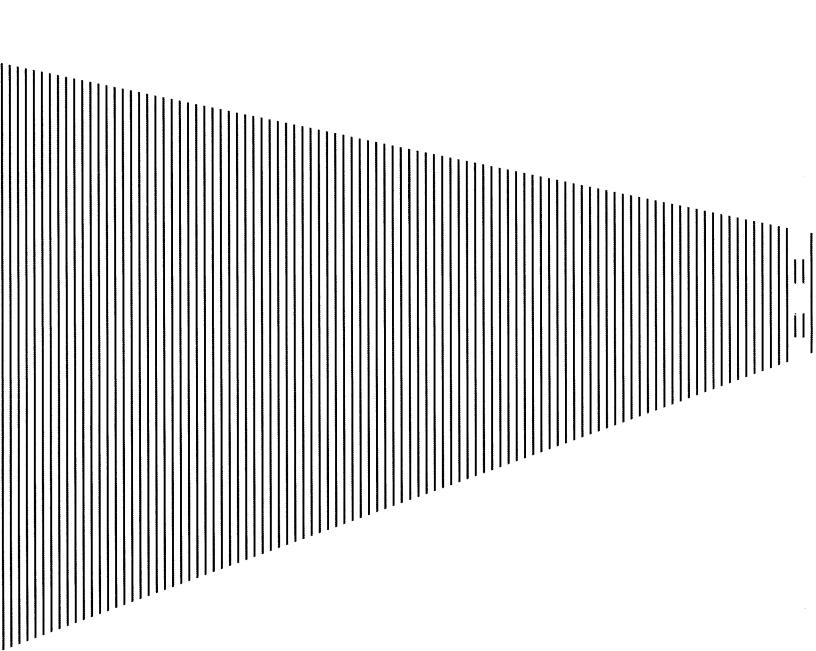
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