Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DATE</th>
<th>DESCRIPTION</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>12/01/12</td>
<td>BEGINNING</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11/30/13</td>
<td>ENDING</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: Quincy Cass Associates, Incorporated

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)

11111 Santa Monica Boulevard, Suite 1450

Los Angeles, California 90025

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT

Joel Ravitz 310-473-4411

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report*

Brian W. Anson

18425 Burbank Blvd., #606

Tarzana, California 91356

CHECK ONE:

- Certified Public Accountant
- Public Accountant
- Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.
OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, __________________________, Joel Ravitz, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of Quincy Cass Associates, Incorporated, as of November 30, 2013, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:

______________________________
Notary Public  
Signature

Chairman and CEO

This report ** contains (check all applicable boxes):

- [x] (a) Facing Page.
- [x] (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
- [x] (c) Statement of Income (Loss).
- [x] (d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.
- [x] (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders’ Equity or Partners’ or Sole Proprietors’ Capital.
- [ ] (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
- [x] (g) Computation of Net Capital.
- [x] (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- [ ] (i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
- [x] (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- [ ] (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
- [x] (l) An Oath or Affirmation.
- [x] (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
- [ ] (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

**For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).
QUINCY CASS ASSOCIATES, INCORPORATED

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AND
ACCOMPANYING SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

REPORT PURSUANT TO SEC RULE 17a-5(d)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED
NOVEMBER 30, 2013
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Table of Contents</th>
<th>PAGE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
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<td>SEC Form X-17A-5</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Independent Auditor's Report</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Statement of Financial Condition</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Statement of Income</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Statement of Cash Flows</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Notes to Financial Statements</td>
<td>7 - 10</td>
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<td>Supplementary Information</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Schedule I    Statement of Net Capital</td>
<td>11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Schedule II   Determination of Reserve Requirements</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Schedule III  Information Relating to Possession or Control</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Schedule IV   SIPC Form 7</td>
<td>13-14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Independent Accountant's Report on Applying Agreed - Upon Procedures Related to an Entity's SIPC Assessment Reconciliation</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Report of Independent Registered Public Accountant on Internal Control Structure required by SEC Rule 17a-5</td>
<td>16 - 17</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS REPORT

Board of Directors
Quincy Cass Associates, Incorporated
Los Angeles, California 90025

Report on the Financial Statements

I have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Quincy Cass Associates, Incorporated as of November 30, 2013 and the related statements of income, changes in stockholders’ equity, and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and the related notes to financial statements.

Management’s Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor’s Responsibility

My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor’s judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Company’s preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company’s internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

Opinion

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Quincy Cass Associates, Incorporated as of November 30, 2013 and the results of its operations and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other matter

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained on Schedules I-IV is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare these financial statements. The information in Schedules I-IV has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the information in Schedules I-IV is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

This opinion is intended solely for the information and use of the board of directors, the Securities and Exchange Commission, and other regulatory agencies which rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Brian W. Anson
Certified Public Accountant
Tarzana, California
January 8, 2014
## QUINCY CASS ASSOCIATES, INCORPORATED

### Statement of Financial Condition
November 30, 2013

### ASSETS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cash and cash equivalents</td>
<td>$ 617,017</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Receivable from clearing broker</td>
<td>19,802</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accounts receivable</td>
<td>182,250</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clearing deposit</td>
<td>50,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fixed assets</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>net of accumulated depreciation of $405,790</td>
<td>10,028</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other assets</td>
<td>44,230</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total assets</strong></td>
<td><strong>$ 923,327</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

#### LIABILITIES:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Accounts payable and accrued expenses</td>
<td>$ 166,105</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Commissions payable</td>
<td>2,961</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Payable to clearing broker</td>
<td>3,423</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total liabilities</strong></td>
<td><strong>172,489</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Common stock - Series A, no par value. 300 shares authorized, 201 shares issued and outstanding</td>
<td>1,407</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Common stock - Series B, no par value. 300 shares authorized, 38.24 shares issued and outstanding</td>
<td>325,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Additional paid in capital</td>
<td>35,530</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Retained earnings</td>
<td>388,901</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total stockholders' equity</strong></td>
<td><strong>750,838</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total liabilities and stockholders' equity</strong></td>
<td><strong>$ 923,327</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements
QUINCY CASS ASSOCIATES, INCORPORATED

Statement of Income
For the year ended November 30, 2013

INCOME:

Management and advisory income $ 735,988
Commissions 386,846
Other income 34,402
Total income 1,157,236

EXPENSES:

Commissions 60,102
Clearing and advisory 54,048
Employee compensation and benefits 438,565
Legal and professional 172,318
Occupancy 136,120
Other operating expenses 263,195
Total expenses 1,124,348

INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES 32,888

INCOME TAX PROVISION (Note 2)

Income tax expense 20,291

NET INCOME $ 12,597

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements
QUINCY CASS ASSOCIATES, INCORPORATED

Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity
For the year ended November 30, 2013

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Common Stock Series A</th>
<th>Common Stock Series B</th>
<th>Additional Paid-in-capital</th>
<th>Retained Earnings</th>
<th>Total Stockholders' Equity</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Balance December 1, 2012</td>
<td>$1,407</td>
<td>$325,000</td>
<td>$35,530</td>
<td>$376,304</td>
<td>$738,241</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net income</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>12,597</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Balance November 30, 2013</td>
<td>$1,407</td>
<td>$325,000</td>
<td>$35,530</td>
<td>$388,901</td>
<td>$750,838</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:

Net income $ 12,597

Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:

Depreciation 4,886
Loss on disposal of fixed assets 8,678

(Increase) decrease in:
Receivable from clearing broker 22,273
Accounts receivable (30,520)
Other assets 21,810

Increase (decrease) in:
Accounts payable and accrued expenses 87,158
Commissions payable (5,051)
Payable to clearing broker (5,671)

Total adjustments 103,563

Net cash provided by operating activities 116,160

CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:

Purchase of fixed assets (2,684)

Net cash used in investing activities (2,684)

Increase in cash 113,476

Cash-beginning of period 503,541

Cash-end of period $ 617,017

Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information

Cash paid during the year for:

Interest $ -
Income taxes $ 800
Note 1: GENERAL AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

General

Quincy Cass Associates, Incorporated (the “Company”) conducts business processing broker-dealer transactions on a fully disclosed basis, investment management of customers’ accounts, and operational management of various real estate projects, typically mobile home parks.

Summary of significant accounting policies

The presentation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

The Company considers highly liquid investments purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. The company includes money market accounts as cash equivalents.

Fixed assets are recorded at cost. Repairs and maintenance to these assets are charged to expense as incurred; major improvements enhancing the function and/or useful life are capitalized. When items are sold or retired, the related cost and accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts and any gains or losses arising from such transactions are recognized. Fixed assets are depreciated by the straight line method over their estimated useful lives which range from five to seven years.

The Company adopted SFAS No. 130, “Reporting Comprehensive Income,” which requires that an enterprise report, by major components and as a single total, the changes in equity. There were no other comprehensive income items for the year ended November 30, 2013.

FASB ASC 820 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and establishes a fair value hierarchy which prioritized the inputs to valuation techniques. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. A fair value measurement assumes the transaction to sell the asset or liability or, in the absence of a principal market, the most advantageous market for the asset or liability. Valuation techniques that are consistent with the market, income or cost approach, as specified by FASB ASC 820 are used to measure fair value.
Note 1: GENERAL AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES
(Continued)

The fair value hierarchy prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three broad levels:

Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities the Company has the ability to access.

Level 2 inputs are inputs (other than quoted prices included within Level 1) that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability and rely on management’s own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. (The unobservable inputs should be developed based on the best information available in the circumstances and may include the Company’s own data.)

Consolidation and Revenue Recognition

The consolidated financial statements include the results of operations, account balances and cash flows of the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiaries, QCA Management Company, Inc. and QCA Capital Management, Inc. All material inter-company balances have been eliminated. Securities transactions are recorded on a trade date basis with the related commission revenues and expenses also recorded on a trade date basis.

Income Taxes

The Company files a consolidated tax return with its subsidiaries. Income taxes are calculated for the Company as a stand alone entity. The Company recognizes and measures its unrecognized tax benefits in accordance with FASB ASC 740, Income Taxes, when material. Under that guidance the Company assesses the likelihood, based on their technical merit, that tax positions will be sustained upon examination based on the facts, circumstances and information available at the end of each tax year. The measurement of unrecognized tax benefits is adjusted when new information becomes available.

The Company is subject to audit by the taxing agencies for years ending November 30, 2010, 2011, and 2012.

Securities Owned

 Marketable securities owned by the Company are accounted for at market value, with market value based on current published market prices. The resulting difference between cost and market (or fair value) is included in income.
Note 2: **DEPOSITS WITH CLEARING ORGANIZATIONS**

The Company has entered into a clearing agreement with National Financial Services, who carries the accounts of the customers of the Company. The Company has deposited $50,000 with its clearing firm as security for its transactions with them. The balance at November 30, 2013 is $50,000.

Note 3: **EQUIPMENT, NET**

Fixed Assets as of November 30, 2013 consists of the following:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Fixed Assets</td>
<td>$415,818</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Less accumulated depreciation</td>
<td>(405,790)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>$10,028</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Depreciation expense for the year ended November 30, 2013 is $4,886.

Note 4: **INCOME TAXES**

The income tax provision at November 30, 2013 consists of the following:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Federal</td>
<td>$17,384</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>California</td>
<td>2,907</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Income Tax Expense</td>
<td>$20,291</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note 5: **COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES**

The Company has an operating lease covering its Los Angeles office through July 31, 2016. Minimum future rental commitments are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year Ending</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>November 30, 2014</td>
<td>115,504</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>November 30, 2015</td>
<td>120,661</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>November 30, 2016</td>
<td>83,016</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Note 5: COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

(continued)

On October 20, 2010, the Company was named as a respondent in an arbitration proceeding initiated by a former customer and third-party respondents. The claimants allege breach of fiduciary duty, suitability, negligence, and failure to supervise. The arbitration proceeding was held in November, 2011 and the Company prevailed. The claimants then filed an appeal with the courts and the courts dismissed the appeal. The Company submitted a request for reimbursement of attorney’s fees and has prevailed in the amount of $75,000 plus interest. No adjustment has been made for the reimbursement of legal fees as the Company has not received any amounts as of the date of these financials.

In January 2012, the Company was named as a respondent in a FINRA arbitration. The issue pertains to a former broker/employee of the Company. The claim is in response to the employees’ U-4 filing and language pertaining to prior employment. The employee has an unrelated claim against his former employer and the firm countersued and included the Company in their countersuit. The Company’s legal counsel believes that the allegations against the Company are without merit.

Note 6: CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK

The Company is engaged in various trading and brokerage activities in which counterparties primarily include broker/dealers, banks, and other financial institutions. In the event counterparties do not fulfill their obligations, the Company may be exposed to risk. The risk of default depends upon the creditworthiness of the counterparty or issuer of the instrument. To mitigate the risk of loss, the Company maintains its accounts with credit worthy customers and counterparties.

Note 7: NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (SEC rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. Net capital and aggregate indebtedness change day to day, but on November 30, 2013 the Company had net capital of $502,904, which was $402,904 in excess of its required net capital of $100,000, and the Company’s ratio of aggregate indebtedness of $172,489 to net capital was 0.34 to 1, which is less than the 15 to 1 maximum ratio required of a broker/dealer.

Note 8: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Company has evaluated subsequent events through January 8, 2014, which is the date the financial statements were issued.
QUINCY CASS ASSOCIATES, INCORPORATED  
Statement of Net Capital  
Schedule I  
For the year ended November 30, 2013

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>November 30, 2013</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Stockholders' equity, November 30, 2013</td>
<td>$ 750,838</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Add - Other deductions or allowable credits</td>
<td>312,550</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total capital</td>
<td>1,063,388</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Subtract - Non allowable assets:
- Accounts receivable                                   | 94,948            |
- Equipment, net                                        | 10,028            |
- Investment in subsidiaries                            | 405,420           |
- Other assets                                          | 44,218            |
- Tentative net capital                                 | 508,774           |

Haircuts                                               | 5,870             |

**NET CAPITAL**                                         | **502,904**       |

Minimum net capital                                    | 100,000           |

Excess net capital                                      | $ 402,904         |

Aggregate indebtedness                                 | 172,489           |

Ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital         | 34%               |

Statement pursuant to rule 17a-5(d)(4)

A reconciliation with the Company's computation of net capital as reported was not included as there are no material differences between the Company's computation of net capital included in its unaudited Form X17A.5 Part II A and the computation contained herein.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.
QUINCY CASS ASSOCIATES, INCORPORATED

Schedule II
Determination of Reserve Requirements
Under Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commission
November 30, 2013

The Company is exempt from the Reserve Requirement computation according to the provision of Rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(ii).

Schedule III
Information Relating to Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3
November 30, 2013

The Company is exempt from the Rule 15c3-3 as it relates to possession and Control requirements under the (k)(2)(ii) exemptive provision.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.
SECURITIES INVESTOR PROTECTION CORPORATION
P.O. Box 92185 Washington, D.C. 20090-2185
202-371-8300

General Assessment Reconciliation
For the fiscal year ended November 30, 2013

(Read carefully the instructions in your Working Copy before completing this Form)

TO BE FILED BY ALL SIPC MEMBERS WITH FISCAL YEAR ENDINGS

1. Name of Member, address, Designated Examining Authority, 1934 Act registration no. and month in which fiscal year ends for purposes of the audit requirement of SEC Rule 17a-5:

8-005743  FINRA  NOV  12/30/1970
QUINCY CASS ASSOCIATES INC
11111 SANTA MONICA BLVD STE 1450
LOS ANGELES, CA  90025-3348

2. A. General Assessment (Item 2e from page 2)  
B. Less payment made with SIPC-6 filed (exclude interest)
   6-17-13
Date Paid
C. Less prior overpayment applied
D. Assessment balance due or (overpayment)
E. Interest computed on late payment (see instruction E) for______days at 20% per annum
F. Total assessment balance and interest due (or overpayment carried forward)
G. PAID WITH THIS FORM:
   Check enclosed, payable to SIPC
   Total (must be same as F above)
   $877
H. Overpayment carried forward
   $(_________)  

3. Subsidiaries (S) and predecessors (P) included in this form (give name and 1934 Act registration number):

The SIPC member submitting this form and the person by whom it is executed represent thereby that all information contained herein is true, correct and complete.

Dated the 12th day of December, 2013

This form and the assessment payment is due 60 days after the end of the fiscal year. Retain the Working Copy of this form for a period of not less than 6 years, the latest 2 years in an easily accessible place.

Dates:
Postmarked
Received
Reviewed

Calculations
Documentation
Forward Copy

Exceptions:
Disposition of exceptions:
DETERMINATION OF "SIPC NET OPERATING REVENUES"
AND GENERAL ASSESSMENT

Amounts for the fiscal period
beginning 12/1/2012
and ending 11/30/2013

Eliminate cents

$1,157,236

Item No.
2a. Total revenue (FOCUS Line 12/IIA Line 9, Code 4030)

2b. Additions:
(1) Total revenues from the securities business of subsidiaries (except foreign subsidiaries) and
predecessors not included above.
(2) Net loss from principal transactions in securities in trading accounts.
(3) Net loss from principal transactions in commodities in trading accounts.
(4) Interest and dividend expense deducted in determining item 2a.
(5) Net loss from management of or participation in the underwriting or distribution of securities.
(6) Expenses other than advertising, printing, registration fees and legal fees deducted in determining net
profit from management of or participation in underwriting or distribution of securities.
(7) Net loss from securities in investment accounts.

Total additions

2c. Deductions:
(1) Revenues from the distribution of shares of a registered open end investment company or unit
investment trust, from the sale of variable annuities, from the business of insurance, from investment
advisory services rendered to registered investment companies or insurance company separate
accounts, and from transactions in security futures products.
(2) Revenues from commodity transactions.
(3) Commissions, floor brokerage and clearance paid to other SIPC members in connection with
securities transactions.
(4) Reimbursements for postage in connection with proxy solicitation.
(5) Net gain from securities in investment accounts.
(6) 100% of commissions and markups earned from transactions in (i) certificates of deposit and
(ii) Treasury bills, bankers acceptances or commercial paper that mature nine months or less
from issuance date.
(7) Direct expenses of printing advertising and legal fees incurred in connection with other revenue
related to the securities business (revenue defined by Section 169(8)(L) of the Act).
(8) Other revenue not related either directly or indirectly to the securities business.
(See Instruction C):

Revenue from subsidiaries not in securities business

(Deductions in excess of $100,000 require documentation)

2d. SIPC Net Operating Revenues

2e. General Assessment @ .0025

(to page 1, line 2.A.)

Board of Directors
Quincy Cass Associates, Incorporated
Los Angeles, CA 90025

In accordance with Rule 17a-5 (e)(4) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, I have performed the procedures enumerated below with respect to the accompanying Scheduled of Assessment and Payments [General Assessment Reconciliation (Form SIPC-7)] to the Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC) for the Year Ended November 30, 2013, which were agreed to by Quincy Cass Associates, Incorporated and the Securities and Exchange Commission, Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc., and SIPC, solely to assist you and the other specified parties in evaluating Quincy Cass Associates, Incorporated’s compliance with the applicable instructions of the General Assessment Reconciliation (Form SIPC-7). Quincy Cass Associates, Incorporated’s management is responsible for Quincy Cass Associates, Incorporated’s compliance with those requirements. This agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of those parties specified in this report. Consequently, I make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose. The procedures I performed and my findings are as follows:

1. Compared the listed assessment payment in Form SIPC-7 with respective cash disbursement records entries from the cash disbursements journal and related bank statements and reconciliations, noting no differences;

2. Compared the amounts reported on the audited Form X-17a-5 for the year ended November 30, 2013, as applicable, with the amounts reported in Form SIPC-7 for the year ended November 30, 2013, noting no differences;

3. Compared any adjustments reported in Form SIPC-7 with supporting schedules and working papers, such as clearing firms records supporting securities revenues, noting no differences;

4. Proved the arithmetical accuracy of the calculations reflected in Form SIPC-7 and in the related schedules and working papers, such as revenues from third party support and bank records supporting the adjustments, noting no differences.

I was not engaged to, and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on compliance. Accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. Had I performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to my attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the specified parties listed above and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Brian W. Anson
Certified Public Accountant
Tarzana, California
January 8, 2014
REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT ON INTERNAL CONTROL STRUCTURE REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17A-5

Board of Directors
Quincy Cass Associates, Incorporated
Los Angeles, CA 90025

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements of Quincy Cass Associates, Incorporated for the year ended November 30, 2013 in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, I considered its internal control structure, including control activities for safeguarding securities, in order to determine my auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing my opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control structure. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company’s internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g) (1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission, I have made a study of the practices and procedures including tests of such practices and procedures followed by Quincy Cass Associates, Incorporated including test of compliance with such practices and procedures that I considered relevant to objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g), (1) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, I did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following: (i) in making the quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisons, (ii) recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13, or (iii) in complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities of Section 8 of Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of internal control structure policies and procedures and of the practices and procedures referred to in the proceeding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the Commission's above mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.
Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, errors or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

My consideration of the internal control structure would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, I noted no matters involving the internal control structure, including control activities for safeguarding securities, which I consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

In addition, my consideration of the internal control structure indicated that the Company was in compliance with the conditions of the exemption under Paragraph (k) (2) (ii) of Rule 15c3-3, and no facts came to my attention indicating that such conditions had not been complied with during the period. The scope of my engagement did not include the Anti Money Laundering provision of the U.S. Patriot Act.

I understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the Commission to be adequate for its purpose in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on my study, I believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at November 30, 2013 to meet the Commission's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the board of directors, the Securities and Exchange Commission, and other regulatory agencies which rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Brian W. Anson  
Certified Public Accountant  
Tarzana, California  
January 8, 2014