SEC Mall Processing Section FEB 2 1 2013 ANN Washington DC 401	13031614 IUAL AUDITED REP FORM X-1745 PART III	PORT	OMB APPROVAL OMB Number: 3235-0123 Expires: April 30, 2013 Estimated average burden hours per response12.00 SEC FILE NUMBER 8-67638
	FACING PAGE		
Information Required of Securities Exchan	Brokers and Dealers Pur ge Act of 1934 and Rule 1		
REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING	01/01/2012	ND ENDING	12/31/2012 MM/DD/YY
A REG	ISTRANT IDENTIFICAT		
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: EDGE CORPO	RATE FINANCE, LLC		OFFICIAL USE ONLY
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSIN 1380 W. PACES FERRY RD., SUITE 1000	NESS: (Do not use P.O. Box N	lo.)	FIRM I.D. NO.
	(No. and Street)		
ATLANTA	GA		30327
(City)	(State)		(Zip Code)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PER WILLIAM A MANER	SON TO CONTACT IN REGA	ARD TO THIS R	EPORT 404-890-770 3
			(Area Code - Telephone Number)
B. ACCC	DUNTANT IDENTIFICAT	ΓΙΟΝ	
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT with WARREN AVERETT GH&I LLC	lose opinion is contained in this	s Report*	
	Name – if individual, state last, first, n	niddle name)	
SIX CONCOURSE PARKWAY, STE 600	ATLANTA	GA	30338
(Address)	(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)
CHECK ONE:			
Certified Public Accountant Public Accountant			
Accountant not resident in United	d States or any of its possession	ns.	
		1	

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

EM 3/8/13

SEC 1410 (06-02)

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

Ι,	WILLIAM A MANER		, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of
my kn	evelope and belief the accompanyin EDGE CORPORATE FINANCE,		supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of , as
of	DECEMBER 31	, ₂₀ 12	, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that
neithe	the company nor any partner, prop	rietor, principal officer of	r director has any proprietary interest in any account

classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:

Will I.Y. Signature CEO Title M **Rick Florees** Notary Public NOTARY PUBLIC **Gwinnett County, GEORGIA** This report ****** contains (check all applicable boxes): (a) Facing Page. My Commission Expires (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
 (c) Statement of Income (Loss). 2/21/2015 (d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.
 (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital. (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
 (g) Computation of Net Capital. (g) Computation of Net Capital. X (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3. (i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3. (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.

(k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.

- (1) An Oath or Affirmation.
- (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.

(n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

** For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

EDGE CORPORATE FINANCE, LLC

Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year End December 31, 2012 With Independent Auditors' Report

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors Edge Corporate Finance, LLC Atlanta, Georgia

We have audited the accompanying balance sheet of Edge Corporate Finance, LLC as of December 31, 2012 and the related statements of operations, changes in members' equity, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Edge Corporate Finance, LLC as of December 31, 2012, and the results of its operations and cash flows for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

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Report on Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The information included in the supplementary schedules is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the united States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Warren averett, LLC

WARREN AVERETT, LLC

February 14, 2013 Atlanta, Georgia

EDGE CORPORATE FINANCE, LLC STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION DECEMBER 31, 2012

ASSETS

Cash Accounts Receivable	\$	143,488 15,682
Other investments		10,002
Other assets (Note C)		85,198
Total assets	\$	244,468
LIABILITIES AND MEMBER'S EQUITY		
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	\$	25,450
Total Liabilities		25,450
MEMBER'S EQUITY		219,018
Total liabilities and member's equity	\$	244,468

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The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

EDGE CORPORATE FINANCE, LLC STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

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REVENUES	
Investment banking	\$ 4,936,796
Referral fees	28,070
Investment loss	(500)
Total revenue	4,964,366
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Compensation and benefits	4,086,869
Management fees	591,102
IT, data and communications	52,002
Professional services	32,491
Licenses and registrations	29,761
Occupancy and equipment	20,601
General and administrative expenses	21,560
Total operating expenses	4,834,386
NET INCOME	\$ 129,980

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

EDGE CORPORATE FINANCE, LLC STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN MEMBER'S EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

	Total
Balance, December 31, 2011	\$ 480,704
Capital distributions	(391,666)
Net income	129,980
Balance, December 31, 2012	\$219.018

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The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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EDGE CORPORATE FINANCE, LLC STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

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CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Net income Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:	\$ 129,980
Accounts receivable	3,421
Other investments	500
Other assets	221,877
Accounts payable	1,574
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	 357,352
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Capital distributions	 (391,666)
NET CASH USED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES	 (391,666)
NET DECREASE IN CASH	(34,314)
CASH AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	 177,802
CASH AT END OF YEAR	\$ 143,488

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The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

EDGE CORPORATE FINANCE, LLC NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2012

NOTE A—DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

<u>Description of Business</u>: Edge Corporate Finance, LLC ("Edge Corporate Finance") was organized in the state of Georgia on October 9, 2007 as a licensed broker dealer to provide merger and acquisition advisory services and to raise capital as an agent in private placements. Edge Corporate Finance is a single member LLC owned 100% by Edge Capital Partners, LLC ("Parent").

<u>Use of Estimates</u>: Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and reported revenues and expenses. Actual results could vary from the estimates that were used.

<u>Cash Concentration</u>: The Company maintains balances with a bank in excess of federally insured limits. Management believes the exposure to loss from such balances to be minimal.

<u>Accounts Receivable</u>: The Company uses the allowance method to account for uncollectible accounts receivable. Management continually monitors the collectability of its customer accounts; when indications arise that an amount is not likely to be collected, it is charged to the allowance for doubtful accounts. Accounts are considered past due when they are 30 days old. As of December 31, 2012, management reviewed the status of accounts receivable and determined that an allowance for doubtful accounts was not necessary.

<u>Valuation of Investments</u>: All securities are held for indefinite periods of time and are classified as available for sale and carried at fair value. The fair value of each investment in the portfolio is determined at that balance sheet date.

<u>Revenue Recognition</u>: The Company uses the accrual method of accounting and recognizes revenue when there is evidence of an arrangement, the services have been provided, the revenue is fixed and determinable and collectability is reasonably assured. Investment banking and referral fees arise from activities for which the Company acts as an agent and fees are earned from providing merger and acquisition, private placement, and other financial services. These fees are recognized at the time the transactions are completed and the income is fixed and determinable.

<u>Concentrations</u>: For the year ended December 31, 2012, one client represented 64% of the Company's revenue.

In August of 2009 the Company entered into an agreement with Edge Healthcare Partners, LLC (Edge Healthcare) where Edge Healthcare agreed to provide certain consulting, management and other related services to the Company. Management fees paid to Edge Healthcare amounted to \$591,102 during the year ended December 31, 2012.

<u>Income Taxes</u>: The Company's income or loss is reported on the member's tax return. Accordingly, the financial statements do not include a provision for income taxes.

Management does not believe there are any uncertain tax positions as defined by Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 740 Accounting for Income Taxes. The Company could be subject to income tax examinations for its U.S. Federal and state tax filings for tax years 2011, 2010 and 2009 still open under the statute of limitations.

EDGE CORPORATE FINANCE, LLC NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2012

<u>Subsequent Events</u>: The Company has evaluated events and transactions that occurred between December 31, 2012 and February 14, 2013, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued, for possible recognition or disclosure in the financial statements.

NOTE B — FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTURMENTS

FASB ASC 820, Fair Value Measurements, defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and establishes a fair value hierarchy which prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. A fair value measurement assumes that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability occurs in the principal market for the asset or liability or, in the absence of a principal market, the most advantageous market. Valuation techniques that are consistent with the market, income or cost approach, as specified by FASB ASC 820, are used to measure fair value.

The fair value hierarchy prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three broad levels:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities the Company has the ability to access.
- Level 2 inputs are inputs (other than quoted prices included within level 1) that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3 are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability and rely on management's own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability.

The following table presents the Company's fair value hierarchy for securities owned as of December 31, 2012.

	 · Value urements	Level 1 Valuation		Level 2 Valuation		Level 3 Valuation	
Non-Marketable securities	\$ 100	\$		\$	-	\$	100

Fair values for assets in Level 3 are calculated using assumptions about discounted cash flow and other present value techniques.

Roll forward of Level 3 investments:

\$ 600
 (500)
\$ 100

NOTE C—RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company has an expense sharing arrangement with its Parent whereby certain operating expenses are paid by Parent on the Company's behalf. The Company then reimburses Parent for these expenses. Personnel costs related to employees who are assigned to the Company for a portion of their time are prorated based on the amount of time required. Other operating costs are allocated based on estimated usage. Allocated expenses amounted to \$290,165 during the year ended December 31, 2012. In 2012, the Company prepaid \$75,870 of shared expenses for 2013.

EDGE CORPORATE FINANCE, LLC NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2012

NOTE D-NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT

As a registered broker-dealer under the SEC and member of FINRA, the Company is subject to the SEC's Uniform Net Capital Rule 15c3-1 of the Act. The Company is required to maintain minimum net capital of \$5,000 and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1.

Net capital and aggregate indebtedness change from day-to-day, but as of December 31, 2012, the Company had net capital of \$127,038, which exceeded the minimum net capital requirement of \$5,000 by \$122,038. The Company's ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital was 0.20 to 1.

NOTE E-CONTINGENCIES

The Company is subject to litigation in the normal course of business. The Company has no litigation in progress at December 31, 2012.

EDGE CORPORATE FINANCE, LLC

SCHEDULE I COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL PURSUANT TO RULE 15c3-1 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION ACT OF 1934 AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2012

COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL

Total member's equity	\$	219,018
Deduction for non-allowable assets: Accounts receivable Other investments Other assets		6,682 100 85,198
Net capital	_\$	127,038
COMPUTATION OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS Accounts payable	_\$	25,450
Total aggregate indebtedness	\$	25,450
COMPUTATION OF MINIMUM NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT Net capital	\$	127,038
Minimum net capital to be maintained (greater of \$5,000 or 6 2/3% of total aggregate indebtedness)		5,000
Net capital in excess of requirement	\$	122,038
Percentage of aggregate indebtedness to net capital		20.03%

RECONCILIATION WITH COMPANY'S COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL INCLUDED IN PARTIIA OF FORMX-17A-5 AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2012

There is no significant difference between net capital reported in Part IIA of Form X-17A-5 as of December 31, 2012 and net capital as reported above.

EDGE CORPORATE FINANCE, LLC

SCHEDULE II COMPUTATION FOR DETERMINATION OF RESERVE REQUIREMENTS UNDER RULE 15c3-3 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2012

The Company is exempt from the provisions of Rule 15c3-3 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, pursuant to paragraph (k)(2)(i) of the rule.

SCHEDULE III

INFORMATION RELATING TO THE POSSESSION OR CONTROL REQUIREMENTS UNDER RULE 15c3-3 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2012

The Company is exempt from the provisions of Rule 15c3-3 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, pursuant to paragraph (k)(2)(i) of the rule.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17a-5(g)(1) FOR A BROKER-DEALER CLAIMING AN EXEMPTION FROM SEC RULE 15c3-3

To the Board of Directors Edge Corporate Finance, LLC

Atlanta, Georgia

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedules of Edge Corporate Finance, LLC as of and for the year ended December 31, 2012, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our audit procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for the safeguarding of securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3 (specifically subparagraph (k)(2)(i)). Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisons and recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13.
- 2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.
- 3. Obtaining and maintaining physical possession or control of all fully paid and excess margin securities of customers as required by Rule 15c3-3.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, errors or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or

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detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Company's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined previously.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2012, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Warren averett, LLC

WARREN AVERETT, LLC

February 14, 2013 Atlanta, Georgia

