13031587 SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION RECEIVED JUL 1 2 2013	UNITEDSTATES SECURITIESANDEXCHANGECOMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549 ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A-5 PART III	OMB APPROVAL OMB Number: 3235-012 Expires: April 30, 201 Estimated average burden hours per response 12.0 SEC FILE NUMBER 8- 67952
REGISTRATIONS BRANCH	FACING PAGE rred of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Se	ction 17 of the
	Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 There	
REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGIN	INING 01/01/12 AND ENDING	12/31/12
	MM/DD/YY	MM/DD/YY
	A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: Mair	nline West Municipal Securities LLC	OFFICIAL USE ONLY
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE	OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)	FIRM I.D. NO.
700 Seventeenth Street, Suite 1500	(No. and Street)	
Denver	CO	80202
(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBE Dennis Kortman	R OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS	REPORT 720-536-3396
		(Area Code – Telephone Number
В	B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION	
NDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUN	TANT whose opinion is contained in this Report*	
Spicer Jeffries LLP		
	(Name – if individual, state last, first, middle name)	
5251 S. Quebec Street, Suite 200	Greenwood Village CC	
(Address)	(City) (Stat	te) (Zip Code)
CHECK ONE:		
I Certified Public Account	ntant	
Public Accountant		
Accountant not residen	t in United States or any of its possessions.	
	FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY	
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OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Dennis Kortman		, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of
my knowledge and belief	the accompanying financial statement and supporting	schedules pertaining to the firm of
Mainline West Municip	oal Securities LLC	, as
of	December 31, 2012, are true as	nd correct. I further swear (or affirm) that
neither the company nor	any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director ha	as any proprietary interest in any account
classified solely as that of	f a customer, except as follows:	

mm mg Chief Financial Officer Title VICTORIA A WAGNER NOTARY PUBLIC Notary **P**ublic STATE OF COLORADO This report ****** contains (check all applicable boxes): NOTARY ID 20084029928 MY COMMISSION EXPIRES SEPTEMBER 3, 2016 (a) Facing Page. **X**(b) Statement of Financial Condition. **X**(c) Statement of Income (Loss). (d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition. (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity of Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital. (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors. (g) Computation of Net Capital (including reconciliation of X-17A-5 Part II filing with this Rule 17a-5(d) report, if applicable). (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3. (i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3. (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-3 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3. (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.

- $\mathbf{X}(\mathbf{l})$ An Oath or Affirmation.
- (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
- \square (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.
- (o) Independant Auditors' Report on Internal Accounting Control.

** For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Members of Mainline West Municipal Securities LLC

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Mainline West Municipal Securities LLC (the "Company") as of December 31, 2012 that is filed pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of this financial statement in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of this financial statement that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this financial statement based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Company's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statement.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statement referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2012 in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Aprice Jeffies LLP

Greenwood Village, Colorado February 13, 2013

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION DECEMBER 31, 2012

ASSETS

Cash Cash and cash equivalents at clearing broker Securities owned, at fair value (Notes 1 and 3) Due from affiliate (Note 5) Deposit with clearing broker Due from clearing broker Interest receivable Other assets	\$	432,031 154,333 8,891,574 152,040 100,978 660 8,395 13,275
	<u>\$</u>	9,753,286
LIABILITIES AND MEMBERS' EQUITY		
LIABILITIES:		
Due to clearing broker	\$	6,905,740
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		96,247
Due to affiliates (Note 5)		23,844
Total liabilities		7,025,831
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Notes 4, 5 and 6)		
MEMBERS' EQUITY (Notes 1 and 2)		2,727,455
	<u>\$</u>	9,753,286

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Organization and business

Mainline West Municipal Securities LLC (the "Company") was formed on February 20, 2008, pursuant to the laws of the State of Delaware. The Company is a broker-dealer registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission and the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. The Company's broker-dealer license became effective December 3, 2008. The Company is engaged in the general retail securities business and deals primarily in municipal securities which it buys and sells on behalf of its customers on a fully disclosed basis earning commissions, and also for its own account in its proprietary trading activities.

Clearing Agreement

The Company, under Rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(ii), is exempt from the reserve and possession or control requirements of Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commission. The Company does not carry or clear customer accounts. Accordingly, all customer transactions are executed and cleared on behalf of the Company by its clearing broker on a fully disclosed basis. The Company's agreement with its clearing broker provides that as clearing broker, that firm will make and keep such records of the transactions effected and cleared in the customer accounts as are customarily made and kept by a clearing broker pursuant to the requirements of Rules 17a-3 and 17a-4 of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Act"). It also performs all services customarily incident thereon, including the preparation and distribution of customer's confirmations and statements and maintenance margin requirements under the Act and the rules of the Self Regulatory Organizations of which the Company is a member.

Securities Valuation and Revenue Recognition

The Company records proprietary transactions, trading profits and related expenses on a trade-date basis.

The Company values its securities in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification 820 - Fair Value Measurements ("ASC 820"). Under ASC 820, fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability (i.e., the "exit price") in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. ASC 820 establishes a fair value hierarchy for inputs used in measuring fair value that maximizes the use of observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs by requiring that the most observable inputs be used when available. Observable inputs are those that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability based on market data obtained from sources independent of the Company. Unobservable inputs reflect the Company's assumption about the inputs market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on the best information available in the circumstances. The fair value hierarchy is categorized into three levels based on the inputs as follows:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(continued)

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Securities Valuation and Revenue Recognition (continued)

Level 1 - Valuations based on unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Company has the ability to access. Valuation adjustments are not applied to Level 1 securities. Since valuations are based on quoted prices that are readily and regularly available in an active market, valuation of these securities does not entail a significant degree of judgment.

Level 2 - Valuations based on quoted prices in markets that are not active or for which all significant inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 - Valuations based on inputs that are unobservable and significant to the overall fair value measurement.

The availability of valuation techniques and observable inputs can vary from security to security and is affected by a wide variety of factors, including the type of security, whether the security is new and not yet established in the marketplace, and other characteristics particular to the transaction. To the extent that valuation is based on models or inputs that are less observable or unobservable in the market, the determination of fair value requires more judgment. Those estimated values do not necessarily represent the amounts that may be ultimately realized due to the occurrence of future circumstances that cannot be reasonably determined. Because of the inherent uncertainty of valuation, those estimated values may be materially higher or lower than the values that would have been used had a ready market for the securities existed. Accordingly, the degree of judgment exercised by the Company in determining fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, for disclosure purposes, the level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement falls in its entirety is determined by the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

Fair value is a market-based measure considered from the perspective of a market participant rather than an entity-specific measure. Therefore, even when market assumptions are not readily available, the Company's own assumptions are set to reflect those that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. The Company uses prices and inputs that are current as of the measurement date, including during periods of market dislocation. In periods of market dislocation, the observability of prices and inputs may be reduced for many securities. This condition could cause a security to be reclassified to a lower level within the fair value hierarchy.

The fair value of municipal bonds is estimated using recently executed transactions market price quotations. Municipal bonds are generally categorized in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy (see Note 3).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(continued)

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (concluded)

<u>Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting year. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Income Taxes

The Company is recognized as a limited liability company by the Internal Revenue Service. Accordingly, the Company's members are liable for federal and state income taxes on their respective tax returns.

Although the Company is not a taxable entity, it must file income tax returns and take tax positions that are passed through to its members. The Company is required to determine whether a tax position is more likely than not to be sustained upon examination by the applicable taxing authority, including resolution of any tax related appeals or litigation processes, based on the technical merits of the position. The Company files an income tax return in the U.S. federal jurisdiction and files and income tax return in the state of Colorado. The Company is not subject to income tax return examinations by major taxing authorities for years before 2009. No interest expense or penalties have been recognized as of and for the year ended December 31, 2012.

Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Company considers all money market accounts held at their clearing broker to be cash equivalents.

Profit and Loss Allocations

Profits and losses from operations are allocated to members based on the Operating Agreement of the Company. The Operating Agreement of the Company generally provides for this allocation to be made in proportion to the number of units held by the respective members at the end of each calendar month.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(continued)

NOTE 2 - NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

Pursuant to the net capital provisions of Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Company is required to maintain a minimum net capital, as defined under such provisions. At December 31, 2012, the Company had net capital and net capital requirements of \$1,954,160 and \$100,000, respectively. The Company's net capital ratio (aggregate indebtedness to net capital) was 0.06 to 1. According to Rule 15c3-1, the Company's net capital ratio shall not exceed 15 to 1.

NOTE 3 - FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The Company's assets recorded at fair value have been categorized based upon a fair value hierarchy in accordance with ASC 820. See Note 1 for a discussion of the Company's policies.

The following table presents information about the Company's assets measured at fair value as of December 31, 2012:

Quoted Prices in Active Markets	Significant Other Observable	Significant Unobservable	
for Identical Assets	Inputs	Inputs	Balance as of
(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)	December 31, 2012

Assets:

Municipal bonds \$ - \$ 8,891,574 \$ -

The Company did not have any significant transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 during the year ended December 31, 2012.

NOTE 4 - COMMITMENTS

An affiliate of the Company leases office space from unrelated parties under a non-cancelable operating leases expiring through 2013. The Company is not a party to the lease except to the extent of its expense sharing agreement with the affiliate. The total rent is allocated between the Company and the affiliate. Future minimum rental commitments under the affiliate's lease are approximately as follows:

Year	A	mount
2013	\$	37,504

Total rental expense, including the lease referred to above, is included in occupancy costs and totaled \$78,521 for the year ended December 31, 2012.

8,891,574

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(concluded)

NOTE 5 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company shares offices with an entity affiliated through common ownership (the "Affiliate"). The Company has an expense sharing agreement (the "Agreement") with the Affiliate. Under the Agreement, the Company and the Affiliate share common expenses such as rent, compensation, equipment and other operating expenses based on efforts expended for each entity. As of December 31, 2012, the Company had a receivable from the Affiliate in the amount of \$152,040 related to net expenses paid by the Company on behalf of the Affiliate. The Company also has a payable to two of its members in the amount of \$23,844 relating primarily to interest collected on bonds contributed as capital by such members.

NOTE 6 - FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, OFF-BALANCE SHEET RISKS AND CONTINGENCIES

In the normal course of business, the Company's activities through its clearing broker involve the execution, settlement and financing of various customer securities transactions. These activities may expose the Company to off-balance sheet risk. In the event a customer fails to satisfy its obligations, the Company may be required to purchase or sell financial instruments at prevailing market prices in order to fulfill the customer's obligations.

In the Company's trading activities, the Company has purchased securities for its own account and may incur losses if the market value of these securities decline subsequent to December 31, 2012.

In addition, the Company bears the risk of financial failure by its clearing broker. If the clearing broker should cease doing business, the Company's receivable and deposit from this clearing broker could be subject to forfeiture. The Company also maintains its cash balance in a financial institution, which at times may exceed federally insured limits. As of December 31, 2012, the Company held \$182,031 in excess of the federally insured limit. The Company has not experienced any losses in such accounts and believes it is not exposed to any significant credit risk.

The Company's financial instruments, including cash and cash equivalents, due from affiliate, deposit with clearing broker, due from clearing broker, interest receivable, other assets, due to clearing broker, accounts payable and accrued expenses and due to affiliates are carried at amounts which approximate fair value. Securities owned are valued as described in Note 1.

NOTE 7 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Company has performed an evaluation of subsequent events through the date the financial statements were issued. The evaluation did not result in any subsequent events that required disclosures and/or adjustments.