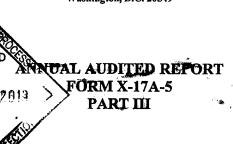


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UNITED STATES IRITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549



OMB APPROVAL

OMB Number: 3235-0123 Expires: March 31, 2016 Estimated average burden hours per response.... 12.00

> SEC FILE NUMBER 8-29471

FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING _	July 1, 2012 AND ENDING J MM/DD/YY	June 30, 2013 MM/DD/YY	
	A. REGISTRANT IDE	NTIFICATION .	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: Network i	Financial Securities, Inc.		
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BU	USINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)	-	OFFICIAL USE ONLY
2 Bridge Avenue, Building 2, Penthouse			FIRM ID NO.
(No. and St	reet)		
Red Bank	New Jersey		07701
(City)	(State)		(Zip Code)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PE	RSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO	THIS REPORT	
William R. Hunt, Jr.		(732) 758	8-9001
		(Area Code - Tele	phone No.)
	B. ACCOUNTANT IDE	NTIFICATION	
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT w	hose opinion is contained in this Report*		
Liggett, Vogt & Webb, P.A.			
	(Name - if individual, state last,	, first, middle name)	
432 Park Ave South, 10 th Floor (Address)	New York (City)	New York (State)	10016
CHECK ONE: I Certified Public Accountant Public Accountant Accountant not resident in United States of		(Зине)	(Zip Code)
	FOR OFFICIAL U	SE ONLY	

Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Willan R. Hunt, Jr., swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm Network 1 Financial Securities, Inc. as of June 30, 2013, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:

56279570	28957292	74979419	45563583	69143997	71941071
16640738	23728477	17356838	72595546	85723921	47231568
21840220	71262256	57718965	14234245	87885167	47617704
47784115	28888745	76491325	51697460	55332973	68495548
57255455	48362146	60051159	83273529	61034373	85273529 36202738

KNOWN PERSONALY TO ME

My Commission Expires February 05, 2018 SPITE OF NEW BERSEY

This report** contains (check all applicable boxes):

- (a) Facing page.
- 図 (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
- (c) Statement of Income (Loss).
- 図 (d) Statement of Changes in Cash Flows.
- (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital.
- ☐ (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
- (g) Computation of Net Capital.
- (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- ☐ (i) Information Relating to the Possession or control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
- ☐ (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-3 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- ☐ (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
- (l) An Oath or Affirmation.
- (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

^{**} For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

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432 Park Avenue South, 10th Floor New York, NY 10016 / (212) 481-3490

1500 Gateway Boulevard, Suite 202 Boynton Beach, FL 33426 / (561) 752-1721

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors Network 1Financial Securities, Inc. Red Bank, New Jersey

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Network 1Financial Securities, Inc. ("the Company") as of June 30, 2013, and the related consolidated statement of operations and stockholders' equity and cash flows for the year then ended that are filed pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

As more fully described in Note 1 to the financial statements, the Company has not recognized the effects of the reverse merger. In our opinion, accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the effects of the reverse merger would be recognized by restating the Company's stockholders equity.

In our opinion, except for the effects of the reverse merger, as discussed in Note 1, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Network 1Financial Securities, Inc. as of June 30, 2013 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matter

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained on Page 13 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information in Pages 13 has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information in Pages 13 is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Liggett, Vogt & Webb P.A.

Liggett, Vogt & Webb, P.A.

New York, New York August 28, 2013

NETWORK 1 FINANCIAL SECURITIES, INC. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION As of June 30, 2013

ASSETS	
Cash	\$ 23,381
Deposit with clearing organization	304,826
Due from affiliates	83,574
Advances to registered representatives	96,556
Loans receivable, net	487,073
Due from clearing organization	239,120
Securities, at fair value	81,090
Property and equipment, net	8,586
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,324,206
<u>LIABILITIES</u>	
Line of credit Commissions payable	\$ 30,000
• •	239,918
Securities sold short	17,250
Capital leases payable	6,382
Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities	84,645
TOTAL LIABILITIES	378,195
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES	
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	
Series A Preferred stock, \$1.00 par value, 8% coupon;	
1,000,000 shares authorized; 215,000 shares	
issued and outstanding	215,000
Series B Preferred stock, \$1.00 par value;	213,000
4,000,000 shares authorized; none issued and	
outstanding	
Common stock, Class A \$.01 par value;	-
10,000,000 shares authorized; 1,643,930 shares	
issued and 1,141,430 outstanding	16 420
Common stock, Class B \$.01 par value, non- voting;	16,439
2,000,000 shares authorized; 150,878 shares	
issued 140,528 shares outstanding	1.500
Common stock, Class C \$.01 par value;	1,509
•	
3,000,000 shares authorized; none issued and	
outstanding	-
Additional paid-in capital	1,965,391
Treasury stock at cost; Class A 502,500 shares	
and Class B 10,350 shares	(5,129)
Accumulated deficit	(1,247,199)
TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	946,012
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$ 1,324,206

NETWORK 1 FINANCIAL SECURITIES, INC.

STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

REVENUES

Commissions Investment advisory Investment banking Net dealer inventory gain Interest and dividends Transfer fees and clearing services TOTAL REVENUES	\$ -	2,556,322 293,028 1,653,123 128,158 4,813 179,653 4,815,097
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Commissions Employee compensation and benefits Office expenses Clearing fees Occupancy and related expenses Communications and data processing Professional fees Interest Depreciation		2,882,269 946,806 505, 193 122,357 191,748 111,861 33,616 3,933 11,912
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	_	4,809,695
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES	_	5,402
PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES	_	2,617
NET INCOME	\$_	2,785

NETWORK 1 FINANCIAL SECURITIES, INC. STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Preferred	Stock	Class Common		Class Common S		Additional Paid-In	Treasury Stock	Accumulated	
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Capital	at Cost	Deficit	Total
BALANCE - June 30, 2012	215,000 \$	215,000	1,643,930 \$	16,439	150,878 \$	1,509 \$	1,341,485 \$	(5,129) \$	(1,249,983)	\$ 319,321
Capital contributions							623,906			623,906
Net income	0_					0	0_		2,785	2,785
BALANCE - June 30, 2013	215,000 \$	215,000	1,643,930 \$	16,439	150,878 \$	1,509 \$	1,965,391 \$	(5,129) \$	(1,247,198)	\$946,012

NETWORK 1 FINANCIAL SECURITIES, INC.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net income	\$	2,785
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash (used in) operating activities Depreciation		11,912
Amortization of deferred compensation		57,060
Changes in operating assets and liabilities		
Deposit with clearing organization		(10,843)
Due from affiliates		(36,914)
Advances to registered representatives		(19,425)
Securities		(33,792)
Securities sold short		17,250
Commissions payable		165,303
Due to affiliates		(10,588)
Due from clearing organization		(230,177)
Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities		9,653
TOTAL ADJUSTMENTS	-	(80,561)
NET CASH (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	-	(77,776)
CASH FLOWS USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES Advances and loans receivable	-	(544.104)
NET CASH (USED IN) INVESTING ACTIVITIES	-	(544,134)
NET CASIT (USED IN) INVESTING ACTIVITIES	-	(544,134)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Capital contributions from parent		623,906
Repayment of notes payable and capital lease obligations		•
NET CASH PROVIDED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES	-	(8,813) 615,093
NET DECREASE IN CASH	_	
NET DECREASE IN CASH	_	(6,817)
CASH- Beginning of year	_	30,198
CASH- End of year	\$	23,381
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION	_	···
Cash paid during year:		
Interest	\$	3,933
Income taxes	\$	2,617

NETWORK 1 FINANCIAL SECURITIES, INC.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION

Network 1 Financial Securities, Inc. (the "Company") was organized as a Texas corporation on March 15, 1983 and is registered as a broker-dealer with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), the State of Texas and various other states. The Company is an introducing broker-dealer that clears all transactions with and for customers on a fully disclosed basis with a clearing broker. The Company is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA).

On June 9, 2009, the Company completed a merger transaction with, International Smart Sourcing, Inc. ("ISSI") an inactive publicly registered shell corporation with no significant assets or operations. ISSI was incorporated in February 1998 in Delaware. As a result of the reverse merger, Network 1 Financial Securities, Inc. ("NETW") became a wholly owned subsidiary of ISSI. The Network 1 Financial Securities, Inc shareholders acquired control of ISSI. Upon completion of the reverse merger transaction, ISSI changed its name to Network 1 Financial Group, Inc.

The effects of this reverse merger were not reflected in these financial statements and reflect this departure from the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for the current and previous year's financial statements. The accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the effects of the reverse merger would be recognized by restating the Company's stockholders equity.

The Company was required to file with the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA"), an application pursuant to FINRA Rule 1017 (the "1017 Application") to obtain approval for the sale of up to one hundred percent (100%) of the Company. The Company filed the initial 1017 Application on February 6, 2009, subsequently withdrew the 1017 Application and re-filed the 1017 application on April 2, 2009. FINRA approved the 1017 application on October 30, 2009

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, as well as the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Revenue Recognition

Customer security transactions and the related commission income and expense are recorded as of the trade date. Investment banking revenues include gains, losses, and fees, net of syndicate expenses, arising from securities offerings in which the Company acts as an underwriter or agent. Investment banking revenues also include fees earned from providing financial advisory services. Investment banking management fees are recorded on the offering date, sales concessions on the settlement date, and underwriting fees at the time the underwriting is completed and the income is reasonably determinable. Customers who are financing their transaction on margin are charged interest. The Company's margin requirements are in accordance with the terms and conditions mandated by its clearing firm. The interest is billed on the average daily balance of the margin account.

Net dealer inventory gains result from securities transactions entered into for the account and risk of the Company. Net dealer inventory gains are recorded on a trade date basis.

The Company generally acts as an agent in executing customer orders to buy or sell listed and over-the-counter securities in which it does not make a market, and charges commissions based on the services the Company provides to its customers. In executing customer orders to buy or sell a security in which the Company makes a market, the Company may sell to, or purchase from, customers at a price that is substantially equal to the current inter-dealer market price plus or minus a mark-up or mark-down. The Company may also act as agent and execute a customer's purchase or sale order with another broker-dealer market-maker at the best inter-dealer market price available and charge a commission. Mark-ups, mark-downs and commissions are generally priced competitively based on the services it provides to its customers. In each instance the commission charges, mark-ups or mark-downs, are in compliance with guidelines established by the FINRA.

Marketable securities are carried at fair value, with changes in value included in the statement of income in the period of change. Fair value is generally determined by quoted market prices. Non-marketable securities are valued at fair value as determined by management.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid temporary cash investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased, to be cash equivalents.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment is recorded at cost. Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method based on the estimated useful lives of the related assets, which range from five to seven years. Leasehold improvements are amortized using the straight-line method over the shorter of the estimated useful lives of the assets or the terms of the leases. Maintenance and repairs are charged to expense as incurred; costs of major additions and betterments that extend the useful life of the asset are capitalized. When assets are retired or otherwise disposed of, the costs and related accumulated depreciation or amortization are removed from the accounts and any gain or loss on disposal is recognized.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The Company adopted the provisions of ASC 820, "Fair Value Measurements", which defines fair value for accounting purposes, establishes a framework for measuring fair value and expands disclosure requirements regarding fair value measurements. Fair value is defined as an exit price, which is the price that would be received upon sale of an asset or paid upon transfer of a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The degree of judgment utilized in measuring the fair value of assets and liabilities generally correlates to the level of pricing observability. Financial assets and liabilities with readily available, actively quoted prices or for which fair value can be measured from actively quoted prices in active markets generally have more pricing observability and require less judgment in measuring fair value. Conversely, financial assets and liabilities that are rarely traded or not quoted have less price observability and are generally measured at fair value using valuation models that require more judgment. These valuation techniques involve some level of management estimation and judgment, the degree of which is dependent on the price transparency of the asset, liability or market and the nature of the asset or liability. As of June 30, 2013, the Company has categorized its financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value into a three-level hierarchy in accordance with ASC 820.

Impairment of Long-Lived Assets

The Company assesses the recoverability of its long lived assets, including property and equipment when there are indications that the assets might be impaired. When evaluating assets for potential impairment, the Company first compares the carrying amount of the asset to the asset's estimated future cash flows (undiscounted and without interest charges). If the estimated future cash flows used in this analysis are less than the carrying amount of the asset, an impairment loss calculation is prepared. The impairment loss calculation compares the carrying amount of the asset to the asset's estimated future cash flows (discounted and with interest charges). If the carrying amount exceeds the asset's estimated futures cash flows (discounted and with interest charges), the loss is allocated to the long-lived assets of the group on a pro rata basis using the relative carrying amounts of those assets. Based on its assessments, the Company did not incur any impairment charges for the year ended June 30, 2013.

Concentrations of Credit Risk

The Company is engaged in trading and providing a broad range of securities brokerage and investment services to a diverse group of retail and institutional clientele, as well as corporate finance and investment banking services to corporations and businesses. Counterparties to the Company's business activities include broker-dealers and clearing organizations, banks and other financial institutions. The Company uses clearing brokers to process transactions and maintain customer accounts on a fee basis for the Company. The Company uses one clearing broker for substantially all of its business. The Company permits the clearing firms to extend credit to its clientele secured by cash and securities in the client's account. The Company's exposure to credit risk associated with the non-performance by its customers and counterparties in fulfilling their contractual obligations can be directly impacted by volatile or illiquid trading markets, which may impair the ability of customers and counterparties to satisfy their obligations to the Company. The Company has agreed to indemnify the clearing brokers for losses they incur while extending credit to the Company's clients. It is the Company's policy to review, as necessary, the credit standing of its customers and each counterparty. Amounts due from customers that are considered uncollectible by the clearing broker are charged back to the Company by the clearing broker when such amounts become determinable.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Upon notification of a charge back, such amounts, in total or in part, are then either (i) collected from the customers, (ii) charged to the broker initiating the transaction and included in other receivables in the accompanying balance sheet, and/or (iii) charged as an expense in the accompanying statements of operations, based on the particular facts and circumstances.

The maximum potential amount for future payments that the Company could be required to pay under this indemnification cannot be estimated. However, the Company believes that it is unlikely it will have to make any material payments under these arrangements and has not recorded any contingent liability in the financial statements for this indemnification.

The Company maintains cash with major financial institutions. The Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insures up to up to \$250,000 are insured by the FDIC at each institution. At times such amounts may exceed the FDIC limits. At June 30, 2013 the Company had no uninsured cash bank balances. The Company believes it is not exposed to any significant credit risks for cash.

Advances to Registered Representatives

The Company extends unsecured credit in the normal course of business to its registered representatives. The determination of the amount of uncollectible accounts is based on the amount of credit extended and the length of time each receivable has been outstanding, as it relates to each individual registered representative. The allowance for uncollectible amounts reflects the amount of loss that can be reasonably estimated by management and is included as part of operating expenses in the accompanying statements of operations. As of June 30, 2013, the Company has reserved approximately \$90,000 for any potential non-collection.

Income Taxes

In accordance with ASC 740, "Income Taxes," The Company accounts for income taxes under the liability method. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are determined based on the estimated future tax effects of temporary differences between the financial statement and tax bases of assets and liabilities, as measured by current enacted tax rates. The Company periodically assess whether it is more likely than not that they will generate sufficient taxable income to realize the deferred tax assets. The Company records a valuation allowance, as necessary, to reduce the deferred tax assets to the amount of future tax benefit that The Company estimates is more likely than not to be realized. The Company believes that their estimates are reasonable; however, the final outcome of tax matters may be different from than the estimates reflected in their financial statements.

The Company's records tax benefits for positions that they believe are probable of being sustained under such examinations. Regularly, the Company assesses the potential outcome of such examinations to determine the adequacy of their income tax accruals. The Company adjusts their income tax provision during the period in which they determine that the actual results of the examinations may differ from their estimates. Changes in tax laws and rates are reflected in their income tax provision in the period in which they occur.

NOTE 3 - SECURITIES OWNED AND SECURITIES SOLD, BUT NOT YET PURCHASED, AT MARKET

The following table shows the market values of the Company's investment securities owned and securities sold, but not yet purchased as of June 30, 2013:

	Securities Owned	Securities Sold but not Purchased
Securities (other than clearing firm deposit)	\$ 81,090	\$ 17,250

Securities sold, but not yet purchased commit the Company to deliver specified securities at predetermined prices. The transactions may result in market risk since, to satisfy the obligation, the Company must acquire the securities at market prices, which may exceed the values reflected in the statements of financial condition. As of June 30, 2013 the Company had \$17,250 securities sold, but not yet purchased.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

NOTE 4 - DEPOSIT WITH CLEARING ORGANIZATION

The following represents amounts on deposit with COR Clearing ("COR"), formerly Legent Securities, in the Company's clearing broker inventory account:

Cash	\$ 250,127
Marketable securities, net of fair value adjustment of \$20,662	54,699
Total	\$ 304,826

The marketable securities are primarily comprised of corporate stocks. Marketable securities on deposit with COR are reflected at fair value. The Company is required to maintain a deposit balance of \$100,000 with COR of cash and securities.

NOTE 5 - DUE FROM AFFILIATES

As of June 30, 2013, due from affiliates consisted of the following:

Network 1 Financial Advisors, Inc (*)	\$	1,050
National Financial Services Group, Inc. (*)		1,860
Network 1 Financial Group Corp. (*)		80,464
Network 1 Financial Assurance, Inc. (*)		200
Total	\$_	83,574

^(*) Represents amounts due from an affiliates whose officers and shareholders are officers and shareholders' of the Company.

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment, net, consists of the following at June 30, 2013:

Equipment	\$	148,766
Furniture and fixtures		31,251
Total		180,017
Less: accumulated depreciation		(171,431)
Property and Equipment - Net	\$ _	8,586

Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2013 was approximately \$11,912.

NOTE 7 - CAPITAL LEASE OBLIGATION

The asset and liability under the capital lease are recorded at the lower of the present value of the minimum lease payments or the fair value of the asset. The asset is included in property and equipment and is amortized over the estimated life of the asset. The interest rate under the lease is 6.89% and is imputed based on the lessor's implicit rate of return. The capital lease is payable in monthly installments of \$210, including interest through September 2015.

Amortization of assets held under the capital lease is included in depreciation expense.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

NOTE 7 - CAPITAL LEASE OBLIGATION (Continued)

At June 30, 2013, the future lease payments under the capital lease are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending	
June 30,	<u>Amount</u>
2014	2,517
2015	2,517
2016	1,348
Total minimum lease payments	\$ 6,382

NOTE 8 - LINE OF CREDIT

The Company's bank line is payable on demand. The maximum amount the Company could borrow is \$100,000, indebtedness under the line of credit provides for interest at the bank's prime rate, plus 1.0%. As of June 30, 2013, the amount outstanding under this credit facility was \$30,000. Indebtedness under the credit agreement is collateralized by substantially all of the assets of the Company and officers personal guarantee. The Company did not reduce the debt by 40% of the outstanding balance per year in 2013 on the anniversary date as required by the loan documents. The bank has not enforced this requirement and the Company can not speculate if and when the bank will require the Company to reduce the outstanding balance.

NOTE 9 - INCOME TAXES

As of June 30, 2013, the Company had net operating loss carryforwards available to offset future taxable income of approximately \$2.4 million. These net operating losses which, if not utilized, begin expiring in 2023. At June 30, 2013 the Company has a deferred tax asset, which consists primarily of temporary differences relating to net operating losses. Deferred income taxes reflect the net tax effects of operating loss and tax credit carryforwards and temporary differences between carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for income tax purposes. In assessing the realization of deferred tax assets, management considers whether it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized. The ultimate realization of deferred tax assets is dependent upon the generation of future taxable income during the periods in which temporary differences representing net future deductible amounts become deductible. ASC 740 requires that a valuation allowance be established when it is "more likely than not" that all, or a portion of, deferred tax assets will not be realized.

A review of all available positive and negative evidence needs to be considered, including a company's performance, the market environment in which the company operates the length of carryback and carryforward periods, and expectations of future profits, etc.

The Company believes that uncertainty exists with respect to future realization of the deferred tax assets and has established a valuation allowance for the full amount as of June 30, 2013.

NOTE 10 - BENEFIT CONTRIBUTION PLAN

The Company sponsors a 401K profit sharing plan that covers substantially all of its employees. The plan provides for a discretionary annual contribution, and is allocated in proportion to compensation. In addition, each participant may elect to contribute to the Plan by way of a salary deduction. An employee becomes fully vested in the Company's contribution after 6 years. A participant is fully vested in their own contributions. For the year ended June 30, 2013, the Company made no discretionary contributions to the Plan.

NOTE 11 - STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

Shares Authorized

The Company's authorized number of shares of capital stock is 20,000,000 issuable in series with rights, preferences, privileges and restrictions as determined by the Board of Directors.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

NOTE 11 - STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (Continued)

Series A Preferred Stock

As of June 30, 2013, the Company has 1,000,000 shares authorized, of 8% Series A preferred stock \$1.00 par value, and 215,000 shares are issued and outstanding.

The Series A preferred stock is redeemable at the option of the Company's Board of Directors at 125% of the issuance price plus any dividends earned but unpaid and after one year outstanding. The Series A preferred stock is non-voting and non-cumulative. Of the 215,000 shares issued, 99,000 shares are owned by National Financial Services Group, Inc., an affiliated Company, whose officers and shareholders' are officers and shareholders of the Company and 31,000 were owned by HT Ardinger and Son an indirect owner of the Broker Dealer. For the year ended June 30, 2013 the Company paid no dividends with respect to the preferred stock.

The preferred stock shareholders are entitled to a bonus dividend at the discretion of the board of directors based on the profitability of the firms market making investment activities minus certain deductions. No bonus dividends were declared for the year ended June 30, 2013.

Series B Preferred Stock

As of June 30, 2013, the Company has 4,000,000 shares authorized, of Series B preferred stock \$1.00 par value, none issued and outstanding. The class B preferred stock is non-voting.

Class A Common Stock

As of June 30, 2013, the Company has 10,000,000 shares of class A common stock, \$0.01 par value authorized. 1,643,930 shares are issued and 1,141,430 shares are outstanding. The class A common stock is voting.

Class B Common Stock

As of June 30, 2013, the Company has 2,000,000 shares of class B common stock, \$0.01 par value authorized, 150,878 shares are issued and 140,528 shares are outstanding. The class B common stock is non-voting and is convertible to class A voting stock on a 1:1 ratio upon 75% member approval of the Board of Directors.

Class C Common Stock

As of June 30, 2013, the Company has 3,000,000 shares of class C common stock, \$0.01 par value authorized, none issued and outstanding. The class C common stock is non-voting.

NOTE 12 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Litigation

On July 25, 2013 the Firm received notice of a filing for arbitration naming the Firm, the former clearing firm, and two officers and a register representative of the broker dealer. The Claimant is seeking rescission of notes issued to them in the amount of \$345,000 by a company partially owned by the officers, a register representative and the claimant which is defunct. The claimant is also seeking losses that may have occurred in their brokerage account to be determined at a later date. Network 1 Financial Securities was not the placement agent of the said notes. Network 1 Financial Securities has retained counsel to rigorously defend itself.

The Company has not established liabilities for the potential loss related to the above arbitration. In determining whether to establish a liability, the Company's management uses its judgment to determine the probability that losses have been incurred and a reasonable estimate of the amount of the losses. In making these decisions, we base our judgments on our knowledge of the situations, consultations with legal counsel and our historical experience in resolving similar matters. In many lawsuits, arbitrations and regulatory proceedings, it is not possible to determine whether a liability has been incurred or to estimate the amount of that liability until the matter is close to resolution. However, accruals are reviewed regularly and are adjusted to reflect our estimates of the impact of developments, rulings, advice of counsel and any other information pertinent to a particular matter. Because of the inherent difficulty in predicting the ultimate outcome of legal and regulatory actions, we cannot predict with certainty the eventual loss or range of loss related to such matters. If our judgments prove to be incorrect, our liability for losses and contingencies may not accurately reflect actual losses that result from these actions, which could materially affect results in the period other expenses are ultimately determined.

NETWORK 1 FINANCIAL SECURITIES, INC.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

NOTE 12 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Continued)

The Company may be involved in other legal proceedings in the ordinary course of business. Such matters are subject to many uncertainties, and outcomes are not predictable with assurance. The Company currently is not involved in any other legal proceedings.

Lease Commitments

The Company leases its corporate office facility under an operating lease assigned to Network 1 Financial Group, Inc. expiring in June 2014. Additionally, the Company has another office facility on a month-to-month lease. Rent expense for the year ended June 30, 2013 was \$157,859.

NOTE 14 – FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

ASC 820 defines fair value as the amount that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (i.e., an exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. ASC 820 also establishes a fair value hierarchy that requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. ASC 820 describes the following three levels of inputs that may be used:

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets that are accessible at the measurement date for identical assets and liabilities. The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to Level 1 inputs.

Level 2: Observable prices that are based on inputs not quoted on active markets but corroborated by market data.

Level 3: Unobservable inputs when there is little or no market data available, thereby requiring an entity to develop its own assumptions. The fair value hierarchy gives the lowest priority to Level 3 inputs.

The table below summarizes the fair values of financial assets that are measured on a recurring basis at fair value as of June 30, 2013:

	Level I	Level 2	<u>Level 3</u>	Total
Securities held for resale, at market	\$ 37,342	\$ 43,748	\$ -	\$ 81,090
Marketable securities with clearing organization	54,699	-	-	54,699
Total	\$ 92,041	\$ 43,748	\$ -	\$ 135,789

NOTE 15 - NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

The Company is a registered broker-dealer and is subject to the SEC's Uniform Net Capital Rule 15c3-1. This requires that the Company maintain minimum net capital of \$100,000 and also requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness, as defined, to net capital, shall not exceed 15 to 1.

As of June 30, 2013, the Company's net capital exceeded the requirement by approximately \$96,202.

Advances, dividend payments and other equity withdrawals are restricted by the regulations of the SEC, and other regulatory agencies are subject to certain notification and other provisions of the net capital rules of the SEC. The Company qualifies under the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3 as the Company does not carry security accounts for customers or perform custodial functions related to customer securities.

NOTE 16 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Company has evaluated subsequent events through the date the financial statements were available to be issued, which is the same date as the independent auditors' report. No subsequent events have occurred that would require adjustments to or disclosure in the financial statements.

NETWORK 1 FINANCIAL SECURITIES, INC. COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER RULE 15c3-1 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION AS OF JUNE 30, 2013

NET CAPITAL		
Total stockholders' equity	\$	946,012
Decuctions and/or charges:		
Non-allowable assets:		
Due from affiliates		83,574
Advances to registered representatives		96,556
Loans receivable		487,073
Property and equipment		8,586
Marketable secuities, restricted		62,106
		737,895
NET CAPITAL BEFORE HAIRCUTS AND SECURITIES		208,117
Haircuts of securities		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Trading and investment securities: Other securities		11000
Blockage charges		11,052
Diockage chaiges		863
		11,915
NET CAPITAL	\$	196,202
COMBITATION OF BACIC NET CARITAL BEOLUBER COM		
COMPUTATION OF BASIC NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT Minimum net capital required		100.000
Excess net capital		100,000
Excess net capital Excess net capital at 1000%		96,202
Excess her capital at 100070		58,382
AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS		
Items included in statement of financial condition:		
Line of credit		30,000
Commissions payable		239,918
Securities sold short		17,250
Capital leases		6,382
Accounts payable, accrued expense and other liabilities		84,645
TOTAL AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS	\$	378,195

NETWORK 1 FINANCIAL SECURITIES, INC. COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER RULE 15c3-1 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION AS OF JUNE 30, 2013

RECONCILATION WITH COMPANY'S COMPUTATION (Included in Part II of Form X-17a-5 as of June 30, 2013)

No material differences exist between the above computation and the computation on the unaudited focus pursuant to Rule 17a-5.

COMPUTATION FOR DETERMINATION OF RESERVE REQUIREMENTS UNDER RULE 15c3-3

The Company is exempt from the provision of rule 15c3-3 and for the year ended June 30, 2013, the Company was in compliance with the conditions of exemption.



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL ACCOUNTING CONTROL

Board of Directors Network 1 Financial Securities, Inc. Red Bank, New Jersey

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedules of Network 1 Financial Securities, Inc. (the Company), for the year ended June 30, 2013, we considered its internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including tested of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers for perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of difference required by Rule 17a-13.
- 2. Complying with the requirements of prompt payment for securities under section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, errors or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A deficiency in internal control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the company's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined previously. We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considerably by the SEC to be adequate for its purpose in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at June 30, 2013, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of Board of Directors, management, the SEC, FINRA, and other regulatory agencies that rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

LIGGETT, VOGT & WEBB, P.A.

Liggett, Vogt & Webb, P.A.

New York, New York August 28, 2013



432 Park Avenue South, 10th Floor New York, NY 10016 / (212) 481-3490

1500 Gateway Boulevard, Suite 202 Boynton Beach, FL 33426 / (561) 752-1721

The Board of Directors Network 1 Financial Securities, Inc. Red Bank, New Jersey

In accordance with Rule 17a-5(e) (4) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, we have performed the procedures enumerated below with respect to the accompanying Schedule of Assessment and Payments [Transitional Assessment Reconciliation (Form SIPC-7T)] to the Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SPIC) for the year ended June 30, 2013, which were agreed to by Network 1 Financial Securities, Inc. and the Securities and Exchange Commission, Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc., and SIPC, solely to assist you in evaluating Network 1 Financial Securities, Inc.'s compliance with the applicable instructions of the Transitional Assessment Reconciliation (Form SIPC-7T). Network 1 Financial Securities, Inc.'s management is responsible for the Network 1 Financial Securities, Inc.'s compliance with those requirements. This agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with the attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of those parties specified in this report. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose. The procedures we performed and our findings are as follows:

- 1. Compared the listed assessment payments in the Form SIPC-7T with respective cash disbursement record entries noting no differences;
- 2. Compared the amounts reported on the audited Form X-17A-5 for the year ended June 30, 2013, with the amounts reported in the Form SIPC-7T for the year ended June 30, 2013 noting no differences;
- 3. Compared any adjustments in Form SIPC-7T with supporting schedules and working papers noting no differences; and
- 4. Proved the arithmetical accuracy of the calculations reflected in Form SIPC-7T and in the related schedules and working papers supporting the adjustments noting no differences.

We were not engaged to, and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on compliance. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the specified parties listed above and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

LIGGETT, VOGT & WEBB, P.A.

Liggett, Vogt & Webb, P.A.

New York, New York August 28, 2013