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UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, DC 20549

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ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT
FORM X-17A-5
PART III

SEC FILE NUMBER
8-042967

FACING PAGE
Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING 01/01/12 (MM/DD/YY) AND ENDING 12/31/12 (MM/DD/YY)

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: **INNOVA SECURITIES, INC.**

OFFICIAL USE ONLY
FIRM ID. NO.

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)

3703 WOODSMAN COURT
(No. and Street)

SUITLAND	MD	20746-1376
(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT

ERIC POOKRUM — 301-967-7368
(Area Code-Telephone No.)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report*

WILLIAM BATDORF & COMPANY, P.C.
(Name- *if individual, state last, first, middle name)*

1750 K STREET, NW, SUITE 375, WASHINGTON, DC 20006
(Address) (City) (State) (Zip Code)

CHECK ONE:
- ☒ Certified Public Accountant
- ☐ Public Accountant
- ☐ Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)2.

Sec. 1410 (06-02) ***Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.***

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OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, ERIC POOKRUM, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief that the accompanying financial statements and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of INNOVA SECURITIES, INC., as of December 31, 2012, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of customer, except as follows:

Signature

CEO

Title

Notary Public
Comm exp 6/21/16

This report** contains (check all applicable boxes):

- ☒ (a) Facing page.
- ☒ (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
- ☐ (c) Statement of Income (Loss).
- ☐ (d) Statement of Cash Flows.
- ☐ (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital.
- ☐ (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
- ☐ (g) Computation of Net Capital.
- ☐ (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- ☐ (i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
- ☐ (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- ☐ (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
- ☒ (l) An Oath or Affirmation.
- ☒ (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
- ☐ (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.
- ☒ (o) Independent auditor's report on internal accounting control.

** *For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).*

INNOVA SECURITIES, INC.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

DECEMBER 31, 2012

INNOVA SECURITIES, INC.
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT
DECEMBER 31, 2012

CONTENTS

WILLIAM BATDORF & COMPANY, P.C.
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
1750 K STREET, N.W., SUITE 375
WASHINGTON, DC 20006
TELEPHONE: (202) 331-1040

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Directors and Stockholders
INNOVA Securities, Inc.
Suitland, MD

Report on the Financial Statements
We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of INNOVA Securities, Inc. (the Company) as of December 31, 2012, that is filed pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements
Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility
Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Company's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion
In our opinion, the financial statement referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of INNOVA Securities, Inc. as of December 31, 2012, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

William Batdorf & Company, P.C.

Washington, DC
February 22, 2013

INNOVA SECURITIES, INC.
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION
DECEMBER 31, 2012

ASSETS

Cash	$	9,850
Commissions Receivable		4,594
Fixed Assets		-
Total Assets	$	14,444

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expense	$	5,750
Income Taxes Payable		-
Total Liabilities	$	5,750
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Preferred Stock		22
Common Stock		200
Additional Paid-In Capital		402,422
Retained Earnings (Deficit)		(393,950)
Total Stockholders' Equity		8,694
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	$	14,444

Note 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Organization - The Company is a registered broker/dealer of securities. The Company is registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and is a member of Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA).

Estimates - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Property and Equipment - Depreciation is computed using primarily the straight-line method calculated to amortize the cost of the assets over their estimated useful lives. At December 31, 2012, all of the fixed assets ($15,060) were fully depreciated.

Revenue Recognition - Commission revenues are recognized on a trade date basis.

Income Taxes - Federal and state income taxes are accounted for in accordance with the provisions of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 109. The provision for deferred federal and state income tax expense or benefit represents the net change during the year in the Company's deferred federal and state income tax assets or liabilities.

Deferred federal and state income tax assets (based on current tax laws) represent the amount of federal and state taxes recoverable in future years resulting from future net tax deductions arising from temporary differences in the reporting of certain types of income and expense items for financial statement and for income tax purposes.

Deferred federal and state income tax liabilities represent the amount of taxes payable in future years (based on current tax laws) resulting from future net taxable amounts arising from temporary differences in the reporting of certain types of income and expense items for financial statement and for income tax purposes.

The Company complies with Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 740, Income Taxes which requires an asset and liability approach to financial accounting and reporting for income taxes. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are computed for differences between the financial statement and tax basis of assets and liabilities that will result in taxable or deductible amounts in the future based on the enacted tax laws and rates applicable to the periods in which the differences are expected to affect taxable income. Valuation allowances are established, when necessary, to reduce the deferred income tax assets to the amount expected to be realized.

ASC 740 provides guidance for how uncertain tax positions should be recognized, measured, presented and disclosed in the financial statements. ASC 740 requires the evaluation of tax positions taken or expected to be taken in the course of preparing the Company's tax returns to determine whether the tax positions are "more-likely-than-not" of being sustained by the applicable tax authority. Tax positions not deemed to meet the more-likely-than-not threshold would be recorded as tax benefit or expense in the current year.

Concentrations of Credit Risk - Financial instruments which potentially subject the Company to concentrations of credit risk consist principally of accounts receivable. The Company's accounts receivable are primarily due from securities broker/dealers.

NOTE 2 - NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (SEC Rule 15c3-1) which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. At December 31, 2012, the Company had net capital of $8,694 which was $3,694 over of its required net capital of $5,000. The Company's ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital was .66 to 1.

NOTE 3 - OTHER REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

The Company does not hold any funds or securities for the accounts of customers and clears all its customers' transactions through another broker-dealer on a fully disclosed basis. It is therefore exempt for the customer reserve requirements of the Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c3-3 under Section (k)(2)(ii).

NOTE 4 - STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

Preferred Stock - The Company has 500 shares of $1 par restricted non-voting preferred stock authorized. There are 22.22 shares issued and outstanding.

Common Stock - The Company has 8,000 shares of $1 par common stock authorized with 200 shares issued and outstanding.

NOTE 5 - PROFIT-SHARING- RETIREMENT PLAN

The Company has in effect a contributory, incentive profit-sharing retirement plan for all eligible employees. Company contributions to the plan are at the discretion of the Board of Directors, but may not exceed the maximum allowable deduction permitted under the Internal Revenue Code at the time of the contribution. The Company did not make a contribution to the plan for the year ended December 31, 2012.

While the Company expects to continue the plan indefinitely, it has reserved the right to modify, amend or terminate the plan. In the event of termination, the entire amount contributed under the plan must be applied to the payment of benefits to the participants or their beneficiaries.

NOTE 6 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events through February 20, 2013, the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued. No events have occurred since the balance sheet date that would have material impact on the financial statements.

WILLIAM BATDORF & COMPANY, P.C.
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
1750 K STREET, N.W., SUITE 375
WASHINGTON, DC 20006
TELEPHONE: (202) 331-1040

SUPPLEMENTARY REPORT OF INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS ON INTERNAL ACCOUNTING CONTROL

Board of Directors and Stockholder
INNOVA Securities, Inc.
Suitland, Maryland

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of INNOVA Securities, Inc. (the Company), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2012, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13

2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's previously mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the company's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined previously.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2012, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the members, management, the SEC, FINRA and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

William Bathlof & Company, P.C.

Washington, DC
February 20, 2013

WILLIAM BATDORF & COMPANY, P.C.
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
1750 K STREET, N.W., SUITE 375
WASHINGTON, DC 20006
TELEPHONE: (202) 331-1040

Board of Directors and Stockholders
INNOVA Securities, Inc.
Suitland, MD

In accordance with Rule 17a-5(e)(4) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, we have performed the procedures enumerated below with respect to the accompanying Schedule of Assessment and Payments [General Assessment Reconciliation (Form SIPC-7)] to the Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC) for the year ended December 31, 2012, which were agreed to by INNOVA Securities, Inc. and the Securities and Exchange Commission, Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc., and SIPC solely to assist you and the other specified parties in evaluating INNOVA Securities, Inc.'s compliance with the applicable instructions of the General Assessment Reconciliation (Form SIPC-7). INNOVA Securities, Inc.'s management is responsible for INNOVA Securities, Inc.'s compliance with those requirements. This agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of those parties specified in this report. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose. The procedures we performed and our findings are as follows:

1. Compared the listed assessment payments in Form SIPC-7 with respective cash disbursement records entries including check registers and bank statements noting no differences;

2. Compared the amounts reported on the audited Form X-17A-5 for the year ended December 31, 2012, as applicable, with the amounts reported in Form SIPC-7 for the year ended December 31, 2012, noting no differences;

3. Compared any adjustments reported in Form SIPC-7 with supporting schedules and working papers noting no differences;

4. Proved the arithmetical accuracy of the calculations reflected in Form SIPC-7 and in the related schedules and working papers supporting the adjustments noting no differences; and

5. Compared the amount of any overpayment applied to the current assessment with the Form SIPC-7 on which it was originally computed noting no differences.

We were not engaged to, and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on compliance. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the specified parties listed above and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

William Batdorf & Company, P.C.

Washington, DC
February 20, 2013

SIPC-7
(33-REV 7/10)

SECURITIES INVESTOR PROTECTION CORPORATION

P.O. Box 92185 Washington, D.C. 20090-2185
202-371-8300

General Assessment Reconciliation

For the fiscal year ended 12/31/2012
(Read carefully the instructions in your Working Copy before completing this Form)

SIPC-7
(33-REV 7/10)

TO BE FILED BY ALL SIPC MEMBERS WITH FISCAL YEAR ENDINGS

1. Name of Member, address, Designated Examining Authority, 1934 Act registration no. and month in which fiscal year ends for purposes of the audit requirement of SEC Rule 17a-5:

042967 FINRA DEC
INNOVA SECURITIES INC 14*14
3703 WOODSMAN CT
SUITLAND MD 20746-1376

Note: If any of the information shown on the mailing label requires correction, please e-mail any corrections to form@sipc.org and so indicate on the form filed.

Name and telephone number of person to contact respecting this form.

Eric Pookrum(301)967-7368

2. A. General Assessment (item 2e from page 2) $ 29

B. Less payment made with SIPC-6 filed (**exclude interest**) (17)

10/01/12
Date Paid

C. Less prior overpayment applied (12)

D. Assessment balance due or (overpayment)

E. Interest computed on late payment (see instruction E) for ____ days at 20% per annum

F. Total assessment balance and interest due (or overpayment carried forward) $ 12

G. PAID WITH THIS FORM:
Check enclosed, payable to SIPC
Total (must be same as F above) $ 12

H. Overpayment carried forward $( )

3. Subsidiaries (S) and predecessors (P) included in this form (give name and 1934 Act registration number):

The SIPC member submitting this form and the person by whom it is executed represent thereby that all information contained herein is true, correct and complete.

INNOVA Securities, Inc.
(Name of Corporation, Partnership or other organization)

(Authorized Signature)

Dated the 22nd day of February , 2013 .

CEO
(Title)

This form and the assessment payment is due 60 days after the end of the fiscal year. Retain the Working Copy of this form for a period of not less than 6 years, the latest 2 years in an easily accessible place.

SIPC REVIEWER

Dates: ____ Postmarked ____ Received ____ Reviewed

Calculations ____ Documentation ____ Forward Copy ____

Exceptions:

Disposition of exceptions:

DETERMINATION OF "SIPC NET OPERATING REVENUES" AND GENERAL ASSESSMENT

Amounts for the fiscal period beginning 1/1/2012 and ending 12/31/2012

Item No.	Eliminate cents
2a. Total revenue (FOCUS Line 12/Part IIA Line 9, Code 4030)	$ 15,976
2b. Additions:	
(1) Total revenues from the securities business of subsidiaries (except foreign subsidiaries) and predecessors not included above.	
(2) Net loss from principal transactions in securities in trading accounts.	
(3) Net loss from principal transactions in commodities in trading accounts.	
(4) Interest and dividend expense deducted in determining item 2a.	
(5) Net loss from management of or participation in the underwriting or distribution of securities.	
(6) Expenses other than advertising, printing, registration fees and legal fees deducted in determining net profit from management of or participation in underwriting or distribution of securities.	
(7) Net loss from securities in investment accounts.	
Total additions	
2c. Deductions:	
(1) Revenues from the distribution of shares of a registered open end investment company or unit investment trust, from the sale of variable annuities, from the business of insurance, from investment advisory services rendered to registered investment companies or insurance company separate accounts, and from transactions in security futures products.	
(2) Revenues from commodity transactions.	
(3) Commissions, floor brokerage and clearance paid to other SIPC members in connection with securities transactions.	4,184
(4) Reimbursements for postage in connection with proxy solicitation.	
(5) Net gain from securities in investment accounts.	
(6) 100% of commissions and markups earned from transactions in (i) certificates of deposit and (ii) Treasury bills, bankers acceptances or commercial paper that mature nine months or less from issuance date.	
(7) Direct expenses of printing advertising and legal fees incurred in connection with other revenue related to the securities business (revenue defined by Section 16(9)(L) of the Act).	
(8) Other revenue not related either directly or indirectly to the securities business. (See Instruction C):	
(Deductions in excess of $100,000 require documentation)	
(9) (i) Total interest and dividend expense (FOCUS Line 22/PART IIA Line 13, Code 4075 plus line 2b(4) above) but not in excess of total interest and dividend income. $	
(ii) 40% of margin interest earned on customers securities accounts (40% of FOCUS line 5, Code 3960). $	
Enter the greater of line (i) or (ii)	
Total deductions	4,184
2d. SIPC Net Operating Revenues	$ 11,792
2e. General Assessment @ .0025	$ 29

(to page 1, line 2.A.)