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UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D. C 20549

> **ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A-5** PART III

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8-44993 **FACING PAGE** Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNII	NG	01-Jan-12	AND ENDING	31-Dec-12
	A. REGISTRAI	IT IDENTIFICATION		
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:	Avalon Securities, Inc.	ND.		
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use F		No.)	f	OFFICIAL USE ONLY
			L	FIRM I.D. NO.
19 West 44th Stre				
	(No. :	and Street)		
New York	NY NY		10036	
(City)	(State)		(Zip Code)	
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF Lynda Davey	PERSON TO CONTACT IN REG	ARD TO THIS REPORT		212-764-5610
			(Area code	- Telephone number)
	B. ACCOUNTAI	IT IDENTIFICATION		
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTAN				
	(Name- if individual, st	ssociates,LLC ate last, first, middle nam	ne)	
27 Beach Road- Suite C05A		outh Beach	•	
(Address)		City)	NJ (State)	07750 (Zip code)
CHECK ONE:				
X Certified Public	c Accountant			
Public Account	tant			
Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.				
FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY				

* Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e(2)

SEC 1410 (06-02)

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OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Lynda Davey	, swear (or amm) that, to the best of
my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial stateme	nt and supporting schedules pertaining to the tirm of
Avaion Securities, Inc.	, as of
December 31, 2012	, are true and correct, I further swear (or affirm)
that neither company per any nather proprietor principal offi	cer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified
solely as that of a customer, except as follows:	•
	(1/1/1)
•	Willel Buy
	Signature
	1 / 90
X / /	Title
De huer	
para jo	,
Notary Public	,
	SUZANNE JURAN
	Notary Public, State of New York
This report ** contains (check applicable boxes):	No. 01JU4821037
	Qualified in Queens County //
X (a) Facing Page	Commission Expires May 31, 20
X (b) Statement of Financial Condition	
X (c) Statement of Income (Loss)	
X (d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition	D. Const Oak Description Control
X (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity	or Parmers or Sole Proprietors Capital
(f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinal	ed to the Claims of Creditors
(g) Computation of Net Capital(including reconcilia	ation of X-17A-5 Part II filing with this Rule 17a-5(d) report, if applicable)
(h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Re	quirements Pursuant to Rule 1503-3
(i) Information relating to the Possession of Contr	of Requirements Under Rule 1503-3
(j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explana	ation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-3 and the
Computation for determination of the Reserve	Requirements Under Exhibit A of rukle 15c3-3.
	unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to the
methods of consolidation.	
X (I) An Oath or Affirmation	
(m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.	
X (n) A report describing any material inadequacies	found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.
Language Control of the Control of t	

^{**}For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filling, see Section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

DONAHUE ASSOCIATES, L.L.C. 27 BEACH ROAD, SUITE CO5-A MONMOUTH BEACH, NJ. 07750

Phone: (732) 229-7723

Independent Auditor's Report

The Shareholder Avalon Securities, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Avalon Securities, Inc., which comprise the balance sheet at December 31, 2012 and the related statements of operations, changes in shareholder equity, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financials statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements presented are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Avalon Securities, Inc. as of December 31, 2012 and the results of their operations and their cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Donahue Associates LLC

Monmouth Beach, New Jersey

February 23, 2013

Avalon Securities, Inc. Balance Sheet As of December 31, 2012

ASSETS

Current assets: Cash Account receivable	\$6,290 12,433
Prepaid expense Total Current Assets	<u>82</u> \$18,805
Total Current Assets	
Total Assets	<u>\$18,805</u>
LIABILITIES & SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY	
Current liabilities: Accounts payable & accrued expenses Total Current Liabilities	<u>\$1,753</u> \$1,753
Shareholder's Equity:	
Common stock: 1,000 shares authorized, stated value \$1 100 shares issued and outstanding	\$100 9,300
Additional paid in capital Retained earnings	7,652
Shareholder's equity	17,052
Total Liabilities & Shareholder's Equity	<u>\$18,805</u>

Please see the notes to the financial statements.

Avalon Securities, Inc. Statement of Operations For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

Revenues	\$181,458
General and administrative expenses: Management fees Professional fees General administration Total general and administrative expenses	\$67,618 1,688 <u>111,750</u> 181,056
Net income before income tax provision	\$402
Provision for income taxes	0
Net income	\$402

Please see the notes to the financial statements.

Avalon Securities, Inc. Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

Operating activities: Net income Observes in other exerting exects and liabilities:	\$402
Changes in other operating assets and liabilities: Account receivable Prepaid expense Other asset Accounts payable & accrued expenses	(11,076) 5,077 588 (1,185)
Net cash used by operations	_(6,194)
Net decrease in cash during the fiscal year	(\$6,194)
Cash at December 31, 2011	12,484
Cash at December 31, 2012	\$6,290
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information: Interest paid during the fiscal year Income taxes paid during the fiscal year	\$0 \$496

Avalon Securities, Inc. Statement of Changes in Shareholder's Equity For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

	Common Shares	Common Value	Paid in Capital	Retained Earnings	Total Equity
Balance at December 31, 2011	100	\$100	\$9,300	\$7,250	\$16,650
Net income				402	402
Balance at December 31, 2012	100	<u>\$100</u>	\$9,300	<u>\$7,652</u>	\$17,052

Please see the notes to the financial statements.

Avalon Securities, Inc.
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

1. Organization

Avalon Securities, Inc. (the Company) is a privately held corporation formed in New York in May 1992 for the purpose of conducting business as a securities broker dealer (BD). As s a BD, the Company is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA) registered to market investments in debt, equities, and mutual funds.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Use of Estimates- The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make reasonable estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of the assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses at the date of the financial statements and for the period they include. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Revenues- Revenues and related fees are recorded on a trade date basis and when all contracted services have been provided by the Company and the Company is reasonably assured of their collection.

Cash- For the purpose of calculating changes in cash flows, cash includes all cash balances and highly liquid short-term investments with original maturity date of three months or less.

Income taxes- The Company has elected to be taxed as an S corporation under the Internal Revenue Service Code. Accordingly, under such an election, the Company's federal and state taxable income is reported by the individual shareholder and therefore, no provision for these federal income taxes has been included in the financial statements.

3. Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Fair Value Measurements under generally accepted accounting principles clarifies the principle that fair value should be based on the assumptions market participants would use when pricing an asset or liability and establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the information used to develop those assumptions. Under the standard, fair value measurements are separately disclosed by level within the fair value hierarchy as follows.

Level 1 - Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 - Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets with insufficient volume or infrequent transactions (less active markets); or model-derived valuations in which all significant inputs are observable or can be derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities.

Level 3 - Unobservable inputs to the valuation methodology that are significant to the measurement of fair value of assets or liabilities.

To the extent that valuation is based on models or inputs that are less observable or unobservable in the market, the determination of fair value requires more judgment. In certain cases, the inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, for disclosure purposes, the level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement is disclosed and is determined based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

Cash, prepaid expense, accounts receivable, and accounts payable and accrued expenses in the balance sheet are estimated to approximate fair market value at December 31, 2012 because of their short term nature.

4. Related Party Transaction

During fiscal year 2012, the sole shareholder provided office space to the Company at no cost.

5. Net Capital Requirement

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As a BD, the Company is subject to Rule 15c3-1 of the Security Exchange Act of 1934 which requires the Company to maintain a minimum net capital, as defined under the provisions, of \$5,000. The computation of net capital pursuant to Uniform Net Capital Rule 15c3-1 is as follows.

CREDIT:	
Shareholder's equity	\$17,052
DEBITS: Non-allowable assets: Prepaid expense	(82)
NET CAPITAL	\$16,970
Less haircuts	0
ADJUSTED NET CAPITAL	\$16,970
Minimum requirements of 6-2/3% of aggregate indebtedness or \$5,000, whichever is greater.	5,000
EXCESS NET CAPITAL	<u>\$11,970</u>
AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS:	\$1,753
AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS TO NET CAPITAL	10.33%

Note: There are no material differences between the above computation and the corresponding computation submitted previously by the Company on Form X-17A-5

6. Subsequent Events

The Company has made a review of material subsequent events from December 31, 2012 through the date of this report and found no material subsequent events reportable during this period.

DONAHUE ASSOCIATES, L.L.C. 27 BEACH ROAD, SUITE CO5-A MONMOUTH BEACH, NJ. 07750 Phone: (732) 229-7723

The Shareholder Avalon Securities, Inc.

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Avalon Securities, Inc. for the year ended December 31, 2012, we considered its internal control structure, including procedures for safeguarding customer and firm assets, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control structure.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange, we have made a study of the practices and procedures (including tests of compliance with such practices and procedures) followed by the Company that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g), in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11); and the procedures for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3; and for safeguarding the occasional receipt of securities and cash until promptly remitted to the Company's clearing brokers. We did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in making the quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisons, and the recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13 or complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, because the Company does not carry security accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities. The Company claims an exemption from SEC Rule 15c3-3 under the (k)(2)(i) provision, and therefore, no computation for determination of reserve requirements was necessary.

The management of the Corporation is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of internal control structure policies and procedures and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the Commission's above mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of an internal control structure and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that the assets for which the Corporation has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally

accepted accounting principles in the United States. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of the inherent limitations in any internal control structure or the practices and procedures referred to above, errors or irregularities may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changing conditions or the effectiveness of their design may deteriorate.

Our consideration of the internal control structure would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control structure that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control structure elements does not reduce to a relatively low level of risk that the errors or irregularities in material amounts in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole may occur and not be detected within a timely period by the employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving the internal control structure that we considered to be a material weakness as defined above.

We understand that the internal control structure that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the Commission to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that an internal control structure that does not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and our study, we believe the Company's practices and procedures were adequate as of December 31, 2012 to meet the Commission's objectives.

In addition, our review indicated the Company to be in compliance with the conditions of exemption from Rule 15c3-3 pursuant to paragraph k(2)(i) as of December 31, 2012, and no facts came to our attention to indicate such conditions had not been complied with during the year.

In accordance with Rule 17a-5(e)(4) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, we assessed the Company's revenues for the fiscal years and determined that no report on the Assessments and Payments to the Securities Investor Protection Corporation is required.

Donahue Associates LLC

Monmouth Beach, N.J.

February 23, 2013