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REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING		AND ENDING 12	
	MM/DD/YY	<u></u>	MM/DD/YY
A. RF	GISTRANT IDENTIFICA	TION	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: Commerce Brokerage Servi ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BU		No.)	OFFICIAL USE ONLY
8000 Forsyth			
	(No. and Street)		
Clayton	Missouri		3105
(City)	(State)	(Z)	ip Code)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF F Karen L. Finke	PERSON TO CONTACT IN REC		ORT 816-760-7711
Karen D. Prinke			Área Code – Telephone Numbe
B. AC	COUNTANT IDENTIFICA	TION	
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT KPMG LLP	whose opinion is contained in th (Name – if individual, state last, first,	- 	
1000 Walnut, Ste 1000	Kansas City	Missou	ri 64106
(Address)	(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)
CHECK ONE:			
Certified Public Accountant			
Public Accountant			
Accountant not resident in Un	ited States or any of its possession	ons.	
	FOR OFFICIAL USE ONL]

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Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

SEC 1410 (06-02)



i

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I. Karen L. Finke , swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of Commerce Brokerage Services, Inc. _, 20_12___, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that of December 31 neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows: Karen I. Finke Signature Treasurer Title See Attachment Notary Public This report ** contains (check all applicable boxes): (a) Facing Page. (b) Statement of Financial Condition. (c) Statement of Income (Loss). (d) Statement of Cash Flows (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital. (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors. X (g) Computation of Net Capital. (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3. (i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3. □ (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3. (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation. (1) An Oath or Affirmation. (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.

(n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

** For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

STATE OF MISSOURI)) ss. COUNTY OF JACKSON)

On this 27th day of February, 2013, before me personally appeared Karen L. Finke to me personally known, who being by me duly sworn did say that she is the Treasurer of Commerce Brokerage Services, Inc., and that said instrument was signed by authority of its Board of Directors and said Karen L. Finke acknowledged said instrument to be the free act and deed of said corporation.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my notarial stamp at my office in Kansas City, Missouri, the day and year last above written.

Notary Publi

My Commission Expires: 3-15-16

CHERYL BARNETT Notary Public-Notary Seal STATE OF MISSOURI Jackson County My Commission Expires Mar. 15, 2016 Commission # 12415239



(A Wholly Owned Subsidiary of Commerce Bank)

Financial Statements and Schedules Part III

December 31, 2012 and 2011

(With Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm Thereon)

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KPMG LLP Suite 1000 1000 Walnut Street Kansas City, MO 64106-2162

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

The Board of Directors Commerce Brokerage Services, Inc:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Commerce Brokerage Services, Inc. (the Company), which comprise the balance sheets as of December 31, 2012 and 2011, and the related statements of earnings, stockholder's equity, and cash flows for the years then ended, that are filed pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly in all material respects, the financial position of Commerce Brokerage Services, Inc. as of December 31, 2012 and 2011, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Other Matter

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The information contained in Schedules 1, 2, and 3 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information in Schedules 1, 2, and 3 has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information in Schedules 1, 2, and 3 is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.



Kansas City, Missouri February 28, 2013

Balance Sheets

December 31, 2012 and 2011

Assets	_	2012	2011
Cash	\$	1,957,438	1,457,285
U.S. government securities	•	5,998,710	5,499,505
Receivable from clearing organization		202,998	232,329
Furniture, equipment, and leasehold improvements, at cost less accumulated depreciation and amortization of \$694,591		000 (05	007 000
in 2012 and \$617,698 in 2011		208,605	287,332
Current income taxes receivable		142 154	5,975
Deferred income taxes, net		142,154	145,339
Other assets		387,923	263,978
Total assets	\$_	8,897,828	7,891,743
Liabilities and Stockholder's Equity			
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	1,072,914	946,070
Current income taxes payable		82,105	
Total liabilities		1,155,019	946,070
Stockholder's equity: Common stock, \$5 par value. Authorized 6,000 shares; issued			
and outstanding 5,000 shares		25,000	25,000
Additional paid-in capital		687,168	591,161
Retained earnings		7,030,641	6,329,512
Total stockholder's equity	_	7,742,809	6,945,673
Total liabilities and stockholder's equity	\$_	8,897,828	7,891,743

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

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Statements of Earnings

Years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011

	_	2012	2011
Revenues:			
Commissions	\$	10,039,466	9,793,133
Interest income		7,321	8,132
Other income	_	365,332	348,552
Total revenues	_	10,412,119	10,149,817
Expenses:			
Salaries and benefits		6,015,666	5,851,000
Rent and fees paid to affiliates, net		1,520,905	1,675,902
Clearing charges		417,273	414,944
Advertising		21,746	105,730
Regulatory fees		136,342	119,754
Office supplies and postage		157,639	169,573
Online subscriptions		263,973	382,921
Travel and entertainment		73,506	63,986
Depreciation and amortization		89,543	85,730
Other		576,664	578,000
Total expenses	_	9,273,257	9,447,540
Earnings before income taxes	_	1,138,862	702,277
Income tax expense:			
Current		434,548	240,969
Deferred		3,185	29,172
Total income tax expense	_	437,733	270,141
Net earnings	\$	701,129	432,136

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Statements of Stockholder's Equity

Years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011

	Common stock	Additional paid-in capital	Retained earnings	Total
Balance at December 31, 2010	\$ 25,000	529,154	5,897,376	6,451,530
Net earnings		—	432,136	432,136
Stock based compensation		61,500		61,500
Net tax benefits related to equity compensation plans		507		507
Balance at December 31, 2011	25,000	591,161	6,329,512	6,945,673
Net earnings	_	—	701,129	701,129
Stock based compensation		80,551		80,551
Net tax benefits related to equity compensation plans		15,456		15,456
Balance at December 31, 2012	\$	687,168	7,030,641	7,742,809

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

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Statements of Cash Flows

Years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011

		2012	2011
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Net earnings	\$	701,129	432,136
Adjustments to reconcile net earnings to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation and amortization		89,543	85,730
Deferred income taxes		3,185	29,172
Current income taxes		103,536	(165,223)
Net increase in U.S. government securities		(499,205)	(501,637)
Decrease (increase) in receivable from clearing organization		29,331	(24,545)
Stock-based compensation		80,551	61,500
Net tax benefits related to equity compensation plan		(15,456)	(507)
Increase in other assets		(136,595)	(15,705)
Increase in accounts payable and accrued expenses		126,844	128,593
Net cash provided by operating activities	_	482,863	29,514
Cash flows from investing activities: Purchases of furniture, equipment, and leasehold improvements Sale of furniture, equipment, and leasehold improvements		1,834	(30,182) 7,884
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		1,834	(22,298)
Cash flows from financing activity:		15,456	507
Net tax benefits related to equity compensation plans	_	15,450	
Net cash provided by financing activity	_	15,456	507
Increase in cash		500,153	7,723
Cash at beginning of year		1,457,285	1,449,562
Cash at end of year	\$	1,957,438	1,457,285
Cash payments (net of refunds) of income taxes	\$	331,012	406,191

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

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(A Wholly Owned Subsidiary of Commerce Bank)

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2012 and 2011

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(a) Organization and Purpose of Company

Commerce Brokerage Services, Inc. (the Company) is a wholly owned subsidiary of Commerce Bank (the Parent). Commerce Bank is a wholly owned subsidiary of Commerce Bancshares, Inc. (CBI). The Company is registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission to conduct a general securities business. Current activities consist of providing investment services to customers for a variety of securities including mutual funds, exchange listed and over-the-counter equity securities, options, municipal bonds, corporate bonds, and U.S. government debt issues. The Company also sells fixed and variable annuities, which are investment products provided by insurance companies.

Transactions for equities, options, and a substantial portion of the Company's mutual fund sales are executed and cleared through National Financial Services LLC, a clearing organization that also maintains customer brokerage accounts on a fully disclosed basis.

(b) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements are prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Certain amounts in the prior year's financial statements have been reclassified for consistent presentation.

(c) Cash

Cash includes cash on hand and cash received from customers held by the Company as of year-end that is due to National Financial Services LLC. As of December 31, 2012 and 2011, \$336,199 and \$192,593, respectively, represents cash received from customers. A corresponding liability is recorded in accounts payable and accrued expenses.

(d) Commissions

The Company acts as a broker/dealer or agent to buy and sell securities or insurance contracts on behalf of its customers. In return for such services, for most transactions, the Company earns a commission each time a customer enters into a buy-or-sell transaction. For equity securities purchased, the commission is recorded as a receivable from the customer, and for securities sold, it is recorded as a reduction in the payable to the customer. For other security transactions, such as sales of mutual funds, fixed or variable annuities, etc., a concession is earned and becomes part of the price of the security to the customer. Commissions and concessions, along with any related expenses, are recorded on a settlement date basis. As of December 31, 2012 and 2011, \$212,885 and \$76,156, respectively, represents commission receivables from customers and is recorded in other assets. A corresponding liability is recorded in accounts payable and accrued expenses for the amount due to National Financial Services, LLC.

(A Wholly Owned Subsidiary of Commerce Bank)

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2012 and 2011

(e) U.S. Government Securities

Investment securities generally consist of U.S. government securities with initial maturities of six months. They are stated at fair value, which is based on published bid prices. The fair value measurement is considered to be a Level 1 measurement within the fair value hierarchy of Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 820-10-35. Changes in fair value are recorded in current earnings in the statements of earnings.

Securities transactions are recorded on a trade date basis.

(f) Furniture, Equipment, and Leasehold Improvements

Furniture, equipment, and leasehold improvements are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and amortization. Depreciation and amortization are computed on the straight-line basis using estimated useful lives, ranging from four to ten years. Leasehold improvements are amortized over the lesser of the economic useful life of the improvement or the remaining term of the lease.

(g) Income Taxes

The Company is included in the consolidated federal income tax return filed by CBI. Amounts provided for income tax expense are based on income reported for financial statement purposes and do not necessarily represent amounts currently payable under tax laws. Current income taxes are calculated on a separate return basis utilizing currently enacted tax laws and rates. The amount of expense or benefit is either remitted to or received from CBI. Deferred income taxes are provided for temporary differences between the financial reporting bases and income tax bases of the Company's assets and liabilities using the tax rates and laws that are expected to be in effect when the differences are anticipated to reverse. The effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized as income or expense in the period that includes the change. The significant components of the net deferred tax asset as of December 31, 2012 included a deferred tax asset of \$110,365 relating to unearned fee income, \$92,631 relating to stock-based compensation and \$40,976 relating to accrued expenses and a deferred tax liability of \$65,025 relating to depreciation and \$33,186 relating to prepaid expenses. The significant components of the net deferred tax asset as of December 31, 2011 included a deferred tax asset of \$124,672 relating to unearned fee income, \$87,516 relating to stock-based compensation and \$35,424 relating to accrued expenses and a deferred tax liability of \$84,661 relating to depreciation and \$16,018 relating to prepaid expenses. The Company did not have any unrecognized tax benefits at December 31, 2012 and 2011.

(h) Stock-Based Compensation

The Company complies with the accounting requirements of ASC 718 for stock-based compensation. Employees of the Company receive shares of CBI common stock in connection with equity compensation plans at CBI. The fair value of awards granted to employees of the Company is determined at the date of grant and recognized as compensation expense and a corresponding capital contribution ratably over the period the award is earned.

(A Wholly Owned Subsidiary of Commerce Bank)

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2012 and 2011

(i) Use of Estimates

To prepare these financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, management has made a number of estimates and assumptions relating to the reporting of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, as well as the reported amounts or revenues and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(j) Subsequent Events

The Company evaluated potential subsequent events through February 28, 2013, which is the date that the financial statements were issued.

(2) Related-Party Transactions

A significant portion of the Company's expenses represent payments to the Parent and affiliated companies for rent on the Company's offices, various administrative services provided to the Company and fees under revenue-sharing arrangements. Under an ongoing agreement that was effective January 1, 2011, the Company was reimbursed by an affiliated company for certain expenses, paid by the Company on the affiliate's behalf, which support revenue production at the affiliate. The reimbursements primarily relate to occupancy, data processing, and management fee expenses.

The following table shows the amounts paid (received) by the Company to (from) the Parent and affiliated companies for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011:

	_	2012	2011
Rent Fees paid to affiliates Expenses reimbursed from affiliate	\$	702,995 943,275 (125,365)	730,976 1,195,599 (250,673)
	\$	1,520,905	1,675,902

The Company leases office space from the Parent under month-to-month arrangements. Rent expense aggregated approximately \$59,000 per month in 2012 and \$61,000 per month in 2011. As of December 31, 2012, the Company had an intercompany payable due to the Parent of \$82,105 for federal and state income taxes, while in 2011, the Company had an intercompany receivable of \$5,975. During 2012, the Company paid the Parent \$330,376 for income taxes, and in 2011 the Company paid the Parent \$406,172 for income taxes. The Company maintains interest and noninterest bearing deposit accounts at the Parent. These balances amounted to \$1,957,438 and \$1,457,285 at December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

Employees of the Company held 8,970 nonvested shares and 14,165 stock options and stock appreciation rights (of which all were exercisable) at December 31, 2012. These awards are settled in common stock of CBI when exercised. During 2012, 2,809 shares of nonqualified stock options were exercised and 1,468 stock appreciation rights were exercised. The Company recorded additional paid-in capital in 2012 of \$80,551 relating to stock-based compensation cost.

(Continued)

(A Wholly Owned Subsidiary of Commerce Bank)

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2012 and 2011

(3) Net Capital Requirements

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (SEC Rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1 (and the rule of the "applicable" exchange also provides that equity capital may not be withdrawn or cash dividends paid if the resulting net capital ratio would exceed 10 to 1). At December 31, 2012, the Company had regulatory net capital of \$5,796,098 which was \$5,546,098 in excess of its required net capital of \$250,000.

COMMERCE BROKERAGE SERVICES, INC. (A Wholly Owned Subsidiary of

Commerce Bank)

Computation of Net Capital Requirement - Rule 15c3-1

December 31, 2012

Total stockholder's equity per balance sheet	\$	7,742,809
Less: Nonallowable assets Haircuts on securities Cash at affiliate in excess of estimated four weeks' average expenses Other adjustments	_	652,680 17,533 1,276,438 60
Net capital		5,796,098
Minimum net capital requirement		250,000
Excess of net capital over minimum net capital requirement	\$	5,546,098
Aggregate indebtedness	\$	1,155,019
Ratio aggregate indebtedness to net capital		0.20 to 1

A reconciliation is not necessary pursuant to Rule 17a-5(d)(4), as the above calculation does not differ materially from the computation for determination of the net capital requirement for broker-dealers under Rule 15c3-1 as of December 31, 2012.

See accompanying report of independent registered public accounting firm.

Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3

December 31, 2012

The Company is exempt from Rule 15c3-3 pursuant to the provisions of subparagraphs (k)(2)(i) and (k)(2)(ii) of that rule.

See accompanying report of independent registered public accounting firm.

Information for Possession or Control Requirements under Rule 15c3-3

December 31, 2012

The Company is exempt from Rule 15c3-3 pursuant to the provisions of subparagraphs (k)(2)(i) and (k)(2)(ii) of that rule.

See accompanying report of independent registered public accounting firm.



KPMG LLP Suite 1000 1000 Walnut Street Kansas City, MO 64106-2162

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm on Internal Control Pursuant to Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 17a-5

The Board of Directors Commerce Brokerage Services, Inc.:

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Commerce Brokerage Services, Inc. (the Company), a wholly owned subsidiary of Commerce Bank, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2012 in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company, including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. The study included tests of compliance with such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making the quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons, and the recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13, and
- 2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls, and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph, and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's previously mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the company's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined previously.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2012, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the Securities and Exchange Commission, the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, and other regulatory agencies which rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

KPMG LLP

Kansas City, Missouri February 28, 2013



KPMG LLP Suite 1000 1000 Walnut Street Kansas City, MO 64106-2162

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm on Applying Agreed-Upon Procedures Pursuant to SEC Rule 17a-5(e)(4)

The Board of Directors Commerce Brokerage Services, Inc.:

In accordance with Rule 17a-5(e)(4) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, we have performed the procedures enumerated below with respect to the accompanying Schedule of Assessment and Payments [General Assessment Reconciliation (Form SIPC-7)] to the Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC) for the year ended December 31, 2012, which were agreed to by Commerce Brokerage Services, Inc. (the Company) and the Securities and Exchange Commission, the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc., and SIPC, solely to assist you and the other specified parties in evaluating the Company's compliance with the applicable instructions of the General Assessment Reconciliation (Form SIPC-7). The Company's management is responsible for the Company's compliance with those requirements. This agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of those parties specified in this report. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose. The procedures we performed and our findings are as follows:

- 1. Compared the listed assessment payments in Form SIPC-7 with respective cash disbursement records entries noting no differences;
- Compared the amounts reported on the audited Form X-17A-5 for the year ended December 31, 2012, with the amounts reported in Form SIPC-7 for the year ended December 31, 2012 noting no differences;
- 3. Compared any adjustments reported in Form SIPC-7 with supporting schedules and working papers noting no differences;
- 4. Proved the arithmetical accuracy of the calculations reflected in Form SIPC-7 and in the related schedules and working papers supporting the adjustments noting no differences; and
- 5. Compared the amount of any overpayment applied to the current assessment with the Form SIPC-7 on which it was originally computed noting no differences.

We were not engaged to, and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on compliance. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the specified parties listed above and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

KPMG LIP

Kansas City, Missouri February 28, 2013

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SIPC-7	
(33-REV 7/10)	

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SECURITIES INVESTOR PROTECTION CORPORATION P.O. Box 92185 Washington, D.C. 20090-2185 202-371-8300

General Assessment Reconciliation



For the fiscal year ended 12/31/2012

(Read carefully the instructions in your Working Copy before completing this Form)

TO BE FILED BY ALL SIPC MEMBERS WITH FISCAL YEAR ENDINGS

1. Name of Member, address, Designated Examining Authority, 1934 Act registration no. and month in which fiscal year ends for purposes of the audit requirement of SEC Rule 17a-5:

	035096 FINRA DEC COMMERCE BROKERAGE SERVICES INC 17*17 PO BOX 16891 CLAYTON MO 63105-1491	_	mailing lab	el requires ions to form	correction, m@sipc.org	nown on the , please e-mail g and so
	CLATTON MC 03103-1491		Name and contact res			person to
						760-7711
	 General Assessment (item 2e from page 2) Less payment made with SIPC-6 filed (exclude interest) 7/23/12 Date Paid 				545.00 455.00	
С	. Less prior overpayment applied			(
	. Assessment balance due or (overpayment)			2,0	90.00	
Ε	. Interest computed on late payment (see instruction E)	fordays at 2	20% per annum			······
F	. Total assessment balance and interest due (or overpa	yment carried forwa	urd)	\$	<u> </u>	
G	 PAID WITH THIS FORM: Check enclosed, payable to SIPC Total (must be same as F above) 	\$ <u>2,090.0</u>	0	-		
н	. Overpayment carried forward	\$(_)		
3. Su	ubsidiaries (S) and predecessors (P) included in this form	ו (give name and 1)	934 Act registratio	on number):	
perso	SIPC member submitting this form and the on by whom it is executed represent thereby all information contained herein is true, correct	Commerce	Brokerage	Servic	ces, II	nc.
	complete.	Karen Z	ame of Corporation, Parti Junke (Authorize	nership or other d Signature)	organization)	
Date	d the <u>22</u> day of February , 2013.	Treasurer				
This for a	form and the assessment payment is due 60 days after period of not less than 6 years, the latest 2 years in	er the end of the f an easily accessil	iscal year. Retai	n the Wor	king Copy	y of this form
<u> </u>	Dates:					
EWE	Postmarked Received Review	wed				,
Z	Dates: Postmarked Received Review Calculations Docum Exceptions: Disposition of exceptions:	nentation			Forward C	Сору
S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	Exceptions:					
SIF	Disposition of exceptions:					

DETERMINATION OF "SIPC NET OPERATING REVENUES" AND GENERAL ASSESSMENT

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Amounts for the fiscal period beginning 1/1/2012 and ending 12/31/2012 -----

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Item No.	Eliminate cents
2a. Total revenue (FOCUS Line 12/Part IIA Line 9, Code 4030)	\$ <u>9,987,596</u>
 2b. Additions: (1) Total revenues from the securities business of subsidiaries (except foreign subsidiaries) and predecessors not included above. 	
(2) Net loss from principal transactions in securities in trading accounts.	
(3) Net loss from principal transactions in commodities in trading accounts.	
(4) Interest and dividend expense deducted in determining item 2a.	
(5) Net loss from management of or participation in the underwriting or distribution of securities.	
(6) Expenses other than advertising, printing, registration fees and legal fees deducted in determining net profit from management of or participation in underwriting or distribution of securities.	
(7) Net loss from securities in investment accounts.	
Total additions	
 2c. Deductions: (1) Revenues from the distribution of shares of a registered open end investment company or unit investment trust, from the sale of variable annuities, from the business of insurance, from investment advisory services rendered to registered investment companies or insurance company separate accounts, and from transactions in security futures products. 	7,955,878
(2) Revenues from commodity transactions.	
(3) Commissions, floor brokerage and clearance paid to other SIPC members in connection with securities transactions.	213,587
(4) Reimbursements for postage in connection with proxy solicitation.	·
(5) Net gain from securities in investment accounts.	
(6) 100% of commissions and markups earned from transactions in (i) certificates of deposit and (ii) Treasury bills, bankers acceptances or commercial paper that mature nine months or less from issuance date.	
(7) Direct expenses of printing advertising and legal fees incurred in connection with other revenue related to the securities business (revenue defined by Section 16(9)(L) of the Act).	
 (8) Other revenue not related either directly or indirectly to the securities business. (See Instruction C): 	_
(Deductions in excess of \$100,000 require documentation)	
(9) (i) Total interest and dividend expense (FOCUS Line 22/PART IIA Line 13, Code 4075 plus line 2b(4) above) but not in excess of total interest and dividend income.	
(ii) 40% of margin interest earned on customers securities accounts (40% of FOCUS line 5, Code 3960). \$53	
Enter the greater of line (i) or (ii)	53
Total deductions	8,169,518
2d. SIPC Net Operating Revenues	\$ <u>1,818,078</u>
2e. General Assessment @ .0025	\$ <u>4,545</u> (to page 1, line 2.A.)