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Washington DC	PART III	•	<u>SEC FILE N</u> 8- 6659
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Information Required Securities Exch	of Brokers and Dealers ange Act of 1934 and F	Pursuant to Sect	tion 17 of the
REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING		AND ENDING	12/31/2012 MM/DD/YY
A. RF	GISTRANT IDENTIFI	CATION	
	e Capital Limited		
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BU			
800 Fifth Avenue, 18th Fl		30X NO.)	FIRM I.D. N
New York	(No. and Street) NY		10065
(City)	(State)		(Zip Code)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF F George Skouras	PERSON TO CONTACT IN	REGARD TO THIS R	EPORT 212-317-1330
			(Area Code - Telephone)
	COUNTANT IDENTIFI		
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT			
Michael R. Sullivan & Com	Name - if individual, state last, j	the second se	intants, P.C.
1140 Franklin Avenue	Garden		11530
(Address)	(City)	(State)	(Zip Code
CHECK ONE:			
Certified Public Accountant			
Public Accountant			
Accountant not resident in Un	ited States or any of its posse	ssions.	
	FOR OFFICIAL USE O	NLY	

SEC 1410 (06-02)

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STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

DECEMBER 31, 2012

MICHAEL R. SULLIVAN & COMPANY CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, P.C.

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STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

DECEMBER 31, 2012

# **CUE CAPITAL LIMITED PARTNERSHIP** DECEMBER 31, 2012

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Independent Auditors' Report	2-3
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Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Required by Rule 17a-5 of the Securities and Exchange Commission	11-13

# OATH OR AFFIRMATION

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I, <u>George Skouras</u>	
my knowledge and belief the accompany	, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of partnership
	Partnership
of <u>December 31</u>	, as , 20 12 , are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that
neither the company nor any partner, pro	
classified solely as that of a customer, ex	ccept as follows:
	19 Shan is
	Signature
	mal
	CLAUDIA TAYLOR THE THE POINTE
MA La	NOTARY PUBLIC, State of New Mile No. 01TA5068172
Notary Public	Qualified in Kings County Commission Expires 10/28/
•	
ais report <b>**</b> contains (check all applicat (a) Facing Page.	ble boxes):
(b) Statement of Financial Condition.	
(c) Statement of Income (Loss).	
(d) Statement of Changes in Financia	l Condition.
(f) Statement of Changes in Stockhol (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilitie	Iders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital.
(b) Computation of Net Capital	
(h) Computation for Determination of	f Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
	SSIDE OF L'OPTROL PARTITION ON TO THE AND THE TELE OF O
Computation for Determination of	f the Reserve Requirements I have a little to the capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the
(k) A Reconciliation between the audi	ited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of
	and analytical statements of Phrancial Condition with respect to methods of
(l) An Oath or Affirmation.	
(m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental (n) A report describing any material inc	Report.
(0) Independent auditors'	adequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit. reports on internal control & applying agreed-upon procedu
For conditions of confidential treatment	of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

#### Michael R. Sullivan & Company CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, P.C.

1140 Franklin Avenue, Garden City, NY 11530 - 516-742-2324 - Fax: 516-742-0530

### **Independent Auditors' Report**

To the Partner of Cue Capital Limited Partnership New York, New York

We have audited the statement of financial condition of Cue Capital Limited Partnership as of December 31, 2012, that is filed pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. This financial statement is the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this financial statement based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statement referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Cue Capital Limited Partnership as of December 31, 2012, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statement taken as a whole. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statement.

The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

in Grany

Michael R. Sullivan & Company Certified Public Accountants, P.C.

Garden City, New York February 28, 2013

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION December 31, 2012

#### ASSETS

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Cash and Cash Equivalents Account Receivable Prepaid Expenses Property and Equipment, Net	\$ 282,334 69,686 20,745 38,665
	 411,430
LIABILITIES AND MEMBERS' EQUITY	
Current Liabilities	
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses Due to Affiliates Other Current Liabilities	\$ 39,338 33,921 <u>15,452</u> 88,711
Partner's capital	 322,719
	\$ 411,430

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

4

### CUE CAPITAL LIMITED PARTNERSHIP NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2012

#### Note 1 - Nature of Operations

Cue Capital Limited Partnership (the "Partnership") was formed on September 4, 2003. The partnership is a broker-dealer registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") and is also a member of the Financial Industry regulatory Authority ("FINRA") and the Securities Investor Protection Corporation ("SIPC").

The Partnership's operations consist primarily of introducing leading institutional investors to fund managers that make private equity, real estate and other non-traditional investments. The partnership also provides advice to fund managers regarding ways to improve their methods of raising capital.

# Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### Basis of Presentation

The financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United State of America ("GAAP").

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Partnership considers all highly liquid investments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

#### Equipment

Equipment is stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. The Partnership provides for depreciation on the straight-line method as follows:

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Assets	Estimated <u>Useful Life</u>
Computer equipment	5 Years
Computer software	3 Years
Furniture	7 Years
Leasehold improvements	15 Years

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2012

# Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The Partnership periodically assesses the recoverability of the carrying amounts of longlived assets. A loss is recognized when expected undiscounted cash flows are less than the carrying amount of the asset. The impairment loss is the difference by which future cash flows are less than the carrying amount of the asset. The impairment loss is the difference by which the carrying amount of the asset exceeds its fair value. The Partnership did not recognize an impairment loss on its long lived assets for the year ended December 31, 2012.

#### Revenue Recognition

The Partnership recognizes advisory revenues in accordance with the provisions of the respective agreements.

#### Fees Receivable

The Partnership carries it fees receivable at cost less an allowance for doubtful accounts. On a periodic basis, the Partnership evaluates its fees receivable and establishes an allowance for doubtful accounts, if necessary, based on a history of past bad debts and collections and current credit conditions. Accounts are written off as uncollectible on a case-by-case basis.

#### Income Taxes

No provision for federal and state income taxes has been recorded because the Partnership is single member a limited liability company. Accordingly, the individual member reports the Partnership's income or loss on their income tax returns. The Partnership is subject to the New York City Unincorporated Business Tax ("UBT").

The Partnership complies with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 109, "Accounting for Income Taxes" which requires an asset and liability approach to financial accounting and reporting for income taxes. Deferred income tax asset and liabilities are computed for differences between the financial statement and tax bases of assets and liabilities that will result in taxable or deductible amounts in the future based on the enacted tax laws and rates applicable to the periods in which the differences are expected to affect taxable income. Valuation allowances are established, when necessary, to reduce the deferred income tax assets to the amount expected to be realized.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2012

# Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The deferred New York City Unincorporated Business Tax ("UBT") liability is the result of differences between the accrual method of accounting for financial reporting and the cash basis for income tax reporting.

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Note 3 - Equipment

Details of property and equipment at December 31, 2012 are as follows:

Computer equipment and Software	\$ 93,616
Furniture	34,538
Leasehold improvements	13,820
	141,974
Less accumulated depreciation	( 103,309)
	\$ 38,665

## Note 4 - Uncertain Tax Positions

The Company's federal, state and local tax returns are subject to possible examination by the taxing authorities until expiration of the related statutes of limitations on those tax returns. In general, the federal and state income tax returns have a three year statute of limitations. The Company would recognize accrued interest and penalties associated with uncertain tax positions, if any, as part of the income tax provision.

## CUE CAPITAL LIMITED PARTNERSHIP NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2012

### Note 5 - Concentrations

The Partnership maintains all of its cash in one financial institution, which at times, may exceed federally insured limits. The Partnership has not experienced any loss in this account and believes it is not subject to any significant credit risk.

Fees earned from one investment manager accounted for 82% of the Partnership's total fees in 2012. Fees receivable relating to this investment manager at December 31, 2012 was \$69,685.63.

#### Note 6 - Commitments

The Partnership leases office space under an operating lease with a term that expired June 30, 2012. The lease was renewed through December 31, 2013. Rent expenses amounted to approximately \$116,120 for the year ended December 31, 2012. Future minimum rental payments due under the lease are approximately \$116,000.

#### Note 7 - Net Capital Requirement

The Partnership as a member of the FINRA is subject to the SEC Uniform Net Capital Rule 15c3-1. This rule requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1, and that equity capital may not be withdrawn if the resulting net capital ratio would exceed 10 to 1.

At December 31, 2012, the Partnership's net capital was approximately \$193,623.00, which was approximately \$187,709.00 in excess of its minimum requirement of \$5,914.00 under SEC Rule 15C3-1.

## CUE CAPITAL LIMITED PARTNERSHIP NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2012

#### Note 8 - Fair Value

Effective January 1, 2008, the Partnership adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") ASC 820 "Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures," for assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis. The adoption of ASC 820 had no effect on the Company's financial statements. ASC 820 accomplishes the following key objectives:

Defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date;

Establishes a three-level hierarchy (the "Valuation Hierarchy") for fair value measurements;

Requires consideration of the Company's creditworthiness when valuing liabilities; and

Expands disclosures about instruments measured at fair value.

The Valuation Hierarchy is based upon the transparency of inputs to the valuation of an asset or liability as of the measurement date. A financial instrument's categorization within the Valuation Hierarchy is based upon the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The three levels of the Valuation Hierarchy and the distribution of the Company's financial assets within it are as follows:

Level 1 -inputs to the valuation methodology are quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets.

Level 2 – inputs to the valuation methodology included quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, and inputs that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the financial instrument.

Level 3 – inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2012

## Note 8 – Fair Value (continued)

Certain financial instruments are carried at cost on the balance sheet, which approximates fair value due to their short-term, highly liquid nature. These instruments include cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accrued expenses and other liabilities, and deferred revenue.

## Note 9 – Subsequent Events

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These financial statements were approved by management and available for issuance on February 28, 2013. Subsequent events have been evaluated through this date.

### Michael R. Sullivan & Company CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, P.C.

1140 Franklin Avenue, Garden City, NY 11530 - 516-742-2324 - Fax: 516-742-0530

# Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Required by Rule 17a-5 of the Securities and Exchange Commission

To the Partner of Cue Capital Limited partnership New York, New York

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Cue Capital Limited partnership, LLC (the Company), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2012 in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company, including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of compliance with such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g), in the following:

- 1. Making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and the reserve required by Rule 15c3-3(e).
- 2. Making the quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons, and recordations of differences required by Rule 17a-13.
- 3. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

4. Obtaining and maintaining physical possession or control of all fully paid and excess margin securities of customers as required by Rule 15c3-3.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraphs. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraphs and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's and the above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraphs.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the company's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first, second and third paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities and certain regulated commodity customer and firm assets that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and the related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second and third paragraphs of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2012, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Members, management, the SEC, the and other regulatory agencies that rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered broker-dealers and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Michael R. Sullivan & Company

Certified Public Accountants, P.C.

Garden City, New York February 28, 2013