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ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT MAR 0 1 /013 **FORM X-17A-5** PART III

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FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING	01-01-12	AND ENDING	12-31-12
	MM/DD/YY		MM/DD/YY
A. REG	ISTRANT IDENTIFIC	CATION	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: Broadban	d Capital Managemer	nt LLC	OFFICIAL USE ONLY
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUS	NESS: (Do not use P.O. B	ox No.)	FIRM I.D. NO.
712 Fifth Avenue	22th Floor		<u> </u>
	(No. and Street)		
New York	New York	100)19
(City)	(State)	(Zi	ip Code)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PE Michael Rapoport	RSON TO CONTACT IN R	EGARD TO THIS REPO	ORT
		(4	Area Code - Telephone Number
B. ACC	DUNTANT IDENTIFIC	CATION	
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT w	hose opinion is contained in	this Report*	
Lilling & Company LLP			
	Name - if individual, state last, fi	rst, middle name)	
10 Cutter Mill Road	Great Neck	New Y	ork 11021
(Address)	(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)
CHECK ONE:			
Certified Public Accountant			
☐ Public Accountant			
☐ Accountant not resident in Unite	ed States or any of its posses	ssions.	
	FOR OFFICIAL USE OI	NLY	

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Michael Rapoport	, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of
my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial state Broadband Capital Management LLC	ement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of
of December 31 , 2	0 12, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that
	officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account
	Signature
	Managing Member
	Title
This report ** contains (check all applicable boxes): (a) Facing Page. (b) Statement of Financial Condition. (c) Statement of Income (Loss). (d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.	Amy Galanti Notary Public New York No. 01GA6000994 Qualified in Nassau County Commission Exp 12/29/ 13
 □ (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or □ (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated □ (g) Computation of Net Capital. □ (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirement □ (i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control 	to Claims of Creditors. rements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3. Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3. on of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the
 □ (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudit consolidation. □ (l) An Oath or Affirmation. □ (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report. 	ted Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of d to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

^{**}For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

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Lilling & Company LLP

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors
Broadband Capital Management LLC
New York, New York

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Broadband Capital Management LLC, (the Company) as of December 31, 2012, that are filed pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and the related notes to the statement of financial condition.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the statement of financial condition in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the statement of financial condition that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the statement of financial condition based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the statement of financial condition is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the statement of financial condition. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the statement of financial condition, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Company's preparation and fair presentation of the statement of financial condition in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the statement of financial condition.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the statement of financial condition referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Broadband Capital Management LLC as of December 31, 2012, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Great Neck, New York February 25, 2013

ASSETS

Cash and cash equivalents Due from clearing broker Securities owned, at fair value Loans receivable, related parties Other assets	\$	809,748 195,516 13,151 2,438,821 378,087
		3,835,323
LIABILITIES AND MEMBERS' EQUITY		
Liabilities		
Accrued expenses and other liabilities Securities sold not purchased	\$	241,239 100 241,339
Commitments and contingencies		
Members' equity		3,593,984
	\$_	3,835,323

1. ORGANIZATION AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

Broadband Capital Management LLC (the "Company") is a broker-dealer registered with the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA) and the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) that clears its securities transactions on a fully disclosed basis with National Financial Services LLC. The Company primarily services retail accounts and earns fees from investment banking transactions. There are no liabilities subordinated to the claims of general creditors during the year ended December 31, 2012.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Accounting standards codification

The Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") has issued FASB Statement No. 168, The FASB Accounting Standards Codification and the Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles, effective for periods ending after September 15, 2009. This Statement establishes the FASB Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") as the single source of authoritative United States generally accepted accounting and reporting standards for nongovernmental entities, in addition to guidance issued by the SEC and these financial statements are referenced accordingly.

Securities transactions and commissions

Securities transactions are recorded on a trade date basis. Commissions and related clearing expenses are recorded on a trade-date basis as securities transactions occur.

Securities owned and securities sold, not yet purchased are recorded at current market value. Securities, not readily marketable are valued at current market value or at fair value as determined by management.

Investment banking and fee income

Investment banking revenues include gains, losses, and fees, net of syndicate expenses, arising from securities offerings in which the Company acts as an underwriter or agent. Investment banking revenues also include fees earned from providing merger-acquisition and financial restructuring advisory services. Investment banking fees are recorded on offering date, sales concessions on settlement date, and underwriting fees at the time the underwriting is completed and the income is reasonably determinable.

Income taxes

The Company is organized as a limited liability company and is recognized as a partnership for income tax purposes. No provision has been made for federal and state income taxes, since these taxes are the personal responsibility of the members. The Company is subject to New York City unincorporated business taxes.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

In accordance with ASC 740, "Accounting for Income Taxes", the Company is required to disclose unrecognized tax benefits resulting from uncertain tax positions. At December 31, 2012, the Company did not have any unrecognized tax benefits or liabilities. The Company operates in the United States and in state and local jurisdictions, and the previous three years remain subject to examination by tax authorities. There are presently no ongoing income tax examinations.

Loans receivable, related parties

Loans receivable, related parties are due from the Company's majority owner and other entities controlled by officers of the Company for expenses paid on their behalf and advances. The loans are due on demand without interest.

Significant credit risk and estimates

The Company's clearing and execution agreement provides that its clearing firm National Financial Service's credit losses relating to unsecured margin accounts receivable of the Company's customers are charged back to the Company.

In accordance with industry practice, National Financial Service records customer transactions on a settlement date basis, which is generally three business days after the trade date. National Financial Service is therefore exposed to risk of loss on these transactions in the event of the customer's inability to meet the terms of its contracts, in which case National Financial Service may have to purchase or sell the underlying financial instruments at prevailing market prices in order to satisfy its customer-related obligations. Any loss incurred by National Financial Service is charged back to the Company.

The Company, in conjunction with National Financial Service, controls off-balance-sheet risk by monitoring the market value and marking securities to market on a daily basis and by requiring adjustments of collateral levels. National Financial Service establishes margin requirements and overall credit limits for such activities and monitors compliance with the applicable limits and industry regulations on a daily basis.

The Company is located in New York City, New York and its customers are located throughout the United States.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management of the Company to use estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Cash and cash equivalents

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to credit risk consist primarily of cash and cash equivalents and amounts due from broker dealers. The Company maintains cash and money market balances with commercial banks and other major institutions. At times, such amounts exceeded Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insurance limits.

Valuation of investments

FASB ASC 820 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and establishes a fair value hierarchy which prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. A fair value measurement assumes that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability occurs in the principal market for the asset or liability or, in the absence of a principal market, the most advantageous market. Valuation techniques that are consistent with the market, income or cost approach, as specified by FASB ASC 820, are used to measure fair value.

The fair value hierarchy prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three broad levels:

Level 1 – Inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Company has the ability to access.

Level 2 – Inputs are inputs (other than quoted prices included within level 1) that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 – Are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability and rely on management's own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. (The unobservable inputs should be developed based on the best information available in the circumstances and may include the Company's own data.)

3. RECEIVABLE FROM CLEARING BROKER

Receivable from the clearing broker results from the Company's normal securities transactions. As of December 31, 2012, the amount due from the clearing broker was \$195,516.

4. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

The following table presents the Company's fair value hierarchy for those assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of December 31, 2012:

	Le	evel 1	<u>I</u>	Level 2	Le	evel 3		<u>Total</u>
Securities owned: Equities – marketable Equities – not readily marketable Warrants	\$	622	\$	12,000	\$	- 529	\$	622 12,000 529
Total fair value	\$	622	\$	12,000	\$	529	\$	13,151
Securities sold not purchased: Equities – marketable Total fair value	\$	100	\$		<u>\$</u>	-	\$	100
I Otal Tail Value	<u> </u>	100	Þ	-	Þ		Ф	100

Level 3 Change in Financial Assets and Liabilities

Securities owned:	_	inning lance	Realized Gains (Losses)	Issu	ances and ttlements	Ending Balance	
Warrants	\$	2,226		\$	(1,697)	\$	529
	\$	2,226	\$ -	\$	(1,697)	\$	529

5. LOANS RECEIVABLE, RELATED PARTIES

Loans receivable from related parties represent non-interest bearing loans due from entities with common ownership and the managers of the Company and are due on demand. As of December 31, 2012, the outstanding balances totaled \$2,438,821. Other assets includes advances to employees of \$350,132, which are non-interest bearing and due on demand.

6. SECURITIES OWNED

Securities owned at market value consist of \$13,151 invested in equities and warrants.

7. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Leases

The Company leases office space in New York City which expires in August 2015. Additionally, as required by FASB Accounting Standards Codification No. 840 ("ASC 840"), "Accounting for Leases", the Company amortizes its rent expense on a straight-line basis over the life of the related lease. Rent expense for the year ended December 31, 2012 was \$276,043.

7. **COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES** (continued)

At December 31, 2012, the minimum future rental payments are approximately as follows:

For the Years Ending December 31:

2013	288,000
2014	288,000
2015	 192,000
	\$ 768,000

Legal proceedings

As a regulated securities broker dealer, from time to time the Company may be involved in proceedings and investigations by self-regulatory organizations. Although there can be no assurances that such matters will not have a material adverse effect on the results of operations or financial condition of the Company in any future period, depending in part on the results for such period, in the opinion of management of the Company there are no such actions pending against the Company that will have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial condition.

8. COMPUTATION FOR DETERMINATION OF RESERVE REQUIREMENTS FOR BROKERS AND DEALERS PURSUANT TO RULE 15c3-3

The Company is exempt from the provisions of Rule 15c3-3 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 pursuant to Paragraph (k)(2)(ii). As an introducing broker, the Company clears customer transactions on a fully disclosed basis with National Financial Service. National Financial Service carries all of the accounts of such customers and maintains and preserves such books and records.

9. NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (Rule 15c-3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1 (and that equity capital may not be withdrawn or cash dividends paid if the resulting net capital ratio would exceed 10 to 1). At December 31, 2012, the Company had net capital of \$764,903, which was \$664,903 in excess of its required minimum net capital of \$100,000. The Company had a percentage of aggregate indebtedness to net capital of 31.54% as of December 31, 2012.

10. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management of the Company has evaluated events or transactions that may have occurred since December 31, 2012 and determined that there are no material events that would require disclosure in the Company's financial statements.