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UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20649

ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT **FORM X-17A-5 PART 111**

OMB APPROVAL

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FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING	01/01/12 MM/DD/YY	AND ENDING	12/31/12 MM/DD/YY
A. REGISTR	ANT IDENTIFIC	ATION	·
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:			OFFICIAL USE ONLY
FD Capital Advisors BD, LLC ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINE	SS: (Do not use P.O.	Box No.)	FIRM I.D. NO.
600 Peachtree Street NE, Suite 1950			
Atlanta	No. and Street) Georgia		30308
(City)	(State)		(Zip Code)
B. ACCOUNT INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whos Rubio CPA, PC	FANT IDENTIFIC	CATION	Code – Telephone Number)
	ual, state last, first, midd	dle name)	
900 Circle 75 Parkway, Suite 1100 (Address)	Atlanta (City)	Georgia (State)	30339 (Zip Code)
CHECK ONE: Certified Public Accountant Public Accountant Accountant not resident in United S	States or any of its p		
FOR OF	-FICIAL USE ONL		

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

> Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

SEC 1410 (06-02)

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Jay Clark	, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my
knowledge and belief the accompanying financ	ial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of
FD Capital Advisors BD, LLC	as
of December 31	
neither the company nor any partner, proprietor,	principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account
classified solely as that of a customer, except as	follows:
$\sim \sim 10^{-1}$	Skenartire
67/11/W/	OTAR
Notary Public	EXPIRES TO
This report ** contains (check all applicable	boxes): GEORGIA
(a) Facing Page.	1 PUBLICATION OF THE PROPERTY
(b) Statement of Financial Condition	on.
(c) Statement of Income (Loss). (d) Statement of Changes in Finance	sial Condition
	nolders' Equity or Partners" or Sole Proprietors" Capital.
(f) Statement of Changes in Liability(g) Computation of Net Capital.	ities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
	of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
	ssession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
	propriate explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under on for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit
A of Rule 15c3-3.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
(k) A Reconciliation between the are respect to methods of consolida	udited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with
(l) An Oath or Affirmation.	
(m) A copy of the SIPC Supplement	
date of the previous audit.	al inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the

^{**}For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17z-5(e)(3).

FD CAPITAL ADVISORS BD, LLC
Financial Statements
For the Year Ended
December 31, 2012
With
Independent Auditor's Report

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

900 Circle 75 Parkway Suite 1100 Atlanta, GA 30339 Office: 770 690-8995 Fax: 770 980-1077

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members FD Capital Advisors BD, LLC

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of FD Capital Advisors BD, LLC which comprise the balance sheet as of December 31, 2012 and the related statements of income, retained earnings, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements that are to be filed pursuant to Rule 17a-5 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of FD Capital Advisors BD, LLC as of December 31, 2012 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Supplemental Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in the Schedules I, II and III is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 of the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

February 27, 2013 Atlanta, Georgia

RUBIO CPA, PC

Pulis CPA, PC

FD CAPITAL ADVISORS BD, LLC STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION DECEMBER 31, 2012

ASSETS

Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable, net of reserve for bad debts of \$9,930 Prepaid expenses	\$ 11,452 2,500 25
Total Assets	<u>\$ 13,977</u>
LIABILITIES AND MEMBER'S EQUITY	Ţ.
LIABILITIES Due to related party	\$ 3,200
Total Liabilities	3,200
MEMBER'S EQUITY	10,777
Total Liabilities and Member's Equity	<u>\$ 13,977</u>

FD CAPITAL ADVISORS BD, LLC STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

REVENUES Fees	\$ 44,89 <u>9</u>
Total revenues	44,899
GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES	
Guaranteed payments to partner	28,400
Administrative fees to related party	9,600
Other operating expenses	54,597
Total expenses	92,597
NET LOSS	<u>\$ (47,698)</u>

FD CAPITAL ADVISORS BD, LLC STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Net loss Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used by operations:	\$ (47,698)
Decrease in accounts receivable	11,357
Decrease in prepaid expenses	40
Decrease in accounts payable	(4,334)
NET CASH USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(40,635)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Increase in due to related party Capital contributions by member	2,400 19,450
NET CASH PROVIDED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES	21,850
NET DECREASE IN CASH	(18,875)
CASH BALANCE: Beginning of period	30,237
End of period	<u>\$ 11,452</u>

FD CAPITAL ADVISORS BD, LLC STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN MEMBER'S EQUITY

For the Period Ended December 31, 2012

	Total	
Balance, December 31, 2011	\$	39,025
Capital contributions by member		19,450
Net loss		(47,698)
Balance, December 31, 2012	<u>\$</u>	10,777

FD CAPITAL ADVISORS BD, LLC NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2012

NOTE A — SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Organization and Description of Business: FD Capital Advisors BD, LLC (the "Company"), a limited liability company, was organized in October 2008 and became a broker-dealer in June 2010. The Company is a securities broker-dealer registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") and the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA").

The Company is wholly-owned by FD Capital Advisors, LLC.

<u>Cash and Cash Equivalents</u>: The Company considers all cash and money market instruments with a maturity of ninety days or less to be cash and cash equivalents.

<u>Income Taxes:</u> The Company's taxable income or loss is reported in the partnership income tax return of its Parent and no income taxes are recorded in the accompanying financial statements.

The Company has adopted the provisions of FASB Accounting Standards Codification 740-10, Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes. Under ASC 740-10, the Company is required to evaluate each of its tax positions to determine if they are more likely than not to be sustained if the taxing authority examines the respective position. A tax position includes an entity's status, including its status as a pass-through entity, and the decision not to file a tax return. The Company has evaluated each of its tax positions and has determined that no provision or liability for income taxes is necessary.

The Company, which files income tax returns in the U.S. federal jurisdiction and various state jurisdictions, is no longer subject to U.S. federal income tax examination by tax authorities for years before 2009.

<u>Estimates:</u> Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. Actual results could vary from the estimates that were assumed in preparing the financial statements.

<u>Date of Management's Review</u> – Subsequent events were evaluated through February 27, 2013, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

NOTE B - NET CAPITAL

The Company, as a registered broker dealer is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (Rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. At December 31, 2012, the Company had net capital of

FD CAPITAL ADVISORS BD, LLC NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2012

NOTE B - NET CAPITAL (CONTINUED)

\$8,252 which was \$3,252 in excess of its required net capital of \$5,000 and its ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital was .39 to 1.0.

NOTE C - RELATED PARTIES

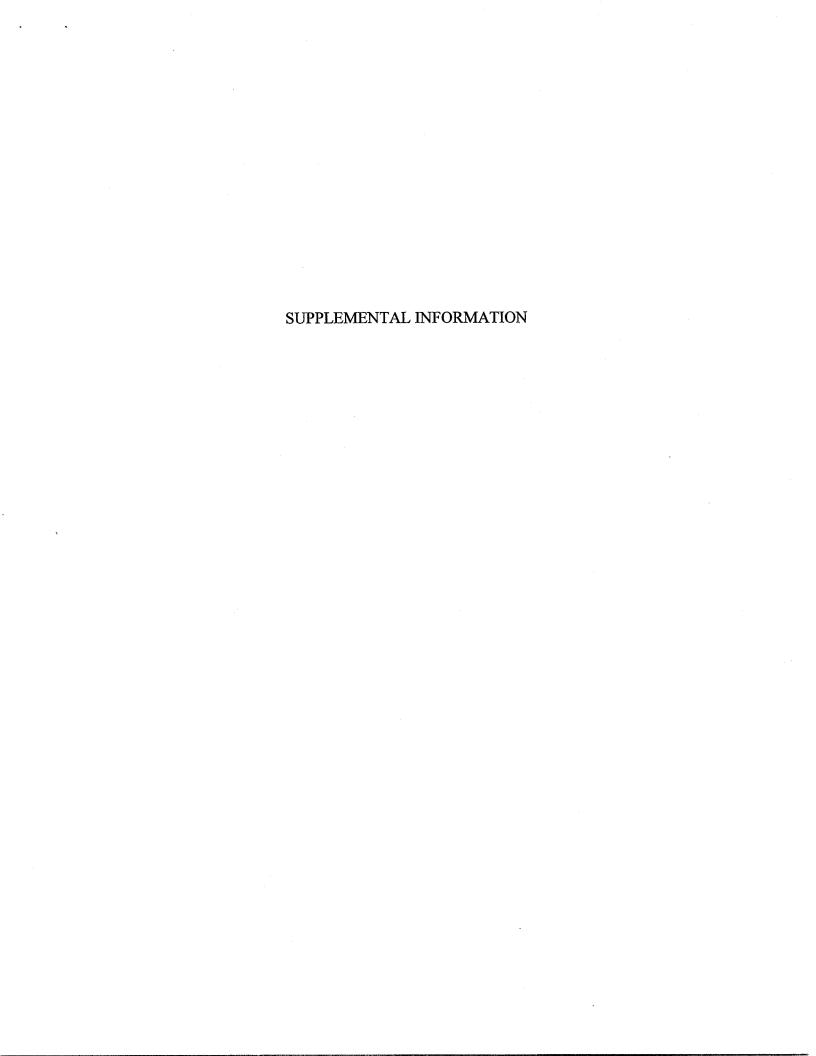
The Company has an administrative services agreement with a related party. Under the terms of the agreement, the related party provides the Company with office premises and administrative support in exchange for monthly fees. The amount of fees paid under the agreement for 2011 was \$9,600.

Financial position and results of operations would differ from the amounts in the accompanying financial statements if these transactions with related parties did not exist.

NOTE D-NET LOSS

The Company incurred a significant loss in 2012 and was dependent upon capital contributions from its member for working capital and to meet its net capital requirement.

A Member intends to make capital contributions as needed to insure survival of the Company until at least January 1, 2014.



SCHEDULE I FD CAPITAL ADVISORS BD, LLC

COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER RULE 15c3-1 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION ACT OF 1934 AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2012

NET CAPITAL:

Total members' equity	<u>\$ 10,777</u>
Less nonallowable assets: Accounts receivable Prepaid expenses	(2,500) (25)
Net capital before haircuts	8,252
Less haircuts	8,252
Net capital Minimum net capital required	5,000
Excess net capital	<u>\$ 3,252</u>
Aggregate indebtedness	\$ 3,200
Net capital based on aggregate indebtedness	<u>\$ 213</u>
Percentage of aggregate indebtedness to net capital	38.78%

RECONCILIATION WITH COMPANY'S COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL INCLUDED IN PART IIA OF FORM X-17A-5 AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2012

There is no significant difference between net capital as reported in Part A of Form X-17a-5 and net capital as reported above.

FD CAPITAL ADVISORS BD, LLC

SCHEDULE II COMPUTATION FOR DETERMINATION OF RESERVE REQUIREMENTS UNDER RULE 15c3-3 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2012

The Company is exempt from the provisions of Rule 15c3-3 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, pursuant to paragraph (k)(2)(i) of the rule.

SCHEDULE III INFORMATION RELATING TO THE POSSESSION OR CONTROL REQUIREMENTS UNDER RULE 15c3-3 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2012

The Company is exempt from the provisions of Rule 15c3-3 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, pursuant to paragraph (k)(2)(i) of the rule.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

900 Circle 75 Parkway Suite 1100 Atlanta, GA 30339 Office: 770 690-8995 Fax: 770 980-1077

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL ACCOUNTING CONTROL REQUIRED BY RULE 17a-5

To the Members FD Capital Advisors BD, LLC

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of FD Capital Advisors BD, LLC, for the period ended December 31, 2012, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered its internal control structure over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements but not for the purposes of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission, we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by FD Capital Advisors BD, LLC, that we considered relevant to the objective stated in Rule 17a-5(g). We also made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and the procedure for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry security accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company related to the following: (1) in making the quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisons, and the recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13; (2) in complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of internal control structure policies and procedures and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the commission's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of an internal control structure and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in any internal control structure or the practices and procedures referred to above, errors or irregularities may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A *material weakness* is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of the internal control structure would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control structure that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control structure elements does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that errors or irregularities in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving the internal control structure that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the Commission to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures as described in the second paragraph of this report were adequate at December 31, 2012 to meet the Commission's objectives.

This report recognizes that it is not practicable in an organization the size of the Company to achieve all the division of duties and cross-checks generally included in a system of internal accounting control, and that alternatively, greater reliance must be placed on surveillance by management.

This report is intended solely for the use of management, the Securities and Exchange Commission, the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority and other regulatory agencies which rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers and should not be used by anyone other than the specified parties.

February 27, 2013 Atlanta, Georgia

RUBIO CPA, PC

Pulis CPA, Pc