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SANYUAL AUDITED REPORT

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Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the

Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

OMB APPROVAL

OMB Number: 3235-0123

Expires: April 30, 2013

Estimated average burden hours per response..... 12.00

SEC FILE NUMBER

8- 39031

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING_	01/01/2012 MM/DD/YY	AND ENDING	12/31/2012 MM/DD/YY
A. REG	ISTRANT IDENTIFI	CATION	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: MIDDLEG ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSI	NESS: (Do not use P.O. I		OFFICIAL USE ONLY FIRM I.D. NO.
8 WEST 40TH STREET, FOUR	(No. and Street)		
NEW YORK	NEW YOR	Karawa i	10018
(City)	(State)		(Zip Code)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PE STEVEN OSTROFSKY	RSON TO CONTACT IN	REGARD TO THIS R	EPORT 212-382-9500
			(Area Code – Telephone Number)
B. ACCO	OUNTANT IDENTIF	ICATION	
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT w	hose opinion is contained	in this Report*	
LESHKOWITZ AND COMPAN			·
-	(Name – if individual, state last,	first, middle name)	
270 MADISON AVENUE	NEW YORK	NEW Y	DRK 10016
(Address)	(City)	sec uriti è	S AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
CHECK ONE:		·	RECEIVED
☑ Certified Public Accountant		N	IAR 0 1 2013
☐ Public Accountant			5 = 2010
☐ Accountant not resident in Unit	ed States or any of its poss	sessions. REGI	STRATIONS BRANCH
	FOR OFFICIAL USE	ONLY	

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

3/11/4

SEC 1410 (06-02)

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

Ι, _		STEVEN OSTROFSKY	, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of
my	kno	wledge and belief the accompanying financial statement a MIDDLEGATE SECURITIES LTD.	and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of , as
of		DECEMBER 31 , 20 12	, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that
		the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal office	
		ed solely as that of a customer, except as follows:	
Cia	331110	a solely as that of a customer, except as follows.	· 3%
			1
			Office Onto Rally
		^۱	Signature /
			Signature /
		ALC: ISAAC	PRESIDENT
		NOTARY PUBLIC STATE KINGS COUL COMM DIC. #0181400	Title
		// // X Kilian 'nis	OF News.
		Notary Public KINGS COUNTY COMM. EXP. #018U499	NTY YORK
_		Notary Public COMM. EXP. #018U490	10447
	1	Trouiny Tuone	Tig
Th	is rep	port ** contains (check all applicable boxes):	
X		Facing Page.	
X	(b)	Statement of Financial Condition.	
X	(c)	Statement of Income (Loss).	
\boxtimes		Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.	
X	(e)	Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partner	s' or Sole Proprietors' Capital.
	(f)	Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Clai	ms of Creditors.
X	(g)	Computation of Net Capital.	
		Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements	
		Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requir	
	(j)	A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation of the	e Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the
		Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirem	ients Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
	(k)	A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Stat	tements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of
		consolidation.	
风	(1)	An Oath or Affirmation.	
X	(m)	A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.	
	(n)	A report describing any material inadequacies found to exi	st or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit

^{**}For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

MIDDLEGATE SECURITIES LTD.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

December 31, 2012

Filed in accordance with Rule 17a-5(e)(3) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

LESHKOWITZ & COMPANY, LLP
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

LESHKOWITZ & COMPANY, LLP

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
270 MADISON AVENUE
NEW YORK, N.Y. 10016
(212) 532-5550
FAX (212) 532-4007
E-MAIL: chl@leshkowitz.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors
Middlegate Securities Ltd.:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Middlegate Securities Ltd. (the Company) as of December 31, 2012, and the related statements of income, changes in stockholders' equity, and cash flows for the year then ended that are filed pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Company's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting principles used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Middlegate Securities Ltd. as of December 31, 2012, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matter

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The information contained in Schedule I is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information in Schedule I has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information in Schedule I is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

February 28, 2013

MIDDLEGATE SECURITIES LTD. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION DECEMBER 31, 2012

ASSETS

Cash	\$ 574,336
Securities owned, at fair value	230,263
Receivable from clearing broker, net	3,007,275
Due from stockholders and officer, including accrued interest	
of \$ 120,641	7,846,141
Prepaid expenses and other assets	177,593
Furniture, equipment, and leasehold improvements,	
less accumulated depreciation and amortization	
of \$ 1,073,174	8,502
Restricted collateral deposit (Note 8)	62,982
Total assets	\$ 11,907,092
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQ	UITY
Liabilities:	
Accrued expenses payable	\$ 178,056
Deferred rent payable	125,788
Income taxes payable	8,175
Total Liabilities	\$ 312,019
Commitments and contingencies (Note 8)	
Stockholders' equity:	
Common stock, no par value, 200 shares authorized,	
100 shares issued and outstanding	\$ 400,000
Retained Earnings	11,195,073
Total Stockholders' Equity	11,595,073
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	\$ 11,907,092

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

MIDDLEGATE SECURITIES LTD. STATEMENT OF INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

Revenues:	
Commissions	\$ 4,438,575
Principal transactions	1,336,668
Interest and dividends	103,910
Total Revenues	5,879,153
Expenses:	
Employee compensation and benefits	3,698,397
Transaction and clearance fees	358,276
Charitable contributions	489,220
Rent and utilities	295,397
Professional fees	210,634
Communication and information systems	214,413
Other operating expenses	505,314
Depreciation and amortization	15,240
Total Expenses	5,786,891
Income before provision for income taxes	92,262
Provision for income taxes	62,004
Net income	\$ 30,258

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

LESHKOWITZ & COMPANY, LLP

MIDDLEGATE SECURITIES LTD. STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

	Common Stock	Retained Earnings	Stockholders' Equity
Balance at January 1, 2012	\$ 400,000	\$ 11,314,815	\$ 11,714,815
Net Income for the Year		30,258	30,258
Less: distributions to stockholders		(150,000)	(150,000)
Balance at December 31, 2012	\$ 400,000	\$ 11,195,073	\$ 11,595,073

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

MIDDLEGATE SECURITIES LTD. STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

Cash flows from operating activities:	
Net income	\$ 30,258
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net	
cash provided by operating activities:	
Depreciation and amortization	15,240
Deferred rent	(36,816)
Changes in assets and liabilities:	
Securities owned	712,120
Receivable from clearing brokers, net	(383,692)
Interest receivable	(21,066)
Prepaid income taxes	30,972
Prepaid expenses and other assets	(114,293)
Accrued expenses payable	(6,629)
Income taxes payable	8,175
Net cash provided by operating activities	234,269
Cash flows from financing activities:	
Net decrease in due from officer	19,107
Net (increase) in loans receivable from stockholders	(80,600)
Distribution to stockholders	(150,000)
Net cash used in financing activities	(211,493)
Net increase in cash	22,776
Cash at beginning of period	551,560
Cash at end of period	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

LESHKOWITZ & COMPANY, LLP

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

1) ORGANIZATION AND NATURE OF BUSINESS:

Middlegate Securities Ltd. (the Company), a New York State S Corporation, is a broker-dealer registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission and is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA"). The Company clears all of its customer transactions through a correspondent broker-dealer on a fully disclosed basis.

2) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

Revenue Recognition - Commission income from customers' securities transactions and related expenses are reported on a trade date basis. Profit and loss arising from securities transactions entered into for the account of the Company are recorded on the trade date and are included as revenue from principal transactions. Unrealized gains and losses resulting from valuing marketable securities at market value are also included in the calculation of revenue from principal transactions.

<u>Use of Estimates</u> - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP") requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

<u>Securities Owned</u> – The Company's marketable securities are stated at fair value. (See Note 5)

<u>Depreciation and Amortization</u> - Depreciation on furniture and equipment is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the related assets. Leasehold improvements are amortized over the lesser of the economic useful life of the improvement or the term of the lease.

Income Taxes - The provision for income taxes is based on income and expenses reported in the financial statements. The Company has elected to be treated as an "S" Corporation under Federal and New York State income tax law. Accordingly, no provision has been made for Federal income tax because Federal income taxes are imposed on the shareholders based on their respective allocation of net income. New York State special franchise and surcharge taxes and New York City corporation tax are provided for in the financial statements.

2) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES-CONTINUED

Deferred income taxes arise from temporary differences between the tax basis of an asset or liability and its reported amount in the financial statements. Deferred taxes were immaterial at December 31, 2012

The Company is subject to examination by tax authorities for the years 2009 through 2012.

3) OFF-BALANCE-SHEET RISK AND CONCENTRATIONS:

Pursuant to its clearing agreement, the Company introduces all of its securities transactions to its clearing broker on a fully disclosed basis. All of the customers' money balances and long and short security positions are carried on the books of the clearing broker. In accordance with the clearing agreement, the Company has agreed to indemnify the clearing broker for losses, if any, from carrying securities transactions introduced by the Company. In accordance with industry practices and regulatory requirements, the Company and the clearing firm monitor collateral on the customer accounts on a daily basis. In addition, the Company maintains securities accounts with its clearing broker; these accounts contain significant cash balances (See Note 4).

The Company maintains its cash balances and temporary cash investments with a large banking institution.

Due from stockholders and officer represent significant concentrations (See Note 6).

The Company's securities are held by its clearing broker and the Company has a significant receivable from the clearing broker (See Note 4).

Management does not expect any loss to result from any of its concentrations of credit risk.

4) RECEIVABLE FROM CLEARING BROKER:

The Company has an agreement with National Financial Services, LLC ("NFS"), a Fidelity Investments company, to act as its clearing broker. The net amount due from the clearing broker consists of the balances in the Company's various trading accounts maintained by NFS. Included in the receivable balance at December 31, 2012, is a deposit of \$100,000 required by NFS for operating the accounts.

5) FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS:

U.S. GAAP defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. A fair value measurement assumes that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability occurs in the principal market for the asset or liability or, in the absence of a principal market, the most advantageous market. Valuation techniques that are consistent with the market, income or cost approach are used to measure fair value.

The fair value hierarchy prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three broad levels:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Company has the ability to access.
- Level 2 inputs are inputs (other than quoted prices included within level 1) that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3 are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability and rely on management's own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. (The unobservable inputs should be developed based on the best information available in the circumstances and may include the Company's own data.)

The following table presents the Company's fair value hierarchy for the marketable securities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of December 31, 2012.

	Level 1	Level 2		Level 3		Total	
Corporate debt	\$ 16,216	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 16,216	
Corporate stock	214,047		-			214,047	
Total	\$ 230,263	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 230,263	

6) RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS:

Due from Stockholders / Officer

The loans bear interest based on the Short Term Applicable Federal Rate, and have no definitive due date. For the year ended December 31, 2012, the effective annual interest rate was 0.27%. Interest income for the year ended December 31, 2012, with respect to these loans, totaled \$21,065.

Leases - See Note 8.

7) RETIREMENT PLAN:

The Company maintains a deferred compensation plan for eligible employees. The Company may, at its discretion, contribute up to 25% of eligible compensation. The Company did not elect to make contributions to the plan for 2012.

8) **COMMITMENTS:**

Leases - The Company leases its New York City office under a lease that expires on May 31, 2016. In accordance with the lease terms, the Company provided the lessor with a letter of credit in the amount of \$60,000 to secure its obligations under the lease. The letter of credit is collateralized by a certificate of deposit of an equal amount. The lease provides for rent abatement for the initial year of the lease term and requires monthly payments of \$20,280 through May 2011, and \$22,360 from June 2011 through May 2016. The lease also provides for certain escalations over the base year, as defined in the lease. In accordance with U.S. GAAP, the minimum rental payments due over the lease term are being amortized on a straight line basis at \$19,292 per month over 120 months. Deferred rent payable reflected in the Statement of Financial Condition represents the unamortized portion of the amount generated by the straight-line procedure. In addition, the Company subleases a portion of the premises to an affiliate on an informal month-to-month basis. The sublease income was \$40,500 for the year ended December 31, 2012.

The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments as of December 31, 2012:

Year Ending December 31 ,	 Amount
2013	\$ 268,320
2014	268,320
2015	268,320
2016	 111,800
•	 916,760

Rent expense for the year ended December 31, 2012 totaled \$271,502 and is reflected net of sublease rental income of \$40,500.

9) **REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS:**

The Company is subject to Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c3-1 under which it is required to maintain minimum net capital of at least \$250,000, pursuant to the Alternative Standard under paragraph (a)(1)(ii) of that rule. At December 31, 2012, the Company's net capital of \$3,464,474 exceeded minimum requirements by \$3,214,474.

All customer transactions are cleared through another broker-dealer on a fully disclosed basis. Therefore, in accordance with paragraph (k)(2)(ii) of Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commission, the Company is not required to maintain a separate bank account for the exclusive benefit of customers nor to segregate securities.

10) CASH FLOW INFORMATION:

(a) Cash payments for income taxes for the year ended December 31, 2012 were \$22,257.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

LESHKOWITZ & COMPANY, LLP

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

MIDDLEGATE SECURITIES LTD. COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER RULE 15c3-1 of THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2012

SCHEDULE I

Stockholder's equity	\$ 11,595,074
Due from stockholders and officer, including accrued interest of \$120,641	7,846,141
Prepaid expenses and other assets	177,593
Furniture, equipment and leasehold improvements	
net of accumulated depreciation and amortization	
of \$1,073,174	8,502
Restriced collateral deposit	 62,982
Total charges	 8,095,218
Net capital before haircut	3,499,856
Haircuts	35,382
Net capital	3,464,474
Minimum capital required	 250,000
Excess net capital over mininum requirement	\$ 3,214,474

There are no material differences between the computation of net capital presented above and the computation of net capital in the Company's unaudited Form X-17A-5, Part IIA filing as of December 31, 2012.

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17A-5(G)(1)

LESHKOWITZ & COMPANY, LLP

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
270 MADISON AVENUE
NEW YORK, N.Y. 10016
(212) 532-5550
FAX (212) 532-4007
E-MAIL: chl@leshkowitz.com

Board of Directors of Middlegate Securities Ltd.:

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Middlegate Securities Ltd. (the Company), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2012, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company, including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11), and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13
- 2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's previously mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Company's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identity all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined previously.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2012, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

February 28, 2013

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REPORT	ON	SIPC	ASSESSMENT	RECONCI	LATION	REQUIRED	BY SEC	RULE	17A-5(e)(4

LESHKOWITZ & COMPANY, LLP CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

LESHKOWITZ & COMPANY, LLP

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
270 MADISON AVENUE
NEW YORK, N.Y. 10016
(212) 532-5550
FAX (212) 532-4007
E-MAIL: chl@leshkowitz.com

To the Board of Directors of Middlegate Securities Ltd.

In accordance with Rule 17a-5(e)(4) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, we have performed the procedures enumerated below with respect to the accompanying Schedule of Assessment and Payments [General Assessment Reconciliation (Form SIPC-7)] to the Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC) for the year ended December 31, 2012, which were agreed to by Middlegate Securities Ltd. and the Securities and Exchange Commission, Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc., SIPC and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(e)(4) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, solely to assist you and the other specified parties in evaluating Middlegate Securities Ltd.'s compliance with the applicable instructions of the General Assessment Reconciliation (Form SIPC-7). Middlegate Securities Ltd.'s management is responsible for the Middlegate Securities Ltd.'s compliance with those requirements. This agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of those parties specified in this report. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose. The procedures we performed and our findings are as follows:

- 1. Compared the listed assessment payments in Form SIPC-7 with respective cash disbursement records entries in the Company's general ledger noting no differences;
- 2. Compared the amounts reported on the audited Form X-17A-5 for the year ended December 31, 2012, as applicable, with the amounts reported in Form SIPC-7 for the year ended December 31, 2012, noting no differences;
- 3. Compared any adjustments reported in Form SIPC-7 with supporting schedules and working papers noting no differences; and
- 4. Proved the arithmetical accuracy of the calculations reflected in Form SIPC-7 and in the related schedules and working papers supporting the adjustments noting no differences.

We were not engaged to, and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on compliance. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you. This report is intended solely for the information and use of the specified parties listed above and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

July r langay IFB

February 28, 2013

LESHKOWITZ & COMPANY, LLP

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

SIPC-7 (33-REV 7/10)

SECURITIES INVESTOR PROTECTION CORPORATION

P.O. Box 92185 Washington D.C. 20090-2185

202-371-8300

General Assessment Reconciliation

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2012

(Read carefully the instructions in your Working Copy before completing this Form)

TO BE FILED BY ALL SIPC MEMBERS WITH FISCAL YEAR ENDINGS

		-	iated Examining SEC Rule 17a-5:	•	134 Act re	gistration no. i	and month in	which tisc	al year end	ds for	
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L	NEW YORK	١	Y 10018	3-3902		HOWARD S	SPINDEL		2	12-897-1688	
2. A	. General asse	essment (item 2	e from page 2)						\$		9,511
В	. Less paymen	t made with SIP	C-6 filed (exclude	interest)					(***************************************	7,287
		7/23/2012 ate Paid								•	
C		erpayment appl	ed						(
D	. Assessment	balance due or	overpayment)						Section Language Control		2,224
Ε	. Interest comp	outed on late pa	/ment (see instru	uctions E) for		days at 20	0% per annu	m			_
F	Total assessi	ment balance ar	id interest due (o	or overpayme	ent carrie	d forward)			\$	···	2,224
G											
		sed, payable to see same as F ab				\$		2,224			
Н	. Overpaymen	t carried forward				\$(-)	,	
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nat a	Il information colomplete.	ntained herein is	true, correct		-				rship or other or		
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LESHKOWITZ & COMPANY, LLP CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

DETERMINATION OF "SIPC NET OPERATING REVENUES" AND GENERAL ASSESSMENT

Amounts for the fiscal period

January 1, 2012

beginning

and ending December 31, 2012 Eliminate cents Item No. 2a. Total revenue (FOCUS Line 12/Part IIA Line 9, Code 4030) 5,920,898 (1) Total revenues from the securities business of subsidiaries (except foreign subsidiaries) and predecessors not included above. (2) Net loss from principal transactions in securities in trading accounts. (3) Net loss from principal transactions in commodities in trading accounts. (4) Interest and dividend expense deducted in determining item 2a. (1,244)(5) Net loss from management of or participation in the underwriting or distribution of securities. (6) Expenses other than advertising, printing, registration fees and legal fees deducted in determining net profit from management of or participation in underwriting or distribution of securities. (7) Net loss from securities in investment accounts. (1,244)Total additions 2c. Deductions: (1) Revenues from the distribution of shares of a registered open end investment company or unit investment trust, from the sale of variable annuities, from the business of insurance, from investment advisory services rendered to registered investment companies or insurance company separate accounts and from transactions in security futures products. 167,133 (2) Revenues from commodity transactions. (3) Commissions, floor brokerage and clearance paid to other SIPC members in connection with securities transactions. 350,177 (4) Reimbursements for postage in connection with proxy solicitation. (5) Net gain from securities in investment accounts. 1,346,275 (6) 100% of commissions and markups earned from transactions in (i) certificates of deposit and (ii) Treasury bills, bankers acceptances or commercial paper that mature nine months or less from issuance date. (7) Direct expenses of printing, advertising and legal fees incurred in connection with other revenue related to the securities business (revenue defined by Section 16(9)(L) of the Act). (8) Other revenue not related either directly or indirectly to the securities business. (See Instruction C): RENTAL INCOME- FINANCIAL CONSULTING-NON-SECURITIES RELATED INTEREST INCOME 221,434 (9) (i) Total interest and dividend expense (FOCUS Line 22/Part IIA Line 13, Code 4075 plus line 2b(4) above) but not in excess 1,244 of total interest and dividend income. (ii) 40% of interest earned on customers securities accounts (40% of FOCUS line 5, Code 3960). 30,386 Enter the greater of line (i) or (ii) 30,386 2,115,405 Total deductions 3,804,249 2d. SIPC Net Operating Revenue 9,511 2e. General Assessment @ .0025 (to page 1, line 2.A.)

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