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EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, DC 20549

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SEC

ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT
FORM X-17A-5
PART III

Mail Processing
Section

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8-024511

FACING PAGE
Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

Washington DC
403

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING 01/01/12 AND ENDING 12/31/12
MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: **KOONCE SECURITIES, INC.**

OFFICIAL USE ONLY
FIRM I.D. NO.

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)

6550 ROCK SPRING DRIVE, SUITE 600

(No. and Street)

BETHESDA, MD 20817

(City)

(State)

(Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT

JEFFREY H. LEISENRING

(301) 897-9700

(Area Code-Telephone No.)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report*

WILLIAM BATDORF & COMPANY, P.C.

(Name- if individual, state last, first, middle name)

1750 K STREET, NW, SUITE 375, WASHINGTON, DC 20006

(Address)

(City)

(State)

(Zip Code)

CHECK ONE:

- Certified Public Accountant
- Public Accountant
- Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

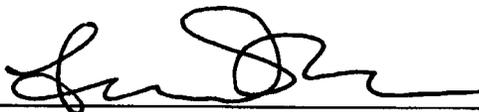
*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)2.

Sec. 1410 (06-02)

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, FRANKLIN S. KOONCE, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief that the accompanying financial statements and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of KOONCE SECURITIES, INC., as of December 31, 2012, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of customer, except as follows:

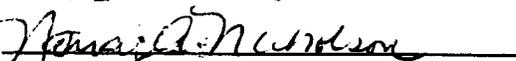


Signature

State Of Maryland
County Of Montgomery

President

Title



Notary Public

My Commission Expires: October 28, 2015

This report** contains (check all applicable boxes):

- (a) Facing page.
- (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
- (c) Statement of Income (Loss).
- (d) Statement of Cash Flows.
- (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital.
- (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
- (g) Computation of Net Capital.
- (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- (i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
- (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
- (l) An Oath or Affirmation.
- (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
- (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.
- (o) Independent auditor's report on internal accounting control.

** For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

KOONCE SECURITIES, INC.

**STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION
AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

DECEMBER 31, 2012

KOONCE SECURITIES, INC.
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT
DECEMBER 31, 2012

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WILLIAM BATDORF & COMPANY, P.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

1750 K STREET, N.W., SUITE 375

WASHINGTON, DC 20006

TELEPHONE: (202) 331-1040

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Directors
Koonce Securities, Inc.
Bethesda, MD

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Koonce Securities, Inc. (the Company) as of December 31, 2012, that is filed pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Company's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statement referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Koonce Securities, Inc. as of December 31, 2012, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

William Batdorf & Company, P.C.

Washington, DC
February 25, 2013

KOONCE SECURITIES, INC.
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION
DECEMBER 31, 2012

ASSETS

Cash	\$ 1,127,951
Cash Deposits with Clearing Organizations	534,634
Receivable from Customers	947,260
Securities Owned, at Market Value	544,524
Income Taxes Receivable	361,010
Prepaid Expenses	53,773
Furniture and Equipment – Net	-
Other Assets	<u>10,500</u>
 Total Assets	 <u>\$ 3,579,652</u>

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

LIABILITIES

Payable to Customers	\$ 26,669
Payable to Non-Customers	5,421
Accounts Payable, Accrued Expenses	96,408
Deferred Rent Payable	<u>133,053</u>
 Total Liabilities	 <u>261,551</u>

COMMITMENTS, CONTINGENCIES AND GUARANTEES:

Subordinated Borrowings	<u>2,250,000</u>
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STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

Common Stock (\$1 Par Value 2,000,000 Shares Authorized, 820,000 Shares Issued and Outstanding)	820,000
Retained Earnings	<u>248,101</u>
 Total Stockholders' Equity	 <u>1,068,101</u>
 Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	 <u>\$ 3,579,652</u>

KOONCE SECURITIES, INC.
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2012

NOTE 1 – SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Koonce Securities, Inc. (the "Corporation") is a broker and dealer in securities located in Bethesda, Maryland. The Corporation is registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and is a member of Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA).

Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing financial statements. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and the reported revenues and expenses. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

The following is a summary of significant accounting policies followed in the preparation of the accompanying financial statements.

Cash – Cash includes \$604,106 in a money market mutual fund.

Securities Owned, Securities Sold Not Yet Purchased – Securities owned by the Corporation are valued at their fair value, determined from quoted market prices. Any unrealized gain or loss is reflected in income.

Realized gains and losses on sales of securities in inventory are calculated by using the average cost method.

Securities transactions (and any related gains or losses on sales) are recorded on a settlement date basis, which is generally the third business day following the date of trade. The effect on net income of using a settlement date basis versus a trade date basis for recording securities transactions is not material.

Property and Equipment – Furniture and equipment are stated at cost, net of \$235,464 accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is calculated using accelerated methods for both financial and tax reporting purposes. All property and equipment was fully depreciated at December 31, 2012.

Leasehold improvements are stated at cost, net of \$57,912 accumulated amortization, and are amortized using the straight-line method over the remaining life of the lease for financial reporting purposes and over 39 years for tax reporting purposes. All leasehold improvements fully amortized at December 31, 2012.

KOONCE SECURITIES, INC.
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2012

NOTE 1 – SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

Income Taxes – Income taxes are provided for the tax effects of transactions reported in the financial statements and consist of taxes currently due (receivable) plus deferred taxes related primarily to differences between financial and income tax reporting for securities owned, vacation accruals and other items which create recognition timing differences. Deferred tax assets and liabilities represent the future tax return consequences of those differences, which will either be deductible or taxable when the assets and liabilities are recovered or settled. The amount of current and deferred taxes payable or refundable is recognized as of the date of the financial statements, utilizing currently enacted tax laws and rates. Deferred tax expenses or benefits are recognized in the financial statements for the changes in deferred tax liabilities or assets between years.

The Company complies with Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 740, Income Taxes which requires an asset and liability approach to financial accounting and reporting for income taxes. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are computed for differences between the financial statement and tax basis of assets and liabilities that will result in taxable or deductible amounts in the future based on the enacted tax laws and rates applicable to the periods in which the differences are expected to affect taxable income. Valuation allowances are established, when necessary, to reduce the deferred income tax assets to the amount expected to be realized.

ASC 740 provides guidance for how uncertain tax positions should be recognized, measured, presented and disclosed in the financial statements. ASC 740 requires the evaluation of tax positions taken or expected to be taken in the course of preparing the Company's tax returns to determine whether the tax positions are "more-likely-than-not" of being sustained by the applicable tax authority. Tax positions not deemed to meet the more-likely-than-not threshold would be recorded as tax benefit or expense in the current year.

NOTE 2 - RECEIVABLE FROM/PAYABLE TO CUSTOMERS

Accounts receivable from and payable to customers include amounts due or payable on cash and margin transactions. Securities owned by customers are held as collateral for those receivables.

NOTE 3 - SECURITIES OWNED

Securities owned by the Corporation consisted primarily of corporate stocks at December 31, 2012.

NOTE 4 - FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

FASB ASC 820 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and establishes a fair value hierarchy which prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. A fair value measurement assumes that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability occurs in the principal market for the asset or liability or, in the absence of a principal market, the most advantageous market.

KOONCE SECURITIES, INC.
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2012

NOTE 4 - FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT (Continued)

Valuation techniques that are consistent with the market, income or cost approach, as specified by FASB ASC 820, are used to measure fair value.

The fair value hierarchy prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three broad levels Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3.

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities the Company has the ability to access.
- Level 2 inputs are inputs (other than quoted prices included within level 1) that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3 are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability and rely on management's own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. (The unobservable inputs should be developed based on the best information available in the circumstances and may include the Company's own data.)

The following table presents the Company's fair value hierarchy for those assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of December 31, 2012.

	<u>Level 1</u>	<u>Level 2</u>	<u>Level 3</u>	<u>Total</u>
U.S. Government Debt	\$ 226,720	-	-	226,720
Equity Securities	317,804	-	\$ -	317,804
Total	<u>\$ 544,524</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 544,524</u>

NOTE 5 - SHORT-TERM BANK LOANS

The Corporation has an agreement to borrow funds from Lakeside Bank to meet certain security transaction requirements. There were no outstanding balances under this agreement as of December 31, 2012.

NOTE 7 - INCOME TAXES

There were no deferred tax assets or liabilities at December 31, 2012.

The Company complies with Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 740, Income Taxes which requires an asset and liability approach to financial accounting and reporting for income taxes. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are computed for differences between the financial statement and tax basis of assets and liabilities that will result in taxable or deductible amounts in the future based on the enacted tax laws and rates applicable to the periods in which the differences are expected to affect taxable income. Valuation allowances are established, when necessary, to reduce the deferred income tax assets to the amount expected to be realized.

KOONCE SECURITIES, INC.
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2012

NOTE 7 - INCOME TAXES (Continued)

ASC 740 provides guidance for how uncertain tax positions should be recognized, measured, presented and disclosed in the financial statements. ASC 740 requires the evaluation of tax positions taken or expected to be taken in the course of preparing the Company's tax returns to determine whether the tax positions are "more-likely-than-not" of being sustained by the applicable tax authority. Tax positions not deemed to meet the more-likely-than-not threshold would be recorded as tax benefit or expense in the current year

NOTE 8 - LIABILITIES SUBORDINATED TO CLAIMS OF GENERAL CREDITORS

The borrowings under subordination agreements, with the Company's majority shareholder, at December 31, 2012 are listed below. Principal and interest are due in full subject to the prior payments or provision for payment in full of all claims of all other creditors of the company arising prior to the maturity date of the subordinated loans.

Subordinated note 1.0% due September 17, 2013	\$	1,250,000
Subordinated note 2.0% due September 17, 2015		<u>1,000,000</u>
Total	\$	<u>2,250,000</u>

The subordinated borrowings are covered by agreements approved by the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA). These notes are allowable in computing net capital and \$1,000,000 qualifies as equity under the Securities and Exchange Commission's uniform net capital rule. To the extent that such borrowings are required for the Company's continued compliance with minimum net capital requirements, they may not be repaid without written approval of FINRA.

NOTE 9 - LEASES

The Corporation has leased office space through October 2015. In connection with the lease agreement, the Corporation was granted a period of free rent which it has recorded as deferred rent. The unamortized balance of the deferred rent at December 31, 2012, is \$133,053 and is reflected as a liability in the accompanying statement of financial position. Minimum lease payments required under this lease are as follows:

2013	244,027
2014	251,327
2015	<u>193,021</u>
Total	<u>\$ 688,375</u>

Rent expense for 2012 was \$209,131 and rent payments were \$236,927.

**KOONCE SECURITIES, INC.
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2012**

NOTE 10 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company is related to Montgomery Investment Management, Inc. (MIM) through common ownership and control. MIM periodically reimburses the Company for certain costs shared by the two companies, such as payroll, rent and various other expenses. For the year ended December 31, 2012, MIM reimbursed the Company a total of \$1,381,561 for such expenses.

NOTE 11 - NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

The Corporation is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission's Uniform Net Capital Rule (Rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. At December 31, 2012, the Corporation had net capital and net capital requirements computed under these provisions as follows:

Net Capital	\$ 2,802,552
Net Capital Requirement	\$ 250,000
Ratio of Aggregate Indebtedness to Net Capital	9%

NOTE 12 - FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS WITH OFF-BALANCE-SHEET RISK

In the normal course of business, the Corporation's customer activities involve the execution, settlement, and financing of various customer securities transactions. These activities may expose the Corporation to off-balance-sheet risk in the event the customer is unable to fulfill its contracted obligations and the Corporation has to purchase or sell the financial instrument underlying the contract at a loss.

NOTE 12 - CONCENTRATIONS OF CREDIT RISK

The Corporation seeks to control the risks associated with its customer activities by requiring customers to maintain margin collateral in compliance with various regulatory and internal guidelines. The Corporation monitors required margin levels daily, and, pursuant to such guidelines, requires the customer to deposit additional collateral, or to reduce positions, when necessary.

The Corporation's customer securities activities are transacted on either a cash or margin basis. In margin transactions, the Corporation extends credit to its customers, subject to various regulatory and internal margin requirements, collateralized by cash and securities in the customers' accounts. In connection with these activities, the Corporation executes and clears customer transactions involving the sale of securities not yet purchased, all of which are transacted on a margin basis subject to individual exchange regulations. Such transactions may expose the Corporation to off-balance-sheet risk in the event margin requirements are not sufficient to fully cover losses that customers may incur. In the event the customer fails to satisfy its obligations, the Corporation may be required to purchase or sell financial instruments at prevailing market prices to fulfill the customers' obligations.

KOONCE SECURITIES, INC.
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2012

NOTE 12 - CONCENTRATIONS OF CREDIT RISK (Continued)

The Corporation is engaged in various trading and brokerage activities whose counterparties primarily include other broker-dealers. In the event counterparties do not fulfill their obligations, the Corporation may be exposed to risk. The risk of default depends on the creditworthiness of the counterparty or issuer of the instrument. It is the Corporation's policy to review, as necessary, the credit standing of each counterparty with which it conducts business.

Cash and cash equivalents consisted of investments in money market mutual funds and cash on deposit with established federally insured financial institutions. Total cash on deposit at various times during the year exceeded the federal deposit insurance limits. The company has never experienced any losses in these accounts and does not believe that it is exposed to any significant concentration of credit risk.

NOTE 13 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events through February 25, 2013, the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued. No events have occurred since the balance sheet date that would have material impact on the financial statements.

WILLIAM BATDORF & COMPANY, P.C.
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
1750 K STREET, N.W., SUITE 375
WASHINGTON, DC 20006
TELEPHONE: (202) 331-1040

SUPPLEMENTARY REPORT OF INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
ON INTERNAL ACCOUNTING CONTROL

Board of Directors
Koonce Securities, Inc.
Bethesda, MD

Gentlemen:

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Koonce Securities, Inc. (the Company), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2012, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company, including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of compliance with such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g), in the following:

1. Making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and the reserve required by Rule 15c3-3(e)
2. Making the quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons, and the recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13
3. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System
4. Obtaining and maintaining physical possession or control of all fully paid and excess margin securities of customers as required by Rule 15c3-3

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls, and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph, and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's previously mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control

and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

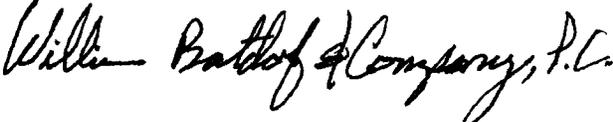
A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the company's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined previously.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2012, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.



February 25, 2013
Washington, DC

WILLIAM BATDORF & COMPANY, P.C.
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
1750 K STREET, N.W., SUITE 375
WASHINGTON, DC 20006
TELEPHONE: (202) 331-1040

Board of Directors
Koonce Securities, Inc.
Bethesda, MD

In accordance with Rule 17a-5(e)(4) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, we have performed the procedures enumerated below with respect to the accompanying Schedule of Assessment and Payments [General Assessment Reconciliation (Form SIPC-7)] to the Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC) for the year ended December 31, 2012, which were agreed to by Koonce Securities, Inc. and the Securities and Exchange Commission, Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc., and SIPC solely to assist you and the other specified parties in evaluating Koonce Securities, Inc.'s compliance with the applicable instructions of the General Assessment Reconciliation (Form SIPC-7). Koonce Securities, Inc.'s management is responsible for Koonce Securities, Inc.'s compliance with those requirements. This agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of those parties specified in this report. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose. The procedures we performed and our findings are as follows:

1. Compared the listed assessment payments in Form SIPC-7 with respective cash disbursement records entries including check registers and bank statements noting no differences;
2. Compared the amounts reported on the audited Form X-17A-5 for the year ended December 31, 2012, as applicable, with the amounts reported in Form SIPC-7 for the year ended December 31, 2012, noting no differences;
3. Compared any adjustments reported in Form SIPC-7 with supporting schedules and working papers noting no differences;
4. Proved the arithmetical accuracy of the calculations reflected in Form SIPC-7 and in the related schedules and working papers supporting the adjustments noting no differences; and
5. Compared the amount of any overpayment applied to the current assessment with the Form SIPC-7 on which it was originally computed noting no differences.

We were not engaged to, and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on compliance. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the specified parties listed above and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

William Bartholomew & Company, P.C.

Washington, DC
February 25, 2013

SIPC-7

(33-REV 7/10)

SECURITIES INVESTOR PROTECTION CORPORATION

P.O. Box 92185 Washington, D.C. 20090-2185
202-371-8300

General Assessment Reconciliation

SIPC-7

(33-REV 7/10)

For the fiscal year ended Dec 31, 2012

(Read carefully the instructions in your Working Copy before completing this Form)

TO BE FILED BY ALL SIPC MEMBERS WITH FISCAL YEAR ENDINGS

1. Name of Member, address, Designated Examining Authority, 1934 Act registration no. and month in which fiscal year ends for purposes of the audit requirement of SEC Rule 17a-5:

Koonce Securities Inc
6550 Rock Spring Drive
Suite 600
Bethesda, MD 20817

Note: If any of the information shown on the mailing label requires correction, please e-mail any corrections to form@sipc.org and so indicate on the form filed.

Name and telephone number of person to contact respecting this form.

LEISENRWG 301897970

WORKING COPY

2. A. General Assessment (item 2e from page 2)	\$ <u>5267</u>
B. Less payment made with SIPC-6 filed (exclude interest)	(<u>2530</u>)
<u>8/17/12</u> Date Paid	
C. Less prior overpayment applied	(<u>—</u>)
D. Assessment balance due or (overpayment)	<u>2737</u>
E. Interest computed on late payment (see instruction E) for _____ days at 20% per annum	<u>—</u>
F. Total assessment balance and interest due (or overpayment carried forward)	\$ <u>2737</u>
G. PAID WITH THIS FORM: Check enclosed, payable to SIPC Total (must be same as F above)	\$ <u>2737</u>
H. Overpayment carried forward	\$(<u> </u>)

3. Subsidiaries (S) and predecessors (P) included in this form (give name and 1934 Act registration number):

The SIPC member submitting this form and the person by whom it is executed represent thereby that all information contained herein is true, correct and complete.

Koonce Securities Inc

(Name of Corporation, Partnership, or other organization)

[Signature]
(Authorized Signature)

Dated the 25th day of February, 2017.

(Title)

This form and the assessment payment is due 60 days after the end of the fiscal year. Retain the Working Copy of this form for a period of not less than 6 years, the latest 2 years in an easily accessible place.

SIPC REVIEWER

Dates: Postmarked Received Reviewed

Calculations Documentation Forward Copy

Exceptions:

Disposition of exceptions:

