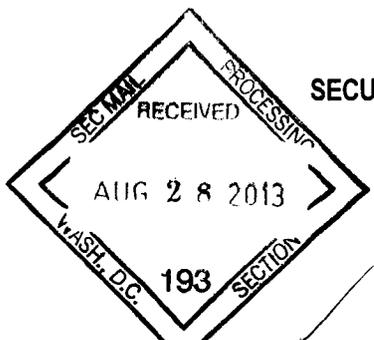


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FACING PAGE
 Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING 07/01/12 AND ENDING 06/30/13
MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:

Caprock Securities, Inc.

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)

4601 50th Street, Suite 202

(No. and Street)

Lubbock

(City)

TX

(State)

79414

(Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT

(Area Code - Telephone No.)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report*

CF & Co., L.L.P.

(Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name)

8750 N Central Expwy., Suite 300

(Address)

Dallas

(City)

TX

(State)

75231

(Zip Code)

CHECK ONE:

- Certified Public Accountant
- Public Accountant
- Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2).

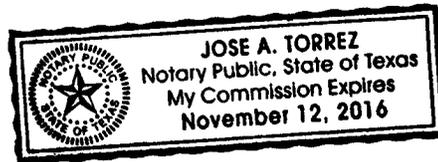
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 KW
 9/20/13

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Daryl Allison, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statements and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of Caprock Securities, Inc., as of June 30, 2013, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:

Daryl Allison
Signature
President
Title

Jose A. Torrez
Notary Public



This report** contains (check all applicable boxes):

- (a) Facing Page.
- (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
- (c) Statement of Income (Loss).
- (d) Statement of Cash Flows.
- (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital.
- (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
- (g) Computation of Net Capital.
- (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- (i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
- (j) A Reconciliation, Including Appropriate Explanation, of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- (k) A Reconciliation between the Audited and Unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of con-solidation.
- (l) An Oath or Affirmation.
- (m) A Copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
- (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.
- (o) Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control

**For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

CAPROCK SECURITIES, INC.

REPORT PURSUANT TO RULE 17a-5(d)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

CAPROCK SECURITIES, INC.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors
Caprock Securities, Inc.

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Caprock Securities, Inc. as of June 30, 2013 and the related statements of income, changes in stockholders' equity, changes in liabilities subordinated to claims of general creditors, and cash flows for the year then ended that are filed pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Caprock Securities, Inc. as of June 30, 2013, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matter

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The information contained in Schedules I and II is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information in Schedules I and II has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information in Schedules I and II is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

CF & Co. LLP.

CF & Co., L.L.P.

Dallas, Texas
August 26, 2013

CAPROCK SECURITIES, INC.
Statement of Financial Condition
June 30, 2013

ASSETS

Cash	\$ 47,056
Receivable from broker-dealers and clearing organizations	50,137
Other assets	<u>2,631</u>
	<u>\$ 99,824</u>

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

Liabilities

Accounts payable and accrued expenses	<u>\$ 13,528</u>
	<u>13,528</u>

Stockholders' equity

Common stock, 100,000 shares authorized, no par value, 10,000 issued and outstanding	5,300
Retained earnings	<u>80,996</u>
Total stockholders' equity	<u>86,296</u>
	<u>\$ 99,824</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CAPROCK SECURITIES, INC.
Statement of Income
For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Revenues

Securities commissions	\$ 448,737
Sale of investment company shares and unit investment trusts	445,571
Other income	<u>120,351</u>
	<u>1,014,659</u>

Expenses

Compensation and benefits	838,817
Commissions and clearance paid to all other brokers	57,053
Communications	10,366
Occupancy and equipment costs	25,551
Promotional costs	11,359
Interest expense	1,183
Regulatory fees and expenses	51,840
Other expenses	42,512
Losses in error account and bad debt	<u>412</u>
	<u>1,039,093</u>

Net income (loss) before income taxes	(24,434)
Income tax expense (benefit)	<u> --</u>
Net income (loss)	<u>\$ (24,434)</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CAPROCK SECURITIES, INC.
Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity
For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

	<u>Common Stock</u>		<u>Retained</u>	<u>Total</u>
	<u>Shares</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Earnings</u>	
Balances at June 30, 2012	10,000	\$ 5,300	\$ 105,430	\$ 110,730
Net income (loss)	_____	_____	(24,434)	(24,434)
Balances at June 30, 2013	<u>10,000</u>	<u>\$ 5,300</u>	<u>\$ 80,996</u>	<u>\$ 86,296</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CAPROCK SECURITIES, INC.
Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated
to Claims of General Creditors
For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Balance at June 30, 2012	\$ -0-
Increases	-0-
Decreases	<u>-0-</u>
Balance at June 30, 2013	<u>\$ -0-</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CAPROCK SECURITIES, INC.
Statement of Cash Flows
For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Cash flows from operating activities	
Net income (loss)	\$ (24,434)
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	
Change in assets and liabilities:	
Decrease in receivable from broker-dealers and clearing organizations	1
Increase in other assets	(185)
Increase in accounts payable and accrued expenses	<u>7,964</u>
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	<u>(16,654)</u>
Cash flows from investing activities	
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	<u>-0-</u>
Cash flows from financing activities	
Net cash provided (used) by financing activities	<u>-0-</u>
Net decrease in cash	(16,654)
Cash at beginning of year	<u>63,710</u>
Cash at end of year	<u>\$ 47,056</u>
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:	
Cash paid for:	
Income taxes	<u>\$ -0-</u>
Interest	<u>\$ -0-</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CAPROCK SECURITIES, INC.
Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2013

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Caprock Securities, Inc. (the "Company") operates as a broker-dealer in securities registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") under Rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(ii), which provides that all the funds and securities belonging to the Company's customers would be handled by a clearing broker-dealer. The Company is a Texas corporation.

Commission revenue and expense are recorded on a settlement date basis, generally the third business day following the transactions. If materially different, commission revenue and expense are adjusted to a trade date basis.

Receivables from broker-dealers and clearing organizations are generally collected in full in the month following their accrual. As such, management has not recorded an allowance for doubtful accounts on these receivables. Management records an allowance for bad debts based on a collectability review of specific accounts. Any receivables deemed uncollectible are written off against the allowance.

Compensated absences have not been accrued because the amount cannot be reasonably estimated.

Income taxes are provided for the tax effects of transactions reported in the financial statements and consist of taxes currently due. The provision for federal income taxes differs from the expected amount using statutory rates because certain expenses included in the determination of net income are non-deductible for tax reporting purposes. Deferred taxes are also recognized for operating losses that are available to offset future taxable income, subject to a valuation allowance.

Income tax returns are generally subject to examination by the respective federal and state authorities over various statutes of limitations generally three to five years from date of filing.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 2 - Net Capital Requirements

Pursuant to the net capital provisions of Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, the Company is required to maintain a minimum net capital, as defined under such provisions. Net capital and the related net capital ratio may fluctuate on a daily basis. At June 30, 2013, the Company had net capital of approximately \$83,665 and net capital requirements of \$50,000. The Company's ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital was .16 to 1. The Securities and Exchange Commission permits a ratio of no greater than 15 to 1.

Note 3 - Possession or Control Requirements

The Company does not have any possession or control of customer funds or securities. There were no material inadequacies in the procedures followed in adhering to the exemptive provisions of (SEC) Rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(ii) by promptly transmitting all customer funds and securities to the clearing broker who carries the customer accounts.

CAPROCK SECURITIES, INC.
Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2013

Note 4 - Pension Plan

The Company has a SAR-SEP pension plan covering substantially all employees. The Company may contribute amounts as determined by the Board of Directors. During the year ended June 30, 2013, the Company contributed \$41,378 to the plan.

Note 5 - Federal Income Taxes

The Company has a net operating loss carryforward of approximately \$18,520 available to offset future taxable income and expires as follows:

Year Ended <u>June 30,</u>	
2032	\$ <u>18,520</u>

The tax benefit of \$2,780 from the net operating loss carryforward of \$18,520 has not been reported in these financial statements because the Company believes there is at least a 50% chance that the carryforwards will expire unused. Accordingly, the tax benefit has been offset by a valuation allowance of the same amount. The following reflects the changes in the tax benefit:

	Deferred Tax Asset June 30, 2012	Current Period Changes	Deferred Tax Asset June 30, 2013
Federal	\$ -0-	\$ 2,780	\$ 2,780
Valuation allowance	-0-	(2,780)	(2,780)
Amount per balance sheet	<u>\$ -0-</u>	<u>\$ -0-</u>	<u>\$ -0-</u>

Management evaluates income tax positions based on whether it is more likely than not the positions taken will be sustained on examination. Uncertain tax positions are reduced by a liability for a contingent loss that is recorded either when the more likely than not threshold is no longer met or when it becomes probable that a payment will be made to the taxing authority. Any potential interest and penalty associated with a tax contingency, should one arise, would be included as a component of income tax expense in the period in which the assessment arises.

Note 6 - Commitments and Contingencies

Included in the Company's clearing agreement with its clearing broker-dealer, is an indemnification clause. This clause relates to instances where the Company's customers fail to settle security transactions. In the event this occurs, the Company will indemnify the clearing broker-dealer to the extent of the net loss on the unsettled trade. At June 30, 2013, management of the Company had not been notified by the clearing broker-dealer, nor were they otherwise aware, of any potential losses relating to this indemnification.

The Company together with others has been named as a defendant in a lawsuit incidental to its securities business that alleges, among other things, violations of various Federal and state laws and claim damages in excess of \$400,000. This matter is in initial pleading stages of the legal process. Management intends to present a vigorous defense. The ultimate outcome of this matter cannot presently be determined. Accordingly, no provision for any liability related to this matter has been made in these financial statements.

Supplemental Information
Pursuant to Rule 17a-5 of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934
as of
June 30, 2013

Schedule I

CAPROCK SECURITIES, INC.
Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1
of the Securities and Exchange Commission
As of June 30, 2013

COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL

Total stockholders' equity qualified for net capital	\$ 86,296
Add:	
Liabilities subordinated to claims of general credits	<u>-0-</u>
Total capital and allowable subordinated liabilities	86,296
Deductions and/or charges	
Non-allowable assets:	
Other assets	<u>(2,631)</u>
Net capital before haircuts on securities positions	83,665
Haircuts on securities	<u>-0-</u>
Net capital	<u>\$ 83,665</u>

AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS

Items included in statement of financial condition	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	<u>\$ 13,528</u>
Total aggregate indebtedness	<u>\$ 13,528</u>

Schedule I (continued)

CAPROCK SECURITIES, INC.
Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1
of the Securities and Exchange Commission
As of June 30, 2013

COMPUTATION OF BASIC NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT

Minimum net capital required (6-2/3% of total aggregate indebtedness)	<u>\$ 902</u>
Minimum dollar net capital requirement of reporting broker or dealer	<u>\$ 50,000</u>
Net capital requirement (greater of above two minimum requirement amounts)	<u>\$ 50,000</u>
Net capital in excess of required minimum	<u>\$ 33,665</u>
Excess net capital at 1000%	<u>\$ 82,312</u>
Ratio: Aggregate indebtedness to net capital	<u>.16 to 1</u>

RECONCILIATION WITH COMPANY'S COMPUTATION

The difference in the computation of net capital under Rule 15c3-1 from the Company's computation is as follows:

Net Capital per the Company's unaudited FOCUS filing	\$ 89,439
Increase in accounts payable and accrued expenses	<u>(5,774)</u>
Net Capital per audited report	<u>\$ 83,665</u>

Schedule II

CAPROCK SECURITIES, INC.
Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Under
Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commission
As of June 30, 2013

EXEMPTIVE PROVISIONS

The Company has claimed an exemption from Rule 15c3-3 under section (k)(2)(ii), in which all customer transactions are cleared through another broker-dealer on a fully disclosed basis.

Company's clearing firm: Southwest Securities, Inc.

Independent Auditor's Report

On Internal Control

Required By SEC Rule 17a-5

Year Ended June 30, 2013

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL
CONTROL REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17a-5

The Board of Directors and Stockholders
Caprock Securities, Inc.

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental information of Caprock Securities, Inc. (the "Company"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013 in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests with such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13
2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Company's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses and therefore, there can be no assurance that all material weaknesses have been identified. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at June 30, 2013, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.



CF & Co., L.L.P.

Dallas, Texas
August 26, 2013

Independent Accountant's Report

On The SIPC Annual Assessment

Required By SEC Rule 17a-5

Year Ended June 30, 2013



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON THE SIPC
ANNUAL ASSESSMENT REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17a-5

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders
Caprock Securities, Inc.

In accordance with Rule 17a-5(e)(4) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, we have performed the procedures enumerated below with respect to the accompanying Schedule of Assessment and Payments (Form SIPC-7) to the Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC) for the year ended June 30, 2013, which were agreed to by Caprock Securities, Inc. and the Securities and Exchange Commission, Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. and SIPC, solely to assist you and the other specified parties in evaluating Caprock Securities, Inc.'s compliance with the applicable instructions of the Form SIPC-7. Management is responsible for Caprock Securities, Inc.'s compliance with those requirements. This agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of those parties specified in this report. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose.

The procedures we performed and our findings are as follows:

1. Compared the listed assessment payments in Form SIPC-7 with respective cash disbursements records entries (cash disbursements journal) noting no differences;
2. Compared the amounts reported on the audited Form X-17A-5 for the year ended June 30, 2013 with the amounts reported in Form SIPC-7 for the year ended June 30, 2013 noting no differences;
3. Compared any adjustments reported in Form SIPC-7 with supporting schedules and working papers noting no differences; and
4. Proved the arithmetical accuracy of the calculations reflected in Form SIPC-7 and in the related schedules and working papers supporting the adjustments noting no differences.

We were not engaged to, and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on compliance. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the specified parties listed above and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

CF & Co., L.L.P.

Dallas, Texas
August 26, 2013

SECURITIES INVESTOR PROTECTION CORPORATION
P.O. Box 92185 Washington, D.C. 20090-2185
202-371-8300
General Assessment Reconciliation

For the fiscal year ended 06/30, 2013
(Read carefully the instructions in your Working Copy before completing this Form)

TO BE FILED BY ALL SIPC MEMBERS WITH FISCAL YEAR ENDINGS

1. Name of Member, address, Designated Examining Authority, 1934 Act registration no. and month in which fiscal year ends for purposes of the audit requirement of SEC Rule 17a-5:

0244 FINRA JUN
CAPROCK SECURITIES INC
4601 50TH ST STE 202
LUBBOCK TX 79414-3518

Note: If any of the information shown on the mailing label requires correction, please e-mail any corrections to form@sipc.org and so indicate on the form filed.

Name and telephone number of person to contact respecting this form.

Kathy Parker 304/765-7986

WORKING COPY

2. A. General Assessment (item 2e from page 2)	\$ 1084
B. Less payment made with SIPC-6 filed (exclude interest)	(623)
<u>01/22/2013</u>	
Date Paid	
C. Less prior overpayment applied	()
D. Assessment balance due or (overpayment)	461
E. Interest computed on late payment (see instruction E) for _____ days at 20% per annum	0
F. Total assessment balance and interest due (or overpayment carried forward)	\$ 461
G. PAID WITH THIS FORM:	
Check enclosed, payable to SIPC	\$ 461
Total (must be same as F above)	
H. Overpayment carried forward	\$(0)

3. Subsidiaries (S) and predecessors (P) included in this form (give name and 1934 Act registration number):
none

The SIPC member submitting this form and the person by whom it is executed represent thereby that all information contained herein is true, correct and complete.

CAPROCK SECURITIES, INC.
(Name of Corporation, Partnership or other organization)

(Authorized Signature)

(Title)

Dated the _____ day of _____, 20____.

This form and the assessment payment is due 60 days after the end of the fiscal year. Retain the Working Copy of this form for a period of not less than 6 years, the latest 2 years in an easily accessible place.

SIPC REVIEWER

Dates: Postmarked Received Reviewed
Calculations Documentation Forward Copy
Exceptions:
Disposition of exceptions:

**DETERMINATION OF "SIPC NET OPERATING REVENUES"
AND GENERAL ASSESSMENT**

Amounts for the fiscal period
beginning 07/01, 2013
and ending 06/30, 2013
Eliminate cents

Item No.

2a. Total revenue (FOCUS Line 12/Part IIA Line 9, Code 4030)

\$ 1013958

2b. Additions:

(1) Total revenues from the securities business of subsidiaries (except foreign subsidiaries) and predecessors not included above.

(2) Net loss from principal transactions in securities in trading accounts.

(3) Net loss from principal transactions in commodities in trading accounts.

(4) Interest and dividend expense deducted in determining item 2a.

(5) Net loss from management of or participation in the underwriting or distribution of securities.

(6) Expenses other than advertising, printing, registration fees and legal fees deducted in determining net profit from management of or participation in underwriting or distribution of securities.

(7) Net loss from securities in investment accounts.

Total additions

0

2c. Deductions:

(1) Revenues from the distribution of shares of a registered open end investment company or unit investment trust, from the sale of variable annuities, from the business of insurance, from investment advisory services rendered to registered investment companies or insurance company separate accounts, and from transactions in security futures products.

515315

(2) Revenues from commodity transactions.

(3) Commissions, floor brokerage and clearance paid to other SIPC members in connection with securities transactions.

57133

(4) Reimbursements for postage in connection with proxy solicitation.

(5) Net gain from securities in investment accounts.

(6) 100% of commissions and markups earned from transactions in (i) certificates of deposit and (ii) Treasury bills, bankers acceptances or commercial paper that mature nine months or less from issuance date.

(7) Direct expenses of printing advertising and legal fees incurred in connection with other revenue related to the securities business (revenue defined by Section 15(9)(L) of the Act).

(8) Other revenue not related either directly or indirectly to the securities business.
(See Instruction C):

(9) (i) Total interest and dividend expense (FOCUS Line 22/PART IIA Line 13, Code 4075 plus line 2b(4) above) but not in excess of total interest and dividend income.

\$ 1183

(ii) 40% of margin interest earned on customers securities accounts (40% of FOCUS line 5, Code 3960).

\$ 7950

Enter the greater of line (i) or (ii)

7950

Total deductions

580398

2d. SIPC Net Operating Revenues

\$ 433560

2e. General Assessment @ .0025

\$ 1084

(to page 1, line 2.A.)