

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

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ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT
FORM X-17A-5
PART III

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**Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder**

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING January 1, 2012 AND ENDING December 31, 2012
MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: Snowden Account Services, Inc.

OFFICIAL USE ONLY
FIRM I.D. NO.

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)

660 Madison Avenue

(No. and Street)

New York

New York

10065

(City)

(State)

(Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT

John Sims

(646) 218-9768

(Area Code - Telephone Number)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report*

Breard & Associates, Inc. Certified Public Accountants

(Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name)

9221 Corbin Avenue, Suite 170

Northridge

California

91324

(Address)

(City)

(State)

(Zip Code)

CHECK ONE:

- Certified Public Accountant
- Public Accountant
- Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

SEC 1410 (06-02)

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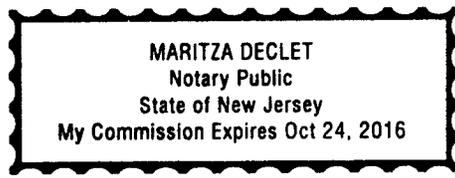
OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, John Sims, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of Snowden Account Services, Inc. of December 31, 2012, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:

State of N.J.
County of BURLINGTON
Subscribed and sworn to (or affirmed) before me on this 20 day of FEBRUARY 2013 by JOHN A. SIMS proved to me on the basis of satisfactory evidences to be the person who appeared before me.

Signature
Title

Notary Public signature



This report ** contains (check all applicable boxes):

- (a) Facing Page.
(b) Statement of Financial Condition.
(c) Statement of Income (Loss).
(d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.
(e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital.
(f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
(g) Computation of Net Capital.
(h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
(i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
(j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
(k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
(l) An Oath or Affirmation.
(m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
(n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

**For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors
Snowden Account Services, Inc.:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Snowden Account Services, Inc., (the Company) as of December 31, 2012, and the related statements of operations, changes in stockholder's equity, and cash flows for the year then ended that are filed pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Company's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Snowden Account Services, Inc. as of December 31, 2012, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matter

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The information contained in Schedules I, II, and III is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information in Schedules I, II, and III has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information in Schedules I, II, and III is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.



Breard & Associates, Inc.
Certified Public Accountants

New York, New York
February 13, 2013

Snowden Account Services, Inc.
Statement of Financial Condition
December 31, 2012

Assets

Cash	\$ 59,874
Commissions receivable	4,627
Deposit with clearing organization	150,005
Prepaid expense	<u>1,174</u>
Total assets	<u>\$ 215,680</u>

Liabilities and Stockholder's Equity

Liabilities

Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 4,696
Payable to related party	<u>17,709</u>
Total liabilities	22,405

Stockholder's equity

Common stock, no par value, 200 shares authorized, 100 shares issued and outstanding	10
Additional paid-in capital	1,414,169
Accumulated deficit	<u>(1,220,904)</u>
Total stockholder's equity	<u>193,275</u>
Total liabilities and stockholder's equity	<u>\$ 215,680</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Snowden Account Services, Inc.
Statement of Operations
For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

Revenues

Commissions	\$ 5,557
Fee based income	47,083
Interest income	<u>5</u>
Total revenues	52,645

Expenses

Employee compensation and benefits	62,138
Communications	4,019
Professional fees	20,997
Other operating expenses	<u>45,771</u>
Total expenses	<u>132,925</u>

Net income (loss) **\$ (80,280)**

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Snowden Account Services, Inc.
Statement of Changes in Stockholder's Equity
For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

	<u>Common Stock</u>	<u>Additional Paid-in Capital</u>	<u>Accumulated Deficit</u>	<u>Total</u>
Balance at December 31, 2011	\$ 10	\$ 1,159,765	\$ (1,140,624)	\$ 19,151
Capital contributions	-	254,404	-	254,404
Net income (loss)	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(80,280)</u>	<u>(80,280)</u>
Balance at December 31, 2012	<u>\$ 10</u>	<u>\$ 1,414,169</u>	<u>\$ (1,220,904)</u>	<u>\$ 193,275</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Snowden Account Services, Inc.
Statement of Cash Flows
For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

Cash flow from operating activities:

Net income (loss)		\$ (80,280)
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:		
(Increase) decrease in assets:		
Commissions receivable	\$ (4,627)	
Deposit with clearing organization	(150,005)	
Prepaid expense	(1,174)	
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(2,313)	
Payable to officer	(36,539)	
Payable to related party	<u>17,709</u>	
Total adjustments		<u>(176,949)</u>
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		(257,229)

Net cash provided by (used in) in investing activities -

Cash flow from financing activities:

Capital contribution	<u>254,404</u>	
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities		<u>254,404</u>

Net increase (decrease) in cash (2,825)

Cash at beginning of year 62,699

Cash at end of year \$ 59,874

Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:

Cash paid during the year for:

Interest	\$	-
Income taxes	\$	-

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Snowden Account Services, Inc.
Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2012

Note 1: GENERAL AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

General

Snowden Account Services, Inc. (the "Company") is a successor to TBG Capital, Inc. which was incorporated in the state of New York on February 2, 2009, and operates under a Continuing Membership Agreement granted on April 11, 2012 by the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA"). The Company is a registered broker-dealer in securities under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, and is a member of FINRA and the Securities Investor Protection Corporation ("SIPC").

The Company is engaged in business as a securities broker-dealer, providing placement services in publicly traded companies for individual investors, primarily through referrals from an affiliated company, Snowden Capital Advisors, LLC ("SCA") a registered investment advisor. Both companies are wholly owned subsidiaries of their parent company, Snowden Capital Partners, LLC ("SCP").

The Company is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Snowden Capital Partners, LLC (the "Parent")., and is affiliated through common ownership with Snowden Capital Advisors, LLC ("SCA").

Under its membership agreement with FINRA and pursuant to Rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(ii), the Company conducts business on a fully disclosed basis and does not execute or clear securities transactions for customers. Accordingly, the Company is exempt from the requirement of Rule 15c3-3 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 pertaining to the possession or control of customer assets and reserve requirements.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The presentation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Commissions receivable represent commissions earned on securities transactions. These receivables are stated at face amount with no allowance for doubtful accounts. An allowance for doubtful accounts is not considered necessary because probable uncollectible accounts are immaterial.

Snowden Account Services, Inc.
Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2012

Note 1: GENERAL AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES
(Continued)

Securities transactions are recorded on a trade date basis with related commission income and expenses also recorded on a trade date basis.

The Company accounts for its income taxes in accordance with FASB ASC 740, Income Taxes. This standard requires the establishment of a deferred tax asset or liability to recognize the future tax effects of transactions that have not been recognized for tax purposes, including taxable and deductible temporary differences as well as net operating loss and tax credit carryforwards. Deferred tax expenses or benefits are recognized as a result of changes in the tax basis of an asset or liability when measured against its reported amount in the financial statements.

Current income taxes are provided for estimated taxes payable or refundable based on tax returns. Deferred income taxes are recognized for the estimated future tax effects attributable to temporary differences in the basis of assets and liabilities for financial and tax reporting purposes. Measurement of current and deferred tax assets and liabilities is based on provisions of enacted federal and state tax laws.

The Company has evaluated events subsequent to the balance sheet date for items requiring recording or disclosure in the financial statements. The evaluation was performed through February 13, 2013, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued. Based upon this review, the Company has determined that there were no events which took place that would have a material impact on its financial statements.

Note 2: COMMISSIONS RECEIVABLE

Pursuant to the clearing agreement, the Company introduces all of its securities transactions to clearing brokers on a fully disclosed basis. Customers' money balances and security positions are carried on the books of the clearing brokers. In accordance with the clearance agreement, the Company has agreed to indemnify the clearing brokers for losses, if any, which the clearing brokers may sustain from carrying securities transactions introduced by the Company. In accordance with industry practice and regulatory requirements, the Company and the clearing brokers monitor collateral on the customers' accounts. As of December 31, 2012, the commissions receivable of \$4,627 was pursuant to these clearance agreements.

Snowden Account Services, Inc.
Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2012

Note 3: DEPOSIT WITH CLEARING ORGANIZATION

The Company has a brokerage agreement with Pershing, LLC ("Clearing Broker") to carry its account and the accounts of its clients as customers of the Clearing Broker. The Clearing Broker has custody of the Company's cash balances which serve as collateral for any amounts due to the Clearing Broker as well as collateral for securities sold short or securities purchased on margin. Interest is paid monthly on these cash deposits at the average overnight repurchase rate. The balance at December 31, 2012 was \$150,005.

Note 4: INCOME TAXES

The Company has available at December 31, 2012 unused Federal net operating losses, which may be applied against future taxable income, providing a maximum potential deferred tax asset of \$139,122. The tax loss carryover benefit relating to years prior to the change in ownership in 2012 may be significantly limited by the provisions of Section 382 of the Internal Revenue Code. The net operating loss benefit begins to expire in 2031.

A 100% valuation allowance has been established against this benefit since it is currently undeterminable if this asset will be realized.

Note 5: CHANGE OF OWNERSHIP

On August 15th 2011, the predecessor company, TBG Capital, and its principal, Mark Davis, entered into an agreement with the Parent, whereby 100% of the shares were transferred to the Parent for a consideration of \$50,000, plus any funds in the Company's bank accounts, less any outstanding expenses attributable to the Company. This agreement was approved on May 11, 2012 by the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA").

Note 6: RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Under a formal Revenue Sharing Agreement with SCA, the Company is entitled to a negotiated share of commissions for placements it makes on behalf of its clients. During the year end 2012, approximately 95% of their revenues resulted from this arrangement.

Snowden Account Services, Inc.
Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2012

Note 6: RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS
(Continued)

Under an Expense Sharing Agreement with SCA, the Company is charged five (5) percent of the charges incurred for office salaries, rent, telephone, consulting, legal, and travel and entertainment expenses. During the year ended December 31, 2012, this amounted to charges totaling \$77,464. At December 31, 2012, the Company owed SCA a balance of \$17,709 for unpaid charges.

It is possible that the terms of certain of the related party transactions are not the same as those that would result for transactions among wholly unrelated parties.

Note 7: CONCENTRATIONS OF CREDIT RISK

The Company is engaged in various trading and brokerage activities in which counter-parties primarily include broker-dealers, banks, and other financial institutions. In the event counter-parties do not fulfill their obligations, the Company may be exposed to risk. The risk of default depends on the creditworthiness of the counter-party or issuer of the instrument. It is the Company's policy to review, as necessary, the credit standing of each counter-party.

Note 8: RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

In June of 2009, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (the "FASB") implemented a major restructuring of U.S. accounting and reporting standards. This restructuring established the Accounting Standards Codification ("Codification" or "ASC") as the source of authoritative accounting principles ("GAAP") recognized by the FASB. The principles embodied in the Codification are to be applied by nongovernmental entities in the preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States. New accounting pronouncements are incorporated into the ASC through the issuance of Accounting Standards Updates ("ASUs").

For the year ending December 31, 2012, various ASUs issued by the FASB were either newly issued or had effective implementation dates that would require their provisions to be reflected in the financial statements for the year then ended. The Company has reviewed the following ASU releases to determine relevance to the Company's operations:

Snowden Account Services, Inc.
Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2012

Note 8: RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS
(Continued)

<u>ASU No.</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>Effective Date</u>
2011-04	Fair Value Measurement (Topic 820): Amendments to Achieve Common Fair Value Measurement and Disclosure Requirements in U.S. GAAP and IFRSs (May 2011).	After December 15, 2011
2011-05	Comprehensive Income (Topic 220): Presentation of Comprehensive Income (June 2011).	After December 15, 2011
2011-08	Intangibles - Goodwill and Other (Topic 350): Testing Goodwill for Impairment (September 2011).	After December 15, 2011
2011-11	Balance Sheet (Topic 210): Disclosures about Offsetting Assets and Liabilities (December 2011).	After January 1, 2013
2011-12	Comprehensive Income (Topic 220): Deferral of the Effective Date for Amendments to the Presentation of Reclassifications of Items Out of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income in Accounting Standards Update No. 2011-05 (December 2011).	After December 15, 2011
2012-02	Intangibles – Goodwill and Other (Topic 350): Testing Indefinite-Lived Intangible Assets for Impairment (July 2012).	After September 15, 2012

The Company has either evaluated or is currently evaluating the implications, if any, of each of these pronouncements and the possible impact they may have on the Company's financial statements. In most cases, management has determined that the pronouncement has either limited or no application to the company and, in all cases, implementation would not have a material impact on the financial statements taken as a whole.

Snowden Account Services, Inc.
Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2012

Note 9: NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (SEC rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. Rule 15c3-1 also provides that equity capital may not be withdrawn or cash dividends paid if the resulting net capital ratio would exceed 10 to 1. Net capital and aggregate indebtedness change day to day, but on December 31, 2012, the Company had net capital of \$187,474 which was \$182,474 in excess of its required net capital of \$5,000; and the Company's ratio of aggregate indebtedness (\$22,405) to net capital was 0.12 to 1, which is less than the 15 to 1 maximum allowed.

Note 10: RECONCILIATION OF AUDITED NET CAPITAL TO UNAUDITED FOCUS

There is a difference of \$4,627 between the computation of net capital under net capital SEC Rule 15c3-1 and the corresponding unaudited FOCUS part IIA.

Net capital per unaudited schedule	\$	192,101
Adjustments:		
Non-allowable assets	(4,627)	
Total adjustments		<u>(4,627)</u>
Net capital per audited statements	\$	<u>187,474</u>

Snowden Account Services, Inc.
Schedule I - Computation of Net Capital Requirements
Pursuant to Rule 15c3-1
As of December 31, 2012

Computation of net capital

Common stock	\$	10
Additional paid-in capital		1,414,169
Accumulated deficit		<u>(1,220,904)</u>
Total stockholder's equity	\$	193,275
Less: Non-allowable assets		
Prepaid expense		<u>(1,174)</u>
Total non-allowable assets		<u>(1,174)</u>
Net capital		192,101

Computation of net capital requirements

Minimum net capital requirements		
6 2/3 percent of net aggregate indebtedness	\$	1,494
Minimum dollar net capital required	\$	<u>5,000</u>
Net capital required (greater of above)		<u>(5,000)</u>
Excess net capital	\$	<u>187,101</u>
Ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital		0.12 : 1

There was no material difference between net capital computation shown here and the net capital computation shown on the Company's unaudited Form X-17A-5 report dated December 31, 2012.

See independent auditor's report

Snowden Account Services, Inc.
Schedule II - Computation for Determining of Reserve
Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3
As of December 31, 2012

A computation of reserve requirements is not applicable to Snowden Account Services, Inc. as the Company qualifies for exemption under Rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(ii).

See independent auditor's report

Snowden Account Services, Inc.
Schedule III - Information Relating to Possession or Control
Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3
As of December 31, 2012

Information relating to possession or control requirements is not applicable to Snowden Account Services, Inc. as the Company qualifies for exemption under Rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(ii).

See independent auditor's report

Snowden Account Services, Inc.
Supplementary Accountant's Report
on Internal Accounting Control
Report Pursuant to Rule 17a-5
For the Year Ended December 31, 2012



Board of Directors
Snowden Account Services, Inc.:

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Snowden Account Services, Inc. (the Company), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2012, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13
2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's previously mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Control deficiencies are noted below under material weaknesses.

A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the company's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

The size of the business and the resultant limited number of employees imposes the practical limitations on the effectiveness of those internal control policies and procedures that depends on the segregation of duties. Because this condition is inherent in the size of the Company, the specific weaknesses are not described herein and no corrective action has been taken or proposed by the Company.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined previously.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2012, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.



Breard & Associates, Inc.
Certified Public Accountants

New York, New York
February 13, 2013