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UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D. C. 20549

**OMB APPROVAL**

OMB Number 3235-0123  
Expires April 30, 2013  
Estimated average burden  
Hours per response 12.00

**ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT  
FORM X-17A-5  
PART III**

**SEC FILE NUMBER**

8 - 25520

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**FACING PAGE**

**Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the  
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder**

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING JANUARY 1, 2012 AND ENDING DECEMBER 31, 2012

**A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION**

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:

OFFICIAL USE ONLY

PENSION FUND EVALUATIONS, INC.

FIRM ID. NO.

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P. O. Box No.)

2450 MIDDLE COUNTRY ROAD

CENTEREACH,

NEW YORK

11720

(City)

(State)

(Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT

TOM FRANCO

(212) -728-1622

(Area Code - Telephone No.)

**B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION**

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report\*

LERNER & SIPKIN, CPAs, LLP

132 Nassau Street, Suite 1023

New York

NY

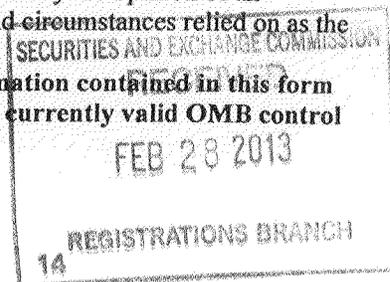
10038

Certified Public Accountant

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\*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2).

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**SEC  
Mail Processing  
Section**

**FEB 28 2013**

**Washington DC  
402**

**PENSION FUND EVALUATIONS, INC.**

**INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON  
INTERNAL ACCOUNTING CONTROL**

**FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012**



**LERNER & SIPKIN**  
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS LLP

132 Nassau Street, New York, NY 10038 Tel 212.571.0064 / Fax 212.571.0074  
E-mail: LS@lerner-sipkin.com

To the Officers and Directors of  
Pension Fund Evaluations, Inc.  
2450 Middle Country Road  
Centereach, NY 11720

Gentlemen:

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Pension Fund Evaluations, Inc. as of and for the year ended December 31, 2012, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered its internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion of the financial statements but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5 (g) (1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission, we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5 (g), in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under Rule 17a-3 (a) (11); and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons, and recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13
2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A *control deficiency* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A *material weakness* is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

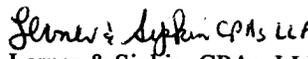
Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2012, to meet the SEC's objectives.

Further, that no material differences existed between our computations of your net capital, or determination of the reserve requirements, and your corresponding Focus Report Part IIA filing, except as noted in Schedule 1.

This report recognizes that it is not practicable in an organization the size of the Company to achieve all the divisions of duties and cross checks generally included in a system of internal accounting control and that alternatively greater reliance must be placed on surveillance by management.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, FINRA and other regulatory agencies, that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

  
Lerner & Sipkin, CPAs, LLP  
Certified Public Accountants (NY)

New York, NY  
February 25, 2013

**PENSION FUND EVALUATIONS, INC.**  
**STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION**

DECEMBER 31, 2012

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, GREGORY G. PHILIPPS, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of PENSION FUND EVALUATIONS INC. as of Dec 31, 2012, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, member, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:

NONE

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

X Greg Philipps  
Signature  
President  
Title

X Susan Montalto  
Notary Public  
12-18-12

SUSAN MONTALTO  
Notary Public, State of New York  
No. 01MO4959190  
Qualified in Suffolk County  
Commission Expires Nov. 20, 2013

This report\*\* contains (check all applicable boxes):

- (x) (a) Facing page.
- (x) (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
- (x) (c) Statement of Operations.
- (x) (d) Statement of Cash Flows.
- (x) (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital.
- (x) (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
- (x) (g) Computation of Net Capital.
- ( ) (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- ( ) (i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control requirements under rule 15c3-3.
- ( ) (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the reserve requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- ( ) (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
- (x) (l) An Oath or Affirmation.
- (x) (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
- ( ) (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.
- (x) (o) Independent Auditors' Report.

\*\* For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

**PENSION FUND EVALUATIONS, INC.**  
**STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION**  
**DECEMBER 31, 2012**

**ASSETS**

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 32,355
Due from broker	70,801
Fixed assets - net of accumulated depreciation of \$20,878(Note 2d)	11,268
Due from stockholder (Note 3)	110,673
Other assets	<u>4,543</u>
Total assets	<u>\$ 229,640</u>

**LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY**

**Liabilities:**

Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 23,123
Total liabilities	<u>23,123</u>

**Commitments and Contingencies (Note 4 and 5)**

**Stockholders' equity (Note 6)**

Common stock - par value \$.10; 1,000,000 shares authorized, 100,000 shares issued and outstanding	10,000
Additional paid-in capital	305,150
Accumulated (deficit)	<u>(108,633)</u>
Total stockholders' (deficit)	<u>206,517</u>
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	<u>\$ 229,640</u>

*The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.*

**PENSION FUND EVALUATIONS, INC.**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012**

**Note 1- Nature of Business**

Pension Fund Evaluations, Inc. (the "Company") is a New York State corporation formed for the purpose of conducting business as a broker/dealer in securities.

The Company operates under the provisions of Paragraph (k) (2) (ii) of Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commission and, accordingly, is exempt from the remaining provisions of that rule. Essentially, the requirements of Paragraph (k) (2) (ii) provide that the Company clears all transactions on behalf of customers on a fully disclosed basis with a clearing broker/dealer, and promptly transmits all customer funds and securities to the clearing broker/dealer. The clearing broker/dealer carries all of the accounts of the customers and maintains and preserves all related books and records as are customarily kept by a clearing broker/dealer.

**Note 2- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

**(a) Revenue Recognition**

Securities transactions (and the recognition of related income and expense) are recorded on a settlement date basis which is generally three business days after the trade date and one day after the trade date for options. There is no material difference between trade date and settlement date. Securities owned by the Company are valued at market.

**(b) Income Tax**

The Company has elected to be treated as an "S" corporation under the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code and New York State Tax regulations. The Company does not pay Federal or State Corporate Income Taxes on its taxable income. Instead, the stockholders are liable for individual income taxes on their respective share of the company's taxable income.

**(c) Cash and Cash Equivalents**

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Company has defined cash equivalents as short-term, highly liquid debt instruments purchased with a maturity of three months or less, other than securities held for sale in the ordinary course of business. The Company maintains cash in a bank account which, at times, may exceed federally insured limits.

**(d) Depreciation**

Depreciation is computed by the modified accelerated cost recovery method over the estimated useful lives of the assets, which does not differ materially from generally accepted accounting depreciation methods.

**PENSION FUND EVALUATIONS, INC.**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012**

**Note 2- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

*(e) Use of Estimates*

Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing financial statements. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses.

*(f) 401(K) Plan*

The Company has a plan which qualifies under 401(K) of the Internal Revenue Service code and covers employees who have completed one-half year of service and have reached the age of 18.

*(g) Subsequent Events*

The Company has evaluated events and transactions that occurred between December 31, 2012 and February 25, 2013 which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued, for possible disclosure and recognition in the financial statements.

**Note 3- Due from Stockholder**

The amount due from stockholder is non-interest bearing and has no fixed repayment terms.

**Note 4- Commitments and Contingencies**

*Office Lease*

The Company leases its premises under a lease expiring March 31, 2015. At December 31, 2012, the minimum rental commitment, before escalations under the lease, is as follows:

<u>Year</u>	<u>Amount</u>
2013	\$22,922
2014	\$24,068
2015	\$ 6,089

**Note 5- Financial Instruments with Off-Balance-Sheet Credit Risk**

As a securities broker, the Company is engaged in buying and selling securities for a diverse group of institutional and individual investors. The Company's transactions are collateralized and are executed with and on behalf of banks, brokers and dealers and other financial institutions. The Company introduces these transactions for clearance to another broker/dealer on a fully disclosed basis.

The Company's exposure to credit risk associated with non-performance of customers in fulfilling their contractual obligations pursuant to securities transactions can be directly impacted by volatile trading markets which may

**PENSION FUND EVALUATIONS, INC.**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012**

**Note 5- Financial Instruments with Off-Balance-Sheet Credit Risk (continued)**

impair customers' ability to satisfy their obligations to the Company and the company's ability to liquidate the collateral at an amount equal to the original contracted amount. The agreement between the Company and its clearing broker provides that the Company is obligated to assume any exposure related to such non-performance by its customers.

The Company seeks to control the aforementioned risks by requiring customers to maintain margin collateral in compliance with various regulatory requirements and the clearing brokers internal guideline. The Company monitors its customer activity by reviewing information it receives from its clearing broker on a daily basis, and requiring customers to deposit additional collateral, or reduce positions when necessary.

**Note 6- Net Capital Requirement**

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission's Uniform Net Capital Rule 15c3-1, which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 1500 %. At December 31, 2012, the Company had net capital of \$9,232, which was \$4,232 in excess of its required net capital of \$5,000. The Company's net capital ratio was 250.47%.

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A copy of the Company's Statement of Financial Condition as of December 31, 2012, pursuant to the Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 17a-5, is available for examination at the Company's office and at the regional office of the Securities and Exchange Commission.



**LERNER & SIPKIN**  
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS LLP

132 Nassau Street, New York, NY 10038 Tel 212.571.0064 / Fax 212.571.0074  
E-mail: LS@lernerstpkin.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Stockholders of  
Pension Fund Evaluations, Inc.  
2450 Middle Country Road  
Centereach, NY 11720

**Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Pension Fund Evaluations, Inc., (the Company) as of December 31, 2012.

*Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements*

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the statement of financial condition in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the statement of financial condition that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

*Auditor's Responsibility*

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the statement of financial condition based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the statement of financial condition is free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the statement of financial condition. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the statement of financial condition, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Company's preparation and fair presentation of the statement of financial condition in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the statement of financial condition.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

*Opinion*

In our opinion, the statement of financial condition referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Pension Fund Evaluations, Inc., as of December 31, 2012 in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

*Lerner & Sipkin CPAs LLP*  
Lerner & Sipkin, CPAs, LLP  
Certified Public Accountants (NY)

New York, NY  
February 25, 2013