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UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

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ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT
FORM X-17A-5
PART III

SEC FILE NUMBER	
8 -	15522

FACING PAGE
Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING 1/1/2012 AND ENDING 12/31/2012
MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: O'TOOLE INSURANCE & SECURITIES - dba

Firm Name: O' Toole, Henry J.

OFFICIAL USE ONLY
FIRM ID. NO.

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)

14-30 COLLEGE POINT BOULEVARD

(No. and Street)

COLLEGE POINT

NY

11356

(City)

(State)

(Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT

HENRY J. O'TOOLE

718 358-2281

(Area Code - Telephone No.)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report*

WEISBERG, MOLE', KRANTZ & GOLDFARB LLP

(Name -- if individual, state last, first, middle name)

185 CROSSWAYS PARK DRIVE

WOODBURY

NY

11797

(Address)

(City)

(State)

(Zip Code)

CHECK ONE:

- Certified Public Accountant
- Public Accountant
- Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2).

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

2013/4/13

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, HENRY J. O'TOOLE, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of O'TOOLE INSURANCE & SECURITIES, as of

31-Dec 20 12, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:

NONE

Handwritten signature of Henry J. O'Toole

Signature

Handwritten initials CFO

Title

Handwritten signature of Jeanne E. Gaebler

Notary Public

JEANNE E. GAEBLER
Notary Public, State of New York
No. 01GA4869364
Qualified in Queens County
Commission Expires Aug. 25, 20 14

This report** contains (check all applicable boxes):

- (a) Facing page.
(b) Statement of Financial Condition.
(c) Statement of Income (Loss).
(d) Statement of Cash Flows
(e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital.
(f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
(g) Computation of Net Capital.
(h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
(i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
(j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
(k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
(l) An Oath or Affirmation.
(m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
(n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

**For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

O'TOOLE INSURANCE & SECURITIES

AN INDIVIDUAL PROPRIETORSHIP

Financial Statements

December 31, 2012

O'Toole Insurance & Securities
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December 31, 2012

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Weisberg, Molé, Krantz & Goldfarb, LLP
Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Proprietor of
O'Toole Insurance & Securities

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of O'Toole Insurance & Securities (an individual proprietorship) as of December 31, 2012, and the related statements of operations, changes in sole proprietor's capital and cash flows for the year then ended that are filed pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Company's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of O'Toole Insurance & Securities (an individual proprietorship) as of December 31, 2012, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matter

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The information contained on page 10, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Woodbury, New York
January 15, 2013

Weisberg, Mole, Kertz & Goldfarb, CP

O'TOOLE INSURANCE & SECURITIES
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION
December 31, 2012

ASSETS

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 187,662
Securities owned	<u>263,688</u>
Total assets	<u><u>\$ 451,350</u></u>

LIABILITIES AND CAPITAL

Accounts payable and accrued expenses	<u>\$ 3,500</u>
Total liabilities	<u>\$ 3,500</u>
 Sole Proprietor's Capital	 <u>\$ 447,850</u>
 Total liabilities and sole proprietor's capital	 <u><u>\$ 451,350</u></u>

O'TOOLE INSURANCE & SECURITIES

STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

REVENUES

Commissions	\$ 30,777
Unrealized gain on investments & interest income	<u>28,511</u>
Total revenues	<u>\$ 59,288</u>

EXPENSES

Regulatory fees & expenses	\$ 747
Professional fees & other	<u>2,666</u>
Total expenses	<u>\$ 3,413</u>

Net profit	<u><u>\$ 55,875</u></u>
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O'TOOLE INSURANCE & SECURITIES

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SOLE PROPRIETOR'S CAPITAL

For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

Balance at January 1, 2012	\$ 413,975
Distribution to sole proprietor	(22,000)
Net income	<u>55,875</u>
Balance at December 31, 2012	<u><u>\$ 447,850</u></u>

O'TOOLE INSURANCE & SECURITIES

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

Net income	\$ 55,875
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:	
Unrealized gain on investments	(28,511)
Cash flow from changes in assets and liabilities:	
None	-
Total adjustments	<u>(28,511)</u>
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>\$ 27,364</u>

CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES

None -

CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES

Distribution to sole proprietor \$ (22,000)

Net cash used in financing activities \$ (22,000)

Net change in cash \$ 5,364

Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year 181,491

Cash and cash equivalents at end of year \$ 186,855

SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW DISCLOSURES:

Interest paid \$ -

Income taxes paid \$ -

O'Toole Insurance & Securities

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2012

NOTE 1 – NATURE OF BUSINESS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Nature of Operations

O'Toole Insurance & Securities ("the Company"), an individual proprietorship, is a broker-dealer registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") and a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA").

Revenue Recognition

The Company receives commissions based on customer transactions and fees from the sale of investment products – primarily mutual funds.

Use of Estimates and Subsequent Events

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reported period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. The Company has evaluated events and transactions that occurred through January 15, 2013, which is the date the financial statements were available for issuance, for possible disclosure and recognition in the financial statements.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, cash in banks, and short-term, highly liquid investments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less.

Marketable Securities

Marketable securities are reflected at the closing price on the day of valuation with the resulting unrealized gains or losses reflected in net profit for the year. At December 31, 2011, investment securities owned, valued at \$263,688 consisted mainly of uninsured mutual funds.

O'Toole Insurance & Securities

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2012

NOTE 2 - FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

Auditing standards codification 820, Fair Value Measurements, defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and establishes a fair value hierarchy which prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset, or paid to transfer a liability, in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. A fair value measurement assumes that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability occurs in the principal market for the asset or liability or, in the absence of a principal market, the most advantageous market. Valuation techniques that are consistent with the market, income or cost approach, as specified in accordance with professional standards, are used to measure fair value.

Level 1 - Pricing inputs are unadjusted, quoted prices available in active markets for identical assets or liabilities the Company has the ability to access.

Level 2 - Pricing inputs are quoted prices for similar investments, or inputs that are observable for the asset or liability either directly or indirectly for substantially the full term through corroboration with observable market data.

Level 3 - Pricing inputs are unobservable for the asset or liability and rely on management's own assumptions. The unobservable inputs should be developed based on the best information available in the circumstances and may include the Company's own data.

Management considers all investments in securities to be valued using Level 1 inputs.

NOTE 3 – NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital of \$100,000 and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. At December 31, 2012, the Company had net capital of \$408,297 which was \$308,297 in excess of its required net capital. The Company's aggregate indebtedness to net capital ratio was .01 to 1.

O'Toole Insurance & Securities

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2012

NOTE 4 – REGULATION

The Company is registered as a broker/dealer with the SEC. The securities industry in the United States is subject to extensive regulation under both federal and state laws. The SEC is the federal agency responsible for the administration of the federal securities laws. Much of the regulation of broker/dealers has been delegated to self-regulatory organizations, such as the FINRA, which had been designated by the SEC as the Company's primary regulator. These self-regulatory organizations adopt rules, subject to approval by the SEC, that govern the industry and conduct periodic examinations of the Company's operations. The primary purpose of these requirements is to enhance the protection of customer assets. These laws and regulatory requirements subject the Company to standards of solvency with respect to capital requirements, financial reporting requirements, record keeping and business practices.

NOTE 5 – CREDIT & OFF BALANCE SHEET RISK

The Company does not have uninsured bank balances that exceed FDIC insured limits and does not hold any financial instruments with off-balance-sheet risk.

NOTE 6 – CUSTOMER PROTECTION RULE

The Company had no items reportable as customers' fully paid securities: (1) not in the Company's possession or control as of the audit date (for which instructions to reduce to possession or control had been issued as of the audit date) but for which the required action was not taken by the Company within the time frames specified under Rule 15c3-3 or (2) for which instructions to reduce to possession or control has not been issued as of the audit date, excluding items arising from "temporary lags which result from normal business operations" as permitted under Rule 15c3-3.

The Company is exempt from SEC rule 15c3-3 pursuant to the exemptive provisions under sub-paragraph (k)(2)(i). As the company does not handle any customer funds, there is no need to maintain a "Special Reserve Bank Account for the Exclusive Benefit of Customers".

Supplementary Information

O'TOOLE INSURANCE & SECURITIES

COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER RULE 15c3-1 OF THE
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

NET CAPITAL

Total sole proprietor's capital	\$ 447,850
Deduct sole proprietor's capital not allowable for net capital	-
Total member's equity qualified for net capital	<u>\$ 447,850</u>
Additions: none	
Deductions:	
Non-allowable assets	\$ -
Total deductions	<u>\$ -</u>
Net capital before haircuts on securities positions	\$ 447,850
Haircuts on securities	(39,553)
Net capital	<u><u>\$ 408,297</u></u>

AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS

Items included in statement of financial condition	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 3,500
Total aggregate indebtedness	<u><u>\$ 3,500</u></u>

COMPUTATION OF BASIC NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

Minimum net capital required (6 2/3% of aggregate indebtedness) (A)	<u>\$ 233</u>
Minimum dollar net capital requirement for reporting broker or dealer (B)	<u>\$ 100,000</u>
Net capital requirement (greater of (A) or (B))	<u>\$ 100,000</u>
Excess net capital	<u>\$ 308,297</u>
Net capital less greater of 10% of aggregate indebtedness or 120% of minimum net capital	<u>\$ 288,297</u>
Ratio: Aggregate indebtedness to net capital (percentage)	<u>.01 to 1</u>

RECONCILIATION WITH COMPANY'S COMPUTATION

(Included in Part II A of Form X-17A-5 as of December 31, 2012)

Net capital as reported in Company's Part II A (unaudited) FOCUS report	\$ 408,297
No differences	-
Net capital per above	<u><u>\$ 408,297</u></u>

Weisberg, Molé, Krantz & Goldfarb, LLP
Certified Public Accountants

**Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Accounting Control Required by SEC Rule
17a-5 for a Broker-Dealer Claiming an Exemption from SEC Rule 15c3-3**

To the Proprietor of
O'Toole Insurance & Securities

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedules of O'Toole Insurance & Securities (the Company), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2012, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company, including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13.
2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's previously mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the company's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we considered to be material weaknesses, as defined previously.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2012, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report recognizes that it is not practical in an organization the size of O'Toole Insurance & Securities, to achieve all the divisions of duties and crosschecks generally included in an internal control environment and that alternatively, greater reliance must be placed on surveillance and direct involvement by management.

This report is intended solely for the use of Management, the Securities and Exchange Commission, and other regulatory agencies which rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Wessberg, Mole, Karty & Goldfarb, LLP

Woodbury, New York
January 15, 2013

SIPC-7

(33-REV 7/10)

SECURITIES INVESTOR PROTECTION CORPORATION
P.O. Box 92185 Washington, D.C. 20090-2185
202-371-8300

General Assessment Reconciliation

SIPC-7

(33-REV 7/10)

For the fiscal year ended 12/31/2012

(Read carefully the instructions in your Working Copy before completing this Form)

TO BE FILED BY ALL SIPC MEMBERS WITH FISCAL YEAR ENDINGS

1. Name of Member, address, Designated Examining Authority, 1934 Act registration no. and month in which fiscal year ends for purposes of the audit requirement of SEC Rule 17a-5:

015522 FINRA DEC
HENRY J O'TOOLE 13*13
D/B/A O'TOOLE INSURANCE & SECS
1430 COLLEGE POINT BLVD
COLLEGE POINT NY 11356-1720

Note: If any of the information shown on the mailing label requires correction, please e-mail any corrections to form@sipc.org and so indicate on the form filed.

Name and telephone number of person to contact respecting this form.

HENRY O'TOOLE 718358-2281

- 2. A. General Assessment (item 2e from page 2) \$ 148.22
- B. Less payment made with SIPC-6 filed (exclude interest) (88.81)
- C. Less prior overpayment applied (1.73)
- D. Assessment balance due or (overpayment) 57.68
- E. interest computed on late payment (see instruction E) for _____ days at 20% per annum _____
- F. Total assessment balance and interest due (or overpayment carried forward) \$ 57.68
- G. PAID WITH THIS FORM:
Check enclosed, payable to SIPC
Total (must be same as F above) \$ 57.68
- H. Overpayment carried forward \$(_____)

3. Subsidiaries (S) and predecessors (P) included in this form (give name and 1934 Act registration number):

The SIPC member submitting this form and the person by whom it is executed represent thereby that all information contained herein is true, correct and complete.

O'TOOLE INSURANCE & SECURITIES
(Name of Corporation, Partnership or other organization)

Henry J. O'Toole
(Authorized Signature)

Dated the 4th day of JAN, 2013.

CFO
(Title)

This form and the assessment payment is due 60 days after the end of the fiscal year. Retain the Working Copy of this form for a period of not less than 6 years, the latest 2 years in an easily accessible place.

SIPC REVIEWER

Dates: Postmarked Received Reviewed

Calculations Documentation Forward Copy

Exceptions:

Disposition of exceptions:

**DETERMINATION OF "SIPC NET OPERATING REVENUES
AND GENERAL ASSESSMENT**

Amounts for the fiscal period
beginning 1/1/2012
and ending 12/31/2012

Eliminate cents

Item No.
2a. Total revenue (FOCUS Line 12/Part IIA Line 9, Code 4030) \$ 59,288.

- 2b. Additions:
- (1) Total revenues from the securities business of subsidiaries (except foreign subsidiaries) and predecessors not included above. _____
 - (2) Net loss from principal transactions in securities in trading accounts. _____
 - (3) Net loss from principal transactions in commodities in trading accounts. _____
 - (4) Interest and dividend expense deducted in determining item 2a. _____
 - (5) Net loss from management of or participation in the underwriting or distribution of securities. _____
 - (6) Expenses other than advertising, printing, registration fees and legal fees deducted in determining net profit from management of or participation in underwriting or distribution of securities. _____
 - (7) Net loss from securities in investment accounts. _____
- Total additions _____

- 2c. Deductions:
- (1) Revenues from the distribution of shares of a registered open end investment company or unit investment trust, from the sale of variable annuities, from the business of insurance, from investment advisory services rendered to registered investment companies or insurance company separate accounts, and from transactions in security futures products. _____
 - (2) Revenues from commodity transactions. _____
 - (3) Commissions, floor brokerage and clearance paid to other SIPC members in connection with securities transactions. _____
 - (4) Reimbursements for postage in connection with proxy solicitation. _____
 - (5) Net gain from securities in investment accounts. _____
 - (6) 100% of commissions and markups earned from transactions in (i) certificates of deposit and (ii) Treasury bills, bankers acceptances or commercial paper that mature nine months or less from issuance date. _____
 - (7) Direct expenses of printing advertising and legal fees incurred in connection with other revenue related to the securities business (revenue defined by Section 16(9)(L) of the Act). _____
 - (8) Other revenue not related either directly or indirectly to the securities business. (See Instruction C): _____
- _____
- (Deductions in excess of \$100,000 require documentation)

- (9) (i) Total interest and dividend expense (FOCUS Line 22/PART IIA Line 13, Code 4075 plus line 2b(4) above) but not in excess of total interest and dividend income. \$ _____
 - (ii) 40% of margin interest earned on customers securities accounts (40% of FOCUS line 5, Code 3960). \$ _____
- Enter the greater of line (i) or (ii) _____
- Total deductions _____

2d. SIPC Net Operating Revenues \$ 59,288

2e. General Assessment @ .0025 \$ 148.22

(to page 1, line 2.A.)