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OMB APPROVAL
OMB Number: 3235-0123
Expires: April 30, 2013
Estimated average burden
hours per response..... 12.00

ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT
FORM X-17A-5
PART III

SEC FILE NUMBER
8- 8570

FACING PAGE
Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING 01/01/12 AND ENDING 12/31/12
MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: Frederick & Company, Inc.

OFFICIAL USE ONLY
FIRM I.D. NO.

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)

N27 W23953 Paul Road Suite 202

(No. and Street)

Pewaukee

WI

53072

(City)

(State)

(Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT

Lon P. Frederick

(262-278-4053)

(Area Code - Telephone Number)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report*

Reilly, Penner & Benton, LLP.

(Name -- if individual, state last, first, middle name)

1233 North Mayfair Rd, Suite 302

Milwaukee

WI

53226

(Address)

(City)

(State)

(Zip Code)

CHECK ONE:

- Certified Public Accountant
- Public Accountant
- Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

EM
3/4/13

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Michelle Martin, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of Frederick and Company, Inc., as of December 31, 2012, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:

[Handwritten Signature]

Signature

President

Title

[Handwritten Signature]
Notary Public

MY COMMISSION
EXPIRES April 19, 2015



This report ** contains (check all applicable boxes):

- (a) Facing Page.
- (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
- (c) Statement of Income (Loss).
- (d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.
- (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital.
- (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
- (g) Computation of Net Capital.
- (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- (i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
- (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
- (l) An Oath or Affirmation.
- (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
- (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

**For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

**SEC
Mail Processing
Section**

FEB 19 2013

Washington DE **DERICK & COMPANY, INC.**
401 (an S corporation)
Pewaukee, Wisconsin

AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ended December 31, 2012

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
SEC Form X-17A-5	1 - 2
Independent Auditors' Report	3 - 4
Statement of Financial Condition	5
Statement of Income	6
Statement of Changes in Subordinated Borrowings	7
Statement of Changes in Stockholder's Equity	8
Statement of Cash Flows	9
Notes to Financial Statements	10 - 14
Schedule I: Computation of Aggregated Indebtedness and Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1	15
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control	16 - 17

Steven R. Volz
Daniel R. Brophy
Thomas G. Wieland
Michael W. Van Wagenen



David A. Grotkin
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Carrie A. Gindt
Patrick G. Hoffert

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Directors
Frederick & Company, Inc.
Pewaukee, Wisconsin

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Frederick & Company, Inc. as of December 31, 2012 and the related statements of income, changes in stockholder's equity and cash flows for the year then ended that are filed pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Company's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2012, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements as a whole. The information contained in Schedule I is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information in Schedule I has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information in Schedule I is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Reilly, Penner & Benton LLP

Reilly, Penner & Benton, LLP
February 4, 2013
Milwaukee, Wisconsin

FREDERICK & COMPANY, INC.

(an S corporation)

Pewaukee, Wisconsin

Statement of Financial Condition

December 31, 2012

ASSETS

Assets:

Securities owned	
Marketable, at market value	\$ 825,732
Not readily marketable, at estimated value	270,276
Accounts receivable	17,126
Prepaid expenses	920
Total current assets	<u>1,114,054</u>

Property and Equipment:

Furniture and equipment	36,322
Accumulated depreciation	<u>(34,172)</u>

Net book value 2,150

Total assets \$ 1,116,204

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY

Current Liabilities:

Line of credit - bank	\$ 249,914
Accrued interest - subordinated loans	7,664
Accrued interest - line of credit	1,015
Bank overdraft	381
Accounts payable	1,404
Accrued wages and taxes	3,794
Total current liabilities	<u>264,172</u>

Subordinated Borrowings 396,546

Total liabilities 660,718

Stockholder's Equity:

Common stock:	
Series A, nonvoting, \$1 par, authorized 100,000 shares;	
issued and outstanding 18,811 shares	18,811
Series B, voting, \$1 par, authorized 50,000 shares;	
issued and outstanding 42 shares	42
Additional paid in capital	1,839,944
Retained earnings (deficit)	<u>(1,403,311)</u>

Total stockholder's equity 455,486

Total liabilities and stockholder's equity \$ 1,116,204

The accompanying notes to financial statements
are an integral part of these statements.

FREDERICK & COMPANY, INC.

(an S corporation)

Pewaukee, Wisconsin

Statement of Income

December 31, 2012

Income:	
Commission income	\$ 124,574
Other income	<u>15,350</u>
Total operating income	<u>139,924</u>
Expenses:	
Employee compensation	84,550
Payroll taxes and benefits	10,491
Communications	4,357
Occupancy	10,091
Legal and professional	16,344
Travel, meetings and entertainment	5,578
Dues and fees	2,873
Depreciation	451
Insurance	3,252
Interest	26,998
Office expense	<u>1,546</u>
Total operating expenses	166,531
Net loss from operations	<u>(26,607)</u>
Other Income and (Expenses)	
Realized loss on sale of investments	(146,492)
Dividend income	7,874
Unrealized loss on securities owned	<u>(390,572)</u>
Total other income and (expenses)	<u>(529,190)</u>
Net loss	<u><u>\$ (555,797)</u></u>

The accompanying notes to financial statements
are an integral part of these statements.

FREDERICK & COMPANY, INC.
(an S corporation)
Pewaukee, Wisconsin

Statement of Changes in Subordinated Borrowings
Year Ending December 31, 2012

Subordinated borrowings, beginning of year	\$ 389,226
Increase: Accrued interest subject to subordination	<u>7,320</u>
Subordinated borrowings, end of year	<u>\$ 396,546</u>

The accompanying notes to financial statements
are an integral part of these statements.

FREDERICK & COMPANY, INC.
(an S corporation)
Pewaukee, Wisconsin

Statement of Changes in Stockholder's Equity
Year Ending December 31, 2012

	<u>Common Stock</u>	<u>Additional Paid In Capital</u>	<u>Retained Earnings (Deficit)</u>	<u>Total Stockholder's Equity</u>
Balance, December 31, 2011	\$ 18,853	\$ 1,518,219	\$ (847,514)	\$ 689,558
2012 shareholder transfer	---	321,725	---	321,725
2012 net loss	---	---	(555,797)	(555,797)
Balance, December 31, 2012	<u>\$ 18,853</u>	<u>\$ 1,839,944</u>	<u>\$ (1,403,311)</u>	<u>\$ 455,486</u>

The accompanying notes to financial statements
are an integral part of these statements.

FREDERICK & COMPANY, INC.
(an S corporation)
Pewaukee, Wisconsin

Statement of Cash Flows
Year Ending December 31, 2012

Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	
Net loss	\$ (555,797)
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	
Depreciation and amortization	451
Realized loss on securities	146,492
Unrealized loss on securities	390,572
Changes in assets and liabilities:	
Accounts Receivable	(13,094)
Prepaid expenses and other assets	4,068
Accounts payable	(24,685)
Bank overdrafts	(25,324)
Accrued wages and taxes	2,203
Accrued interest	8,679
Other liabilities	(1,167)
	<hr/>
Net cash used by operating activities	(67,602)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:	
Purchase of investments	(35,032)
Proceeds on sale of investments	16,947
	<hr/>
Net cash used by operating activities	(18,085)
Cash Flows from Financing Activities:	
Repayments on line of credit	(11,000)
Proceeds on line of credit	61,000
Proceeds from shareholder loans	3,115
Proceeds from subordinated borrowings	7,320
	<hr/>
Net cash provided by operating activities	60,435
	<hr/>
Cash and equivalents, beginning of year	25,252
	<hr/>
Cash and equivalents, end of year	\$ ---
	<hr/> <hr/>

The accompanying notes to financial statements
are an integral part of these statements.

FREDERICK & COMPANY, INC.
(an S corporation)
Pewaukee, Wisconsin

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2012

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Formation of the Company

Frederick & Company, Inc. (a Wisconsin Company) was organized in 1960 and is located in Pewaukee, Wisconsin. The Company is a registered securities broker dealer, but its focus is in the investment banking business. The Company's primary specialty is in primary placement venture capital financings.

Reserves and Custody of Securities

The Company's business involves venture capital financing. Special safeguards have been established for the protection of funds received in connection with venture capital offerings. The Company has obtained an exemption from SEC 15c3-3 under Subparagraph (k)(1).

Commission Income

The Company recognizes revenue at the time when both signed subscription agreements and the related customer payments are received by the offering company.

Commission Receivable

The Company uses the allowance method to account for uncollectible commissions receivable. The Company estimates the allowance based on historical collection experience and a review of the current status of accounts receivable. As of December 31, 2012, no allowance for doubtful accounts is provided as all receivables are considered collectible.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are recorded at cost. Major expenditures for property and equipment are capitalized. Maintenance and repairs are expensed as incurred. Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method over estimated useful lives ranging from 5-10 years.

Income Taxes

The Company, with the consent of its stockholders, has elected under the Internal Revenue Code to be an S corporation. In lieu of corporate income taxes, the stockholders of an S corporation are taxed personally on their proportionate share of the Company's taxable income. Therefore, no provisions for Federal or State income taxes currently payable or deferred have been included in these financial statements.

The Company has implemented accounting for uncertainty in income taxes in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. This standard describes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return and also provides guidance on various related matters such as derecognizing, interest, penalties and disclosure required. Management of the Company evaluates the uncertain tax positions taken, if any, and consults with outside counsel as deemed necessary. The Company recognizes interest and penalties, if any, related to unrecognized tax liabilities in income tax expense.

The Company is no longer subject to United States of America federal informational tax return examinations for years ending through December 31, 2008.

FREDERICK & COMPANY, INC.
(an S corporation)
Pewaukee, Wisconsin

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2012

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Fair Value

In accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, investments in marketable securities with readily determinable fair value and all investments in debt securities are valued at their fair value in the Balance Sheet. Unrealized gains and losses are included in the change of net assets.

The fair value hierarchy prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three broad levels:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities the Company has the ability to access.
- Level 2 inputs are inputs (other than quoted prices included with level 1) that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3 are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability and rely on management's own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. (The unobservable inputs should be developed based on the best information available in the circumstances and may include the Company's own data.)

Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated all subsequent events through February 4, 2013 for possible inclusion as a disclosure in the financial statements. There were no subsequent events that required recognition or disclosure.

2. Net Capital Requirements

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission uniform Net Capital Rule (Rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. Rule 15c3-1 also provides that equity capital may not be withdrawn or cash dividends paid if the resulting net capital ratio would exceed 10 to 1. At December 31, 2012, the Company had net capital of \$346,029, and net capital requirements of \$5,000. The Company's ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital at December 31, 2012 was .04 to 1.

FREDERICK & COMPANY, INC.
(an S corporation)
Pewaukee, Wisconsin

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2012

3. Property and Equipment

Property and equipment is stated at cost less accumulated depreciation at December 31, 2012 and is summarized as follows:

Office furniture and equipment	\$ 5,756
Automobiles	30,566
	<u>36,322</u>
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(34,172)
	<u>\$ 2,150</u>

4. Line of Credit-Bank

The Company has a revolving business bank note for a maximum credit limit of \$250,000 that expired on December 31, 2012. Management and the bank have come to a verbal understanding that the line of credit will be extended an additional year; however no documents have been signed. At December 31, 2012 there was an outstanding balance on this note of \$249,914. Interest is payable monthly at the prime rate. The note is collateralized by marketable securities of the Company included in the financial statements with a fair market value of approximately \$483,870.

5. Subordinated Borrowings

The Company owes two stockholders \$404,210 for loans and accrued interest subordinated to creditor liabilities at December 31, 2012. FINRA has approved the loans and accrued interest as satisfactory subordination agreements. The loans are due May 2017 and bear interest at the rate of 3.25%. Appendix D of SEC Rule 15c3-1 requires prior written approval before any repayment of a subordinated agreement can be made. Summary of these amounts are as follows at December 31, 2012:

Stockholder note 1	\$ 305,535
Stockholder note 2	91,011
Accrued interest, subordinated	7,664
	<u>\$ 404,210</u>

FREDERICK & COMPANY, INC.
(an S corporation)
Pewaukee, Wisconsin

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2012

6. Securities

At December 31, 2012, the Company owns securities, either marketable or not readily marketable, consisting of:

Description	Fair Value Measurement at Reporting Date Using			
	12/31/2012	Quoted Prices in Active markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Corporate stock	\$ 1,076,008	\$ 825,732	\$ 77,914	\$ 172,362
Corporate notes	20,000	—	20,000	—
Total	<u>\$ 1,096,008</u>	<u>\$ 825,732</u>	<u>\$ 97,914</u>	<u>\$ 172,362</u>

There were no transfers out of Level 1 and into Level 2 during the year ended December 31, 2012.

Investments in corporate stocks with a fair value of \$70,000 were transferred out of Level 3 and into Level 2 during the year ended December 31, 2012 as a result of the invested in corporation being able to value the stock.

Investments in corporate stocks with a fair value of \$123,600 were transferred out of Level 2 and into Level 3 during the year ended December 31, 2012 as a result of the invested in corporation having no financing transactions, valuations, tender offerings, subscriptions or warrant offerings that are observable.

Fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3):

Opening balance - December 31, 2011	\$ 163,579
Transfers into Level 2	(70,000)
Transfers into Level 3	123,600
Sales (at prior year market value)	(44,817)
Closing balance - December 31, 2012	<u>\$ 172,362</u>

All assets have been valued using a market approach, except for Level 3 assets. Fair value for assets in Level 2 are calculated using quoted prices from the corporations invested in. For Level 3 assets, the Company's management evaluates and adjusts the unobservable inputs used in the fair value measurement based on current market conditions and third-party information.

Securities not readily marketable include investment securities (a) for which there is no market on a securities exchange or no independent publicly quoted market, (b) that cannot be publicly offered or sold unless registration has been effected under the Securities Act of 1933, or (c) that cannot be offered or sold because of other arrangements, restrictions, or conditions applicable to the securities or to the Company.

FREDERICK & COMPANY, INC.
 (an S corporation)
 Pewaukee, Wisconsin

Notes to Financial Statements
 December 31, 2012

7. Warrants Outstanding

The Company has the right to purchase some or all of their outstanding warrant shares in various companies in subsequent years. The following is a summary of outstanding warrants at December 31, 2012:

<u>Title</u>	<u># of Shares</u>	<u>Expiration Date</u>	<u>Share Price</u>
Qualigen	10,089	June 23, 2014	\$ 3.10
Orion E S-#5F	6,980	December 31, 2014	2.25
Orion E S-#6F	32,000	December 31, 2014	2.25
CloSys-Price	39,388	January 18, 2015	0.72
CloSys-Price	31,542	February 5, 2015	0.72
Lifeblood	264,000	July 11, 2016	1.00
CloSys-Price	6,923	September 5, 2017	0.72
Porous Power	33,030	January 2, 2019	0.83
Vision III	75,000	May 1, 2020	5.00

8. Operating Leases

The Company leases office space under an operating lease expiring on November 30, 2014. The lease calls for monthly rental payments of \$748. Total rental expense for 2012 totaled \$10,091. The following is a schedule, by years, of future minimum payments under the operating leases in effect as of December 31, 2012:

2013	\$ 8,976
2014	8,228
	<u>\$ 17,204</u>

9. Risks and Uncertainties

The Company's securities owned are exposed to various risks, such as interest rate, market and credit risks. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investments and the level of uncertainty related to changes in the values of investments, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in risks in the near term would materially affect the amounts reported in the balance sheet and the statement of income.

10. Concentrations

Approximately 95% of the Company's revenue was received through one company for the year ended December 31, 2012.

11. Bank Overdraft

The Company overdrew one cash account at December 31, 2012 in the amount of approximately \$381. This was mitigated in the subsequent month and resulted in no bank fees.

FREDERICK & COMPANY, INC.
 (an S corporation)
 Pewaukee, Wisconsin

**Schedule I: Computation of Aggregated Indebtedness
 and Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1
 December 31, 2012**

Aggregate Indebtedness	
Accounts payable	\$ 1,404
Bank overdraft	381
Accrued expenses	<u>12,473</u>
 Total Aggregate Indebtedness	 <u><u>\$ 14,258</u></u>
 Minimum required net capital (6 2/3% of aggregate indebtedness)	 <u><u>\$ 951</u></u>
 Minimum dollar net capital requirement of reporting broker or dealer	 <u><u>\$ 5,000</u></u>
 Computation of Basic Net Capital Requirement:	
Stockholder's equity	\$ 455,486
Subordinated borrowings	396,546
Deductions:	
Securities not readily marketable, at estimated fair value	(270,276)
Receivables	(17,126)
Prepaid expenses	(920)
Property and equipment	(2,150)
Haircuts on securities	(123,860)
Undue concentration	<u>(91,671)</u>
 Net Capital	 346,029
 Net capital requirement (minimum)	 <u>5,000</u>
 Capital in excess of minimum requirement	 <u><u>\$ 341,029</u></u>
 Ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital	 <u><u>0.04 to 1</u></u>

Reconciliation with Company's Computation (included in Part IIA of Form X-17A-5 as of December 31):

Net capital, as reported in Company's Part IIA (unaudited) FOCUS report:	<u><u>\$ 346,029</u></u>
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COMPUTATION FOR DETERMINATION OF THE RESERVE REQUIREMENTS UNDER RULE 15c3-3

Frederick & Co., Inc. is exempt from Rule 15c3-3 under the provision of Rule 15c3-3(k)(1).

INFORMATION RELATING TO THE POSSESSION OR CONTROL REQUIREMENTS UNDER RULE 15c3-3.

Frederick & Co., Inc. is exempt from Rule 15c3-3 under the provision of Rule 15c3-3(k)(1).

See Independent Auditors' Report

Steven R. Volz
Daniel R. Brophey
Thomas G. Wieland
Michael W. Van Wagenen



David A. Grotkin
Joel A. Joyce
Brian J. Mechenich
Carrie A. Gindt
Patrick G. Hoffert

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control

Board of Directors
Frederick & Company, Inc.
(an S corporation)
Pewaukee, Wisconsin

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Frederick & Company, Inc., as of and for the year ended December 31, 2012, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company, including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study includes tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

1. Making the quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13
2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls, and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph, and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined previously.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2012, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, and other regulatory agencies that rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Reilly, Penner & Benton LLP

Reilly, Penner and Benton, LLP
February 4, 2013
Milwaukee, Wisconsin