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ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT
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PART III Section

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FACING PAGE

**Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the
 Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5** hereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING 01/01/2012 AND ENDING 12/31/2012
MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: **OBD Securities, LLC**

OFFICIAL USE ONLY
FIRM I.D. NO.

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)

150 N. Michigan Avenue, Suite 3700

(No. and Street)

Chicago

IL

60601

(City)

(State)

(Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT

Misha Malyshev

312-768-1643

(Area Code - Telephone Number)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report*

McGladrey LLP

(Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name)

One South Wacker Drive, Suite 800

Chicago

IL

60606

(Address)

(City)

(State)

(Zip Code)

CHECK ONE:

- Certified Public Accountant
- Public Accountant
- Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY	

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

SEC 1410 (06-02)

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OATH OR AFFIRMATION

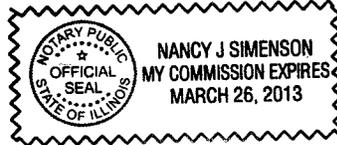
I, Misha Malyshev, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of OBD Securities, LLC, as of December 31, 2012, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:

None

[Signature]
Signature

Managing Member
Title

Nancy J. Simenson
Notary Public January 22, 2013



This report ** contains (check all applicable boxes):

- (a) Facing Page.
- (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
- (c) Statement of Income (Loss).
- (d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.
- (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital.
- (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
- (g) Computation of Net Capital.
- (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- (i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
- (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
- (l) An Oath or Affirmation.
- (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report. (Bound under separate cover)
- (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.
- (o) Independent auditor's report on internal control

**For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

OBD SECURITIES LLC

Statement of Financial Condition
December 31, 2012

Filed as PUBLIC information pursuant to Rule 17a-5(d)
under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Member
OBD SECURITIES LLC
Chicago, Illinois

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of OBD SECURITIES LLC (the Company) as of December 31, 2012, that you are filing pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and the related notes to the statement of financial condition.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the statement of financial condition in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the statement of financial condition that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the statement of financial condition based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the statement of financial condition is free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the statement of financial condition. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the statement of financial condition, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Company's preparation and fair presentation of the statement of financial condition in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the statement of financial condition.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the statement of financial condition referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of OBD SECURITIES LLC as of December 31, 2012, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

McGladrey LLP

Chicago, Illinois
February 12, 2013

OBD SECURITIES LLC

**Statement of Financial Condition
December 31, 2012**

Assets	
Cash	\$ 10,017,513
Receivable from clearing brokers	1,661,891
Other assets	<u>10,000</u>
Total assets	<u><u>\$ 11,689,404</u></u>
Liabilities and Member's Equity	
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 403,086
Payable to affiliate	<u>255,941</u>
Total liabilities	<u>659,027</u>
Member's Equity	<u>11,030,377</u>
Total liabilities and member's equity	<u><u>\$ 11,689,404</u></u>

See Notes to Statement of Financial Condition.

OBD SECURITIES LLC

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition

Note 1. Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of operations: OBD SECURITIES LLC (the Company) is a broker-dealer registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and is a member of the CBOE Stock Exchange, LLC (CBSX). The Company is a wholly-owned subsidiary of TEZA GROUP LLC (the Parent).

The Company was organized on January 19, 2010 and became effective as a registered broker-dealer on August 3, 2010. The Company's primary business operations include buying and selling securities for its own account. The Company maintains clearing a relationship with ABN AMRO Clearing Chicago LLC and maintained a prime brokerage relationship with Cantor Fitzgerald LLC.

Although the Company is not exempt from SEC Rule 15c3-3, it does not transact business in securities with, or for, other than members of a national securities exchange and does not carry margin accounts, credit balances or securities for any person defined as a "customer" pursuant to Rule 17a-5(c)(4).

A summary of the Company's significant accounting policies follows:

Accounting policies: The Company follows Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP), as established by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (the FASB) to ensure consistent reporting of financial condition, results of operation, and cash flows.

Use of estimates: The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Securities transactions: Proprietary securities transactions are recorded at fair value on a trade date basis, as if they had settled. The resulting realized gains and losses and change in unrealized gains and losses are reflected in trading gains and losses in the statement of income. Related trading fees are recorded on a trade date basis and reflected separately in the statement of income. Interest income and expense is recognized under the accrual basis. Dividend income and expense is recognized on the ex-dividend date.

Amounts receivable and payable for securities transactions that have not reached their contractual settlement date are recorded net in receivable from clearing brokers on the statement of financial condition.

Income taxes: The Company is a single member limited liability company and is treated as a disregarded entity for federal and state tax purposes. It does not file any tax returns, but its taxable income is reported as part of its Parent's tax returns. Therefore, these financial statements do not include any provision for federal or state income taxes.

FASB guidance requires the evaluation of tax positions taken or expected to be taken in the course of preparing the Company's tax returns to determine whether the tax positions are "more-likely-than-not" of being sustained "when challenged" or "when examined" by the applicable tax authority. Tax positions not deemed to meet the more-likely-than-not threshold would be recorded as a tax benefit or expense and liability in the current year. For the year ended December 31, 2012, management has determined that there are no material uncertain income tax positions. The Parent files income tax returns in U.S. federal jurisdiction, and various states and the current and prior three tax years generally remain subject to examination by U.S. federal and most state tax authorities.

OBD SECURITIES LLC

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition

Note 1. Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Recent accounting pronouncements: In November 2011, the FASB issued new guidance that requires an entity to disclose information about offsetting and related arrangements to enable users of its financial statements to understand the effect of those arrangements on its financial position. This guidance is effective for annual and interim periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013. Since this pronouncement is disclosure related, the adoption of this guidance is not expected to have a material impact on our statement of financial condition.

Note 2. Receivable from Clearing Brokers

At December 31, 2012, receivable from clearing brokers represents cash on deposit.

Note 3. Fair Value Measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Financial assets and liabilities recorded at fair value are categorized based upon the level of judgment associated with the inputs used to measure their value. The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3). Inputs are broadly defined as assumptions market participants would use in pricing an asset or liability. The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described below:

Level 1: Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the reporting entity has the ability to access at the measurement date.

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and fair value is determined through the use of models or other valuation methodologies. A significant adjustment to a Level 2 input could result in the Level 2 measurement becoming a Level 3 measurement.

Level 3: Inputs are unobservable for the asset or liability and include situations where there is little, if any, market activity for the asset or liability. The inputs into the determination of fair value are based upon the best information in the circumstances and may require significant management judgment or estimation.

In certain cases, the inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, an investment's level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The Company's assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment, and considers factors specific to the investment.

As of and for the year ended December 31, 2012, the Company had no financial instruments categorized as Level 1 or Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

OBD SECURITIES LLC

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition

Note 3. Fair Value Measurement (Continued)

At December 31, 2012, other assets consist of a Joint Back Office investment (JBO investment) in the preferred stock of one of the firms that the Company has a clearing relationship with for which there is no exchange or independent, publicly quoted market. Management has estimated the fair value of the JBO investment based on the redeemable par value of the preferred stock, which may differ significantly from the value that would have been used had a ready market existed for such equity investments. The fair value of this JBO investment as of December 31, 2012 is \$10,000. This financial instrument is classified as Level 3 in the fair value hierarchy.

The Company assesses the levels of investments at each measurement date, and transfers between fair value hierarchy levels are recognized by the Company at the end of each reporting period.

Note 4. Related-Party Transactions

Teza Technologies, LLC, an affiliated entity, provides various services, administrative support, and office space to the Company. Payable to affiliate of \$255,941 at December 31, 2012 represents amounts payable under these arrangements.

Note 5. Financial Instruments with Off-Balance-Sheet Risk

Concentration of credit risk: The Company conducts business with two broker-dealers for its trading activities. The clearing and depository operations of the Company's trading activities are performed by these brokers pursuant to agreements. The Company monitors the credit standing of these brokers on an ongoing basis. In the event the broker is unable to fulfill its obligations, the Company would be subject to credit risk.

The Company's financial instruments that are exposed to concentrations of credit risk consist primarily of cash. The Company maintains its cash accounts at a financial institution located in the United States and in other countries. At times, the Company may have cash that exceeds the balance insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. The Company monitors such credit risks and has not experienced any losses related to such risks.

Market risk: Derivative financial instruments involve varying degrees of off-balance-sheet market risk. Changes in the market values of the underlying financial instruments may result in changes in the value of the derivative financial instruments in excess of the amounts reflected in the consolidated statement of financial condition. Exposure to market risk is influenced by a number of factors, including the relationships between financial instruments and the volatility and liquidity in the markets in which the financial instruments are traded. In many cases, the use of derivative and other financial instruments serves to modify or offset market risk associated with other transactions and, accordingly, serves to decrease the Company's overall exposure to market risk. The Company attempts to manage its exposure to market risk arising from the use of these financial instruments through various analytical monitoring techniques.

OBD SECURITIES LLC

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition

Note 6. Indemnifications

In the normal course of its business, the Company indemnifies and guarantees certain service providers, such as clearing brokers, against specified potential losses in connection with their acting as an agent of, or providing services to, the Company. The maximum potential amount of future payments that the Company could be required to make under these indemnifications cannot be estimated. However, the Company believes that it is unlikely it will have to make material payments under these arrangements and has not recorded any contingent liability in the financial statements for these indemnifications.

Additionally, the Company enters into contracts and agreements that contain a variety of representations and warranties and which provide general indemnifications. The Company's maximum exposure under these arrangements is unknown, as this would involve future claims that may be made against the Company that have not yet occurred.

Note 7. Regulatory Requirements

The Company is subject to the SEC Uniform Net Capital Rule (SEC Rule 15c3-1), which requires the Company to maintain minimum "net capital" equal to the greater of \$100,000 or 6-2/3 percent of "aggregate indebtedness," as defined and a ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, not to exceed 8 to 1 for the first 12 months after commencing business as a broker-dealer and 15 to 1 thereafter. Net capital changes from day to day, but at December 31, 2012, the Company had net capital and net capital requirements of \$11,020,377 and \$100,000, respectively, and its net capital ratio was 0.06 to 1. The minimum net capital requirements may effectively restrict the payment of distributions.