

Public



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UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

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FEB 28 2013

**ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT
FORM X-17A-5
PART III**

SEC FILE NUMBER
8-67345

Washington DC
405

FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING 1/1/2012 AND ENDING 12/31/2012
MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY *

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:

Treasury Curve, LLC

OFFICIAL USE ONLY
FIRM I.D. NO.

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)

480 Lytton Avenue, Suite 2
(No. and Street)

Palo Alto, CA 94301

(City)

(State)

(Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT

Ronald Borio

(619) 276-2501

(Area Code - Telephone No.)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report*

BOROS & FARRINGTON

(Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name)

11770 Bernardo Plaza Court, Suite 210, San Diego, CA 92128

(Address)

(City)

(State)

(Zip Code)

CHECK ONE:

- Certified Public Accountant
- Public Accountant
- Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

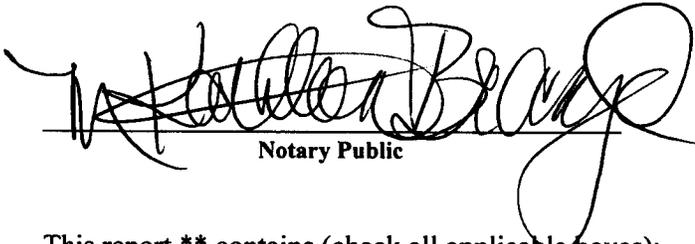
* Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2).

3/19/13

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Aron Chazen, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of Treasury Curve, LLC, as of December 31, 2012, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:

None


Notary Public


Signature

Title

This report ** contains (check all applicable boxes):

- (a) Facing page.
- (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
- (c) Statement of Income (Loss).
- (d) Statement of Cash Flows.
- (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital.
- (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
- (g) Computation of Net Capital.
- (h) Computation of Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- (i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
- (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
- (l) An Oath or Affirmation.
- (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
- (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

** For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

TREASURY CURVE, LLC
Statement of Financial Condition
and
Independent Auditor's Report
December 31, 2012
(Public)

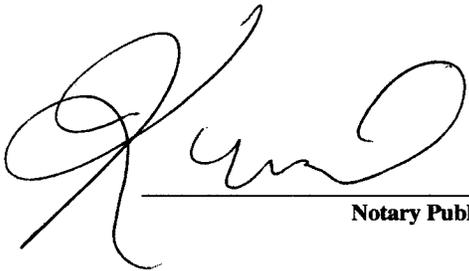
Boros & Farrington
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

TREASURY CURVE, LLC
Statement of Financial Condition
and
Independent Auditor's Report
December 31, 2012
(Public)

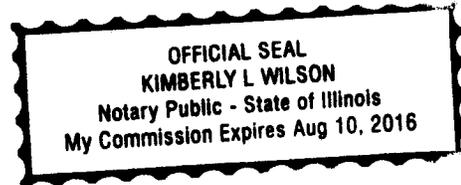
OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Chris Kaminski, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of Treasury Curve, LLC, as of December 31, 2012, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:

None

 2/21/2013
Notary Public


Signature
Managing Director
Title



This report ** contains (check all applicable boxes):

- (a) Facing page.
- (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
- (c) Statement of Income (Loss).
- (d) Statement of Cash Flows.
- (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital.
- (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
- (g) Computation of Net Capital.
- (h) Computation of Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- (i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
- (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
- (l) An Oath or Affirmation.
- (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
- (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

** For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

TREASURY CURVE, LLC

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Boros & Farrington

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
A Professional Corporation

11770 Bernardo Plaza Court • Suite 210
San Diego, CA 92128-2424
(858) 487-8518 • Fax (858) 487-6794
borosfarrington@msn.com

Independent Auditor's Report

Treasury Curve, LLC

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Treasury Curve, LLC as of December 31, 2012. This financial statement is the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statement referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Treasury Curve, LLC at December 31, 2012 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements as a whole. The information contained in Schedules I, II, and III is required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Boros & Farrington APC

San Diego, California
February 11, 2013

TREASURY CURVE, LLC
Statement of Financial Condition
December 31, 2012

ASSETS

Cash	\$ 94,872
Commissions receivable	99,938
Intangible assets, less accumulated amortization of \$18,106	20,682
Prepaid and other assets	<u>2,700</u>
	<u>\$218,192</u>

LIABILITIES AND MEMBER'S EQUITY

Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ <u>74,952</u>
Member's equity	<u>143,240</u>
	<u>\$218,192</u>

See notes to statement of financial condition.

TREASURY CURVE, LLC

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition

1. THE COMPANY AND ITS SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Company. Treasury Curve, LLC (the “Company”) is a California limited liability company. The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Treasury Holdings, LLC.

The Business. The Company is a registered broker-dealer licensed by the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) and is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority and the Securities Investor Protection Corporation. The Company retails mutual funds, consisting primarily of money market funds.

Accounting Estimates. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Revenue Recognition. Security transactions and the related commission revenue are recorded on a trade date basis. Insurance commissions are recognized when the related insurance policies are accepted by the underwriters and premiums are paid. Bonus commissions and other revenues that are contingent or not subject to reasonable estimation are recognized when collected. Other revenues are generally recognized as services are rendered.

Intangible assets. Intangible assets are amortized using the straight-line method over 15 years.

Income Taxes. Income taxes, if any, are the liability of the individual member except for minimum state and local taxes.

Concentration of Credit Risk. The company maintains a cash balance with a financial institution. Management performs periodic evaluations of the relative credit standing of the institution. The Company has not sustained any material credit losses from this instrument.

Financial Instruments. The carrying values reflected in the statement of financial condition at December 31, 2012 reasonably approximate the fair values for financial instruments. In making such assessment, the Company has utilized discounted cash flow analyses, estimates, and quoted market prices as appropriate. No allowance for potential credit losses was considered necessary at December 31, 2012.

2. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Operating Leases. The Company leases office space on a month-to-month basis.

TREASURY CURVE, LLC

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition

3. NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

Under Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Company is required to maintain a minimum net capital (as defined) and a ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital (as defined) not exceeding 15 to 1.

The Company's ratio at December 31, 2012 was 0.65 to 1. The basic concept of the Rule is liquidity, its object being to require a broker-dealer in securities to have at all times sufficient liquid assets to cover its current indebtedness. At December 31, 2012, the Company's net capital of \$114,902 was \$109,902 in excess of the amount required by the SEC.

4. INFORMATION RELATING TO POSSESSION OR CONTROL REQUIREMENTS FOR BROKER DEALERS PURSUANT TO RULE 15c3-3

The Company is exempt from Rule 15c3-3 under the exemptive provisions of paragraph (k)(2)(i) and, accordingly, has no possession or control requirements.

5. COMPUTATION OF DETERMINATION OF RESERVE REQUIREMENTS FOR BROKER DEALERS PURSUANT TO RULE 15c3-3

Because the Company does not hold funds or securities for the account of any customers, as defined by Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c3-3, no reserve is required. Consequently, a reserve requirement was not calculated and a reconciliation to that calculation is not included herein.

TREASURY CURVE, LLC

Schedule I Computation of Net Capital Pursuant to SEC Rule 15c3-1

December 31, 2012

Total member's equity	\$143,240
Less non-allowable assets	
Commissions receivable	4,956
Intangible assets	20,682
Prepaid and other assets	<u>2,700</u>
Net capital	114,902
Minimum net capital required	<u>5,000</u>
Excess net capital	<u>\$109,902</u>
Total aggregate indebtedness	<u>\$ 74,952</u>
Ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital	<u>0.65</u>

Note: There are no differences between the net capital reported above and the net capital reported on Form FOCUS X-17A-5 Part IIA at December 31, 2012.

TREASURY CURVE, LLC

Schedule II Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3

December 31, 2012

The Company is exempt from Rule 15c3-3 under the exemptive provisions of section (k)(2)(i) and, accordingly, has no reserve requirements. Consequently, a reserve requirement was not calculated in Part II of Form X-17A-5 of this Company's FOCUS report as of December 31, 2012; and a reconciliation to that calculation is not included herein.

TREASURY CURVE, LLC

**Schedule III
Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements
Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3**

December 31, 2012

The Company is exempt from Rule 15c3-3 under the exemptive provisions of section (k)(2)(i) and, accordingly, has no possession or control requirements.

Independent Auditor's Report On Internal Control
Required by SEC Rule 17a-5(g)(1)

Treasury Curve, LLC:

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplementary schedules of Treasury Curve, LLC (the "Company") as of for the year ended December 31, 2012, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13.
2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, errors or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A *control deficiency* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Company's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be a material weaknesses, as defined previously.

We understand that the practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2012, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, and other regulatory agencies that rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Boros & Fanning PC

San Diego, California
February 11, 2013

Boros & Farrington

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
A Professional Corporation

11770 Bernardo Plaza Court • Suite 210
San Diego, CA 92128-2424
(858) 487-8518 • Fax (858) 487-6794
borosfarrington@msn.com

SIPC Supplemental Report

Board of Directors
Treasury Curve, LLC:

In accordance with Rule 17a-5(e)(4) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, we have performed the procedures enumerated below with respect to the accompanying General Assessment Reconciliation (Form SIPC-7) to the Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC) for the year ended December 31, 2012, which were agreed to by Treasury Curve, LLC (the "Company") and the Securities and Exchange Commission, Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc., and SIPC, solely to assist you and the other specified parties in evaluating the Company's compliance with the applicable instructions of the Form SIPC-7. The Company's management is responsible for the Company's compliance with those requirements. This agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of those parties specified in this report. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose. The procedures we performed and our findings are as follows:

1. Compared the listed assessment payments in Form SIPC-7 with respective cash disbursement records entries noting no differences;
2. Compared the amounts reported on the audited Form X-17A-5 for the year ended December 31, 2012, with the amounts reported in Form SIPC-7 for the year ended December 31, 2012 noting no differences;
3. Compared any adjustments reported in Form SIPC-7 with supporting schedules and working papers noting no differences;
4. Proved the arithmetical accuracy of the calculations reflected in Form SIPC-7 and in the related schedules and working papers supporting the adjustments noting no differences; and
5. Compared the amount of any overpayment applied to the current assessment with the Form SIPC-7 on which it was originally computed noting no differences.

We were not engaged to, and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on compliance. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the specified parties listed above and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Boros & Farrington APC

San Diego, California
February 11, 2013

TREASURY CURVE, LLC

**Determination of "SIPC Net Operating Revenues"
General Assessment
And Schedule of Payments
Pursuant to SEC Rule 17a-5(e)(4)**

Year Ended December 31, 2012

Total revenue	\$852,787
Deductions	<u> -</u>
SIPC net operating revenues	<u>\$852,787</u>
General assessment @ .0025	\$ 2,132
Less payments	
July 28, 2012	(1,024)
January 30, 2013	<u>(1,108)</u>
Assessment balance due	<u>\$ -</u>