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**ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT
FORM X-17A-5
PART III**

SEC FILE NUMBER
8-49205

FACING PAGE

**Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder**

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING 01-01-2012 AND ENDING 12-31-2012
MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: Triton Pacific Capital, LLC

OFFICIAL USE ONLY
FIRM I.D. NO.

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)

11900 W. Olympic Blvd., Suite 720

(No. and Street)

Los Angeles

CA

90064

(City)

(State)

(Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT

Robert Davis

424-442-1380

(Area Code - Telephone Number)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report*

Joseph Yafeh, CPA

(Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name)

11300 West Olympic Blvd., Suite 875

Los Angeles

CA

90064

(Address)

(City)

(State)

(Zip Code)

CHECK ONE:

- Certified Public Accountant
- Public Accountant
- Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

SEC 1410 (06-02)

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OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Robert Davis, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of Triton Pacific Capital, LLC as of December 31, 2012, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:

None



Handwritten signature of Robert Davis

Signature

CEO

Title

Handwritten signature of Heather A. Rowland, Notary Public

This report ** contains (check all applicable boxes):

- (a) Facing Page.
(b) Statement of Financial Condition.
(c) Statement of Income (Loss).
(d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.
(e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital.
(f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
(g) Computation of Net Capital.
(h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
(i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
(j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
(k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
(l) An Oath or Affirmation.
(m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
(n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

**For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

Triton Pacific Capital, LLC
Report Pursuant to Rule 17a-5 (d)
Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

Contents

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PCAOB # 3346

Report of Independent Auditor

Member
Triton Pacific Capital, LLC
Los Angeles, California

Report on the Financial Statements

I have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Triton Pacific Capital, LLC as of December 31, 2012 and related statements of income, changes in members' equity, and changes in financial condition for the year then ended that are filed pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

These financial statements are the responsibility of Triton Pacific Capital LLC's management. Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Company's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion on the Company's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

Member
Triton Pacific Capital, LLC
Los Angeles, California
Page 2

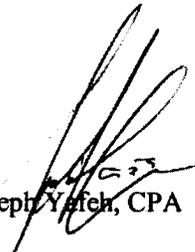
I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinion.

Opinion

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Triton Pacific Capital, LLC as of December 31, 2012, and the results of its operations and its changes in financial position for the year ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matter

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedules I, II, III and IV is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information in Schedules I, II and III has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the information in Schedules I, II, III and IV is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.



Joseph Yafeh, CPA

Los Angeles, CA
January 21, 2013

Triton Pacific Capital, LLC
Statement of Financial Condition
As of December 31, 2012

Assets

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 653,503
Securities	2,676,039
Placement fee receivable	2,126,484
Other assets and deposits	300
Prepaid expenses	5,653
Furniture, fixtures and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation of \$83,192	0
Security deposit – rent	<u>8,439</u>
Total Assets	<u>\$ 5,470,418</u>

Liabilities and Member's Equity

Liabilities	
Accrued expenses	<u>\$ 12,897</u>
Total Liabilities	<u>\$ 12,897</u>
 Member's Equity	 <u>5,457,521</u>
Total Liabilities and Member's Equity	<u>\$ 5,470,418</u>

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

Triton Pacific Capital, LLC
Statement of Income
For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

Revenues	
Retainer income	\$ 605,000
Placement fee	1,891,000
Interest and other income	<u>153,245</u>
Total Revenues	<u>2,649,245</u>
Unrealized gain	<u>55,495</u>
Operating Expenses - see page 13	<u>(1,664,246)</u>
Income Before Income Tax Provision	1,040,494
Income Tax Provision	<u>6,800</u>
Net Income	<u>\$ 1,033,694</u>

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

Triton Pacific Capital, LLC
Statement of Changes in Member's Equity
For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

	<u>Member's Equity</u>
Balance, December 31, 2011	\$ 5,143,827
Net Income	1,033,694
Distributions	<u>(720,000)</u>
Balance, December 31, 2012	<u>\$ 5,457,521</u>

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

Triton Pacific Capital, LLC
Statement of Changes in Financial Condition
For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	
Net Income	\$1,033,694
Depreciation	0
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	
Placement fee receivable	(512,595)
Prepaid expenses	30,254
Securities	33,644
Accrued expenses	4,782
Accrued income taxes	<u>(6,000)</u>
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	<u>583,779</u>
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:	<u>0</u>
Cash Flows from Financing Activities:	
Distributions	<u>(720,000)</u>
Net decrease in cash	(136,221)
Cash at beginning of year	<u>789,724</u>
Cash at end of year	<u>\$ 653,503</u>
Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information:	
Cash paid for interest	<u>\$ 0</u>
Cash paid for state taxes	<u>\$ 6,800</u>

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

Triton Pacific Capital, LLC
Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2012

Note 1 – Organization and Nature of Business

Triton Pacific Capital, LLC (the “Company” or “TPC”), was organized in the State of California on February 28, 1996 as a Limited Liability Company operating as a registered broker-dealer in securities under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934. The Company conducts business on a fully disclosed basis. The Company does not hold customer funds and/or securities and is a member of the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. (“NASD”) and Securities Investors Protection Corporation (“SIPC”). The NASD and NYSE Member Regulation consolidated in 2007 to form the Financial Industry Regulatory Agency (“FINRA”).

The Company provides investment banking services to institutional customers.

Note 2 – Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation – The Company conducts business on a fully disclosed basis. The Company does not hold customer funds and/or securities. The Company currently conducts one type of business as a securities broker-dealer.

- Private placements of securities This is what the FINRA broker check says they do

Under its membership agreement with FINRA and pursuant to Rule 15c3 (k) (2) (i), the Company conducts business on a fully disclosed basis and does not execute or clear securities transactions for customers. Accordingly, the Company is exempt from the requirement of Rule 15c3-3 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 pertaining to the possession or control of customer assets and reserve requirements.

Use of Estimates – The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Income Taxes – The Company, with consent of its Member, has elected to be a California Limited Liability Company. For tax purposes the Company is treated like a partnership, therefore in lieu of business income taxes, the Member is taxed on the Company’s taxable income. Therefore, no provision or liability for Federal Income Taxes is included in these financial statements. The State of California has a similar treatment, although there exists a provision for a gross receipts tax and a minimum Franchise Tax of \$800

Depreciation – Depreciation is provided on a straight-line basis using estimated useful lives of five to ten years. Leasehold improvements are amortized over the lesser of the economic useful life of the improvement or the term of the lease.

Triton Pacific Capital, LLC
Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2012

Note 2 – Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Statement of Changes in Financial Condition – The Company has defined cash equivalents as highly liquid investments, with original maturities of less than three months that are not held for sale in the ordinary course of business.

Note 3 - Fair Value

FASB ASC 820 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and establishes a fair value hierarchy which prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. A fair value measurement assumes that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability occurs in the principal market for the asset or liability or, in the absence of a principal market, the most advantageous market. Valuation techniques that are consistent with the market, income or cost approach, as specified by FASB ASC 820, are used to measure fair value.

The fair value hierarchy prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three broad levels:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities the Company has the ability to access.
- Level 2 inputs are inputs (other than quoted prices included within level 1) that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability and rely on management's own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. (The unobservable inputs should be developed based on the best information available in the circumstances and may include the Company's own data.)

The following table presents the Company's fair value hierarchy for those assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of December 31, 2012.

Fair Value Measurements on a Recurring Basis
As of December 31, 2012

Assets	<u>Level 1</u>	<u>Level 2</u>	<u>Level 3</u>	<u>Total</u>
Cash and securities	\$653,503	-	-	\$653,503

Triton Pacific Capital, LLC
Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2012

Note 4 – Net Capital Requirements

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (SEC rule 5c3-1) which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. Net capital and aggregate indebtedness change day by day, but on December 31, 2012, the Company had net capital of \$3,131,795 which was \$3,126,795 in excess of its required net capital requirement of \$5,000. The Company's percentage of aggregate indebtedness, \$12,897 to net capital was .4%.

Note 5 – Income Taxes

The Company is subject to a limited liability company gross receipts tax, with a minimum provision of \$800. For the year ended December 31, 2012, the Company recorded the minimum liability company income tax of \$800 and gross receipts tax of \$6,000.

Note 6 – Commitments and Contingencies

The Company extended its lease agreement for office space under a non-cancelable lease which commences April 1, 2012 and expires March 31, 2016. The future minimum lease expenses are:

2013	\$ 69,000
2014	71,500
2015	73,500
2016	<u>18,500</u>
Total	<u>\$232,500</u>

Note 7 – Exemption from the SEC Rule 15c3-3

The Company holds no customer accounts, cash or any financial assets on behalf of any clients and does not do any clearing of any transactions on behalf of any clients and thus qualifies for Rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(i) which provides an exemption from the SEC's so-called "customer protection rule" for firms that: carry no margin accounts; promptly transmit all customer funds and deliver all securities received in connection with their broker-dealer activities; do not otherwise hold funds or securities for, or owe money or securities to, customers; and effectuate all financial transactions with customers through one or more bank accounts designated as "Special Account for the Exclusive Benefit of Customers" of the Company.

Note 8 – Subsequent Events

Management has reviewed the results of operations for the period of time from its year end December 31, 2012 through January 21, 2013, the date the financial statements were available to be issued, and has determined that no adjustments are necessary to the amounts reported in the accompanying combined financial statements nor have any subsequent events occurred, the nature of which would require disclosure.

Triton Pacific Capital, LLC
Schedule I – Computation of Net Capital Requirements
Pursuant to Rule 15c3-1
December 31, 2012

Computation of Net Capital		
Total ownership equity from statement of financial condition		\$ 5,457,521
Nonallowable assets:		
Placement fee receivable	\$2,126,484	
Other assets	300	
Prepaid expenses	5,653	
Security deposit - rent	<u>8,439</u>	(2,140,876)
Haircut – money market & securities		(184,578)
Undo concentration		<u>(272)</u>
Net Capital		<u>\$ 3,131,795</u>
Computation of Net Capital Requirements		
Minimum net aggregate indebtedness- 6-2/3% of net aggregate indebtedness		<u>\$ 860</u>
Minimum dollar net capital required		<u>\$ 5,000</u>
Net Capital required (greater of above amounts)		<u>\$ 5,000</u>
Excess Capital		<u>\$ 3,126,795</u>
Excess net capital at 1000% (net capital less 10% of aggregate indebtedness)		<u>\$ 3,130,505</u>
Computation of Aggregate Indebtedness		
Total liabilities		<u>\$ 12,897</u>
Percentage of aggregate indebtedness to net capital		<u>0.4 %</u>
Reconciliation		
The following is a reconciliation as of December 31, 2012 of the above net capital computation with the Company's corresponding unaudited computation pursuant to Rule 179-5(d) (4):		
Unaudited net capital		\$ 3,131,796
Rounding error		<u>(1)</u>
Audited Net Capital		<u>\$ 3,131,795</u>

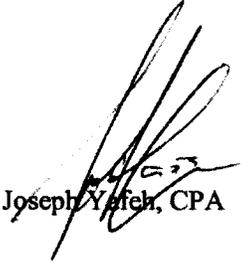
See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

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PCAOB # 3346

Schedule II
Independent Auditor's Report
On the Schedule of Operating Expenses

Member
Triton Pacific Capital, LLC
Los Angeles, California

My audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The attached schedules of revenue and operating expenses for the year ended December 31, 2012 are presented for purposes of additional information and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in my opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.



Joseph Yafeh, CPA

Los Angeles, California
January 21, 2013

Triton Pacific Capital, LLC
Schedule II
Operating Expenses
For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

Advertising	\$ 250
Automobile expense	39,784
Bank charges	1,138
Bonuses	374,642
Dues and subscriptions	9,811
Employee benefits	13,299
Insurance	6,182
FINRA fees and assessments	14,202
Office expense	10,955
Outside services	48,081
Parking	10,539
Postage and delivery	1,002
Printing and reproduction	1,029
Professional fees	47,205
Rent	73,063
Salaries and wages	880,040
Seminars	36,615
Supplies	12,179
Taxes & licenses	5,190
Telephone	30,734
Travel and entertainment	46,446
All other expenses	<u>1,860</u>
 Total operating expenses	 <u><u>\$1,664,246</u></u>

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

Triton Pacific Capital, LLC
Schedule III – Computation for Determination of Reserve
Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3
As of December 31, 2012

A computation of reserve requirement is not applicable to Triton Pacific Capital, LLC as the Company qualifies for exemption under Rule 15c3-3 (k) (2) (i).

See independent auditor's report.

Triton Pacific Capital, LLC
Schedule IV – Information Relating to Possession or Control
Requirements under Rule 15c3-3
As of December 31, 2012

Information relating to possession or control requirements is not applicable to Triton Pacific Capital, LLC as the Company qualifies for exemption under Rule 15c3-3 (k) (2) (i).

See independent auditor's report.

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A Professional Accounting Corporation
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PCAOB # 3346

PART II

**Report on Internal Control Required by SEC Rule 17a-5(g) (1) for a
Broker-Dealer Claiming an Exemption from SEC Rule 15c3-3**

Member
Triton Pacific Capital, LLC
Los Angeles, California

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements of Triton Pacific Capital, LLC (the Company), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2012, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, I considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing my auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing my opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g) (1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), I have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that I considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, I did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13
2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's previously mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Member
Triton Pacific Capital, LLC
Los Angeles, California

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

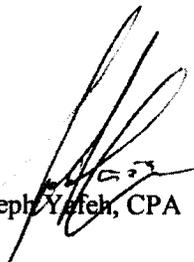
A *control deficiency* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Company's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that I consider to be material weaknesses, as defined previously.

I understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on my study, I believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2012 to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Member, management, the SEC, and FINRA, and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.



Joseph Yafeh, CPA

Los Angeles, California
January 21, 2013

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A Professional Accounting Corporation
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Los Angeles CA 90064
310-477-8150 ~ Fax 310-477-8152
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PCAOB # 3346

PART III
SIPC Supplemental Report Pursuant to SEC Rule 17a-5(e) (4)

Member
Triton Pacific Capital, LLC
Los Angeles, California

In accordance with Rule 17a-5(e)(4) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, I have performed the procedures enumerated below with respect to the accompanying Schedule of Assessment and Payments [General Assessment Reconciliation (Form SIPC-7)] to the Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC) for the year ended December 31, 2012, which were agreed to by Triton Pacific Capital, LLC and the Securities and Exchange Commission, Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc., and SIPC, solely to assist you and the other specified parties in evaluating Triton Pacific Capital, LLC's compliance with the applicable instructions of the General Assessment Reconciliation (Form SIPC-7).

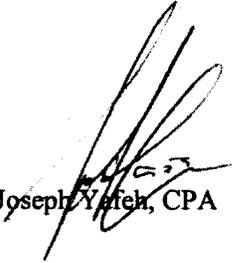
Triton Pacific Capital, LLC's management is responsible for Triton Pacific Capital, LLC's compliance with those requirements. This agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of those parties specified in this report. Consequently, I make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose. The procedures I performed and my findings are as follows:

1. Compared the listed assessment payments in Form SIPC-7 with respective cash disbursement records entries noting no differences;
2. Compared the amounts reported on the audited Form X-17A-5 for the year ended December 31, 2012, as applicable, with the amounts reported in Form SIPC-7 for the year ended December 31, 2012 noting no differences;
3. Compared any adjustments reported in Form SIPC-7 with supporting schedules and working papers, noting no differences;
4. Proved the arithmetical accuracy of the calculations reflected in Form SIPC-7 in the related schedules and working papers supporting the adjustments, noting no differences; and
5. Compared the amount of any overpayment applied to the current assessment with the Form SIPC-7 on which it was originally computed noting no differences.

I was not engaged to, and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on compliance. Accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. Had I performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to my attention that would have been reported to you.

Member
Triton Pacific Capital, LLC
Los Angeles, California

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the specified parties listed above and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.



Joseph Yafeh, CPA

Los Angeles, California
January 21, 2013

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PART III
SIPC Supplemental Report Pursuant to SEC Rule 17a-5(e) (4)

Member
Triton Pacific Capital, LLC
Los Angeles, California

In accordance with Rule 17a-5(e)(4) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, I have performed the procedures enumerated below with respect to the accompanying Schedule of Assessment and Payments [General Assessment Reconciliation (Form SIPC-7)] to the Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC) for the year ended December 31, 2012, which were agreed to by Triton Pacific Capital, LLC and the Securities and Exchange Commission, Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc., and SIPC, solely to assist you and the other specified parties in evaluating Triton Pacific Capital, LLC's compliance with the applicable instructions of the General Assessment Reconciliation (Form SIPC-7).

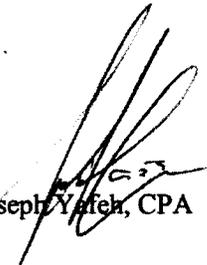
Triton Pacific Capital, LLC's management is responsible for Triton Pacific Capital, LLC's compliance with those requirements. This agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of those parties specified in this report. Consequently, I make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose. The procedures I performed and my findings are as follows:

1. Compared the listed assessment payments in Form SIPC-7 with respective cash disbursement records entries noting no differences;
2. Compared the amounts reported on the audited Form X-17A-5 for the year ended December 31, 2012, as applicable, with the amounts reported in Form SIPC-7 for the year ended December 31, 2012 noting no differences;
3. Compared any adjustments reported in Form SIPC-7 with supporting schedules and working papers, noting no differences;
4. Proved the arithmetical accuracy of the calculations reflected in Form SIPC-7 in the related schedules and working papers supporting the adjustments, noting no differences; and
5. Compared the amount of any overpayment applied to the current assessment with the Form SIPC-7 on which it was originally computed noting no differences.

I was not engaged to, and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on compliance. Accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. Had I performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to my attention that would have been reported to you.

Member
Triton Pacific Capital, LLC
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This report is intended solely for the information and use of the specified parties listed above and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.



Joseph Yafeh, CPA

Los Angeles, California
January 21, 2013