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ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT SEC
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PART III Section

FEB 28 2013

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8-69047

FACING PAGE

Washington DC

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING 01/01/12 AND ENDING 12/31/12
MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: GCP SECURITIES, LLC

OFFICIAL USE ONLY

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)

FIRM I.D. NO.

712 MAIN STREET SUITE 2500

(No. and Street)

HOUSTON

(City)

TEXAS

(State)

77002

(Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT

JACOB SILVERMAN212 450-2880

(Area Code - Telephone Number)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report*

KPMG

(Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name)

345 PARK AVE

(Address)

NEW YORK

(City)

N.Y.

(State)

10154

(Zip Code)

CHECK ONE:

- ☒ Certified Public Accountant
☐ Public Accountant
☐ Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

SEC 1410 (06-02)

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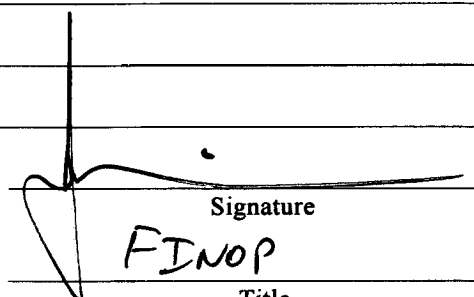
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3/9/13

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, JACOB SILVERMAN, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of GCP SECURITIES, LLC, as of DECEMBER 31, 2012, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:

CHRISTOPHER MATTESON
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW
STATE OF NEW YORK
No. 02MA6125298
Qualified in New York County
My Commission Expires April 11, 2013


Notary Public


Signature

FINOP
Title

This report ** contains (check all applicable boxes):

- ☒ (a) Facing Page.
- ☒ (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
- ☒ (c) Statement of Income (Loss).
- ☒ (d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.
- ☒ (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital.
- ☐ (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
- ☒ (g) Computation of Net Capital.
- ☒ (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- ☒ (i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
- ☐ (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- ☐ (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
- ☒ (l) An Oath or Affirmation.
- ☒ (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
- ☐ (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

****For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).**

SEC
Mail Processing
Section

FEB 28 2013

Washington DC
400

February 27, 2012

SEC Washington DC
Securities and Exchange Commission
Registration Branch
Mail Stop 8031
100 F Street, NE
Washington, DC 20549

Dear Sir or Madam:

On behalf of GCP Securities, LLC, I have enclosed the following:

Two copies of the annual financial statements and supplemental schedule for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2012, independent auditor's report and supplemental report on our internal control structure.

Please note that the Company filed an amended focus report on February 27, 2012 as a result of a decrease in Accounts receivable of \$2,779 and an increase in the receivable to the parent company by \$2,779. This change had no impact on our Net Capital.

Sincerely yours,



Kevin McClurg
Controller

Enclosures



GCP SECURITIES, LLC
(A Wholly-Owned Subsidiary of Duff & Phelps, LLC)

Financial Statements & Schedules

December 31, 2012

(With Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm Thereon)



KPMG LLP
345 Park Avenue
New York, NY 10154-0102

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

Member
GCP Securities, LLC:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of GCP Securities, LLC (a wholly-owned subsidiary of Duff & Phelps, LLC), which comprise the statement of financial position as of December 31, 2012, and the related statements of operations, changes in member's capital, and cash flows for the year then ended, that are filed pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly in all material respects, the financial position of GCP Securities, LLC as of December 31, 2012, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.



Other Matter

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The information contained in Schedules I, II, and III, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information in Schedules I, II, and III has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information in Schedules I, II, and III is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

KPMG LLP

February 27, 2013

GCP SECURITIES, LLC
(A Wholly-Owned Subsidiary of Duff & Phelps, LLC)

Statement of Financial Position

December 31, 2012

Assets

Cash	\$ 141,308
Receivable from Parent Company	<u>37,252</u>
Total assets	<u>\$ 178,560</u>

Member's Capital

Member's capital	<u>178,560</u>
Total member's capital	<u>\$ 178,560</u>

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

GCP SECURITIES, LLC
(A Wholly-Owned Subsidiary of Duff & Phelps, LLC)

Statement of Operations
Year ended December 31, 2012

Revenue:

Advisory fees	\$	143,949
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Expenses:

Allocated expenses from Parent Company		(125,115)
Regulatory fees and expenses		(38,886)
Other		<u>(2,508)</u>

Net loss	\$	<u><u>(22,560)</u></u>
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See accompanying notes to financial statements.

GCP SECURITIES, LLC
(A Wholly-Owned Subsidiary of Duff & Phelps, LLC)

Statement of Changes in Member's Capital

Year ended December 31, 2012

	<u>Member's investment</u>	<u>Undistributed earnings</u>	<u>Total member's capital</u>
Balance as of December 31, 2011	\$ 25,000	\$ 176,120	\$ 201,120
Net loss	—	(22,560)	(22,560)
Balance as of December 31, 2012	<u>\$ 25,000</u>	<u>\$ 153,560</u>	<u>\$ 178,560</u>

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

GCP SECURITIES, LLC
(A Wholly-Owned Subsidiary of Duff & Phelps, LLC)

Statement of Cash Flows
Year ended December 31, 2012

	Year ended December 31, 2012
Cash flows from operating activities:	
Net loss	\$ (22,560)
Changes in assets and liabilities providing (using) cash:	
Accounts receivable	47,779
Unbilled services	2,500
Deferred revenue	(5,000)
Receivable from Parent Company, net	(500,618)
Net cash used by operating activities	(477,899)
Net decrease in cash	(477,899)
Cash at beginning of period	619,207
Cash at end of period	\$ 141,308

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

GCP SECURITIES, LLC
(A Wholly-Owned Subsidiary of Duff & Phelps, LLC)

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2012

(1) Nature of Business and Ownership

GCP Securities, LLC (the Company) is a Delaware limited liability company formed on May 20, 2011. The term of the LLC is perpetual. GCP Securities, LLC is registered as a broker with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. (FINRA). Its customers are located primarily throughout the United States. GCP Securities, LLC is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Duff & Phelps, LLC (the Parent Company or Member).

The Company provides advisory services to both privately held and middle-market companies primarily based in the Southwest. These services primarily included merger and acquisition advice, restructuring advice and assistance with private placements.

The Company operates under the provision of paragraph (k)(2)(i) of Rule 15c3-3 of the SEC and, accordingly is exempt from the remaining provisions of that Rule. The Company carries no margin accounts and does not otherwise hold funds or securities for customers. Accordingly, the Company has not executed any transactions on behalf of its customers during the year ended December 31, 2012. The Company performs private placement of debt and equity securities, merger and acquisition advisory, financial advisory and restructuring advisory services.

On December 30, 2012, Duff & Phelps Corporation, the parent company of the Member, entered into a definitive merger agreement under which a consortium comprising controlled affiliates of or funds managed by The Carlyle Group, Stone Point Capital LLC, Pictet & Cie and Edmond de Rothschild Group will acquire Duff & Phelps Corporation for \$15.55 per share in a cash transaction valued at approximately, \$665.5 million. The transaction is expected to close in the first half of 2013, subject to customary closing conditions including receipt of stockholder and regulatory approvals.

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(a) Basis of Financial Statement Presentation

The accounting and reporting policies of the Company conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and general practices in the broker-dealer industry.

(b) Revenue and Expense Recognition

The Company uses the accrual basis of accounting wherein revenues are recognized when earned and payment is reasonably assured, which is generally on a success-fee basis on private placement and merger and acquisition advisory transactions. Client prepayments and retainers are classified as deferred revenue and recognized ratably over the period in which the related service is rendered. Monthly advisory fees are recognized when earned and payment is reasonably assured. Expenses reimbursed by clients are recorded as revenue when reimbursement is received from the client. The related expenses are recognized when an obligation is incurred.

The Company has engagements for which the revenues are contingent on successful completion of the project. Any contingent revenue on these contracts is not recognized until the contingency is resolved and payment is reasonably assured. Retainer fees under these arrangements are deferred

GCP SECURITIES, LLC
(A Wholly-Owned Subsidiary of Duff & Phelps, LLC)

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2012

and recognized ratably over the period in which the related service is rendered. Revenues from restructuring engagements that are performed with respect to cases in bankruptcy court are typically recognized in the month in which the services are performed unless there are objections and/or holdbacks mandated by court instructions. Costs related to these engagements are expensed as incurred.

(c) *Use of Estimates*

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

The Company is subject to uncertainties, such as the impact of future events, economic, environmental, and political factors, and changes in the business climate; therefore, actual results may differ from those estimates. When no estimate in a given range is deemed to be better than any other when estimating contingent liabilities, the low end of the range is accrued. Accordingly, the accounting estimates used in the preparation of the Company's financial statements will change as new events occur, as more experience is acquired, as additional information is obtained and as the Company's operating environment changes. Changes in estimates are made when circumstances warrant. Such changes and refinements in estimation methodologies are reflected in reported results of operations; if material, the effects of changes in estimates are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

(d) *Personal Assets and Liabilities*

The financial statements of the Company do not include the assets and liabilities of the Member, including its obligation for income taxes on its distributive shares of the net income of the Company or its rights to tax refunds on its share of the Company's net loss, nor any provision for income tax expenses or benefits.

(e) *Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment*

The Company has recorded allocated expenses that cover use of office space, furniture, and equipment and, therefore, these items are carried on the books of the Parent Company.

(f) *Income Taxes*

The Company's policy is to comply with the requirements of the Internal Revenue Code that are applicable to limited liability companies, which allows for complete pass-through of taxable income to the Member. Therefore, no federal or state income tax provision is required in the Company's financial statements.

GCP SECURITIES, LLC
(A Wholly-Owned Subsidiary of Duff & Phelps, LLC)

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2012

(g) Limited Liability

Except as otherwise provided by the Limited Liability Company Act, the debts, obligations, and liabilities of the Company, whether arising in contracts, tort or otherwise, shall be solely the debts, obligations, and liabilities of the Company, and the Member shall not be obligated personally for any such debt, obligation, or liability of the Company solely by reason of being a member of the Company.

(h) Cash

The Company considers all highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

(i) Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through February 27, 2013.

(3) Allocation of Expenses from Parent Company

The Parent Company is the sole member of the Company. The Company entered into an agreement to pay the Parent Company its allocable share of expenses and costs incurred by the Parent Company. The allocation is paid monthly and is equal to \$500 plus 95% of that month's cash revenue net of FINRA and other regulatory fees, whereby shared management expenses, as outlined in the agreement, are recognized on the books of the Company. These expenses are paid by the Parent Company and are deemed to be consumed by the broad Duff & Phelps organization. These expenses include, but are not limited to, compensation and shared services, such as legal expenses, recruiting, training, and marketing. The agreement is in accordance with FINRA Notes to Members Number 03-63 and provides an expense allocation methodology and an agreement from the Member that the Company shall have net capital greater than 120% of the minimum net capital required.

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared from separate records maintained by the Company, which may not necessarily be indicative of the financial condition or the results of operations that would have existed if the Company had been operated as an unaffiliated company.

(4) Net Capital Requirements

The Company is subject to the SEC's uniform net capital Rule (Rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of a minimum amount of net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15-to-1. Rule 15c3-1 also provides that equity capital may not be withdrawn or cash dividends paid if the resulting net capital ratio would exceed 10-to-1. Net capital was \$141,308 at December 31, 2012 which is \$136,308 in excess of its net capital requirement of \$5,000. Aggregate indebtedness was \$0 at December 31, 2012.

GCP SECURITIES, LLC
(A Wholly-Owned Subsidiary of Duff & Phelps, LLC)

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2012

(5) Contingencies

Management of the Company believes there is no pending or threatened litigation that will result in any material adverse effect on the Company's results of operations, financial condition, or net capital requirements.

Schedule I**GCP SECURITIES, LLC**
(A Wholly-Owned Subsidiary of Duff & Phelps, LLC)**Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1****December 31, 2012**

Aggregate indebtedness	\$	—
Net capital:		
Member's capital	\$	178,560
Deductions		<u>(37,252)</u>
Net capital		141,308
Less minimum required capital		<u>(5,000)</u>
Excess net capital	\$	<u><u>136,308</u></u>
Percentage of aggregate indebtedness to net capital		0.0%

There is not a material difference between the Company's computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital as first reported by the Company on January 24, 2013 in Part II A on Form X-17A-5, as of December 31, 2012, as amended and filed on February 27, 2013.

See accompanying report of independent registered public accounting firm.

Schedule II

GCP SECURITIES, LLC

(A Wholly-Owned Subsidiary of Duff & Phelps, LLC)

Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements
under Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commission

December 31, 2012

The Company is exempt from the provisions of Rule 15c3-3 as of December 31, 2012 under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, in that the Company's activities are limited to those set forth in the condition for the exemption appearing in paragraph (k)(2)(i) of the Rule.

See accompanying report of independent registered public accounting firm.

Schedule III

GCP SECURITIES, LLC
(A Wholly-Owned Subsidiary of Duff & Phelps, LLC)
Information Relating to Possession or Control Requirements
under Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commission
December 31, 2012

The Company is exempt from the possession or control requirements under Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commission.

See accompanying report of independent registered public accounting firm.



KPMG LLP
345 Park Avenue
New York, NY 10154-0102

**Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
on Internal Control Pursuant to Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 17a-5**

Member
GCP Securities, LLC:

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of GCP Securities, LLC (the Company) (a wholly-owned subsidiary of Duff & Phelps, LLC), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2012, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company, including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of compliance with such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g), in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

1. Making the quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons, and the recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13, and
2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls, and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph, and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's previously mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.



A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the company's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined previously.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2012, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Company's Member, management, the SEC, the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc., and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

KPMG LLP

February 27, 2013

SIPC-7

(33-REV 7/10)

SECURITIES INVESTOR PROTECTION CORPORATION
P.O. Box 92185 Washington, D.C. 20090-2185
202-371-8300

General Assessment Reconciliation**SIPC-7**

(33-REV 7/10)

For the fiscal year ended 12/31/2012

(Read carefully the instructions in your Working Copy before completing this Form)

TO BE FILED BY ALL SIPC MEMBERS WITH FISCAL YEAR ENDINGS

1. Name of Member, address, Designated Examining Authority, 1934 Act registration no. and month in which fiscal year ends for purposes of the audit requirement of SEC Rule 17a-5:

089047 FINRA DEC
GCP SECURITIES LLC 18*18
712 MAIN ST STE 2500
HOUSTON TX 77002-3243

Note: If any of the information shown on the mailing label requires correction, please e-mail any corrections to form@sipc.org and so indicate on the form filed.

Name and telephone number of person to contact respecting this form.

Christine Marchetta
973-775-8258

2. A. General Assessment (Item 2e from page 2)

\$ 360
161

B. Less payment made with SIPC-6 filed (exclude interest)

July 2012

Date Paid

C. Less prior overpayment applied

D. Assessment balance due or (overpayment)

199

E. Interest computed on late payment (see instruction E) for _____ days at 20% per annum

199

F. Total assessment balance and interest due (or overpayment carried forward)

\$ 199

G. PAID WITH THIS FORM:

Check enclosed, payable to SIPC
Total (must be same as F above)

\$ 199

H. Overpayment carried forward

\$()

3. Subsidiaries (S) and predecessors (P) included in this form (give name and 1934 Act registration number):

The SIPC member submitting this form and the person by whom it is executed represent thereby that all information contained herein is true, correct and complete.

GCP Securities LLC

(Name of Corporation, Partnership or other organization)

Christine Marchetta

(Authorized Signature)

Director - Finance

(Title)

Dated the 20th day of February, 20 13.

This form and the assessment payment is due 60 days after the end of the fiscal year. Retain the Working Copy of this form for a period of not less than 6 years, the latest 2 years in an easily accessible place.

SIPC REVIEWER

Dates:

Postmarked _____

Received _____

Reviewed _____

Calculations _____

Documentation _____

Forward Copy _____

Exceptions:

Disposition of exceptions:

**DETERMINATION OF "SIPC NET OPERATING REVENUES"
AND GENERAL ASSESSMENT**

Amounts for the fiscal period
beginning 1/1/2012
and ending 12/31/2012

Item No.

2a. Total revenue (FOCUS Line 12/Part IIA Line 9, Code 4030)

Eliminate cents

\$ 143,951

2b. Additions:

- (1) Total revenues from the securities business of subsidiaries (except foreign subsidiaries) and predecessors not included above.
- (2) Net loss from principal transactions in securities in trading accounts.
- (3) Net loss from principal transactions in commodities in trading accounts.
- (4) Interest and dividend expense deducted in determining item 2a.
- (5) Net loss from management of or participation in the underwriting or distribution of securities.
- (6) Expenses other than advertising, printing, registration fees and legal fees deducted in determining net profit from management of or participation in underwriting or distribution of securities.
- (7) Net loss from securities in investment accounts.

Total additions

2c. Deductions:

- (1) Revenues from the distribution of shares of a registered open end investment company or unit investment trust, from the sale of variable annuities, from the business of insurance, from investment advisory services rendered to registered investment companies or insurance company separate accounts, and from transactions in security futures products.
- (2) Revenues from commodity transactions.
- (3) Commissions, floor brokerage and clearance paid to other SIPC members in connection with securities transactions.
- (4) Reimbursements for postage in connection with proxy solicitation.
- (5) Net gain from securities in investment accounts.
- (6) 100% of commissions and markups earned from transactions in (i) certificates of deposit and (ii) Treasury bills, bankers acceptances or commercial paper that mature nine months or less from issuance date.
- (7) Direct expenses of printing advertising and legal fees incurred in connection with other revenue related to the securities business (revenue defined by Section 16(9)(L) of the Act).
- (8) Other revenue not related either directly or indirectly to the securities business.
(See Instruction C):

(Deductions in excess of \$100,000 require documentation)

- (9) (i) Total interest and dividend expense (FOCUS Line 22/PART IIA Line 13, Code 4075 plus line 2b(4) above) but not in excess of total interest and dividend income.

\$ _____

- (ii) 40% of margin interest earned on customers securities accounts (40% of FOCUS line 5, Code 3960).

\$ _____

Enter the greater of line (i) or (ii)

Total deductions

2d. SIPC Net Operating Revenues

2e. General Assessment @ .0025

\$ 143,951

\$ 360

(to page 1, line 2.A.)

IMPORTANT NOTICE TO SIPC MEMBERS

RE: Should you prefer to wire any assessment payments, SIPC's wire instructions are unchanged and they are:

Bank Name: Citibank, New York
SWIFT: CITIUS33
ABA# 021000089
Account #: 30801482
Address: 111 WALL STREET
NEW YORK, NY 10043
USA

CODING

2100-207121-021

8899999

Please e-mail or fax a copy of the SIPC assessment form to form@sipc.org or fax 202-371-6728.