

SEC Mail Processing URI Section NOV 20 20 ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT



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FORM X-17A-5 PART III

FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING	10/01/11	AND ENDING	09/30/12 MM/DD/YY	
	MM/DD/YY			
A. REGI	STRANT IDENTIFI	CATION		
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:			OFFICIAL USE ONLY	
Sullivan Morrissey & Mickle Securities Corp. ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)		FIRM I.D. NO.		
120 East 56th St				
New York NY 10022	(No. and Street)			
(City)	(State)		(Zip Code)	
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PER	SON TO CONTACT IN			
Thomas F Flynn		212-8	32-7440	
P. ACCO	UNTANT IDENTIF	ICATION	(Area Code - Telephone Number	
b. Acco	CIVIANI IDENTIF		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT wh O'Connor Davies LLP	ose opinion is contained	in this Report*		
(1)	lame – if individual, state last,	first, middle name)		
665 Fifth Ave	New York NY	10022		
(Address)	(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)	
CHECK ONE:				
Certified Public Accountant				
☐ Public Accountant				
☐ Accountant not resident in Unite	d States or any of its pos	sessions.		
F	OR OFFICIAL USE	ONLY		

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)



OATH OR AFFIRMATION

l,John F Sullivan	, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of
my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement a Sullivan Morrissey & Mickle Securities	and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of
of <u>September 30</u> , 2012 neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal office classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:	, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that er or director has any proprietary interest in any account
None	
<u>-</u>	Signature Signature
-	Chairman
Notary Public NOTARY PUBL	Title IAS F. FLYNN LIC OF NEW JERSEY N EXPIRES FEB. 1, 2013
This report ** contains (check all applicable boxes): (a) Facing Page. (b) Statement of Financial Condition. (c) Statement of Income (Loss). (d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition. (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claim (g) Computation of Net Capital. (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements (i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation of the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited State consolidation. (l) An Oath or Affirmation. (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report. (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist	s' or Sole Proprietors' Capital. ms of Creditors. Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3. rements Under Rule 15c3-3. Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the ents Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3. rements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of
Could to exis	to round to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

^{**}For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).



SEC Mail Processing Section

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Washington DC 401

Sullivan Morrissey & Mickle Securities Corp.

Financial Statements

September 30, 2012



Financial Statements

September 30, 2012

PKF



Independent Auditors' Report

To the Shareholders of Sullivan Morrissey & Mickle Securities Corp.

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Sullivan Morrissey & Mickle Securities Corp. (the "Company") as of September 30, 2012 and the related statements of operations, changes in stockholders' equity, and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Sullivan Morrissey & Mickle Securities Corp. as of September 30, 2012, and the results of its operations and the changes in its stockholders' equity, and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The accompanying supplemental information shown on pages 8 and 9 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

New York, New York November 21, 2012

PKF O'Connor Davies

Statement of Financial Condition September 30, 2012

Α	S	S	F	T	S

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 22,514
Due from parent company	68,069
Due from broker	557
	<u>\$ 91,140</u>
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 5,500
Stockholders' Equity	
Common stock - \$1 par value; 1,000 shares	
authorized; 200 issued and outstanding	200
Capital in excess of par value	9,965
Retained earnings	75,475
raciamos darimigo	
Total Stockholders' Equity	85,640
	\$ 91,140

Statement of Operations Year Ended September 30, 2012

Commissions	\$ 12,398
EXPENSES	
Rent	6,348
Accounting fees	6,800
Regulatory fees	1,510
General and administrative	6,000

Total Expenses 23,679

3,021

Net Loss <u>\$ (11,281)</u>

REVENUE

Miscellaneous

Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity Year Ended September 30, 2012

	 mmon tock	Ex	Capital cess of ir Value	Retained Earnings	Total
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 200	\$	9,965	\$ 86,756	\$ 96,921
Net Loss	 		<u>-</u>	(11,281)	(11,281)
Balance, end of year	\$ 200	\$	9,965	\$ 75,475	\$ 85,640

Sullivan Morrissey & Mickle Capital Management Corp.

Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended September 30, 2012

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Net Loss	\$ (11,281)
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash	
from operating activities	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities	
Due from broker	1,260
Due from parent company	11,348
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	800
Net Cash from Operating Activities	2,127
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	
Beginning of year	20,387
End of year	<u>\$ 22,514</u>

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2012

1. Organization

Sullivan, Morrissey & Mickle Securities Corp. (the "Company") is a broker-dealer registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission and the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. In this capacity, the Company introduces agency transactions for its customers. The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Sullivan, Morrissey & Mickle Capital Management Corp. (the "Parent").

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP).

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Accordingly actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include short-term cash investments and money market investments with maturities of three months or less at date of acquisition.

Revenue Recognition

Commission revenue and related expenses are recorded on a trade-date basis.

Income Taxes

The Company has elected S corporation status for federal income tax purposes, whereby the corporate income or loss is reported on the personal income tax return of the shareholder.

Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes

Management has determined that the Company had no uncertain tax positions that would require financial statement recognition. The Company is no longer subject to audits by the applicable taxing jurisdictions for periods prior to 2009.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2012

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Subsequent Events Evaluation by Management

Management has evaluated subsequent events for disclosure and/or recognition in the financial statements through the date that the financial statements were available to be issued, which is November 21, 2012.

3. Transactions with Parent

The Company derives its revenue primarily from securities brokerage commissions on transactions introduced by the Parent and is charged its proportionate share of allocable expenses incurred by the Parent. A reconciliation of transactions with the Parent during the year ending September 30, 2012 is as follows:

Due from Parent , beginning of year	\$ 79,417
Income collected by Parent	10,000
Expenses paid by Parent	(21,348)
Due from Parent, end of year	\$ 68,069

4. Due from Broker

The Company earns commissions as an introducing broker for the transactions of its customers. The clearing and depository operations for the Company's customer accounts are performed by its clearing broker pursuant to a clearance agreement.

5. Off-Balance-Sheet Risk and Concentration of Credit Risk

In the normal course of business, securities transactions of customers are introduced to and cleared through a clearing broker. Pursuant to an agreement between the company and its clearing broker, the clearing broker has the right to charge the Company for unsecured losses that result from a customer's failure to complete such transactions.

Amounts due from the clearing broker represent a concentration of credit risk. The Company does not anticipate nonperformance by customers or its clearing broker in the above situations. In addition, the Company has a policy of reviewing, as considered necessary, the credit standing of the customers, the clearing broker and financial institutions with which it conducts business.

6. Net Capital Requirements

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commissions Uniform Net Capital Rule (Rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital, and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. As of September 30, 2012, the company had net capital, as defined, of \$17,230 which was \$12,230 in excess of required net capital. The company's net capital ratio was 31.92%.

* * * * *

Supplementary Information Pursuant to Rule 17a-5 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

As of September 30, 2012

Schedule of Computation of Net Capital Under Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c3-1 As of September 30, 2012

NET CAPITAL Total stockholders' equity	\$ 85,640
Non-allowable assets: Due from parent company	(68,069)
Net capital before haircuts on securities positions	17,571
Haircuts on money market fund Net Capital	<u>(341)</u> 17,230
COMPUTATION OF BASIC NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT Minimum net capital required of 6-2/3% of aggregate indebtedness or \$5,000, whichever is greater	5,000
Excess Net Capital	12,230
Computation of Aggregate Indebtedness Total aggregate indebtedness liabilities	\$ 5,500
Percent of aggregate indebtedness to net capital	31.92%

RECONCILIATION OF COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION RULE 15c3-1

There are no material differences between the above calculation and the calculation included in the Company's unaudited FOCUS Report as of September 30, 2012.

SCHEDULE OF COMPUTATION OF RESERVE REQUIREMENTS UNDER EXHIBIT A OF SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION RULE 15c3-3

AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

The firm has claimed an exemption from Rule 15c3-3 under section (k)(2)(i) in which all customer transactions are cleared through another stock brokerage firm on a fully disclosed basis. The firm will not hold customer funds or safekeep customer securities.

SCHEDULE RELATING TO THE POSSESSION OR CONTROL REQUIREMENTS UNDER SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION RULE 15c3-3

AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

The firm is engaged in a general securities business and carried no customer accounts on its books. All customer transactions are cleared through another stock brokerage firm on a fully disclosed basis and the firm does not have possession of customer securities.



Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Structure Required by Sec Rule 17a-5

The Board of Directors and Shareholders Sullivan, Morrissey & Mickle Securities Corp.

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Sullivan Morrissey & Mickle Securities Corp. (the "Company"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2012, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c-3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13
- Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's previously mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies in internal control, that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Company's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined previously.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at September 30, 2012, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

New York, New York November 21, 2012

PKF O'Connor Davies

