





MISSION

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OMB APPROVAL

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PART III Washington BC **FACING PAGE**

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

FORM X-17A-5

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING	10/01/11	AND ENDING _	09/30/12
	MM/DD/YY		MM/DD/YY
A. REGI	STRANT IDENTIFIC	CATION	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:			OFFICIAL USE ONLY
LaraDorbecker Securities Corporation			
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINES	SS: (Do not use P.O. Bo	ox No.)	FIRM ID. NO.
32 Golden Scroll Circle			
	(No. and Street)		
The Woodlands	Texas		77382
(City)	(State)		(Zip Code)
B. ACCO	UNTANT IDENTIFIC		(Area Code - Telephone No.)
			<u></u>
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose	opinion is contained in	i uns Report	
CF & Co., L.L.P.			
(Name – if	individual, state last, first, mid	dle name)	
8750 N. Central Expressway, Suite 300	Dallas	TX	75231
(Address)	(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)
CHECK ONE:			
X Certified Public Accountant			
Public Accountant Accountant not resident in United St	ates or any of its posses	ssions.	
·	FOR OFFICIAL USE ONL	Y	

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2).



Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Cindy Leah Ha	
of my knowledge and	belief the accompanying financial statements and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm
of LaraDorbecker S	Securities Corporation , as of September 30 , 2012, are true and
correct. I further swe has any proprietary in	ear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director neterest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:
	lende feat faner het
Car	President/Principal Title
_ Cac	Notary Public No
X (a) Facing X (b) States	contains (check all applicable boxes): g page. nent of Financial Condition. nent of Income (Loss).
X (d) Stater	nent of Cash Flows
X (e) Stater X (f) Stater	nent of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or partners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital. nent of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
X (g) Comp	outation of Net Capital.
X (h) Comp X (i) Inforr	outation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3. nation Relating to the Possession or control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
(j) A Re	conciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the
Comp (k) A Rec solida	outation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3. conciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of contition.
	ath or Affirmation.
	by of the SIPC Supplemental Report. ort describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit. endent auditor's report on internal control

^{**}For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

September 30, 2012

Report Pursuant to Rule 17a-5(d)



REPORT PURSUANT TO RULE 17a-5(d)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

CONTENTS

		<u>PAGE</u>
INDEPENDENT AUI	DITOR'S REPORT	1
STATEMENT OF FIN	NANCIAL CONDITION	2
STATEMENT OF INC	COME	3
STATEMENT OF CH	IANGES IN STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY	4
	IANGES IN LIABILITIES ED TO CLAIMS OF GENERAL CREDITORS	5
STATEMENT OF CA	ASH FLOWS	6
NOTES TO FINANC	IAL STATEMENTS	7 - 10
SUPPORTING SCHE	DULES	
Schedule I:	Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities and Exchange Commission	12 - 13
Schedule II:	Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commission	14
	DITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL QUIRED BY SEC RULE 17a-5	16 - 17
	COUNTANT'S REPORT ON THE SIPC ANNUAL REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17a-5	19 - 21



8750 N. Central Expressway Suite 300 Dallas, TX 75231-6464 972.387.4300 800.834.8586 972.960.2810 fax

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors LaraDorbecker Securities Corporation

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of LaraDorbecker Securities Corporation as of September 30, 2012 and the related statements of income, changes in stockholder's equity, changes in liabilities subordinated to claims of general creditors, and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of LaraDorbecker Securities Corporation as of September 30, 2012, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The supplementary information contained in Schedules I and II required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

C7 16.22. CF & Co., L.L.P.

Dallas, Texas November 7, 2012

<u>LARADORBECKER SECURITIES CORPORATION</u> <u>Statement of Financial Condition</u>

September 30, 2012

ASSETS

Cash Receivable from broker-dealers and clearing organizations Securities owned, at fair value Property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation of \$24,212 Other assets	\$ 	81,328 54,444 38,917 817 10,876 186,382
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY		
Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued expenses Commission payable	\$	4,622 12,702 17,324
Stockholder's equity Common stock - \$.01 par value, 10,000 shares authorized, 10,000 shares issued and outstanding Additional paid-in capital Retained earnings Total stockholder's equity		100 134,082 34,876 169,058
	<u>\$</u>	<u>186,382</u>

LARADORBECKER SECURITIES CORPORATION Statement of Income For the Year Ended September 30, 2012

Revenues	
Commissions income	\$ 527,507
Trading income	2,119
Interest income	9,684
Other income	68,655
	607,965
Expenses	
Compensation and benefits	198,424
Commissions and clearance paid to other brokers	161,294
Interest expense	2,187
Occupancy and equipment costs	108,591
Regulatory expense	46,568
Communications expense	22,729
Promotional costs	64,733
Other expenses	2,423
	606,949
Net income before income taxes	1,016
Provision for federal income tax	2,775
Net Income (Loss)	<u>\$ (1,759)</u>

Statement of Changes in Stockholder's Equity For the Year Ended September 30, 2012

	Shares		nmon tock	Additional Paid-in Capital		Retained Earnings	To	tal
Balances at September 30, 2011	10,000	\$	100	\$ 134,082	\$	66,635	\$ 20	0,817
Distributions						(30,000)	(3	0,000)
Net income (loss)		<u>.</u>			_	(1,759)	(1,759)
Balances at September 30, 2012	10,000	\$	<u> 100</u>	<u>\$ 134,082</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u> 34,876</u>	<u>\$ 16</u>	<u>9,058</u>

Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of General Creditors For the Year Ended September 30, 2012

Balance, at September 30, 2011	\$ -0-
Increases	-0-
Decreases	 -0-
Balance, at September 30, 2012	\$ -0-

Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended September 30, 2012

Cash flows from operating activities		
Net income (loss)	\$	(1,759)
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash		
Change in assets and liabilities:		
Decrease in receivable from broker-dealers and		
clearing organizations		138,640
Increase in securities owned		(3,295)
Increase in other assets		(7,287)
Decrease in accounts payable		(1,337)
Decrease in commission payable		(92)
Decrease in Federal income tax payable - related party		(25,320)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	_	99,550
Cash flows from investing activities		
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	_	-0-
Cash flows from financing activities		
Distributions		(30,000)
Net cash provided (used) by financing activities		(30,000)
Net increase in cash		69,550
Cash at beginning of year		11,778
Cash at end of year	<u>\$</u>	81,328
Supplemental schedule of cash flow information		
Cash paid during the year for:		
Interest	<u>\$</u>	2,187
Income taxes	<u>\$</u>	2,775

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2012

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

LaraDorbecker Securities Corporation (the "Company") is a broker-dealer in securities registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") and is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA"). The Company was formed June 28, 2000 and became effective with the SEC on January 11, 2001 and operates under SEC Rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(ii), which provides that all funds and securities belonging to the Company's customers would be handled by a clearing broker-dealer. The Company is a Delaware Corporation and is a wholly-owned subsidiary of LaraDorbecker Holding Corporation (the "Parent"). Substantially all of the Company's business is conducted with customers located in the state of Texas and in Mexico.

Securities transactions and (related commission revenue and expense) are recorded on a settlement date basis, generally the third business day following the transactions. If materially different, commission revenue and expense are adjusted to a trade date basis.

Securities owned readily marketable are carried at fair market value and securities owned not readily marketable are carried at fair value as determined by management of the Company. The increase or decrease in net unrealized appreciation or depreciation of securities is credited or charged to operations.

Receivables from broker/dealers and clearing organizations are generally collected in full in the month following their accrual. As such, management has not recorded an allowance for doubtful accounts on these receivables. The Company advances funds to its registered representatives as determined necessary by management. The advances are generally recouped upon the following commission payment cycle. Management records an allowance for bad debts based on a collectability review of specific accounts. Any receivables deemed uncollectible are written off against the allowance.

Income taxes are provided for the tax effects of transactions reported in the financial statements and consist of taxes currently due. The provision for federal income taxes differs from the expected amount using statutory rates because certain expenses included in the determination of net income are non-deductible for tax reporting purposes.

Property and equipment are stated at cost. Depreciation on office equipment and furniture is computed using an accelerated method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Depreciation expense for the year ended September 30, 2012 was \$-0- and is included in occupancy and equipment costs.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2012

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statement. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 2 - Fair Value Disclosures

Fair Value Measurements

The Company uses various methods including market, income and cost approaches. Based on these approaches, the Company often utilizes certain assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability, including assumptions about risk and or the risks inherent in the inputs to the valuation technique. These inputs can be readily observable, market corroborated, or generally unobservable inputs. The Company utilizes valuation techniques that maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. Based on the observability of the inputs used in the valuation techniques the Company is required to provide the following information according to the fair value hierarchy. The fair value hierarchy ranks the quality and reliability of the information used to determine fair values. Financial assets and liabilities carried at fair value will be classified and disclosed in one of the following three categories:

Level 1 - Valuations for assets and liabilities traded in active exchange markets, such as the New York Stock Exchange. Level 1 also includes U.S. Treasury and federal agency securities and federal agency mortgage-backed securities, which are traded by dealers or brokers in active markets. Valuations are obtained from readily available pricing sources for market transactions involving identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 - Valuations for assets and liabilities traded in less active dealer or broker markets. Valuations are obtained from third party pricing services for identical or similar assets or liabilities. The Company's level 2 securities consisted of corporate debt obligations.

Level 3 - Valuations for assets and liabilities that are derived from other valuation methodologies, including option pricing models, discounted cash flow models and similar techniques, and not based on market exchange, dealer, or broker traded transactions. Level 3 valuations incorporate certain assumptions and projections in determining the fair value assigned to such assets or liabilities.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2012

Note 2 - Fair Value Disclosures, continued

Fair Value Measurements, continued

For the year ended September 30, 2012, the application of valuation techniques applied to similar assets and liabilities has been consistent. The fair value of all securities owned are deemed to be Level 2 investments at September 30, 2012 and during the period then ended.

Note 3 - Net Capital Requirements

Pursuant to the net capital provisions of Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Company is required to maintain a minimum net capital, as defined under such provisions. Net capital and the related net capital ratio may fluctuate on a daily basis. At September 30, 2012, the Company had net capital of approximately \$154,020 and net capital requirements of \$100,000. The Company's ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital was 11.25 to 1. The Securities and Exchange Commission permits a ratio of no greater than 15 to 1.

Note 4 - Possession or Control Requirements

The Company does not have any possession or control of customer funds or securities. There were no material inadequacies in the procedures followed in adhering to the exemptive provisions of SEC Rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(ii) by promptly transmitting all customer funds and securities to the clearing broker who carries the customer accounts.

Note 5 - Income Taxes

The Company files a consolidated income tax return with the Parent. Income taxes are recorded using the separate company method to comply with FASB ASC 740. Any resulting provision or benefit for income taxes is recorded as receivable from or payable to the Parent.

Any potential interest and penalty associated with a tax contingency, should one arise, would be included as a component of income tax expense in the period in which the assessment arises.

The Company's federal and state income tax returns are subject to examination over various statutes of limitations generally ranging from three to five years.

Management evaluates income tax positions based on a predetermined threshold of whether the positions taken will be sustained on examination. Uncertain tax positions

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2012

Note 5 - <u>Income Taxes</u>, continued

are reduced by a liability for a contingent loss that is recorded either when the threshold is no longer met or when it becomes probable that a payment will be made to the taxing authority.

Note 6 - Related Party Transactions

During the year ended September 30, 2012 the Company paid rent of \$48,000 to shareholders of the Parent. The lease between the shareholders and the Company is valid until either party decides to terminate it. This expense is included in occupancy and equipment costs.

Note 7 - Commitment and Contingencies

Included in the Company's clearing agreement with its clearing broker-dealer is an indemnification clause. This clause relates to instances where the Company's customers fail to settle security transactions. In the event this occurs, the Company will indemnify the clearing broker-dealer to the extent of the net loss on the unsettled trade. At September 30, 2012, management of the Company had not been notified by the clearing broker-dealer, nor were they otherwise aware, of any potential losses relating to this indemnification. Securities owned and receivable from the clearing organization includes a required deposit of \$50,000.

Supplementary Information

Pursuant to Rule 17a-5 of the

Securities Exchange Act of 1934

As of September 30, 2012

Schedule I

LARADORBECKER SECURITIES CORPORATION

Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities and Exchange Commission As of September 30, 2012

COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL

Total stockholder's equity qualified for net capital			
Add: Other deductions or allowable credits	-0-		
Total capital and allowable subordinated liabilities	169,058		
Deductions and/or charges Non-allowable assets: Property and equipment Other assets	(817) (10,876)		
Net capital before haircuts on securities positions	157,365		
Haircuts on securities (computed, where applicable, pursuant to Rule 15c3-1(f)) Other securities	(3,345)		
Net capital	<u>\$ 154,020</u>		
AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS			
Items included in statement of financial condition: Accounts payable and accrued expenses Commission payable	\$ 4,622 12,702		
Total aggregate indebtedness	<u>\$ 17,324</u>		

Schedule I (continued)

LARADORBECKER SECURITIES CORPORATION

Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities and Exchange Commission As of September 30, 2012

COMPUTATION OF BASIC NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT

Minimum net capital required (6 2/3% of total aggregate indebtedness)	\$ 1,155
Minimum dollar net capital requirement of reporting broker or dealer	<u>\$ 100,000</u>
Net capital requirement (greater of above two minimum requirement amounts)	\$ 100,000
Net capital in excess of required minimum	<u>\$ 54,020</u>
Excess net capital at 1000%	<u>\$ 152,288</u>
Ratio: Aggregate indebtedness to net capital	11.25 to 1

RECONCILIATION WITH COMPANY'S COMPUTATION

There were no material differences in the computation of net capital under Rule 15c3-1 from the Company's computation.

Schedule II

LARADORBECKER SECURITIES CORPORATION Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commission As of September 30, 2012

EXEMPTIVE PROVISIONS

The Company has claimed an exemption from Rule 15c3-3 under section (k)(2)(ii), in which all customer transactions are cleared through another broker-dealer on a fully disclosed basis.

Company's clearing firm: National Financial Services, LLC

Independent Auditor's Report

On Internal Control

Required By SEC Rule 17a-5

Year Ended September 30, 2012



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17a-5

Board of Directors LaraDorbecker Securities Corporation

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental information of LaraDorbecker Securities Corporation (the "Company"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2012 in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13
- Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's abovementioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly

to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Company's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses and therefore, there can be no assurance that all material weaknesses have been identified. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at September 30, 2012, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

C7#60 22. CF & Co., L.L.P.

Dallas, Texas November 7, 2012



Independent Accountant's Report
On The SIPC Annual Assessment
Required By SEC Rule 17a-5
Year Ended September 30, 2012



8750 N. Central Expressway Suite 300 Dallas, TX 75231-6464 972.387.4300 800.834.8586 972.960.2810 fax

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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON THE SIPC ANNUAL ASSESSMENT REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17a-5

To the Board of Directors and Stockholder LaraDorbecker Securities Corporation

In accordance with Rule 17a-5(e)(4) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, we have performed the procedures enumerated below with respect to the accompanying Schedule of Assessment and Payments ("Form SIPC-7") to the Securities Investor Protection Corporation ("SIPC") for the year ended September 30, 2012, which were agreed to by LaraDorbecker Securities Corporation and the Securities and Exchange Commission, Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. and SIPC, solely to assist you and the other specified parties in evaluating LaraDorbecker Securities Corporation's compliance with the applicable instructions of the Form SIPC-7. Management is responsible for LaraDorbecker Securities Corporation's compliance with those requirements. This agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of those parties specified in this report. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose.

The procedures we performed and our findings are as follows:

- 1. Compared the listed assessment payments in Form SIPC-7 with respective cash disbursements records entries (cash disbursements journal) noting no differences;
- 2. Compared the amounts reported on the audited Form X-17A-5 for the year ended September 30, 2012 with the amounts reported in Form SIPC-7 for the year ended September 30, 2012 noting no differences;
- 3. Compared any adjustments reported in Form SIPC-7 with supporting schedules and working papers noting no differences; and
- 4. Proved the arithmetical accuracy of the calculations reflected in Form SIPC-7 and in the related schedules and working papers supporting the adjustments noting no differences.

We were not engaged to, and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on compliance. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the specified parties listed above and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

CF & Co., L.L.P.

C7 \$ 622P

Dallas, Texas November 7, 2012

(33-REV 7/10)

Exceptions:

Exceptions:

Disposition of exceptions:

SECURITIES INVESTOR PROTECTION CORPORATION P.O. Box 92185 Washington, D.C. 20090-2185 202-371-8300

General Assessment Reconciliation

(33-REV 7/10)

For the fiscal year ended 9/30/2012 (Read carefully the instructions in your Working Copy before completing this Form)

TO BE FILED BY ALL SIPC MEMBERS WITH FISCAL YEAR ENDINGS

1. Name of Member, address, Designated Examining Authority, 1934 Act registration r purposes of the audit requirement of SEC Rule 17a-5:	no. and month in which fiscal year ends for
War Dorme Reer Securities Carp 32 Golden Scroll Direks The Wordlands, TX 77382-5393	Note: If any of the information shown on the mailing label requires correction, please e-mail any corrections to form@sipc.org and so indicate on the form filed. Name and telephone number of person to contact respecting this form.
	900 311
2. A. General Assessment (item 2e from page 2)	\$ 38 9. 29
B. Less payment made with SIPC-6 filed (exclude interest)	(\ 444.,77
C. Less prior overpayment applied	()
D. Assessment balance due or (overpayment)	
E. Interest computed on late payment (see instruction E) fordays at 20% pe	er annum
F. Total assessment balance and interest due (or overpayment carried forward)	s 444.27
G. PAID WITH THIS FORM:	4,27
H. Overpayment carried forward \$()
3. Subsidiaries (S) and predecessors (P) included in this form (give name and 1934 Ac	ct registration number):
and complete.	Locket Securities Carp Carporation, Partnership or other organization) Ly M. Hill (Authorized Signature)
Dated the 315 day of Oct , 2012.	FINOR
This form and the assessment payment is due 60 days after the end of the fiscal y for a period of not less than 6 years, the latest 2 years in an easily accessible pla	(Title) year. Retain the Working Copy of this form ace.
Dates: Postmarked Received Reviewed	
Dates: Postmarked Received Reviewed Calculations Documentation	Forward Copy

DETERMINATION OF "SIPC NET OPERATING REVENUES" AND GENERAL ASSESSMENT

Amounts for the fiscal period beginning 10/1/2011 and ending 9/30/2012

Item No. 2a. Total revenue (FOCUS Line 12/Part IIA Line 9, Code 4030)	s 607 965
2b. Additions: (1) Total revenues from the securities business of subsidiaries (except foreign subsidiaries) and predecessors not included above.	
(2) Net loss from principal transactions in securities in trading accounts.	<u></u>
(3) Net loss from principal transactions in commodities in trading accounts.	
(4) Interest and dividend expense deducted in determining item 2a.	•
(5) Net loss from management of or participation in the underwriting or distribution of securities.	
(6) Expenses other than advertising, printing, registration fees and legal fees deducted in determining net profit from management of or participation in underwriting or distribution of securities.	
(7) Net loss from securities in investment accounts.	
Total additions	
Deductions: (1) Revenues from the distribution of shares of a registered open end investment company or unit investment trust, from the sale of variable annuities, from the business of insurance, from investment advisory services rendered to registered investment companies or insurance company separate accounts, and from transactions in security futures products.	22z,188
(2) Revenues from commodity transactions.	
(3) Commissions, floor brokerage and clearance paid to other SIPC members in connection with securities transactions.	27962
(4) Reimbursements for postage in connection with proxy solicitation.	2/10
(5) Net gain from securities in investment accounts.	2/19
(6) 100% of commissions and markups earned from transactions in (i) certificates of deposit and (ii) Treasury bills, bankers acceptances or commercial paper that mature nine months or less from issuance date.	
(7) Direct expenses of printing advertising and legal fees incurred in connection with other revenue related to the securities business (revenue defined by Section 16(9)(L) of the Act).	
(8) Other revenue not related either directly or indirectly to the securities business. (See Instruction C):	
(Deductions in excess of \$100,000 require documentation)	
(9) (i) Total interest and dividend expense (FOCUS Line 22/PART IIA Line 13, Code 4075 plus line 2b(4) above) but not in excess of total interest and dividend income. \$	•
(ii) 40% of margin interest earned on customers securities accounts (40% of FOCUS line 5, Code 3960).	·
Enter the greater of line (i) or (ii)	160 710
Total deductions	282 101
2d. SIPC Net Operating Revenues	\$ 577,670
2e. General Assessment @ .0025	\$ 807, 24 (to page 1, line 2.A.)