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Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

Report for the period beginning 10/01/11 and ending 09/30/12

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION				
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: Inlet Securities, LLC			Official Use Only	
met decanties, LLO			Firm ID No.	
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE 233 North Causeway, Suite B (No. and Street)	OF BUSINESS	(Do not use F	P.O. Box No.):	
New Smyrna Beach	FL	32169		
(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)		
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT: Jessica Gilday (386)426-2440 (Area Code - Telephone No.)			TIN REGARD TO THIS	
B. ACCOU	NTANT IDEN	TIFICATION		
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNT DeMarco Sciaccotta Wilkens & Duni (Name – if individual, state last, first, middle name) 1211 W. 22 nd Street, Suite 110 (No. and Street)		oinion is contai	nea in this Report	
Oak Brook	Illinois	60523		
(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)		
CHECK ONE:				
Certified Public Accountant Public Accountant Accountant, not resident in United States ort any of its possessions				
FOR OFFICAL USE ONLY				

^{*}Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Jessica Gilday , swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of Inlet Securities, LLC as of September 30, 2012, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the Company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except, as follows:				
None.				
4114	Carl B. Sutter Commission # EE064678 Expires: FEB. 23, 2015 ONDED THRU ATLANTIC BONDING CO., INC. Managing Member Title			
<u>G</u>	Notary Public			
This re	port** contains (check all applicable boxes):			
(a) (b) (c) (d) (e) (f) (g) (h) (i) (j) (k) (l) (E) (x) (x) (x) (x) (x) (x) (x) (x) (x) (x	Facing Page. Statement of Financial Condition. Statement of Income (Loss). Statement of Cash Flows. Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital. Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors. Computation of Net Capital. Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c-3-3. Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c-3-3. A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3. A Reconciliation between audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation. An Oath or Affirmation. A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report. A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed			
	since the date of the previous audit.			

^{**} For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

SEPTEMBER 30, 2012



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Members of Inlet Securities, LLC

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Inlet Securities, LLC as of September 30, 2012 that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934. This financial statement is the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this financial statement based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the statement of financial condition referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Inlet Securities, LLC as of September 30, 2012, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

De Marco Sciacotta Willem : Sunlang LLP

Oak Brook, Illinois November 26, 2012

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

ASSETS

Cash	\$ 63,716
Receivables from broker/dealers	19,562
Office furniture and equipment (net of \$13,891 accumulated depreciation)	7,840
Other assets	1,852
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$ 92,970</u>
LIABILITIES AND MEMBERS' CAPITAL	
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable, accrued expenses	
and other liabilities	\$ 13,765
MEMBERS' CAPITAL	\$ 79,205
MEMBERS CHETIAN	φ 19,205
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND MEMBERS' CAPITAL	<u>\$ 92,970</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Organization - Inlet Securities, LLC (the "Company") was organized in the state of Florida on August 22, 2005. The Company is registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission and is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA). The Company's principal business activity is the sale of securities. Operations began in September, 2006.

Securities Transactions - Commission revenue and related expense arising from securities transactions are recorded on a trade date basis.

Office Furniture and Equipment - Depreciation is provided using the straight-line method over a five year period.

Concentrations of Credit Risk - The Company is engaged in various brokerage activities in which the counterparties primarily include broker/dealers, banks, other financial institutions and the Company's own customers. In the event the counterparties do not fulfill their obligations, the Company may be exposed to risk. The risk of default depends on the creditworthiness of the counterparty or issuer of the instrument. It is the Company's policy to review, as necessary, the credit standing of each counterparty.

In addition, all of the Company's cash is on deposit at one financial institution and the balance at times may exceed the federally insured limit. The Company believes it is not exposed to any significant credit risk to cash.

Subsequent Events - The Company evaluated all significant events or transactions that occurred through the audit report date, the date these financial statements were available to be issued.

Estimates - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

NOTE 2 - FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

FASB ASC 820 defines fair value, creates a framework for measuring fair value, and establishes a fair value hierarchy which prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. A fair value measurement assumes that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability occurs in the principal market for the asset or liability or, in the absence of a principal market, the most advantageous market. Valuation techniques that are consistent with the market, income or cost approach, as specified by FASB ASC 820, are used to measure fair value.

The fair value hierarchy prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three broad levels:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities the Company has the ability to access.
- Level 2 inputs are inputs (other than quoted prices included within level 1) that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability and rely on management's own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. (The unobservable inputs should be developed based on the best information available in the circumstances and may include the Company's own data.)

No valuation techniques have been applied to all assets and liabilities included in the statement of financial condition. Due to the nature of these items, all have been recorded at their historic values.

NOTE 3 - INCOME TAXES

As a limited liability company, the Company has elected to file as an S-Corporation for federal income tax purposes. Income taxes are therefore the responsibility of the individual members of the Company.

Management believes the Company has no material unrecognized income tax benefits. The Company accounts for any potential interest or penalties related to possible future liabilities for unrecognized income tax benefits as interest/other expense. The Company is no longer subject to examination by tax authorities for federal, state or local income taxes for periods before 2008.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

NOTE 4 - CLEARING AGREEMENT AND OFF-BALANCE-SHEET RISK

The Company's customers may sell securities that they do not currently own (short sales) and will therefore be obligated to purchase such securities at a future date. However, since the Company enters into these transactions solely for the benefit of its customers, the Company does not bear any of the credit or market risk associated with them, with the exception of risk to the Company should its customers fail to honor their obligations related to the foregoing transactions, as mentioned below.

In order to facilitate the above transactions, as well as other securities transactions, the Company has entered into an agreement with another broker/dealer (Clearing Broker/dealer) whereby the Company forwards (introduces) customer securities transactions to the Clearing Broker/dealer, fully disclosing the customer name and other information. The processing and, if applicable, any financing pertaining to the introduced securities transactions are performed by the Clearing Broker/dealer. The customer account is therefore maintained and recorded in the books and records of the Clearing Broker/dealer on the Company's behalf. In consideration for introducing customers to the Clearing Broker/dealer, the Company receives commissions and other consideration, less the processing and other charges of the Clearing Broker/dealer.

As part of the terms of the agreement between the Company and Clearing Broker/dealer, the Company is held responsible for any losses arising when the customers introduced by the Company to the Clearing Broker/dealer fail to meet their contractual commitments pertaining to the purchase, sale and possible financing of securities transactions. The Company may therefore be exposed to off-balance-sheet risk in the event the customer is unable to fulfill its contracted obligations and it is necessary for the Clearing Broker/dealer to purchase or sell the securities at a loss.

The Company's exposure to risk would consist of the amount of the loss realized and any additional expenses incurred pertaining to the transaction or other customer activity.

According to the terms of the aforementioned agreement, the Company is required to maintain a \$15,000 deposit with Clearing Broker/dealer. This amount is included in receivable from broker/dealers on the statement of financial condition. The Company is also prohibited from entering into an agreement with another broker/dealer to perform similar services without prior written approval from the Clearing Broker/dealer.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

NOTE 5 - NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

As a registered broker/dealer and member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, the Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregated indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 1500%. At September 30, 2012, the Company's net capital and required net capital were \$69,513 and \$5,000 respectively. The ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital was 20%.

NOTE 6 - OPERATING AGREEMENT

The Company's operating agreement places certain restrictions on the transfer of ownership interests. Additional information is included therein.

NOTE 7 - CONTINGENCY

The Company, its members and others have been named in a clawback lawsuit alleging lack of suitability and other issues made in connection with customer's purchase of certain securities. The claimants seek the return of alleged preferences and fraudulent transfers. The Company has also been named in a lawsuit seeking unliquidated damages, of securities purchased, for causes of action related to fraud. In both of these matters, the Company intends to vigorously defend itself. At this time, the Company's legal counsel is unable to evaluate the likelihood of an unfavorable outcome or estimate the amount of any potential loss.