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DIVISION OF TRADING & MARKETS	FACING PAGE		
Information Required o	f Brokers and Dealers	Pursuant to Section	on 17 of the
Securities Excha	nge Act of 1934 and R	ule 17a-5 Thereun	der
PORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING_		AND ENDING	12/31/2011
	MM/DD/YY		MM/DD/YY
A. REC	GISTRANT IDENTIFI	CATION	
AME OF BROKER-DEALER: Futures Inv	restment Company		OFFICIAL USE ONLY
		lov No)	FIRM I.D. NO.
DDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUS		50X NO.)	
5914 N. 300 West PO Box	(No. and Street)		
Fremont			46737
(City)	(State)	······································	(Zip Code)
AME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF P	ERSON TO CONTACT IN	REGARD TO THIS RI	EPORT
Joel M. Friedman		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(312) 606-3209 (Area Code - Telephone Numbe
P ACC	OUNTANT IDENTIF		(Alea Code - Telephone Manine
D. ACC			
DEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT	whose opinion is contained i	in this Report*	
Patke & Associates, Ltd.			
	(Name - if individual, state last,	first, middle name)	
300 Village Green Drive, Suite 210	Lincolnshire	Illinois	60069
(Address)	(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)
HECK ONE:		SECURITIES & E	XCHANCE COMMISSION
		REC	EVED
Certified Public Accountant		FED	2 2 2012
Certified Public AccountantPublic Accountant		שי	2 9\ 2012
_	ited States or any of its poss	essions.	GIONAL OFFICE

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-S(e)(2)

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

Kalin

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SEC 1410 (06-02)

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Michael Pacult	, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of
my knowledge and belief the accompanying fin Futures Investment Company	nancial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of , as
ofDecember 31	, 20_11, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that
neither the company nor any partner, proprieto classified solely as that of a customer, except a	or, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account s follows:
None	
	Madical Stranda
MICHELLE L LANGEORDI	- M. W. Melling and the Comment
Notary Public, State of Indiana	President
My Commission # 600217 My Commission Expires	Title
January 19, 2017	./
Notary Public	X.
This report ** contains (check all applicable bo	oxes):
 (a) Facing Page. (b) Statement of Financial Condition. 	
(c) Statement of Income (Loss).	
 □ (d) Statement of Changes in Financial Cor □ (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' 	idition. Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital.
 ☑ (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Su 	
(g) Computation of Net Capital.	
	erve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3. or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
	explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the
Computation for Determination of the	Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
(k) A Reconciliation between the audited a consolidation.	and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of
[2] (I) An Oath or Affirmation.	
(m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Rep	
(n) A report describing any material inadeq	uacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.
**For conditions of confidential treatment of co	ertain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

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(An Illinois Corporation)

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2011

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Patke & Associates, Ltd. 300 Village Green Drive, Suite 210 Lincolnshire, Illinois 60069 847.913.5400 P | 847.913.5435 F www.patke.net

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors of Futures Investment Company Fremont, Indiana

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Futures Investment Company (an Illinois corporation) as of December 31, 2011, and the related statements of income, changes in stockholders' equity, changes in liabilities subordinated to claims of general creditors, and cash flows for the year then ended that are filed pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Futures Investment Company as of December 31, 2011 and the results of its operations and cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements as a whole. The supplementary information contained in Schedules I, II, III and IV, required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Regulation § 1.10 of the Commodity Exchange Act, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Pathe & Associates. Ltd.

February 27, 2012 Lincolnshire, Illinois

(An Illinois Corporation)

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION DECEMBER 31, 2011

Assets

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Cash and cash equivalents	\$	93,993
Marketable securities		12,690
Accounts receivable		10,995
Loan receivable		60,107
Due from related parties		210,252
Property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation		162,468
Other assets		16,831
Total assets		
lotal assets	<u>\$</u>	567,336
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity		
Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	11,043
Liabilities to stockholders subordinated to claims of general	r	
creditors		50,000
Teach (tability)		· · · · ·
Total liabilities		61,043
Stockholders' Equity		
Common stock, at stated value, (1,000 shares		
authorized, 500 shares issued and outstanding)		1,000
Retained earnings		503,241
Accumulated other comprehensive income		2,052
		· · · · ·
Total stockholders' equity	<u></u>	506,293
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$	567,336

(An Illinois Corporation)

STATEMENT OF INCOME YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011

Revenue		
Commissions and fees	\$	769,505
Net realized gain from marketable securities		14,013
Interest and dividends on marketable securities		826
Total revenue		784,344
Expenses		
Employee compensation and related benefits		364,205
Professional fees		99,524
Occupancy		172,020
Promotional costs		6,219
Communications		16,685
Regulatory fees and expenses		15,250
Other expenses		89,629
Total expenses		763,532
Netincome	\$	20,812

(An Illinois Corporation)

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY AND STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN LIABILITIES SUBORDINATED TO CLAIMS OF GENERAL CREDITORS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011

Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity

	Common Stock			Accumulated Other Retained Comprehensive Earnings Income (Loss)		Other Retained Comprehensive S			 Total ckholders' Equity
Balance beginning of year	\$	1,000	\$	592,479	\$	28,324	\$ 621,803		
Stockholder distributions				(110,050)			(110,050)		
Comprehensive Income (loss) Net income Net unrealized (loss) from				20,812			20,812		
marketable securities					·	(26,272)	 (26,272)		
Balance end of year	\$	1,000	\$	503,241	\$	2,052	\$ 506,293		

Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of General Creditors

	Subordinated		
	Liabiliti		
Balance beginning of year	\$	50,000	
Balance end of year	\$	50,000	

(An Illinois Corporation)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011

Operating Activities

Net income	\$	20,812
Adjustments to reconcile income to net cash	~	20,012
provided by (used in) operating activities:		
Depreciation expense		23,782
Net realized (gain) from marketable securities		(14,013)
Loss on disposal of property and equipment		5,289
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Decrease in accounts receivable		34,951
(Increase) in due from related parties		(51,493)
(Increase) in other assets		(531)
(Decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses		(6,810)
(Decrease) in due to related party		(11,779)
Net cash provided by operating activities		208
Investing Activities		
Purchase of property and equipment		(27,426)
Purchase of marketable securities		(825)
Proceeds from sale of marketable securities		83,444
(Increase) in Ioan receivable		(9,557)
Decrease in due from related parties		151,433
Net cash provided by investing activities		197,069
Financing Activities		
Stockholder distributions		(110,050)
Net cash (used in) financing activities		(110,050)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		87,227
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		6,766
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	93,993

(An Illinois Corporation)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2011

ORGANIZATION OF CORPORATION

Futures Investment Company (the "Company") was incorporated in the state of Illinois on December 6, 1983. The Company is registered with the Commodity Futures Trading Commission ("CFTC") as an independent introducing broker ("IB") and the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") as a broker-dealer. The Company is a member of the National Futures Association ("NFA") and the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA").

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash includes money market mutual funds.

ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivables are commissions due from related party investment funds and future commission merchants ("FCM's"). Accounts receivable balances are paid in the month after they are earned; therefore, no allowance for doubtful accounts has been recorded.

MARKETABLE SECURITIES

The Company classifies its investments in marketable securities as available-for-sale. As of December 31, 2011, the Company held \$12,690 in mutual funds that are classified as marketable securities within the statement of financial condition. Securities classified as available-for-sale are carried in the financial statements at fair value. The cost of securities sold is based on the average cost method. Realized gains and losses are included in earnings and unrealized holding gains and losses are reported on the statement of changes in stockholders' equity as a component of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss).

PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment is depreciated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life.

REVENUE RECOGNITION

The Company's primary source of revenue is commissions derived from introducing customer orders for commodity futures and securities interests to FCM's and other broker-dealers which carry the customer accounts, as well as commissions related to the sales of interest in private investment funds. The Company records interest income in the period it is earned. Dividend income is recorded on the ex-dividend date.

LOAN RECEIVABLE

Loan receivable is stated at unpaid principal balance. In the opinion of management, the note receivable balance at year end is collectible in full; therefore, no allowance for the loan is provided. No interest is being charged on the note.

(An Illinois Corporation)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2011

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

INCOME TAXES

The Company has elected under the Internal Revenue Code to be an S Corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes. Accordingly, no provision for income taxes has been made in these financial statements because each stockholder is individually responsible for reporting the Company's income or loss based on his respective share of the Company's income and expenses as reported for income tax purposes. The Company prepares calendar year information tax returns and reports to the stockholders their pro-rata allocable shares of the Company's income and expense items.

Management has continued to evaluate the application of Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 740, "Income Taxes", and has determined that no reserves for uncertain tax positions were required to have been recorded as a result of the adoption of ASC 740. There are no tax positions for which it is reasonably possible that the total amounts of unrecognized tax benefits will significantly increase or decrease within twelve months. The 2008 through 2011 tax years generally remain subject to examination by the U.S. federal and most state tax authorities.

USE OF ESTIMATES

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"). The preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS AND DISCLOSURES

ASC 820, "Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures", provides guidance for determining fair value and requires increased disclosure regarding the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. ASC 820 clarifies the definition of fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

ASC 820 establishes a fair value hierarchy which prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three broad levels. The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements).

Level 1 inputs are unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Company has the ability to access at the measurement date.

Level 2 inputs are inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

(An Illinois Corporation)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2011

FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS AND DISCLOSURES (continued)

Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for an asset or liability, including the Company's own assumptions used in determining the fair value of investments. Unobservable inputs shall be used to measure fair value to the extent that observable inputs are not available, thereby allowing for situations in which there is little, if any, market activity for the asset or liability at the measurement date. As of, and for the year ended December 31, 2011, the Company did not have any Level 3 assets.

The following table sets forth by level within the fair value hierarchy the Company's investments accounted for at fair value on a recurring basis of December 31, 2011.

Description	<u> </u>	evel 1	Le	vel 2	Le	vel 3		Total
Mutual fund Precious metals	Ś	12,690	¢	_	¢	_	¢	12,690
Treelous metals		11,050	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	12,000
Total	\$	12,690	\$	-	\$	-	\$	12,690

PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment is recorded at cost. Depreciation is provided using the straight-line methods over the estimated useful lives of the related asset. Useful lives of the fixed assets are as follows:

Leasehold improvements	39 years
Office furniture and fixtures	5-15 years
Other equipment	5-7 years

Expenditures for renewals and betterments that extend the useful lives of property and equipment are capitalized. Expenditures for repairs and maintenance are charged to expense as incurred.

The details of the cost of fixed assets and accumulated depreciation are as follows:

Land	\$ 2,000
Artwork	15,465
Leasehold improvements	298,563
Office furniture and fixtures	320,904
Other equipment	125,877
Total property and equipment	 762,809
Accumulated depreciation	(600,341)
Net property and equipment	\$ 162,468

Depreciation expense was \$23,782 for the year ended December 31, 2011.

(An Illinois Corporation)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2011

OFF BALANCE SHEET RISK AND CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK

The Company does not hold customer segregated cash or securities balances. Futures transactions are processed by futures commission merchants, on a fully disclosed basis. In conjunction with this arrangement, the Company is contingently liable for any unsecured debit balances in the customer accounts introduced by the Company. These customer activities may expose the Company to off-balance-sheet credit risk in the event the introduced customer is unable to fulfill its contracted obligations to the futures commission merchant to whom it was introduced. The Company seeks to control such credit risks by monitoring its exposure to the risk of loss daily for each account. There were no unsecured customer debit balances for the Company at December 31, 2011.

NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT

The Company is subject to the net capital provisions of Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities Exchange Act ("SEA"), and Regulation § 1.17 of the Commodity Exchange Act ("Act"). Under these provisions, the Company must maintain net capital, as defined, of the greater of \$45,000 or 6 2/3% of aggregated indebtedness, as defined in Rule 15c3-1(c) of the SEA. At December 31, 2011, the Company had a net capital requirement of \$45,000 and a net capital of \$103,462 or \$58,462 in excess of the minimum net capital requirements. The net capital requirements could effectively restrict the payment of cash dividends, the repayment of subordinated loan, the making of unsecured loans to stockholders and the purchase by the Company of its own stock.

LIABILITIES TO STOCKHOLDERS SUBORDINATED TO CLAIMS OF GENERAL CREDITORS

Liabilities to stockholders subordinated to claims of general creditors represents an amount received from the stockholders under a subordinated loan agreement. The loan bears interest at the rate of 5% per annum and is scheduled to mature on July 31, 2015. Interest expense for the year payable to the stockholders pursuant to the subordinated loan agreement was approximately \$2,500. The interest expense was waived by the stockholders for 2011.

COMMITMENTS

The Company has a non-cancelable operating lease agreement with the stockholders of the Company for office space, which expires December 31, 2012. Rental expense for 2011 was \$114,000. Future minimum lease payments required under the lease are \$104,000 for January through December 2012.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The following is a list of related party companies and their associated investment funds. These companies act as the general partner or managing member for their investment funds. The related party companies are 100% owned by one of the Company's stockholders.

(An Illinois Corporation)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2011

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

Related Party Company Ashley Capital Management, Inc. Belmont Capital Management, Inc. Triview Capital Management, Inc. Evergreen Capital Management, Inc. Pacult Asset Management, Inc. Investment Fund Atlas Futures Fund, LP Bromwell Financial Fund, LP TriView Global Fund, LLC Strategic Opportunities Fund, LLC Auburn Fund, LP

DUE FROM RELATED PARTIES

The Company advances cash to investment funds to help pay for various costs, including operating and start-up costs. These advances are recorded as due from related party. The balance is usually paid back within a year or when the related fund is financially capable of repaying the advance. These amounts bear no interest or due dates and are unsecured.

The following companies had advances due to the Company at December 31, 2011:

Auburn Fund, LP	\$ 284
Belmont Capital Management, Inc.	1,000
Bromwell Financial Fund, LP	157,450

REVENUE

The Company receives commissions and fees from the investment funds. Commissions and fees included in revenue for the year ended December 31, 2011:

Strategic Opportunities Fund, LLC	\$ 81,754
Evergreen Capital Management, Inc.	40,222
TriView Global Fund, LLC	40,958
Atlas Futures Fund, LP	560,082

Balances recorded and disclosed by related parties may be immaterially different due to timing differences.

Related party revenue for the year ended December 31, 2011 accounted for approximately 94% of commissions and fees on the statement of income.

Commissions and fees included in accounts receivable at December 31, 2011:

TriView Global Fund, LLC	\$ 3,347
Atlas Futures Fund, LP	6,425

(An Illinois Corporation)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2011

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

TriView Global Fund, LLC's and Atlas Futures Fund, LP's account receivable balances at December 31, 2011 accounted for approximately 30% and 58%, respectively, of the Company's total accounts receivable balance on the statement of financial condition.

COMPENSATION AND RELATED BENEFITS

The Company paid one of the Company's stockholders approximately \$99,700 for certain clerical and administrative services reimbursement. There was no balance payable at year end related to this reimbursement. The Company also paid \$97,227 to the stockholders for salaries. Both of the expenses for the year ending December 31, 2011 are included in employee compensation and benefits on the statement of income.

FACILITY EXPENSES REIMBURSEMENT

The Company received reimbursement from Ashley Capital Management, Inc. for common facility expenses. For the year ended December 31, 2011, the Company was reimbursed \$149,994 for rent, clerical services, and landscape maintenance. A balance of \$51,493 was due from Ashley Capital Management, Inc. at December 31, 2011, which is included in due from related parties on the statement of financial condition.

LOAN RECEIVABLE

The Company loaned funds to an entity owned by a relative of the stockholders. The unsecured loan has a zero percent interest rate and is payable on demand.

SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management evaluated subsequent events through February 27, 2012, the date the financial statements were available to be issued. There were no subsequent events to disclose.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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(An Illinois Corporation)

SCHEDULE I - NFA SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE - IB YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011

National Futures Association Supplemental Schedule IB

This schedule provides additional information and calculations which are required by National Futures Association but are not provided for on the form 1-FR. All IBs (including securities broker/dealers) must complete Sections A & B. Sections C-F need only be completed if they apply.

A) Capital requirements and restrictions

rements and restrictions	1	2	3
	Minimum Capital	Equity Withdrawal	Suspended Repayment
	Requirement	Restriction	Restriction
A Minimum dollar amount	45,000	54,000	54.000
B Calculation based on branch offices			Constitution and the entered technological locate to an entered of the second and a second and a second second
Number of branch offices = 1	6,000	7,200	7,200
C Calculation based on APs =	0	0	0
D Securities brokers/dealers per SEC 15c3-1			
Greatest of A - D	45,000	54,000	54,000
+ Subordinated debt mat	uring in next 6 mos.		
+ Expected capital withdra	wals in next 6 mos.		
		54,000	54.000

1 This is the minimum capital requirement. It should be entered on Line 15 of the Net Capital Computation of the 1-FR or the appropriate line of the FOCUS Report.

2 No capital may be withdrawn from the IB and no unsecured loans may be made if it would cause Adjusted Net Capital to fall below this amount.

3 Subordinated debt may not be repaid if it would cause Adjusted Net Capital to fall below this amount.

B) Equity Capital Ratio

Equity capital must be at least 30% of the required total shown here.

			and a second s	
		Ownership Equity	506,293	
Ownership Equity	506,293	+ Total subordinated debt	50,000	
+ Qualifying subordinated debt	50,000			
= Equity Capital	556,293	= Required Total	556,293	

Equity Capital/Required Total 100.00%

(An Illinois Corporation)

SCHEDULE II – COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL AND RECONCILIATION – SEC YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011

Pursuant to SEC Rule 15c3-1, a reconciliation is required if material differences exist between the computation reported on by the independent auditor and the broker-dealer's original unaudited filing of part II or part IIA of the FOCUS report. Although the audit adjustments were not material to the financial statements and did not impact net capital, there were adjustments to the computation. The following reconciliation is presented:

	Preliminary		Audit		Final Net	
	Net Capital		Adjustments		Capital	
Computation of Net Capital						
Total ownership equity qualified or net capital Liabilities subordinated to claims of general creditor	\$ s	501,004	\$	5,289	\$	506,293
allowable in computation in net capital Less: Total non-allowable assets from Statement of		50,000		-		50,000
Financial Condition		(444,620)		(5,289)		(449,909)
Net capital before haircuts on securities positions		106,384		-		106,384
Less: Haircut on other securities		(2,922)		-		(2,922)
Net capital	\$	103,462	\$	-	\$	103,462
Non-allowable asset detail:						
Commissions and fees receivable Land and property and equipment (net of	\$	221	\$	-	\$	221
accumulated depreciation)		157,179		5,28 9		162,468
Other assets		287,220		-		287,220
Total non-allowable assets from Statement of Financial Condition	\$	444,620	\$	5,289	\$	449,909
Computation of Basic Net Capital Requirement						
Minimum net capital required (6 2/3% of A.I.)	\$	736	\$	-	\$	736
Minimum dollar net capital requirement of reporting broker or dealer		45,000		-		45,000
Net capital requirement		45,000		-		45,000
Excess net capital Net capital less greater of 10% of A.I. or 120%		58,462		-		58,462
of minimum net capital		49,462		-		49,462
Computation of Aggregate Indebtedness (A.I.)						
Total A.I. liabilities from the Statement of						
Financial Condition	\$	11,043	\$	-	\$	11,043
Total aggregate indebtedness		11,043		-		11,043
Percentage of aggregate indebtedness to net capital Percentage of debt to debt-equity total computed in		10.67%		-		10.67%
accordance with Rule 15c-3-1(d)		9.07%		(.08)%		8.99%

(An Illinois Corporation)

SCHEDULE III – COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL AND RECONCILIATION - CFTC YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011

CFTC regulation 1.10(d)(2)(vi) requires a reconciliation if material differences exist between the unaudited financial report and the computation reported on by the independent auditor report. Although the audit adjustments were not material to the financial statements and did not impact net capital, there were adjustments to the computation. The following reconciliation is presented:

	Preliminary		Audit		Final Net	
	Net Capital		Adjustments		Capital	
Computation of Net Capital						
Total ownership equity qualified or net capital Liabilities subordinated to claims of general creditors	\$ 5	501,004	\$	5,289	\$	506,293
allowable in computation in net capital Less: Total non-allowable assets from Statement of		50,000		-		50,000
Financial Condition		(444,620)		(5,289)		(449,909)
Net capital before haircuts on securities positions		106,384		-		106,384
Less: Haircut on other securities		(2,922)		-		(2,922)
Net capital	\$	103,462	\$	-	\$	103,462
Non-allowable asset detail:						
Commissions and fees receivable	\$	221	\$	-	\$	221
Land and property and equipment (net of						
accumulated depreciation)		157,179		5,289		162,468
Other assets		287,220		-		287,220
Total non-allowable assets from Statement of						
Financial Condition	\$	444,620	<u>\$</u>	5,289	\$	449,909
Computation of Basic Net Capital Requirement						
Minimum net capital required (6 2/3% of A.I.)	\$	736	\$	-	\$	736
Minimum dollar net capital requirement of reporting broker or dealer		-		45,000		45,000
Net capital requirement		736		44,264		45,000
Excess net capital		102,726		(44,264)		58,462
Excess net capital at 1000%		102,358		-		102,358
Computation of Aggregate indebtedness (A.I.)						
Total A.I. liabilities from the Statement of						
Financial Condition	\$	11,043	\$	-	\$	11,043
Total aggregate indebtedness		11,043		-		11,043
Percentage of aggregate indebtedness to net capital Percentage of debt to debt-equity total computed in		11%		-		11%
accordance with Rule 15c-3-1(d)		9%		-		9%



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SCHEDULE IV - INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY CFTC REGULATION 1.16 AND SEC RULE 17a-5(g)(1)

To the Board of Directors of Futures Investment Company

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Futures Investment Company (the "Company") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2011, in accordance with auditing standard generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting ("internal control") as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13

2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

In addition, as required by Regulation 1.16 of the Commodity Futures Trading Commission ("CFTC"), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding customer and firm assets. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Regulation 1.16, in making the following:

1. The periodic computations of minimum financial requirements pursuant to Regulation 1.17

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraphs. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraphs and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's and the CFTC's previously mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or deposition, and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Rule 17a-5(g) and Regulation 1.16(d)(2) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraphs.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and their operation may deteriorate.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by the Board of Directors.

A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Company's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first, second and third paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities and certain regulated commodity customer and firm assets that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second and third paragraphs of this report are considered by the SEC and CFTC to be adequate for their purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Commodity Exchange Act, and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2011, to meet the SEC's and CFTC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, the CFTC and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 or Regulation 1.16 of the CFTC or both in their regulation of registered broker-dealers and introducing brokers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Pathe & Associates. Ltd.

February 27, 2012



To the Board of Directors of Futures Investment Company P.O. Box 760 Fremont, Indiana 46737 Patke & Associates, Ltd. 300 Village Green Drive, Suite 210 Lincolnshire, Illinois 60069 847.913.5400 P | 847.913.5435 F www.patke.net

SECURITIES & EXCHANGE COMMISSION RECEIVED FEB 2 9 2012

CHICAGO REGIONAL OFFICE

In accordance with Rule 17a-5(e)(4) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, we have performed the procedures enumerated below with respect to the accompanying Schedule of Assessment and Payments [General Assessment Reconciliations (Form SIPC-7)] to the Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC) for the year ended December 31, 2011, which were agreed to by Futures Investment Company and the Securities and Exchange Commission, Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc., and SIPC, solely to assist you and the other specified parties in evaluating Futures Investment Company's compliance with the applicable instructions of the General Assessment Reconciliation (Form SIPC-7). Futures Investment Company's management is responsible for Futures Investment Company's compliance with those requirements. This agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of those parties specified in this report. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose. The procedures we performed and our findings are as follows:

1. Compared the amounts reported on the audited Form X-17A-5 for the year ended December 31, 2011, as applicable, with the amounts reported in Form SIPC-7 for year ended December 31, 2011.

The total revenue reported on the audited Form X-17A-5 for the year ended December 31, 2011 was \$9,581 more than the amount reported in Form SIPC-7 for the year ended December 31, 2011.

2. Proved the arithmetical accuracy of the calculations reflected in Form SIPC-7.

The assessment was originally computed on the total revenue amounts reported in Form SIPC-7 (see number 1 above) and the adjustments discussed below (see number 3 below). The original calculation resulted in a general assessment of \$90, while the calculation using the adjusted numbers results in the same assessment of \$90.

3. Compare any adjustments reported in Form SIPC-7 with supporting schedules and working papers, such as the audited trial balance.

Form SIPC-7 only reported revenues from commodity transactions as a deduction. It was found an additional \$9,581 was other revenue not related to the securities business.

4. Compare the amount of any overpayment applied to the current assessment with the Form SIPC-7 on which it was originally computed.

The overpayment applied to the current assessment was \$97. This balance was adjusted to \$62 during the December 31, 2010 audit of the Form SIPC-7.

We were not engaged to, and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on compliance. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the specified parties listed above and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Pather Associates, Ltd.

February 27, 2012 Lincolnshire, Illinois