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ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A-5 PART III

JUL 27 2012

SEC

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Section

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Weenington DG Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING_	06/01/11	AND ENDING	
	MM/DD/YY		MM/DD/YY
A. REG	STRANT IDENTIFIC	CATION	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: Secu	rity Church Finance,	Inc.	OFFICIAL USE ONLY
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSI	NESS: (Do not use P.O. B	ox No.)	FIRM I.D. NO.
14615 Benfer Road			
	(No. and Street)		
Houston	Texas	7	7069
(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PER	SON TO CONTACT IN I	REGARD TO THIS REI	PORT
Joe Todd		281	-893-1390
			(Area Code - Telephone Number
B. ACCO	UNTANT IDENTIFI	CATION	
INDEDENDENT BUDI IC A COOLINTANT		41 in D 48	
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT wh	ose opinion is contained if	n this Keport*	
Seidel, Schroeder & Company			
(1	Jame – if individual, state last, f	îrst, middle name)	
304 East Blue Bell Road	Brenham, Te	xas 7783	3
(Address)	(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)
CHECK ONE:			
Certified Public Accountant			
Public Accountant Public Accountant			
	l States or any of its posse	essions.	
☐ Public Accountant ☐ Accountant not resident in United	l States or any of its posse		
☐ Public Accountant ☐ Accountant not resident in United			

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)



OATH OR AFFIRMATION

Ι,	Joe Todd		, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of
my kno	wledge and belief the accompanying financia ecurity Church Finance, Inc.		d supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of, as
of	May 31	, 20 12	, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that
neither	the company nor any partner, proprietor, prin	ncipal officer	or director has any proprietary interest in any account
classifie	ed solely as that of a customer, except as follows	ows:	
	FRANK E. POE, III MY COMMISSION EXPIRES	-	Jæ Jostol Signature
	DECEMBER 12, 2012	_	Treasurer
	1	-	Title
	Inne & Com		
	Notary Public		
☐ (a) ☐ (b)	port ** contains (check all applicable boxes): Facing Page. Statement of Financial Condition.		
\Box (d)	Statement of Income (Loss). Statement of Changes in Financial Condition	n.	
□ (e)	Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equi	ity or Partners	or Sole Proprietors' Capital.
	Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordic Computation of Net Capital.	nated to Clain	as of Creditors.
Π (h)	Computation for Determination of Reserve	Requirements	Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
☐ (i) ☐ (i)	Information Relating to the Possession or C A Reconciliation including appropriate expl	lanation of the	Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 1363-1 and the
	Computation for Determination of the Reser	rve Reauireme	ents Under Exhibit A of Rule 1303-3.
□ (k)	A Reconciliation between the audited and u consolidation.	naudited State	ements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of
☐ (l)	An Oath or Affirmation.		
	A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report. A report describing any material inadequacie	s found to exis	et or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

^{**}For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

Security Church Finance, Inc.

Financial Statements

For the Years Ended May 31, 2012 and 2011

With

Independent Auditors' Report

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors Security Church Finance, Inc. Houston, Texas

We have audited the accompanying statements of financial condition of Security Church Finance, Inc. as of May 31, 2012 and 2011 and the related statements of income, stockholders' equity and cash flows for the years then ended that you are filing pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Security Church Finance, Inc. as of May 31, 2012 and 2011, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedules I, II, and III is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and related directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Side, Small Comp

July 23, 2012

SECURITY CHURCH FINANCE, INC. STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION May 31, 2012 and 2011

ASSETS	2012	2011		
CURRENT ASSETS:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 78,519	\$ 59,605		
Accounts receivable	7,261	3,825		
Advances to agents and officers	316	1,251		
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	86,096	64,681		
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT				
Office furniture, fixtures and equipment	57,461	56,164		
Less accumulated depreciation	(49,908)	(46,875)		
TOTAL PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT	7,553	9,289		
Cash surrender value of officers' life insurance	44,554	43,745		
Marketable securities	1,336	2,532		
TOTAL OTHER ASSETS	45,890	46,277		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 139,539	\$ 120,247		

SECURITY CHURCH FINANCE, INC. STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION - Continued May 31, 2012 and 2011

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	2012	2011
CURRENT LIABILITIES:		
Trade accounts payable	\$ 1,584	\$ 6,662
Amounts due churches and other liabilities	39,222	40,476
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	40,806	47,138
TOTAL LIABILITIES	40,806	47,138
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY:		
Preferred stock series A, \$50 par and liquidation value, 2,000 shares authorized, issued and outstanding	100,000	100,000
Common stock, \$50 par value, 1,000 shares authorized,		
400 shares issued and 160 shares outstanding	20,000	20,000
Additional paid-in capital	2,500	2,500
Retained earnings	28,847	2,026
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(2,614)	(1,417)
	148,733	123,109
Less treasury stock, 240 shares, at cost	50,000	50,000
TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	98,733	73,109
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS'		
EQUITY	\$ 139,539	\$120,247

SECURITY CHURCH FINANCE, INC. INCOME STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED MAY 31, 2012 AND 2011

	2012	
REVENUES:		
Program fees	341,679	\$ 367,428
Brokerage commissions	409,748	443,430
Fiscal agent and service fees	106,396	96,951
	857,823	907,809
EXPENSES:	77,742	30.,003
Commissions	287,665	323,195
Salaries and benefits	427,154	385,585
Advertising, postage and printing	18,697	21,663
Rent, telephone, utilities, maintenance and supplies	34,885	36,713
General insurance, taxes and licenses	33,078	50,656
Travel and entertainment	14,907	33,414
Professional fees, dues and subscriptions	12,305	14,834
Depreciation	3,033	2,363
Other	631	4,671
Total Expenses	832,355	873,094
OPERATING INCOME	25,468	34,715
OTHER INCOME:		
Interest and other income	1,353	1,295
INCOME BEFORE FEDERAL INCOME TAX	26,821	36,010
Federal income tax expense	-	-
NET INCOME	26,821	\$ 36,010
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME NET OF TAX:		
Unrealized gain (loss) on marketable equity securities	(1,197)	585
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	25,624	\$ 36,595
		- 50,070

SECURITY CHURCH FINANCE, INC. STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY FOR THE YEARS ENDED MAY 31, 2012 AND 2011

	Preferred Stock				Common Stock		Additional			Other			
	Series A		Series B		Series C			Common	Paid-in	Retained	Treasury	Comprehensive	
	Shares	Stock	Shares	Stock	Shares	Stock	Shares	Stock	Capital	Earnings	Stock	Income (Loss)	Total
Balance at May 31, 2010	2,000	\$100,000	1,000	\$50,000	600	\$30,000	160	\$ 20,000	\$ 2,500	\$ 9,709	\$ (50,000)	\$ (2,002)	\$ 160,207
Net income for the year										36,010		, (=,-,-)	36,010
Dividends paid										•			-
Redemption of preferred stock			(1,000)	(50,000)	(600)	(30,000)				(43,693)			(43,693)
Unrealized holding gain			, -	` , ,	()	. (= -,)						505	(80,000)
Balance at May 31, 2011	2,000	\$100,000	-	\$ -	_	<u> </u>	160	\$ 20,000	9. 2.500	6 2006	A (50 000)	585	585
Net income for the year							100	\$ 20,000	\$ 2,500	\$ 2,026	\$ (50,000)	\$ (1,417)	\$ 73,109
•										26,821			26,821
Dividends paid													
Redemption of preferred stock													
Unrealized holding loss												(1,197)	(1.107)
Balance at May 31, 2012	2,000	\$100,000		\$ -		\$ -	160	\$ 20,000	\$ 2,500	\$ 28,847	\$ (50,000)	\$ (2,614)	\$ 98,733

SECURITY CHURCH FINANCE STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED MAY 31, 2012 AND 2011

	2012		2011
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	 		
Net income	\$ 26,821	\$	36,010
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash		•••	
provided by operating activities:	,		
Depreciation	3,033		2,363
Changes in assets and liabilities:			
Accounts receivable	(3,436)		(3,825)
Advances to agents and officers	935		1,334
Cash value of life insurance	(809)		(870)
Trade accounts payable	(5,079)		4,104
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	(1,254)		2,093
Total adjustments	 (6,610)		5,199
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	20,211		41,209
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:			
Purchase of fixed assets	(1,297)		(6,746)
Net cash used in investing activities	 (1,297)		(6,746)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Redemption of preferred stock	-		(80,000)
Dividends paid	-		(43,693)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	 -		123,693)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND EQUIVALENTS	18,914	ļ	(89,230)
CASH AND EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	 59,605	1	148,835
CASH AND EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	\$ 78,519	\$	59,605

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(a) Organization and description of business

Security Church Finance, Inc. ("SCF" or "the Company") is a fully-disclosed broker-dealer engaged in the brokerage of mortgage bonds. SCF was organized in 1962 to serve churches throughout the United States as a licensed broker/dealer and as an agent in the preparation of mortgage bond issues. The Company's headquarters are located in Houston, Texas.

The Company is registered with the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA"), the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), and the Securities Investor Protection Corporation ("SIPC").

The accompanying financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and with generally accepted accounting practices within the broker dealer industry. The following is a description of the more significant accounting policies.

(b) Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Management considers many factors in selecting appropriate operational and financial accounting policies and controls, and in developing the assumptions that are used in the preparation of these financial statements. Management attempts to use its business and financial accounting judgment in selecting the most appropriate estimate, however, actual amounts could and will differ from those estimates.

(c) Cash and cash equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents. Cash equivalents are carried at cost, which approximates market value. The Company's deposits held with financial institutions were entirely covered under the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) as of May 31, 2012 and 2011.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, cont.

(d) Accounts receivable

The Company carries its accounts receivable at cost. On a periodic basis, the Company evaluates its accounts receivable and has not established an allowance for doubtful accounts, based on its history of past write-offs and collections and current credit conditions. Accounts are written off as uncollectible at the time management determines that collection is unlikely.

(e) Property, plant, and equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost. Depreciation is computed by using the straight-line method at rates based on the estimated useful lives of the various classes of property. Expenditures for maintenance and repairs are expensed as incurred and significant major improvements or additions are capitalized.

(f) Cash surrender value of officers' life insurance

As of May 31, 2012, the Company was the owner of life insurance policies of one of its officers. The cash value of the Company's officers' life insurance contract is recorded on the Company's balance sheet at the cash surrender value of the policy as of the balance sheet date. The cash surrender values relative to the policies in place at May 31, 2012 and 2011 was \$44,554 and \$43,745, respectively.

(g) Provision for income taxes

The Company uses the asset and liability approach for financial accounting and reporting for income taxes. The provision for income taxes includes federal income taxes currently payable and those deferred because of temporary differences between the financial statement and tax bases of assets and liabilities due to differences in tax versus financial statement depreciation and the accrual and cash basis. The amount of current and deferred taxes payable or refundable is recognized as of the date of the financial statements, utilizing currently enacted tax laws and rates. Deferred tax expenses or benefits are recognized in the financial statements for the changes in deferred tax liabilities or assets between years.

The Company recognizes and measures its unrecognized tax benefits in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States, which require the Company to assess the likelihood that tax positions (based on their technical merit) will be sustained upon examination based on the facts, circumstances and information available

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, cont.

at the end of each period. The measurement of unrecognized tax benefits is adjusted when new information is available, or when an event occurs that requires a change.

(h) Revenue recognition

The Company provides professional and technical services in preparing bond issues. Typically, the Company's client, a church, pays the company a consulting fee which is recognized as revenue when received, for services provided at that time. The remaining fees are generally collected and recognized over time as revenue when bond proceeds are received by the third party escrow agent and when all escrow requirements are met.

(i) Marketable securities

The Company categorizes marketable securities as available-for-sale securities. Unrealized marketable securities gains and temporary losses are reflected as a net amount under the caption of accumulated other comprehensive income within the statement of stockholders' equity. Realized gains and losses are recorded within the statement of income. For the purpose of computing realized gains and losses, cost is identified on a specific identification basis.

(j) Fair value of financial instruments

The carrying value of the Company's financial instruments including cash and cash equivalents, cash surrender value of life insurance policy, accounts receivable and payables approximates their fair values.

(k) Credit risk

The Company is engaged in various trading and brokerage activities in which counter parties primarily include broker-dealers, banks and other financial institutions. In the event counter parties do not fulfill their obligations, the Company may be exposed to risk. The risk of default depends on the credit worthiness of the counter party.

Note 2 - Stockholders' Equity

The Company has four classes of stock as follows:

Note 2 - Stockholders' Equity, cont.

Common stock which has a par value of \$50.00 per share, each share is entitled to one vote and dividends are declared at the discretion of The Board of Directors.

Preferred stock "Series A" shareholders are entitled to receive preferential and cumulative quarterly dividends at an annual rate of \$5.00 per share, when such dividends are declared at the discretion of the Board of Directors. Redemption of preferred stock is at the option of the Company at a price of \$50.00 per share. Upon voluntary or involuntary liquidation of the Company, the preferred shares have a liquidation preference of \$50.00 per share.

Preferred stock "Series B" shareholders are entitled to receive preferential and cumulative quarterly dividends at an annual rate of \$7.00 per share, when such dividends are declared at the discretion of the Board of Directors. Redemption of preferred stock is at the option of the Company at a price of \$50.00 per share (unless redeemed within six months of issuance at a price of \$55.00 per share). Upon voluntary or involuntary liquidation of the Company, the preferred shares have a liquidation preference of \$50.00 per share. On October 26, 2010, the Company redeemed all of the Series B stock at \$50.00 per share.

Preferred stock "Series C" shareholders are entitled to receive preferential and cumulative quarterly dividends at an annual rate of \$5.00 per share, when such dividends are declared at the discretion of the Board of Directors. Redemption of preferred stock is at the option of the Company at a price of \$50.00 per share (unless redeemed within six months of issuance at a price of \$55.00 per share). Upon voluntary or involuntary liquidation of the Company, the preferred shares have a liquidation preference of \$50.00 per share, plus all accrued and unpaid preferred dividends. On October 26, 2010, the Company redeemed all of the Series C stock at \$50.00 per share.

Note 3 – Commitments and Contingencies

On June 30, 2008, the Company entered into a lease with a third-party to lease office space for \$1,500 per month. The lease continues indefinitely until Lessor or Lessee gives three months' notice to the other party. Rental expense under this lease was \$18,000 for each of the years ended May 31, 2012 and 2011. For the year ended May 31, 2012 additional rental expense of \$1,710 was incurred for temporary space on a month to month basis.

Note 4 - Employee Benefit Plan

The Company has a simple IRA plan, which covers substantially all employees of the Company. Total expense recognized under the plan during the years ended May 31, 2012 and 2011 was \$1,260 and \$1,365, respectively. Employees of the Company also participate in a noncontributory profit sharing plan covering substantially all employees. The Company made no contributions to the plan during the years presented.

Note 5 - Income Taxes

As of May 31, 2012 and 2011, no provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for income tax expense as a result of net operating loss ("NOL") carryforwards from previous years of losses. Taxable income in the amount of \$17,804 and \$36,011, was offset by an NOL of the same amount resulting in zero taxable income for federal income tax purposes for the years ending May 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

As of May 31, 2012, the Company estimated the remaining available NOL carryforwards to be approximately \$\$208,547 and the Company's total deferred tax assets relating to the carryforwards amounted to approximately \$52,137 which will begin to expire in 2026. At May 31, 2011 deferred tax assets attributed to NOL carryforwards amounted to \$56,575. As of May 31, 2012 and 2011, the Company estimated deferred tax assets from other timing differences to be \$8,706 and \$10,816 respectively. The Company has a valuation allowance for the full assessment of the deferred tax assets at May 31, 2012 and 2011 as management does not believe it is more likely than not that the valuation of the asset is recoverable.

The Company's federal income tax returns have not been audited by the Internal Revenue Service and the Company has not been notified of any pending federal or state income tax audits, and is not aware of any income tax controversies that are likely to occur with any taxing authority. Tax returns for the years ending May 31, 2009 and later are open to examination.

Note 6 - Marketable Securities

Fair value of the available-for-sale marketable equity security is measured on a recurring basis, using quoted prices in active markets for identical assets (Level 1), at May 31, 2012 and 2011. The aggregate fair value as of May 31, 2012 and 2011 were \$1,336 and \$2,532 respectively. The total loss on securities held for the year ended May 31, 2012 was \$1,197 and the total gain on securities held for the year ended May 31, 2011 was \$585.

Note 7 – Amounts Due Churches

A contingent liability is recognized for \$38,438 and \$38,038 at May 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively. The contingency relates to refundable deposits received from churches to initiate the prospectus and fact finding process for prospective bond issues. If the church decides not to proceed with the bond issue, the refundable deposit is returned to the church less cost incurred to date. Beginning in the 2010 fiscal year the Company's contracts with churches specifies that the deposits are non-refundable.

Note 8 - Regulatory requirements

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital of \$5,000 and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. At May 31, 2012 the Company was in compliance with both requirements.

Note 9 - Subsequent Events

Management of the Company has evaluated subsequent events through July 23, 2012, the date the financial statements were available to be issued. No additional disclosures or modifications were deemed necessary.

SECURITY CHURCH FINANCE, INC.

Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities and Exchange Commission Schedule I

May 31, 2012

NET CAPITAL

Total Stockholders' equity	\$	98,733
Deductions		
A. Non-allowable assets		
Accounts receivable		(7,261)
Advances to agents and officers		(316)
Furniture and equipment, net		(7,553)
B. Haircuts on securities	- 10 - 2 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 -	(200)
Net Capital		83,403
Net capital, as reported in Company's Part IIA (Unaudited) FOCUS report	<u>\$</u>	83,403

SECURITY CHURCH FINANCE, INC.

Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements
Under Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commission
Schedule II
May 31, 2012

Security Church Finance, Inc. is exempt from the above requirements under rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(ii) because the Company is a fully disclosed broker-dealer and does not hold customer securities or funds.

SECURITY CHURCH FINANCE, INC.

Information Relating to Possession or Control Requirements
Under Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commission
Schedule III
May 31, 2012

Security Church Finance, Inc. is exempt from the above requirements under rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(ii) because the Company is a fully disclosed broker-dealer and does not hold customer securities or funds.



SEC Mail Processing Section

JUL 272000

July 23, 2012

Washington DC

The Board of Directors Security Church Finance, Inc.

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Security Church Finance, Inc. for the year ended May 31, 2012, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted auditing standards as established by the Auditing Standards Board (United States), we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company, including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and the reserve required by Rule 15c3-3(e). Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13.
- 2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.
- 3. Obtaining and maintaining physical possession or control of all fully paid and excess margin securities of customers as required by Rule 15c3-3.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the

preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

We believe that the following deficiency constitutes a significant deficiency.

Segregation of Duties

In connection with the audit, we identified that one of the shareholders performs most of the accounting functions including accounts payable, cash disbursements, preparing and posting cash receipts, journal entries, bank reconciliations, and general ledger maintenance. As such there is limited segregation of the initiation, authorization and recording of transactions. The risk associated with cash receipts is mitigated by the fact that almost all significant amounts of cash are wired into the company's bank account directly from the trust company. The following compensating controls exist:

- The President of the Company reviews the monthly financial statements, including balance sheet, income statement and calculation of net capital. Additionally, he has real time access to all banking transactions through the online banking website, where he routinely reviews current activity, as well as cleared checks.
- The President must also sign all payroll and expense checks of the shareholder performing the accounting functions.
- The President reviews all invoices \$500.00 and above and signs them prior to payment.

A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the company's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities and company assets that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at May 31, 2012, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, FINRA and other regulatory agencies that rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Sincerely,

SEIDEL, SCHROEDER & COMPANY

Michele Kohring Kwiatkowski, CPA

SEC Mail Processing Section



Washington DC INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors Security Church Finance, Inc.

In accordance with Rule 17a-5(e)(4) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, we have performed the procedures enumerated below with respect to the accompanying Schedule of Assessment and Payments [General Assessment Reconciliation (Form SIPC-7)] to the Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC) for the period from June 1, 2011 to May 31, 2012, which were agreed to by Security Church Finance, Inc. and the Securities and Exchange Commission, Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. and SIPC, solely to assist you and the other specified parties in evaluating Security Church Finance, Inc.'s compliance with the applicable instructions of the General Assessment Reconciliation (Form SIPC-7.) Security Church Finance, Inc.'s management is responsible for the Security Church Finance, Inc.'s compliance with those requirements. This agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of those parties specified in this report. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose. The procedures we performed and our findings are as follows:

- 1. Compared the listed assessment payments in Form SIPC-7 with respective cash disbursement records entries (examined canceled checks where such had cleared the bank; otherwise examined check stub) noting no differences;
- 2. Compared the amounts reported on the Form X-17A-5's for the period June 1, 2011 to May 31, 2012, with the amounts reported in Form SIPC-7 for the period from June 1, 2011 to May 31, 2012 noting no differences;
- 3. Compared any adjustments reported in Form SIPC-7 with supporting schedules and working papers (client income/expense summary by month for deductions) noting no differences;
- 4. Proved the arithmetical accuracy of the calculations reflected in Form SIPC-7 and in the related schedules and working papers noting no differences; and

5. Compared the amount of any overpayment applied to the current assessment with the Form SIPC-7 on which it was originally computed (not applicable).

We were not engaged to, and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on compliance. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the specified parties listed above and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

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July 23, 2012