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**ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT  
FORM X-17A-5  
PART III**

SEC FILE NUMBER  
8- 20957

AUG 24 2012  
Washington DC  
403

FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the  
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING 07/01/11 AND ENDING 06/30/12  
MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY

**A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION**

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: Krambo Corporation

OFFICIAL USE ONLY  
FIRM I.D. NO.

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)

1355 Bay Street, Apt #4

(No. and Street)

San Francisco

(City)

CA

(State)

94123-2246

(Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT

Karen McInerney

(415) 281-4100

(Area Code - Telephone Number)

**B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION**

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report\*

Baker Tilly Virchow Krause, LLP

(Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name)

225 South Sixth Street, Suite 2300

(Address)

Minneapolis

(City)

MN

(State)

55402

(Zip Code)

CHECK ONE:

- Certified Public Accountant
- Public Accountant
- Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.

**FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY**

\*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

MM

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Ronald Gruber, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of Krambo Corporation, as of June 30, 2012, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:

County of Washtenaw )  
State of Michigan ) ss

[Signature]  
Signature  
President  
Title

Subscribed and sworn by Ronald J. Gruber on this 15<sup>th</sup> day of August 2012.

Jamie M. Cook My commission expires 02/04/2019  
Notary Public Acting in Monroe County

This report \*\* contains (check all applicable boxes):

- (a) Facing Page.
- (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
- (c) Statement of Income (Loss).
- (d) Statement of CASH FLOWS
- (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital.
- (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
- (g) Computation of Net Capital.
- (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- (i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
- (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
- (l) An Oath or Affirmation.
- (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
- (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

\*\*For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

**KRAMBO CORPORATION**

San Francisco, California

**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

Including Independent Auditors' Report

As of and for the Years Ended June 30, 2012 and 2011

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**KRAMBO CORPORATION**

San Francisco, California

**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

Including Independent Auditors' Report

As of and for the Years Ended June 30, 2012 and 2011

# KRAMBO CORPORATION

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Directors  
Krambo Corporation  
San Francisco, California

We have audited the accompanying statements of financial condition of Krambo Corporation as of June 30, 2012 and 2011 and the related statements of operations, changes in stockholders' equity, and cash flows for the years then ended that you are filing pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Krambo Corporation as of June 30, 2012 and 2011 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements as a whole. The supplemental information contained in the schedule presented on page 9 required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 is presented for the purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. This information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.



Minneapolis, Minnesota  
August 17, 2012

# KRAMBO CORPORATION

## STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION As of June 30, 2012 and 2011

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	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>
<b>ASSETS</b>		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 52,433	\$ 19,615
Fees receivable	300	-
Office furniture and equipment, net	<u>3,779</u>	<u>7,453</u>
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	<b><u>\$ 56,512</u></b>	<b><u>\$ 27,068</u></b>
<b>LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>		
<b>CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>		
Accounts payable	<u>\$ 127</u>	<u>\$ 2,452</u>
<b>STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>		
Common stock, \$1 par value per share 5,000 shares authorized		
2,663 shares issued and outstanding	2,663	2,663
Additional paid-in capital	427,253	393,587
Accumulated deficit	<u>(373,531)</u>	<u>(371,634)</u>
Total Stockholders' Equity	<u>56,385</u>	<u>24,616</u>
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>	<b><u>\$ 56,512</u></b>	<b><u>\$ 27,068</u></b>

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

# KRAMBO CORPORATION

## STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS For the Years Ended June 30, 2012 and 2011

	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>
<b>REVENUES</b>	<b>\$ 217,928</b>	<b>\$ 319,315</b>
<b>EXPENSES</b>		
Salaries and payroll taxes	130,531	175,158
Travel and entertainment	3,063	7,886
Insurance	1,732	2,323
Rent	2,520	2,326
Contracted services	46,144	127,129
Regulatory services	2,105	2,185
Other taxes	950	1,781
Depreciation	3,674	3,198
Legal and accounting	13,591	15,112
Telephone	2,049	2,004
Stationary and supplies	761	3,122
Postage	3,381	2,384
Subscriptions and memberships	3,124	4,543
Computer	5,339	6,233
Conferences and continuing education	-	927
Miscellaneous	368	248
Charitable contributions	<u>500</u>	<u>-</u>
Total Expenses	<u>219,832</u>	<u>356,559</u>
<b>OTHER INCOME</b>		
Interest income	<u>7</u>	<u>7</u>
Other Income	<u>7</u>	<u>7</u>
<b>NET LOSS</b>	<b>\$ (1,897)</b>	<b>\$ (37,237)</b>

See accompanying notes to financial statements.



## KRAMBO CORPORATION

### STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY For the Years Ended June 30, 2012 and 2011

	Common Stock	Additional Paid-in Capital	Accumulated Deficit	Total Stockholders' Equity
<b>BALANCES, June 30, 2010</b>	\$ 2,663	\$ 372,837	\$ (334,397)	\$ 41,103
2011 Net loss	-	-	(37,237)	(37,237)
Contributions	-	20,750	-	20,750
<b>BALANCES, June 30, 2011</b>	2,663	393,587	(371,634)	24,616
2012 Net loss	-	-	(1,897)	(1,897)
Contributions	-	33,666	-	33,666
<b>BALANCES, June 30, 2012</b>	<u>\$ 2,663</u>	<u>\$ 427,253</u>	<u>\$ (373,531)</u>	<u>\$ 56,385</u>

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

# KRAMBO CORPORATION

## STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS For the Years Ended June 30, 2012 and 2011

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	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Net loss	\$ (1,897)	\$ (37,237)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash flows from operating activities:		
Depreciation	3,674	3,198
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Fees receivable	(300)	20,000
Accounts payable	<u>(2,325)</u>	<u>(5,852)</u>
Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities	<u>(848)</u>	<u>(19,891)</u>
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Purchases of office furniture and equipment	-	<u>(2,142)</u>
Net Cash Flows from Investing Activities	-	<u>(2,142)</u>
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Contributions from stockholders	<u>33,666</u>	<u>20,750</u>
Net Cash Flows from Financing Activities	<u>33,666</u>	<u>20,750</u>
<b>Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents</b>	32,818	(1,283)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - Beginning of Year	<u>19,615</u>	<u>20,898</u>
<b>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR</b>	<u>\$ 52,433</u>	<u>\$ 19,615</u>

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

# KRAMBO CORPORATION

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Years Ended June 30, 2012 and 2011

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### **NOTE 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

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#### *Company's Activities and Operating Cycle*

Krambo Corporation (the Company) functions primarily as an investment broker in the private placement of debt securities with institutional investors.

The Company recognizes the initial nonrefundable portion of its financing fees upon commitment of the loan by the institutional investors. The remaining portion is recognized following the closing of the transaction (usually approximately three months later). The Company also records consulting revenues as services are provided.

#### *Cash and Cash Equivalents*

The Company considers all highly liquid debt instruments purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

The Company maintains its cash balances in two financial institutions. The balances, at times, may exceed federally insured limits.

#### *Fees Receivable*

Fees receivable are unsecured and no allowance for doubtful accounts is considered necessary by management at June 30, 2012.

#### *Office Furniture and Equipment, Net*

Office furniture and equipment are stated at cost. Major expenditures for office furniture and equipment are capitalized. Maintenance, repairs, and minor renewals are expensed as incurred. When assets are retired or otherwise disposed of, their costs and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts and resulting gains or losses are included in income.

Office furniture and equipment are being depreciated for financial reporting purposes using straight-line and accelerated methods over estimated useful lives of three years.

#### *Income Taxes*

The Company is an S Corporation for federal income tax reporting purposes. Substantially all income and income tax credits are passed directly to the stockholders. Consequently, no provision for federal income taxes is included in the accompanying financial statements.

For state tax purposes, the Company has elected to be taxed under the California Bank and Corporation Tax Fairness, Simplification and Conformity Act of 1987, which imposes a tax at the corporation level at the greater of 2.5 percent of income before taxes or a minimum tax.

# KRAMBO CORPORATION

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Years Ended June 30, 2012 and 2011

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### **NOTE 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont.)**

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The Company applies the standard related to the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes. The measurement and disclosure principles of this standard normally does not affect the financial statements of an entity that is not subject to income tax. As it relates to the Company, additional federal income taxes due to an adjustment to income or disallowed deductions generally would be imposed on the stockholders rather than the Company itself. However, there are certain exceptions where the Company could bear the burden of an uncertain federal income tax position.

The tax effects from an uncertain state income tax position can be recognized in the financial statements, only if the position is more likely than not to be sustained on audit, based on the technical merits of the position. The Company recognizes the financial statement benefit of a state income tax position only after determining that the relevant tax authority would more likely than not sustain the position following an audit. For state income tax positions meeting the more likely than not threshold, the amount recognized in the financial statements is the largest benefit that has a greater than 50 percent likelihood of being realized, upon ultimate settlement with the relevant state income tax authority.

With few exceptions, the Company is no longer subject to U.S. federal, state or local income tax examinations by tax authorities for the fiscal years before 2009. The Company is not currently under examination by any taxing jurisdiction. In the event of any future tax assessments, the Company has elected to record the income taxes and any related interest and penalties as income tax expense on the Company's statements of operations.

#### *Estimates*

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

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### **NOTE 2 - Office Furniture and Equipment, Net**

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The major categories of office furniture and equipment at June 30 are summarized as follows:

	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>
Office equipment	\$ 603	\$ 603
Computer equipment	<u>10,955</u>	<u>10,955</u>
Total office furniture and equipment	11,558	11,558
Less: accumulated depreciation	<u>(7,779)</u>	<u>(4,105)</u>
Office furniture and equipment, net	<u>\$ 3,779</u>	<u>\$ 7,453</u>

Depreciation expense for the years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 was \$3,674 and \$3,198.

# KRAMBO CORPORATION

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Years Ended June 30, 2012 and 2011

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### **NOTE 3 - Lease**

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The Company entered into an operating lease for storage space in February 2010. The lease is on a month-to-month basis and rental payments of \$192 are payable monthly. Rent expense was \$2,200 and \$2,076 for the years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011.

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### **NOTE 4 - Concentrations**

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Three customers accounted for 28%, 20% and 18% of total revenues for the year ended June 30, 2012. Five customers accounted for 27%, 26%, 19%, 13% and 13% of total revenues for the year ended June 30, 2011.

Accounts receivable consisted of one customer at June 30, 2012.

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### **NOTE 5 - Net Capital Requirements**

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The Company is required to maintain a minimum net capital, as defined in Rule 15c3-1 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (as amended), equivalent to the greater of \$5,000 or 1/15 of aggregate indebtedness. Net capital and aggregate indebtedness may vary from day to day. At June 30, 2012 and 2011, the Company had net capital of \$51,257 and \$16,771 which was \$46,257 and \$11,771 in excess of its required net capital of \$5,000. The Company's net capital ratio was .25 to 1 and .15 to 1 at June 30, 2012 and 2011.

No material differences exist between the net capital calculated above and the net capital computed and reported in the Company's June 30, 2012 FOCUS filing. Per Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule, the Company is exempt under the (k)(2)(i) exemption.

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### **NOTE 6 - Subsequent Events**

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The Company has evaluated subsequent events through August 17, 2012, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued for events requiring recording or disclosure in the financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2012.

## **SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION**

## KRAMBO CORPORATION

### COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL AND AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS UNDER RULE 15C3-1 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION As of June 30, 2012

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#### COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL

Total stockholders' equity	\$	56,385
Deductions and/or charges:		
Non-allowable assets:		
Fees receivable		300
Office furniture and equipment, net		<u>3,779</u>
Total non-allowable assets		<u>4,079</u>
Net capital before haircuts on securities positions		52,306
Haircuts on securities positions		<u>1,049</u>
Net capital	\$	<u>51,257</u>

#### COMPUTATION OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS

Total liabilities from statement of financial condition	\$	<u>127</u>
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#### COMPUTATION OF BASIC NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT

Minimum net capital requirement	\$	<u>5,000</u>
Excess net capital at 1,500 percent	\$	<u>46,257</u>
Excess net capital at 1,000 percent	\$	<u>46,244</u>
Ratio: Aggregate indebtedness to net capital		<u>.25 to 1</u>

#### RECONCILIATION WITH COMPANY'S COMPUTATION

Net capital in Company's Part II FOCUS report, Form X-17a-5 (unaudited) as of June 30, 2012	\$	51,257
Net audit adjustments		<u>-</u>
Net capital per above	\$	<u>51,257</u>

**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL**

Board of Directors  
Krambo Corporation  
San Francisco, California

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Krambo Corporation (the Company) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13
2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's previously mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.



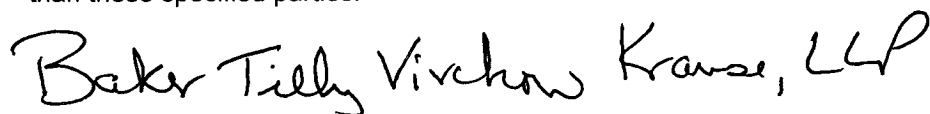
A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the company's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any material weaknesses. Due to the small size of the Company's accounting department, the Company has a lack of segregation of duties. We consider this item to be a significant deficiency as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at June 30, 2012, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.



Minneapolis, Minnesota  
August 17, 2012

