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**ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT
FORM X-17A-5
PART III**

JUN 04 2012

SEC FILE NUMBER
8-39129

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

Washington DC
401

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING April 1, 2011 AND ENDING March 31, 2012
MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: Youngblood Securities Corporation

OFFICIAL USE ONLY
FIRM I.D. NO.

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)

100 N. Central Expressway Suite 403

(No. and Street)

Richardson

TX

75080

(City)

(State)

(Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT

Frank Yuen

972-437-5262

(Area Code - Telephone Number)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report*

Edward Richardson Jr., CPA

(Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name)

15565 Northland Drive Suite 508W Southfield

MI

48075

(Address)

(City)

(State)

(Zip Code)

CHECK ONE:

- Certified Public Accountant
- Public Accountant
- Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

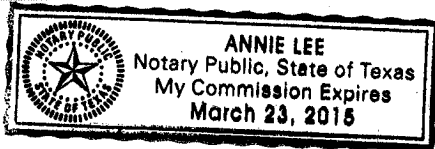
*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

Club
6/15/12

Club
6/15/12

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Frank Yuen, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of Youngblood Securities, Inc. of March 31, 2012, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:



[Signature]
Signature
President
Title

Annie Lee
Notary Public

This report ** contains (check all applicable boxes):

- (a) Facing Page.
(b) Statement of Financial Condition.
(c) Statement of Income (Loss).
(d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.
(e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital.
(f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
(g) Computation of Net Capital.
(h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
(i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
(j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
(k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
(l) An Oath or Affirmation.
(m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
(n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

**For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

Edward Richardson Jr., CPA
15565 Northland Dr W Ste 508
Southfield, MI 48075
248-559-4514

Independent Auditor's Report

May 27, 2012

Board of Directors
Youngblood Securities Corporation
100 N. Central Expressway Suite 403
Richardson, TX 75080

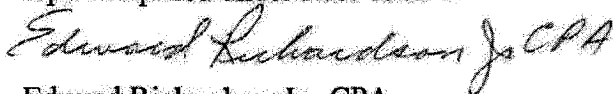
I have audited the accompanying balance sheet of Youngblood Securities Corporation, as of March 31, 2012, and the related statements of income, retained earnings, changes in stockholder's equity, and cash flows for the years then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit.

I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. I believe that my audit provides a reasonable basis for my opinion.

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material aspects, the financial position of Youngblood Securities Corporation as of March 31, 2012, and the results of its operations, retained earnings, changes in stockholders equity, and cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

My examination was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in the supplemental schedules of computation of net capital, computation of basic net capital requirement, computation of aggregate indebtedness, exemptive provisions under rule 15c3-3, statement of changes in liabilities subordinated to the claims of general creditors, and the reconciliation of the computation of net capital under rule 15c3-1, are presented for additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements, but are supplementary information required by rule 17a-5 of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in my opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Further, there were no material differences in the net amount reported as Net Capital in the audited Computation of Net Capital and the broker-dealer's corresponding Unaudited Part IIA of the Focus report required under Rule 15c3-1.



Edward Richardson Jr., CPA

Youngblood Securities Corporation
BALANCE SHEET
As of March 31, 2012

ASSETS

CURRENT ASSETS

Cash On Hand	\$	3.91
Cash In Bank		7,944.49
Cash in Brokerage		65,222.24
Accounts Receivable		935.00
Loan Receivable		<u>1,686.53</u>

Total Current Assets 75,792.17

PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Equipment	33,098.00
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	<u>(32,200.72)</u>

Net Property and Equipment 897.28

TOTAL ASSETS \$ 76,689.45

The footnotes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Youngblood Securities Corporation
BALANCE SHEET
As of March 31, 2012

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY

CURRENT LIABILITIES	
Accrued Liabilities	\$ 561.00
Accrued Payroll	<u>353.50</u>
Total Current Liabilities	<u>914.50</u>
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES	
Note Payable	<u>444.78</u>
Total Long-Term Liabilities	<u>444.78</u>
Total Liabilities	<u>1,359.28</u>
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	
Capital Stock, no par value, 500,000 shares authorized, 426,500 shares issued and outstanding	484,757.00
Retained Earnings	<u>(409,426.83)</u>
Total Stockholders' Equity	<u>75,330.17</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	<u>\$ 76,689.45</u>

The footnotes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Youngblood Securities Corporation

12 Months Ended
March 31, 2012

Revenues

Commissions Earned	\$	<u>97,273.07</u>
Total Revenues		<u>97,273.07</u>

Operating Expenses

Employee compensation and ben	19,050.82
Floor brokerage, exchange, and c	34,258.92
Communications and data proces	3,569.15
Occpancy	5,400.00
Other expenses	34,182.33
Total Operating Expenses	<u>96,461.22</u>

Operating Income (Loss)	<u>811.85</u>
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Net Income (Loss)	<u>\$ 811.85</u>
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The footnotes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Youngblood Securities Corporation
STATEMENT OF RETAINED EARNINGS

	12 Months Ended March 31, 2012
Beginning of Period	\$ (409,770.42)
Plus: Net Income	\$ 811.85
Plus: Prior Period Adjustment	\$ (468.26)
Less: Dividends Paid	<u>0.00</u>
 RETAINED EARNINGS	
END OF PERIOD	 <u>\$ (409,426.83)</u>

The footnotes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Youngblood Securities Corporation
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
For the 12 months Ended March 31, 2012

2012

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

Net Income (Loss)	\$	811.85
Adjustments to reconcile Net Income (Loss) to net Cash provided by (used in) operating activities:		
Prior Period Adjustment		(839.66)
Depreciation and Amortization		1,415.15
Losses (Gains) on sales of Fixed Assets		0.00
Decrease (Increase) in Operating Assets:		
Accounts Receivable		621.00
Increase (Decrease) in Operating Liabilities:		
Accrued Liabilities		194.22
Total Adjustments		<u>1,390.71</u>
Net Cash Provided By (Used in) Operating Activities		2,202.56

CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES

Proceeds From Sale of Fixed Assets		<u>0.00</u>
Net Cash Provided By (Used in) Investing Activities		0.00

CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES

Notes Payable Borrowings		87.12
Proceeds From Sale of Stock		0.00
Treasury Stock		<u>0.00</u>
Net Cash Provided By (Used in) Financing Activities		87.12

NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

2,289.68

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD

70,881.16

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF PERIOD

\$ 73,170.64

The footnotes are an integral part of the financial statements.

YOUNGBLOOD SECURITIES CORPORATION
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY
FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2012

	Preferred Stock		Common Stock		Paid-in Capital		Retained Earnings	Total Stockholder's
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Amount	Equity Amount
Balance at April 1, 2010	-	\$ -	426,500	\$ 484,757	-	\$ -	(409,771)	\$ 74,986
Net Income	-	-	-	-	-	-	812	812
Capital Transactions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Prior Period Adjustments	-	-	-	-	-	-	(468)	(468)
Balance at March 31, 2011	-	-	426,500	\$ 484,757	-	\$ -	(409,427)	\$ 75,330

YOUNGBLOOD SECURITIES CORPORATION
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
March 31, 2012

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Accounting principles followed by the Company and the methods of applying those principles which materially affect the determination of financial position, results of operation and cash flows are summarized below:

Organization

Youngblood Securities Corporation (the Company) was incorporated in the State of Texas effective October 6, 1986. The Company has adopted a fiscal year ending March 31.

Description of Business

The Company, located in Richardson, Texas, is a broker and dealer in mutual funds, stock options, equities, and annuities. The Company's customers are obtained primarily through existing customers, referrals, etc.

All customer transactions are cleared through another broker-dealer on a fully disclosed basis. The name of the clearing firm is Southwest Securities.

Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of the Corporation have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting and accordingly reflect all significant receivables, payables, and other liabilities.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers as cash all short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Accounts Receivable – Recognition of Bad Debt

The Corporation considers accounts receivable to be fully collectible; accordingly, no allowance for doubtful accounts is required. If amounts become uncollectible, they will be charged to operations when that determination is made.

Revenue Recognition

Security transaction (and related commission revenue and expenses) are recorded on a settlement date basis.

YOUNGBLOOD SECURITIES CORPORATION
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
March 31, 2012

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are recorded at cost. Depreciation is calculated using the straight line method over the estimated useful lives, principally five years. Leasehold improvements are amortized over the lesser of the life of the lease or the estimated useful life of the improvement.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Financial instruments that are subject to fair value disclosure requirements are carried in the financial statements at amount that approximate fair value and include cash and cash equivalents. Fair values are based on quoted market prices and assumptions concerning the amount and timing of estimated future cash flows and assumed discount rates reflecting varying degrees of perceived risk.

Comprehensive Income

Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 130, Reporting Comprehensive Income, establishes requirements for disclosure of Comprehensive Income that includes certain items previously not included in the statement of income, including unrealized gains and losses on available-for-sales securities and foreign currency translation adjustment among others. During the year ended March 31, 2012, the Company did not have any components of Comprehensive Income to report.

NOTE B – NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

Pursuant to the net capital provisions of Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, the Company is required to maintain a minimum net capital, as defined under such provisions. Net capital and the related net capital ratio may fluctuate on a daily basis.

There were no material inadequacies found to exist in the computation of the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital at March 31, 2012, or in the procedures followed in making the periodic computation required. At March 31, 2012, the Company had net capital of \$72,746.00 and a net capital requirement of \$50,000. The Company's ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital was .018 to 1 at March 31, 2012. The Securities and Exchange Commission permits a ratio of no greater to 15 to 1.

YOUNGBLOOD SECURITIES CORPORATION
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
March 31, 2012

NOTE C – POSSESSION OR CONTROL REQUIREMENTS

The Company does not have any possession or control of customer's funds or securities. There were no material inadequacies in the procedures followed in adhering to the exemptive provisions of SEC Rule 15c-3-3(k)(2)ii – fully disclosed basis.

NOTE D – CONCENTRATIONS

The Company had product concentrations in sale of securities.

NOTE E – SIPC SUPPLEMENT

The Company does not need to file a SIPC Supplement report pursuant to the Rule because they are only required to pay the statutory minimum assessment.

NOTE – LEASES

The Company leases office space from two different locations. The total rent paid for the year is \$5,400.00.

Supplementary Information

Supplementary
Pursuant to rule 17a-5 of the
Securities and Exchange Act of 1934
As of and for the Year Ended March 31, 2012

See accountant's audit report

Youngblood Securities Corporation.
Supplemental Schedules Required by Rule 17a-5
As of and for the year ended March 31, 2012

Computation of Net Capital

Total stockholder's equity:	\$ 75,330.17
Nonallowable assets:	
Property, furniture and equipment, net	897.28
Loan Receivable	<u>1686.53</u>
Net allowable capital	72,746.36

Computation of Basic Net Capital Requirement

Minimum net capital required as a percentage of aggregate indebtedness	<u>\$ 90.66</u>
Minimum dollar net capital requirement of reporting broker or dealer	<u>\$ 50,000.00</u>
Net capital requirement	<u>\$ 50,000.00</u>
Excess net capital	<u>\$ 22,746.36</u>

Computation of Aggregate Indebtedness

Total Aggregate Indebtedness	<u>\$ 1,359.28</u>
Percentage of aggregate indebtedness to net capital	<u>1.87%</u>

Reconciliation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1

There were no material differences in the computation of net capital between these audited financial statements and the Company's unaudited Focus Reports.

Computation of Net Capital as reported on FOCUS IIA as of March 31, 2012

Net Capital per focus report	\$ 72,776.00
Change in Equity	(4,606.00)
Change in Non-Allowable Assets	<u>4,576.00</u>
Net Capital per Audit	<u>\$ 72,746.00</u>

Youngblood Securities Corporation.
Supplemental Schedules Required by Rule 17a-5
As of and for the year ended March 31, 2012

Exemptive Provisions Rule 15c3-3

The Company is exempt from Rule 15c3-3 because all customer transactions are cleared through another broker-dealer on a fully disclosed basis. The name of the clearing firm is Southwest Securities

Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to the Claims of General Creditors

Balance of such claims at April 1, 2011	\$ -
Additions	-
Reductions	-
Balance of such claims at March 31, 2012	<u>\$ -</u>

See accountant's audit report

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL

For the year ended March 31, 2012

See accountant's audit report

Edward Richardson, Jr., CPA
15565 Northland Suite 508 West
Southfield, MI. 48075

May 27, 2012

Board of Directors
Youngblood Securities Corporation.
100 N. Central Expressway Suite 403
Richardson, TX 75080

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedules of Youngblood Securities Corporation for the year ended March 31, 2012, I considered its internal control, in order to determine my auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing my opinion on the financial statements, and not to provide assurance on internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), I have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the company, including tests of such practices and procedures that I considered relevant to the objective stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, I did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons.
2. Recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13.
3. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control, and the practices and procedures referred to the preceding paragraphs. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls, and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraphs and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute assurance, that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use of disposition, and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraphs.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, errors or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection or any evaluation of them

to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate. My consideration of internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in internal control that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that errors or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, I noted the following condition that I consider to be a material weakness as defined above.

Only one person is responsible for all accounting and reporting functions. Accordingly, there is no segregation of duties. Due to the size of the Company, management does not feel it is cost-effective to change this condition.

I understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the preceding paragraphs of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and my study, I believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at March 31, 2012, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the SEC and the regulatory agencies that rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Edward Richardson, Jr., CPA

Edward Richardson, Jr., CPA

SEC
Mail Processing
Section

JUN 04 2012

Washington DC
401

Youngblood Securities Corporation
Financial Statements and Supplemental
Schedules Required by the
Securities and Exchange Commission
For the Year Ended March 31, 2012
(With Independent Auditor's Report Thereon)
and
Supplemental Report on Internal Control
March 31, 2012

YOUNGBLOOD SECURITIES CORPORATION
March 31, 2012

Contents

United States Securities and Exchange Commission's

Facing Pagei

Oath of Affirmation.....ii

Independent Accountants' Report.....1

Financial Statements

Statement of Financial Condition.....2

Statement of Income.....4

Statement of Cash Flows.....5

Statement of Changes in Stockholder's Equity.....6

Statement of Retained Earnings.....7

Independent Accountants' Report on Supplementary Information.....8

Supplementary Information

Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities and Exchange Commission12

Information Relating to Possession or Control Requirements and Computation for Determination
of the Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange
Commission14

Independent Accountants' Supplementary Report on Internal Control.....15