





ISSION

OMB APPROVAL

OMB Number: 3235-0123

Expires: April 30, 2013 Estimated average burden hours per response.....12.00

ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A-5 SECONDARY PART III Mail Process

SEC Mail Processing Section

SEC FILE NUMBER 8- 29418

FACING PAGE
Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING_	04/01/11	Washington DC AND ENDING	3/3//12
EDITOR TOR THE PERIOD BEOMY WING	MM/DD/YY		MM/DD/YY
A. REC	GISTRANT IDENTIFIC	CATION	
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUS	SINESS: (Do not use P.O. B		OFFICIAL USE ONL' FIRM I.D. NO.
741 ChesTNUT	(No. and Street)		
Manchesses	W #	<i>U</i> 3	(104)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PI Thomas M. Lelv	erson to contact in i		RT 3-624-846 rea Code - Telephone Numb
B. ACC	COUNTANT IDENTIFI	CATION	
NDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT OF	(Name – if individual, state last, f	ìrst, middle name)	n71./.
6974 Union STree	(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)
CHECK ONE: Certified Public Accountant Public Accountant			
Accountant not resident in Uni	ted States or any of its posse	essions.	
	FOR OFFICIAL USE O	NLY	

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2).

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Thomas M. Lewy	, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of
	statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of
CUILSTONE FINANCIA MA	
of March 31	, 20, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that
neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, prin	cipal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account
classified solely as that of a customer, except as follo	
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	(111 Oleus
	Signature
•	Signature
	Pacident/
	Title
A d. // 1/	
Notary Public	HENRY L. ROY NOTARY PUBLIC
(), 1	STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE
This report ** contains (check all applicable boxes):	MY COMMISSION EXPIRES
	DECEMBER 14, 2016
(a) Facing Page. (b) Statement of Financial Condition.	
(c) Statement of Income (Loss). (d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equit	
(e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equit	
(f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordin	ated to Claims of Creditors.
(g) Computation of Net Capital.	
(h) Computation for Determination of Reserve R	equirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
(i) Information Relating to the Possession or Co	
(j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explain	nation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the
	re Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
	audited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of
consolidation.	e e
(1) An Oath or Affirmation.	
(m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.	
	found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

**For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

CURBSTONE FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT CORPORATION

Audited Financial Statements And Supplemental Schedules

For The Years Ended March 31, 2012 and 2011

CURBSTONE FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT CORPORATION

(See Independent Registered Auditor's Report)

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ROY & BENTAS CPAs, P.C.

697A Union Street, Manchester, NH 03104-3632 Telephone (603) 625-5715 or (603) 626-1040; Fax (603) 625-5717

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Stockholders of Curbstone Financial Management Corporation Manchester, New Hampshire

We have audited the accompanying statements of financial condition of Curbstone Financial Management Corporation (a New Hampshire corporation. Hereafter "the Company") as of March 31, 2012 and 2011, and the related statements of income, changes in stockholders' equity, and cash flows for the years then ended that you are filing pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion An audit included examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Curbstone Financial Management Corporation as of March 31, 2012 and 2011, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principals generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedules I and II are presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Roy & Bentas CPAs, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants Manchester, New Hampshire

George Rentar, CPA

May 10, 2012.

CURBSTONE FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT CORPORATION STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION MARCH 31, 2012 AND 2011

ASSETS

ASSIZIO			
Current Assets:	<u>2012</u>		<u> 2011</u>
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 218,809	\$	188,476
Deposits with Exchange Clearing Organization	29,446		29,443
Accounts Receivable	0		1,011
Prepaid Expenses	5,083		3,930
Refundable Federal Corporate Taxes	4,072		25,360
Refundable State Corporate Taxes	0		3,300
Total Current Assets	257,410		251,520
Fixed Assets:			
Total Equipment and Furniture	111,871		104,424
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(95,013)		(88,365)
Net Fixed Assets	16,858		16,059
Other Assets:			
Cash Value of Life Insurance	39,086		42,589
Total Other Assets	39,086	_	42,589

Total Assets	\$ 313,354	\$	310,168
LIABILITIES AND STOCKI	HOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts Payable	\$ 9,867	\$	13,766
State Corporate Taxes Payable	1,861		0
Accrued Other Expenses	10,799		11,174
Deferred Tax Laibility	8,175		413
Total Current Liabilities	30,702	-	25,353
Stockholders' Equity:			
Common Stock, par value \$100, 1,000 shares			
authorized. 102 shares issued and outstanding.	10,200		10,200
Additional Paid-In Capital	258,415		258,415
Retained Earnings	14,037		16,200
Total Stockholders' Equity	282,652		284,815
	Process (complete to the 1994 - 1994		
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	\$ 313,354	\$	310,168

CURBSTONE FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT CORPORATION STATEMENTS OF INCOME AND CHANGES IN RETAINED EARNINGS FOR THE YEARS ENDED MARCH 31, 2012 AND 2011

Revenues: Management and Investment Advisory Income Insurance Commissions Income	2012 \$ 1,517,312 30,524	<u>%</u> 98.0% \$ 2.0%	2011 3 1,197,280 30,615	<u>%</u> 97.5% 2.5%
Total Revenues	1,547,836	100.0%	1,227,895	100.0%
Operating Expenses: Selling Expenses - See Supplemental Schedule	86,969	5.6%	94,371	7.7%
General and Administrative				
Expenses - See Supplemental Schedule	1,439,857	93.0%	1,165,642	94.9%
Total Operating Expenses	1,526,826	98.6%	1,260,013	102.6%
Income/(Loss) Before Other Income/(Expenses)	21,010	1.4%	(32,118)	-2.6%
Other Income/(Expenses):				
Add: Interest and Dividend Income	927	0.1%	1,224	0.1%
Less: Change in Deferred Taxes	(7,762)	-0.5%	(926)	-0.1%
Less: Change in Cash Value of Life Insurance	(7,024)	-0.5%	(2,557)	-0.2%
Less: Federal Corporate Income Taxes	(1,288)	-0.1%	0	0.0%
Less: State of NH Corporate Income Taxes	(8,026)	0.5%	(6,141)	-0.5%
Total Other Income/(Expenses)	(23,173)	-1.5%	(8,400)	-0.7%
Net Income/(Loss)	\$(2,163)	-0.1% \$	(40,518)	-3.3%
Beginning - Retained Earnings	16,200		56,718	
Ending - Retained Earnings	\$14,037_	\$	16,200	

CURBSTONE FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT CORPORATION STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED MARCH 31, 2012 AND 2011

Cash Flows from Operating Activities:		<u>2012</u>		<u>2011</u>
Net Income/(Loss)	\$	(2,163)	\$	(40,518)
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash flows provided	d by/			
(used for) operating activities:	u oyi			
Depreciation		6,648		6,531
Change in Deferred Taxes		7,762		926
Change in Cash Value of Life Insurance		3,503		2,557
(Increase)/Decrease in Accounts Receivable		1,011		2,827
(Increase)/Decrease in Prepaid Expenses		(1,153)		(3,930)
(Increase)/Decrease in Refundable Corporate Income Taxes		24,588		(26,380)
Increase/(Decrease) in Accounts Payable		(3,899)		449
Increase/(Decrease) in Accrued Other Expenses		(375)		909
Increase/(Decrease) in Corporate Taxes Payable		1,861		(20,482)
Total Adjustments	_	39,946		(36,593)
Net Cash Flows Provided by/(Used for) Operating Activities	_	37,783	_	(77,111)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:				
Cash Purchases of Equipment and Furniture		(7,447)		(16,456)
Net Cash Flows Used for Investing Activities		(7,447)		(16,456)
Cash Flows from Financing Activities:				
None		0		0
Net Cash Flows Provided by Financing Activities	_	0		0
Net Increase/(Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		30,336		(93,567)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning	****	217,919		311,486
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Ending	\$_	248,255	\$	217,919
Supplemental Disclosures of Cash Flow Information:				
Cash Paid During the Year For:	œ.	E 0.00	Φ.	07.060
Federal Corporate Taxes	\$ <u> </u>	5,360	\$	25,360
State Corporate Taxes	\$	6,160	\$	7,161

CURBSTONE FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT COPRORATION STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY FOR THE YEARS ENDED MARCH 31, 2012 AND 2011

		(Capital) Common Stock	Additional Paid-In Capital	Retained Earnings		Totals
Balance - April 1, 2010	↔	10,200	258,415	56,718	↔	325,333
Net Loss - 2011	j	0	0	(40,518)		(40,518)
Balance - March 31, 2010	⇔	10,200	258,415	16,200	€	284,815
Net Loss - 2012		0	0	(2,163)		(2,163)
Balance - March 31, 2012	⇔	10,200	258,415	14,037	↔	282,652

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NOTE 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

The following is a summary of significant accounting policies followed in the preparation of the financial statements. The policies conform to accounting principals generally accepted in the United States of America, and have been consistently applied.

A. Nature of Business:

Curbstone Financial Management Corporation (hereafter "Company") was incorporated in the State of New Hampshire on February 9, 1983. The Company's principal and singular line of business is that of an investment management firm and financial advisor. The Company is an introducing broker-dealer registered with the SEC and is a member of various exchanges and the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA). The Company's customers consist of individuals, Pension Plans, Estates and Trusts located in the State of New Hampshire. The Company's office is in Manchester, New Hampshire.

B. Basis of Accounting:

The Company's policy is to prepare its financial statements on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned rather than when received, and expenses are recognized when accrued rather than when cash is disbursed.

C. Cash and Cash Equivalents:

For purposes of the statements of cash flows, the Company considers all short-term debt securities purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

D. Accounts Receivable and Uncollectible Accounts:

Accounts receivables are recorded at net realizable value. The Company's history indicates full collections on their accounts receivables. Further, accounts receivable has historically been an immaterial balance sheet item. The Company had no uncollectible accounts for the fiscal years ended March 31, 2012 and 2011.

E. Estimates Used in the Preparation of Financial Statements:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP) requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual amounts could differ from those estimates, and changes would most likely be reported in future periods. Management believes that the estimates and assumptions used are reasonable.

NOTE 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued:

F. Fixed Assets and Depreciation:

The Company records its fixed assets on a historical cost basis. Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Repairs and maintenance are charged to operations as incurred, whereas major betterments are capitalized. Depreciation expense was \$6,648 and \$6,531, respectively. Fixed assets and accumulated depreciation consist of the following:

		Accumulated	Undepreciated
Description	Cost Basis	Depreciation	Cost
Office Furniture & Equipment	\$ 6,512	\$ 6,159	\$ 353
Computer Equipment	105,359	88,854	16,505
Totals	\$ 111,871	\$ 95,013	\$ 16,858

G. Income Taxes:

According to ASC (Accounting Standards Codification) 740 and FIN 48 - Implementation Guidance on Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes and Disclosure Amendments for Nonpublic Entities the Company is required to evaluate all significant tax positions. As of March 31, 2012, the Company does not believe that it has taken any tax positions that would require the recording of any additional tax liability nor does it believe that there are any unrealized tax benefits that would either increase or decrease within the next twelve months. The Company's income tax returns are subject to examination by the appropriate taxing jurisdictions. As of March 31, 2012, the Company's federal and various state tax returns generally remain open for the last three years. Income taxes are provided for the tax effects of transactions reported in the financial statements and consist of taxes currently due, plus deferred taxes related primarily to differences between the basis of assets for financial and income tax reporting. The deferred tax assets represent the future tax return consequences of those differences, which will be deductible when the assets are recovered.

Income taxes are provided for the tax effects of transactions reported in the financial statements and consist of taxes currently due plus deferred taxes. Deferred taxes are recognized for differences between the basis of assets and liabilities for financial statement and income tax purposes. The differences relate primarily to depreciable assets (use of different depreciation methods and lives for financial statement and income tax purposes). The deferred tax assets and liabilities represent the future tax return consequences of those differences, which will either be deductible or taxable when the assets and liabilities are recovered or settled. Deferred taxes also are recognized for operating losses and tax credits that are available to offset future taxable income.

NOTE 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued:

G. Income Taxes - Continued:

1. Federal Tax Issues:

The Company recognizes deferred tax assets and liabilities in accordance with ASC 740. For the fiscal year ended March 31, 2012, the gross deferred tax assets were \$3,104, and the gross deferred tax laibilities were \$11,279; thus, a Net Deferred Tax Liability of \$8,175 was reported on the balance sheet for March 31, 2012.

For the fiscal year ended Match 31, 2011, the gross deferred tax assets were \$5,664, and the gross deferred tax laibilities were \$6,077; thus, a Net Deferred Tax Liability of \$413 was reported on the balance sheet for March 31, 2011.

2. State Tax Issues:

The Company's provision for New Hampshire corporate taxes in the accompanying financial statements reflects the accrued taxes currently due (or overpaid). The Company had unused tax credits applicable to the New Hampshire Business Profits Tax. The Company had \$12,713 and \$6,229 at March 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively in tax credits to be carried forward and applied against the New Hampshire Business Profits Tax of future years. The Company is still subject to the New Hampshire Business Enterprise Tax that is not reduced by these tax credits. Accrued New Hampshire taxes were \$8,026 and \$6,141 for March 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

H. Fair Value of Financial Instruments:

The Company is required to disclose the estimated fair value of its financial instruments in according with FASB Codification ASC 820-10. Fair value estimates, methods, and assumptions are set forth below for the Company's financial instruments. The carrying amounts of cash, other current assets, accounts payable, accrued liabilities approximate fair value because of the short maturity of those instruments. The Company carries its security investments at market value and unrealized gains and losses are reflected in income.

I. Advertising Costs:

The Company follows the policy of charging the costs of advertising to expense as incurred. Advertising expense for the years ended March 31, 2012 and 2011 were \$1,284 and \$1,609, respectively.

J. Impairment of Long-Lived Assets:

The Company reviews the lives of long-lived assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and intangible assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the related carrying amount may not be recoverable. The measurement of the impairment loss to recognize is based on the difference between the fair value and the carrying amounts of the assets. There were no impairments recognized during the fiscal years ended March 31, 2012 and 2011.

NOTE 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued:

K. Compensated Absences:

Certain employees are entitled to paid vacation and sick time, depending on length of service. The Company follows GAAP which requires the Company to accrue non-shareholder/employee paid time-off when earned. These amounts totaled \$7,282 and \$8,750, respectively.

L. Revenue Recognition:

The Company recognizes revenue from financial advising and custodial services at the beginning of each calendar quarter based upon the fair market value of the client's portfolio. The fees for financial advising and custodial services are billed in advance for each quarter at an annual rate of 0.50% to 1.00% depending upon the size of the client's portfolio. A 10% discount for non-profit organizations is allowed. See also Note No. 1B regarding the Company's basis of accounting.

NOTE 2 - Operating Lease Commitment:

The Company occupies its office space under a triple-net lease agreement with a shareholder/employee of the Company (See Note 3). The terms of this lease are for a period of three (3) years from April 1, 2011 to March 31, 2014. The Company is responsible for all utilities, real estate taxes, insurance, and repairs and maintenance on the office. The lease requires a monthly payment of \$2,912, plus a 4% escalation charge effective every April 1. Rent expense totaled \$34,944 and \$33,600 for years ended March 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

The Company leases its copier machine under an agreement classified as an operating lease. This agreement, signed on October 15, 2008, requires a monthly payment of \$360 for 48 months. This lease was renewed in March 2012 with a monthly rate of \$302 for 48 months effective April 1, 2012. Rental expense for the copier totaled \$4,320 and \$4,320 for the years ended March 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

The Company also leases its postage meter under an agreement classified as an operating lease. This lease, signed on May 13, 2010 for 42 months effective April 2010, requires quarterly payments of \$246. Rental expense for the postage machine totaled \$984 and \$984 for the years ended March 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

On August 16, 2011, the Company's facilities were sold from one shareholder/employee to another shareholder/employee, however, the lease terms and conditions remain unchaged.

CURBSTONE FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT CORPORATION Notes to the Financial Statements

For The Years Ended March 31, 2012 and 2011

NOTE 2 - Operating Lease Commitment - Continued:

The following is a schedule by years of future minimum rentals under the lease agreement in effect at March 31, 2012:

Years Ending March 31,	Postage	Copier Rental	Office Rent
2013	\$ 984	\$ 4,320	\$ 36,336
2014	\$ 984*	\$ 4,320	\$ 37,788
2015	\$ 984*	\$ 4,320*	\$ 39,300*
2016	\$ 984*	\$ 4,320*	\$ 40,872*
2017+	\$ 984*	\$ 4,320*	\$ 42,507*

^(*) Denotes that these amounts are estimates only.

NOTE 3 - Related Party and Office Rent:

The Company has a lease agreement with a shareholder/employee for its office space in Manchester, NH (See Note No 2). The rental payments to this related party totaled \$34,944 and \$33,600 for the years ended March 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

NOTE 4 – Profit Sharing Plan:

The Company has a non-contributory profit-sharing plan for its qualified employees. The Company has amended and restated its plan effective April 1, 1989 for its qualified employees to a 401(k) profit sharing plan. The plan is available for company employees who meet the eligibility requirements as set forth in the plan. Discretionary Company contributions to the plan totaled \$-0- and \$-0- for the years ended March 31, 2012 and 2011. Required Company contributions to the plan totaled \$24,281 and \$24,730 for the years ended March 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

NOTE 5 - Net Capital and Aggregate Indebtedness:

The Company is subject to the SEC Uniform Net Capital Rule 15c3-1, which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1 (and the rule of the "applicable" exchange also provides that equity capital may not be withdrawn or cash dividends paid if the resulting net capital ratio would exceed 10 to 1). For the fiscal years ended March 31, 2012 and 2011, the Company was in compliance with this Rule.

NOTE 6 – Clearing Arrangements:

Essentially all customer stock and bond transactions are introduced and cleared through Raymond James and Associates, Inc. or Charles Schwab as custodians.

NOTE 7 - Common Stock and Ownership:

The Company is authorized to issue 1,000 shares of common stock. The Company has issued and outstanding one hundred-and-two (102) shares of common stock at \$100 par value. Of these 102 shares, the Company's President (Thomas M. Lewry IV) owns one hundred (100) shares, an employee - Pamela Diamantis owns One (1) share, and another employee - Melvin J. Severance III owns one (1) share of Common Stock.

NOTE 8 - Concentration of Credit Risk:

The Company held cash on deposit with a single financial institution located in Manchester, NH. These deposits at times exceed FDIC insured limits of \$250,000 during the years ended March31, 2012 and 2011. Management of the Company believes the credit risk of using a single depository is not significant.

NOTE 9 - Cash Value of Life Insurance Policy:

The Company owns a universal life insurance contract that accumulates a cash surrender value. The policy is on the life of the Company's President. The Company has made payments totaling \$3,521 and \$3,521 towards this policy during the years ended March 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively. The cash values and death benefits are summarized as follows:

		Cash Values	Cash Values (a)
Employee	Death Benefits	<u>@ 3/30/2011</u>	<u>3/31/2012</u>
Thomas M. Lewry IV	\$ 500,000	\$ 42,589	\$ 39,086

In addition to the life insurance policy that accumulates the cash value above, the Company has a term life policy that does not accumulate a cash value. The policy is on the life of a minority shareholder/employee with a death benefit of \$1,000,000. The Company made payments totaling \$9,000 and \$9,000 towards this policy during the years ended March 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

NOTE 10 – New Accounting Pronouncements:

The Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued guidance that requires all then-existing non-SEC accounting and reporting standards to be superseded by the FASB Accounting Standards Codification, the source of authoritave GAAP recognized by the FASB to be applied by nongovernment entities. Previous references to then-existing non-SEC accounting and reporting standards were removed and are reflected in the Company's notes.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION SCHEDULE

(See Independent Registered Auditor's Report on the Supplemental Schedule)

ROY & BENTAS CPAs P.C.

Certified Public Accountants
697A Union Street, Manchester, NH 03104-3632
Telephone (603) 625-5715 or (603) 626-1040; Fax (603) 625-5717

INDEPENDENT REGISTERED AUDITOR'S REPORT ON THE SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES REQUIRED BY RULE 17-a5 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

To the Board of Directors of **Curbstone Financial Management Corporation** Manchester, New Hampshire

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Curbstone Financial Management Corporation as of and for the year ended March 31, 2012, and have issued our report thereon dated May 10, 2012. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedules I and II, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Roy & Bentas CPAs, P.C.

Morg Bentas, CPA

Certified Public Accountants Manchester, New Hampshire

May 10, 2012.

CURBSTONE FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT CORPORATION SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES II - SELLING, GENERAL & ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES FOR THE YEARS ENDED MARCH 31, 2012 AND 2011

Selling Expenses:		<u> 2012</u>	<u>%</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>%</u>
Commissions	\$	64,198	4.1%	\$ 68,963	5.6%
Travel, Meals and Entertainment		20,650	1.3%	23,223	1.9%
Advertising		1,284	0.1%	1,609	0.1%
Sales Expenses		837_	0.1%	 576	0.0%
Total Selling Expenses	\$	86,969	5.6%	\$ 94,371	<u></u>
General and Administrative Expenses:					
Officer's Compensation	\$	755,300	48.8%	\$ 639,273	52.1%
Employee Compensation - General		290,574	18.8%	155,317	12.6%
Payroll Taxes		57,401	3.7%	48,309	3.9%
Rent Paid to Officer		34,944	2.3%	33,600	2.7%
Professional Services		32,578	2.1%	33,087	2.7%
Office Supplies and Expenses		11,112	0.7%	11,778	1.0%
Employee Benefits		36,155	2.3%	35,930	2.9%
Pension Plan		24,281	1.6%	24,730	2.0%
Telephone and Other Communication	S	6,677	0.4%	6,636	0.5%
Depreciation		6,648	0.4%	6,531	0.5%
Dues and Subscriptions		5,767	0.4%	4,570	0.4%
Building Repairs and Maintenance		8,406	0.5%	7,888	0.6%
Equipment Rental		5,428	0.4%	5,498	0.4%
Licenses and Fees		5,282	0.3%	3,539	0.3%
Postage		7,897	0.5%	7,043	0.6%
Utilities		16,089	1.0%	12,679	1.0%
Quotation Services		4,916	0.3%	2,478	0.2%
Real Estate Taxes		7,892	0.5%	7,115	0.6%
Insurance		24,007	1.6%	27,631	2.3%
Vehicle Expenses and Mileage		1,743	0.1%	1,485	0.1%
Officer's Life Insurance		9,000	0.6%	12,521	1.0%
Donations to Local Charities		3,300	0.2%	2,925	0.2%
Professional Education		1,076	0.1%	1,852	0.2%
Printing and Reproduction Costs		520	0.0%	300	0.0%
Software Updates		24,156	1.6%	22,358	1.8%
Discretionary Spending - President		16,232	1.0%	21,422	1.7%
Discretionary Spending - Employees		42,476	2.7%	 29,147	2.4%
T () C					
Total General and Administrative Expenses	\$	1,439,857	93.0%	\$ 1,165,642	94.9%
	:				

CURBSTONE FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT CORPORATION

Supplemental Schedule I

Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities and Exchange Commission For The Year Ended March 31, 2012

Excess Net Capital Computations:

Total stockholders' equity		\$ 282,652
Additions:		
Liabilities subordinated to claims of general creditors	0	•
Total Additions		 0
Total Capital		282,652
Deductions/Charges:		
Nonallowable Assets and Liabilities:		
Excess Deduction Charge on Firm's Fidelity Bond	4,000	
Refundable Federal and State Income Taxes	4,072	
Accounts Receivable	0	
Prepaid Expenses	5,083	
Equipment and Furniture, net of depreciation	16,858	
Total nonallowable assets		 (30,013)
Net Capital		252,639
Haircuts:		
Deposit with exchange clearing organization to satisfy		
margin requirements @ 2%	589	
Total Haircuts		 589
Current Net Capital		252,050
Minimum Capital Required per SEC Rule 15c3-1(a)(2)(iv)		50,000
Excess Net Capital at March 31, 2012		\$ 202,050

NOTE 1: The major differences were as a result of depreciation expense, and accounts receivable and accounts payable. No material inadequacies were found to exist since the previous audit of March 31, 2011.

NOTE 2: Item (e) - Statement of changes in Stockholders' Equity

NOTE 3: Item (i) – Curbstone is exempt from the "Customer Protection: Reserves and Custody of Securities" Rule 15c3-3 under Rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(ii).

NOTE 4: Item (n) – No material differences existed.

CURBSTONE FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT CORPORATION

Supplemental Schedule I

Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities and Exchange Commission For The Year Ended March 31, 2012

		Amounts
Reconciliation with Company's computation (included in		
part II of Form X-17A-5 as of March 31, 2012)		
Net capital, as reported in the Company's part II (unaudited) FOCUS	\$	279 164
report	Ф	278,164
Allowable assets erroneously omitted or misclassified on FOCUS report:		
Incorrect balance in life insurance policy per FOCUS report (42,589)		
Corrected cash balance in life insurance policy 39,086		
Total of amounts erroneously omitted from FOCUS report		(3,503)
Nonallowable assets reported and audit adjustments:		
Other audit adjustments (19,924)		
Audit adjustment relating to refundable state taxes (9,314)		
Audit adjustment relating to prepaid expenses 5,083		
Audit adjustment relating to fixed assets 2,133		
Totals of nonallowable assets and audit adjustments		(22,022)
Net Capital per the preceding	\$_	252,639

Note: There are no material differences between the preceding computation and the Company's corresponding unaudited part II of Form X-17A-5 as of March 31, 2012.

ROY & BENTAS CPAs, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

697A Union Street, Manchester, NH 03104-3632 Telephone (603) 625-5715 or (603) 626-1040; Fax (603) 625-5717

INDEPENDENT REGISTERED AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL STRUCTURE

To the Board of Directors of **Curbstone Financial Management Corporation** Manchester, NH

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Curbstone Financial Management Corporation as of and for the year ended March 31, 2012 (on which we have issued our report dated May 10, 2012), in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13
- 2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls, and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph, and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's previously mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from

To the Board of Directors of Curbstone Financial Management Corporation

unauthorized use or disposition, and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the company's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined previously. We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at March 31, 2012, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Roy & Bentas CPAs, P.C.

George Bertas, CPA

Manchester, NH May 10, 2012.

ROY & BENTAS CPAs, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants
697A Union Street, Manchester, NH 03104-3632
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<u>Independent Accountants' Report on Applying Agreed-Upon</u> Procedures Related to an Entity's SIPC Assessment Reconciliation

To the Board of Directors of Curbstone Financial Management Corporation 741 Chestnut Street
Manchester, NH 03104

In accordance with Rule 17a-5(e)(4) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, we have performed the procedures enumerated below with respect to the accompanying Schedule of Assessment and Payments in regards to Form SIPC-7 - General Assessment Reconciliation to the Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC) for the period from April 1, 2011 to March 31, 2012, which were agreed to by Curbstone Financial Management Corporation and the Securities and Exchange Commission, Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc., and the SIPC, solely to assist you and the other specified parties in evaluating Curbstone Financial Management Corporation's compliance with the applicable instructions of the General Assessment Reconciliation (Form SIPC-7). Curbstone Financial Management Corporartion's management is responsible for the Corporartion's compliance with those requirements. This agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of those parties specified in this report. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose. The procedures we performed and our findings are as follows:

- 1. Compared the listed assessment payments in Forms SIPC-7 and SIPC-6 with respective cash disbursement records entries found in the Company's financial software, their respective bank statements, and cancelled checks and noting no differences;
- 2. Compared the Total Revenue amounts of the audited Form X-17A-5 for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2012, as applicable, with the amounts reported in Forms SIPC-7 and SIPC-6 for the period from April 1, 2011 to March 31, 2012 noting no differences;
- 3. Compared any adjustments reported in Form SIPC-7 with supporting schedules and Auditor's working papers and found no adjustments were made or necessary. No adjustments were reported for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2012.;
- 4. Proved the arithmetical accuracy of the calculations reflected in Forms SIPC-7 and SIPC-6, and in the attached schedule Determination of "SIPC Net Operating Revenues" and General Assessment, to the audited financial statements and the auditor's working papers noting no differences; and

-Continued on Next Page-

To the Board of Directors of Curbstone Financial Management Corporation

5. Compared the amount of any overpayment applied to the current assessment with the Form SIPC-7 on which it was originally computed noting no differences. No overpayments were noted on Form SIPC-7 for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2012.

We were not engaged to, and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on compliance. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the specified parties listed above and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Roy & Bentas CPAs, P.C.

Marg Renta, CRA

Certified Public Accountants Manchester, New Hampshire

May 10, 2012.