SEC Mail Processing Section



SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

APR 167012

Washington DC

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Washington, D.C. 20549

ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT **FORM X-17A-5 PART III** 

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OMB APPROVAL

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# **FACING PAGE**

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNII	NG January 1, 2011	AND ENDING	December 31, 2011	
	MM/DD/YY		MM/DD/YY	
A STATE OF THE STA	A. REGISTRANT IDE	NTIFICATION		
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: M.J. Wh	nitman LLC		OFFICIAL USE ONLY	
Filed as Confidential Informa	FIRM ID, NO.			
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)				
622 Third Avenue				
	(No. and Street)			
New York	NY		10017	
(City)	(State)		(Zip Code)	
Vincent Dugan		(Ar	(212) 888-2290 ea Code – Telephone No.)	
E	B. ACCOUNTANT IDE	NTIFICATION		
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTAN PricewaterhouseCoopers LLI	•	ed in this Report*		
_	(Name – of individual, state last, first,	middle name)	A	
300 Madison Avenue	New York	NY	10017	
(Address)	(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)	
CHECK ONE:		oossessions.		
	FOR OFFICIAL U	ISE ONLY		
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<sup>\*</sup>Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2).

# **OATH OR AFFIRMATION**

best	of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial s	statements and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm
of	M.J. Whitman LLC	
	TIO. PUBLICATION	, as
of	December 31 . 20 11 , are true	and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the
		ctor has any proprietary interest in any account classified
•		nor has any propriosary interest in any account oracomou
soley	y as that of a customer, except as follows:	
		11
		- Marie Marie
		<sup>1</sup> Signature
		Chief Financial Officer
		Title Sin ad
		LINDA M. VITALE
••	Notary Public	Notary Public, State of New Yor
		No. 01V/4867754 Qualified in Queens County
		Commission Expires August 11, 2
ie ron	port** contains (check all applicable boxes):	
(a)	Facing page.	
(b)	Statement of Financial Condition.	
(c)	Statement of Operations.	
(d)	Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.	
(e)	Statement of Changes in Member's Capital.	
(f)	Statement of Cash Flows.	
(g)	Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Clai	ms or Creditors.
(h)	Computation of Net Capital.	
(i)	Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirement	s Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
(i)	Information Relating to the Possession or control Requir	
(k)		ne Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the
(4)	Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirem	
/E1		
(1)	A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Sta solidation.	tements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of con
	An Oath or Affirmation.	
(m)		
(m) (n)	A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.	

(A wholly owned subsidiary of Third Avenue Holdings Delaware LLC) Consolidated Statement of Financial Condition December 31, 2011

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(A wholly owned subsidiary of Third Avenue Holdings Delaware LLC)
Consolidated Statement of Financial Condition
December 31, 2011

M.J. Whitman LLC
(A wholly owned subsidiary of Third Avenue Holdings Delaware LLC)
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**December 31, 2011** 

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# **Report of Independent Auditors**

To the Member of M.J. Whitman LLC

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated statement of financial condition presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of M.J. Whitman LLC and its subsidiary (the "Company") at December 31, 2011, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. This financial statement is the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this financial statement based on our audit. We conducted our audit of this statement in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the statement of financial condition is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the statement of financial condition, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall statement of financial condition presentation. We believe that our audit of the statement of financial condition provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Pricewaterhow Coopers LL?

February 28, 2012

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(A wholly owned subsidiary of Third Avenue Holdings Delaware LLC)
Consolidated Statement of Financial Condition

December 31, 2011

Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	10,000
Receivable from clearing broker		1,892,641
Receivable from affiliates		148,694
Furniture, equipment and leasehold improvements, (net of		
accumulated depreciation and amortization of \$163,114)		42,130
Other assets	***************************************	63,157
Total assets	\$	2,156,622
Liabilities and Member's Capital		
Accrued expenses	\$	278,950
Accounts payable		47,655
Taxes payable to parent		12,097
Payable to affiliates		23,772
Total liabilities		362,474
Commitments and contingencies (Note 6)		
Member's capital		1,794,148
Total liabilities and member's capital	\$	2,156,622

(A wholly owned subsidiary of Third Avenue Holdings Delaware LLC)
Notes to Consolidated Statement of Financial Condition
December 31, 2011

# 1. Organization and Description of Business

M.J. Whitman LLC ("MJW") is a wholly owned subsidiary of Third Avenue Holdings Delaware LLC (the "Parent"). MJW has one wholly-owned subsidiary, Private Debt LLC, (together with MJW, the "Company"). MJW, a broker-dealer registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") and the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. ("FINRA"), was organized as a Limited Liability Company under the laws of the State of Delaware on May 15, 2002 to assume the business of M.J. Whitman, Inc., a New York Corporation. Affiliated Managers Group, Inc. holds an indirect majority equity interest in the Company. The Parent also owns Third Avenue Management LLC, an investment advisor to the Third Avenue family of mutual funds, separately managed accounts, and other investment products.

The Company provides brokerage services to institutional and retail clients. The Company has a clearing agreement with J.P. Morgan Clearing Corporation ("JPMCC"). All of MJW's customer accounts are introduced on a fully disclosed basis to, and carried by, JPMCC. The Company maintains a "Special Account for the Exclusive Benefit of Customers" and is exempt from the Customer Protection Rule (SEC Rule 15c3-3) pursuant to provision (k)(2)(i) and (k)(2)(ii) of such rule.

# 2. Significant Accounting Policies

## **Basis of Presentation and Use of Estimates**

The statement of financial condition includes the accounts of MJW and its wholly-owned subsidiary, although MJW does not guarantee any liabilities or obligations of the subsidiary. All significant intercompany accounts have been eliminated. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts included in the financial statements and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

## Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid investments, including money market mutual funds and marketable securities with original maturities of three months or less, to be cash equivalents.

### **Revenue Recognition**

Securities transactions and related revenues and expenses are recorded on a trade date basis.

The Company receives fees for sales and servicing related to shares of mutual funds, including shares of mutual funds which are affiliates of the Company. Fees related to Funds that are affiliates of the Company are paid by the adviser to those Funds. These fees are based on a percentage of the net assets of the mutual funds.

# Furniture, Equipment and Leasehold Improvements

Property and equipment are stated at cost and are depreciated over their estimated useful lives, ranging from five to seven years, using the straight-line or accelerated methods. The difference between the accelerated method and the straight-line method is not material. Leasehold improvements, which are also stated at cost, are amortized over the shorter of their estimated useful lives or the term of the leases. Costs of maintenance and repairs are charged to expense, while costs of significant renovations and betterments are capitalized.

(A wholly owned subsidiary of Third Avenue Holdings Delaware LLC) Notes to Consolidated Statement of Financial Condition December 31, 2011

#### **Income Taxes**

The Company, as a limited liability company, is not subject to federal or New York State income taxes. The Parent, as the sole member of the Company, is responsible for reporting the Company's income and expenses on its partnership tax returns.

The Company is subject to New York City unincorporated business taxes, with its results being included in the New York City unincorporated business tax return filed by its Parent. The Parent allocates this tax to the Company as if the Company were a separate taxpayer. The Company and its Parent file tax returns in other jurisdictions, some of which impose tax on limited liability companies.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America set forth a minimum threshold for financial statement recognition of the benefit of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. The Parent, and the Company, did not have any unrecognized tax benefits in the accompanying financial statements. The Parent and the Company may be subject to examination by federal, state, local or foreign taxing authorities. As of December 31, 2011, the tax returns that remain subject to examination under the appropriate statute of limitations are generally the returns filed for the years from 2008 forward, although in certain jurisdictions in which the Parent or the Company file tax returns, 2007 returns may still be open to examination.

# 3. Regulatory Requirements

The Company is subject to SEC Rule 15c3-1, which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital. The rule prohibits a broker dealer from engaging in securities transactions when its net capital falls below a specified minimum amount. The Company has elected to use the alternative method, permitted by the rule, which requires that the Company maintain minimum net capital, as defined, equal to the greater of \$250,000 or 2% of aggregate debit items, pursuant to SEC Rule 15c3-3. At December 31, 2011, the Company had net capital of \$1,514,881, which exceeded the required net capital of \$250,000 by \$1,264,881.

Proprietary accounts held at the clearing broker ("PAIB Assets") are considered allowable assets in the computation of net capital pursuant to an agreement between the Company and JPMCC which requires, among other things, for JPMCC to perform a computation of PAIB Assets similar to the customer reserve computation set forth in SEC Rule 15c3-3.

The Company operates under an exemptive provision of SEC Rule 15c3-3 in that the Company maintains a "Special Account for the Exclusive Benefit of Customers" pursuant to paragraph (k)(2)(i) of that rule, and the Company's activities are limited to those set forth in the conditions for exemption appearing in paragraph (k)(2)(ii) of that rule, as all customer transactions are cleared through JPMCC on a fully disclosed basis.

## 4. Receivable from Clearing Broker

The Company is an introducing broker that clears its customer security transactions through JPMCC on a fully disclosed basis. The Company pays JPMCC a fixed ticket charge for clearing its transactions and other expenses such as floor brokerage and custody fees. At December 31, 2011, \$1,892,641 is receivable from the clearing broker consisting primarily of credit balances in its principal accounts along with commissions due on transactions, net of expenses the Company owes to JPMCC.

(A wholly owned subsidiary of Third Avenue Holdings Delaware LLC) Notes to Consolidated Statement of Financial Condition December 31, 2011

# 5. Furniture, Equipment and Leasehold Improvements

Furniture, equipment and leasehold improvements at December 31, 2011 are summarized as follows:

Furniture and equipment	\$ 195,014
Leasehold improvements	10,230
Less: Accumulated depreciation and amortization	 (163,114)
	\$ 42,130

During 2011, the Company disposed of approximately \$395,000 of fully depreciated furniture, equipment and leasehold improvements.

# 6. Commitments and Contingencies

The Company has various contractual commitments arising in the ordinary course of business. In the opinion of management, the consummation of such commitments will not have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the Company.

In the ordinary course of its business activities, the Company is subject to claims, legal proceedings and other contingencies. Any such potential matters are subject to various uncertainties, and it is possible that some of these matters may be resolved unfavorably to the Company. The Company establishes accruals for matters that are probable and can be reasonably estimated. Management believes that any liability in excess of these accruals upon the ultimate resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the Company.

The Parent is obligated under noncancelable lease agreements through August 2022. The Company and its affiliates will be allocated a portion of the expenses by the parent. Minimum rental commitments of the Parent under these leases are as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	Minimum Rental Commitments
2012	\$ 2,096,114
2013	1,639,404
2014	2,519,820
2015	2,522,736
2016	2,412,900
Thereafter	14,862,502

Minimum

# 7. Off-Balance Sheet Risk and Concentrations of Credit Risk

In the normal course of business, the Company, on behalf of clients, enters into various debt and equity transactions in the securities markets. The execution of these transactions may result in off-balance sheet risk or concentration of credit risk. The Company records securities transactions on a trade date basis, and therefore, is exposed to credit risk in the event that counter parties are unable to fulfill contractual agreements.

(A wholly owned subsidiary of Third Avenue Holdings Delaware LLC) Notes to Consolidated Statement of Financial Condition December 31, 2011

Pursuant to its current clearing agreement with JPMCC, the Company is liable for amounts uncollected from customers introduced by the Company. As JPMCC's right to charge the Company has no maximum amount, and applies to all trades executed through the clearing broker, the Company believes there is no maximum amount assignable to this right and is currently not aware of any probable losses under such arrangements.

# 8. Related Party Transactions

The Company shares personnel, office space and facilities with related companies and, accordingly, certain expenses have been allocated among the entities. Subsequent to monthly reconciliations and closings, balances due to and due from affiliates are reimbursed. In addition to the trailer income described in Note 2, the Company receives commissions from securities transactions executed on behalf of affiliated mutual and private funds.

# 9. Subsequent Events

The Company has performed an evaluation of subsequent events through February 28, 2012, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.



# Report of Independent Auditors on Internal Control Required by SEC Rule 17a-5

To the Member of M.J. Whitman LLC

In planning and performing our audit of the consolidated financial statements of M.J. Whitman LLC and its subsidiary (the "Company") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2011, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company, including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of compliance with such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate debits and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13
- Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph, and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's previously mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.



Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operations may deteriorate.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the company's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined previously.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2011 to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Member, management, the SEC, the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

February 28, 2012

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