SEC Mail Processir Section SECURI MAY 3 0 2012	12061198	ON OMB N Expire Estima	ted average burden
Washingfan Do 403	UAL AUDITED REPO FORM X-17A-5 PART III	RT [nours]	SEC FILE NUMBER
	FACING PAGE Brokers and Dealers Pursu ge Act of 1934 and Rule 17a		of the
REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING	04/01/2011 ANI		'31/2012 MM/DD/YY
A. REGI	STRANT IDENTIFICATIO	N	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: BIGELOW & C	impany	. [0	OFFICIAL USE ONLY
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSIN			FIRM I.D. NO.
700 17th Street, Suite 240			
700 I/th screet, surce 240	(No. and Street)		
Denver	Colorado	8020	
(City)		(Zip Co	
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PER	SON TO CONTACT IN REGAR		
B ACCO		``````````````````````````````````````	Code – Telephone Number)
B. ACCU	UNTANT IDENTIFICATIO		
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT wh	ose opinion is contained in this Re	eport*	
BKD, LLP			
	Name – if individual, state last, first, midd	,	
1700 Lincoln Street, Suite 1400 (Address)	 (City)	Colorado (State)	80203 (Zip Code)
		`	· • /
CHECK ONE:			
Public Accountant			
· ·	d States or any of its possessions.		
·	OR OFFICIAL USE ONLY		

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

XQ []]

SEC 1410 (06-02)

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, <u>Robert Bigelow</u>, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of <u>Bigelow & Company</u>, as of <u>March 31</u>, 2012, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:

<u>unt t</u>. Signatu President Signature Notary Public This report ****** contains (check all applicable boxes): (a) Facing Page. X (b) Statement of Financial Condition. Х (c) Statement of Income (Loss). X (d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition. (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietors Х (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors. X (g) Computation of Net Capital. (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule, 15c3-3 sion Expires 10/31/2012 (i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3 (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3. (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation. X (1) An Oath or Affirmation.

- (n) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
- (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

** For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

Bigelow & Company

March 31, 2012

Contents

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm	1
Financial Statements	
Statement of Financial Condition	2
Statement of Operations	
Statement of Stockholders' Equity	4
Statement of Cash Flows	5
Notes to Financial Statements	6
Supplementary Information Required by Rule 17a-5 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934	

Computation of Net Capital under Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities Exchange Act of 19349

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm on Internal Control10



Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

Board of Directors Bigelow & Company Denver, Colorado

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Bigelow & Company (the Company) as of March 31, 2012, and the related statements of operations, stockholders' equity, and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Bigelow & Company as of March 31, 2012, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audits were performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The Computation of Net Capital listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared assuming the Company will continue as a going concern. As discussed in Note 5, the Company lost its sole source of revenue due to deteriorating market conditions that raise substantial doubt about its ability to continue as a going concern. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

BKDILP May 29, 2012





Bigelow & Company Statement of Financial Condition March 31, 2012

Assets

Cash	\$ 23,286
Total assets	\$ 23,286
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	
Liabilities	\$ 9,557
Stockholders' Equity	
Common stock, \$.01 par value; authorized 100,000	
shares; issued and outstanding, 35,500 shares	355
Additional paid-in capital	2,576,460
Accumulated deficit	(2,563,086)
Total stockholders' equity	13,729
	\$ 23,286

2

Bigelow & Company

Statement of Operations Year Ended March 31, 2012

Expenses

General and administrative	\$ 15,809
Total expenses	 15,809
Net Loss	\$ (15,809)

3

Bigelow & Company Statement of Stockholders' Equity Year Ended March 31, 2012

		ļ	Additional			
	 mmon k, Issued		Paid-In Capital	A	ccumulated Deficit	 Total
Balance, April 1, 2011	\$ 355	\$	2,576,460	\$	(2,547,277)	\$ 29,538
Net loss	 				(15,809)	 (15,809)
Balance, March 31, 2012	\$ 355	\$	2,576,460	\$	(2,563,086)	\$ 13,729

Bigelow & Company Statement of Cash Flows

Year Ended March 31, 2012

Operating Activities Net loss Changes in accrued expenses	\$ (15,809) 7,488
Net cash used in operating activities	 (8,321)
Decrease in Cash	(8,321)
Cash, Beginning of Year	 31,607
Cash, End of Year	\$ 23,286

Bigelow & Company Notes to Financial Statements March 31, 2012

Note 1: Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of Business

Bigelow & Company (the Company) is a registered broker-dealer that commenced operations in May 1995. On a limited basis, the Company provides private placement of corporate debt and equity securities, as agent only, and acts as a placement agent for sales of private limited partnership interests.

The Company operates under the provisions of Paragraph (k)(1) of Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and, accordingly, is exempt from the remaining provisions of that rule.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Income Taxes

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the tax effect of differences between the financial statement and tax basis of assets and liabilities. A valuation allowance is established to reduce deferred tax assets if it is more likely than not that a deferred tax asset will not be realized.

Subsequent Events

Subsequent events have been evaluated through May 29, 2012, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Note 2: Related-Party Transactions

At March 31, 2012, the Company had accounts payable to related parties consisting of \$9,557 due to an entity with common ownership of the Company. These amounts are included in liabilities on the accompanying statement of financial condition.

The Company has an agreement to pay an annual management fee to a related party through common ownership. The amount of the management fee is for all necessary management and administrative services needed to implement the operations of the Company. For the year ended March 31, 2012, the management fee expense was \$6,000.

Bigelow & Company Notes to Financial Statements March 31, 2012

Note 3: Minimum Net Capital Requirement

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (Rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of a minimum amount of net capital. The Company has elected to use the basic method, permitted by the rule, which requires the Company to maintain minimum net capital, as defined, equal to \$5,000. At March 31, 2012, the Company had net capital of approximately \$14,000, which is approximately \$9,000 in excess of the minimum net capital required.

Note 4: Income Taxes

The Company is no longer subject to U.S. federal, state and local income tax examinations by tax authorities for years before 2008.

The provision for income taxes includes these components:

Taxes currently payable	\$ -
Deferred income taxes	-
	\$ -

A reconciliation of income tax expense at the statutory rate to the Company's actual income tax expense is shown below:

Computed at the statutory rate (34%)	\$ (:	5,375)
Increase (decrease) resulting from		
Changes in the deferred tax asset		
valuation allowance	(6,000
Other	transfer	(625)
Income tax expense	\$	

The tax effects of temporary differences related to deferred taxes are as follows:

Net operating loss carryforwards	\$ 1,019,000
Net deferred tax asset before valuation allowance	1,019,000
Valuation allowance Beginning balance Increase during the period	1,013,000 6,000
Ending balance	1,019,000
Net deferred tax asset	<u> </u>

Bigelow & Company Notes to Financial Statements March 31, 2012

As of March 31, 2012, the Company had unused state and federal operating loss carryforwards of approximately \$2,450,000, which expire between 2022 and 2032.

Note 5: Management's Consideration of Going Concern Matters

Prior to 2012, the Company lost its revenue from its sole customer due to deteriorating market conditions. Management plans to monitor market conditions and reenter the private placement market when and if conditions improve.

The financial statements have been prepared assuming the Company will continue as a going concern, realizing assets and liquidating liabilities in the ordinary course of business. Although not currently planned, realization of assets in other than the ordinary course of business in order to meet liquidity needs could incur losses not reflected in these financial statements.

Note 6: Significant Estimates and Concentrations

Current Economic Conditions

The current protracted economic decline continues to present difficult circumstances and challenges, which for some companies have resulted in large and unanticipated declines in their business volumes and constraints on their liquidity. The accompanying financial statements have been prepared using values and information currently available to the Company.

Current economic and financial market conditions could adversely affect the Company's results of operations in future periods. The current instability in the financial markets could significantly impact future revenues, which could have an adverse impact on the Company's future operating results.

Supplementary Information

Required by Rule 17a-5 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Bigelow & Company Computation of Net Capital under Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 Year Ended March 31, 2012

Net Capital Total stockholders' equity	\$ 13,729
Net capital	 13,729
Computation of Basic Net Capital Requirement Minimum net capital required	 5,000
Net capital in excess of minimum requirement	\$ 8,729

There is no variance between this computation of net capital under Paragraph F of Rule 15c3-1 and the Registrant's computation filed with Part II, Form X-17A-5. Accordingly, no reconciliation is necessary.



Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm on Internal Control

Board of Directors Bigelow & Company Denver, Colorado

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Bigelow & Company (the Company), as of and for the year ended March 31, 2012, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13
- 2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.





Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at March 31, 2012 to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, FINRA, and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

BKDUP

May 29, 2012



Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm on Applying Agreedupon Procedures Related to an Entity's SIPC Assessment Reconciliation

Board of Directors Bigelow & Company Denver, Colorado

In accordance with Rule 17a-5(e)(4) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, we have performed the procedures enumerated below with respect to the accompanying Schedule of Assessment and Payments [General Assessment Reconciliation (Form SIPC-7)] to the Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC) for the year ended March 31, 2012, which were agreed to by Bigelow & Company (the Company) and the Securities and Exchange Commission, the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. and SIPC, solely to assist you and the other specified parties in evaluating the Company's compliance with the applicable instructions of the General Assessment Reconciliation (Form SIPC-7). The Company's management is responsible for compliance with those requirements. This agreed upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of those parties specified in this report. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the purpose. The procedures we performed and our findings are as follows:

- 1. Compared the listed assessment payments in Form SIPC-7 with respective cash disbursement records entries in the general ledger, noting no differences.
- 2. Compared the Total Revenue amounts of the audited Form X-17A-5 for the year ended March 31, 2012, as applicable, with the amounts reported in Form SIPC-7 for the year ended March 31, 2012, noting no differences.
- 3. Noted no adjustments to be reported in Form SIPC-7.
- 4. Proved the arithmetical accuracy of the calculations reflected in Form SIPC-7 and in the listing of assessment payments noting no differences.

We were not engaged to, and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on compliance. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the specified parties listed above and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

BKD,LY

May 29, 2012





SIPC-7	
(33-REV 7/10)	

SECURITIES INVESTOR PROTECTION CORPORATION P.O. Box 92185 Washington, D.C. 20090-2185 202-371-8300 **General Assessment Reconciliation**



For the fiscal year ended March 31

(Read carefully the instructions in your Working Copy before completing this Form)

, 20 12

TO BE FILED BY ALL SIPC MEMBERS WITH FISCAL YEAR ENDINGS

1. Name of Member, address, Designated Examining Authority, 1934 Act registration no. and month in which fiscal year ends for purposes of the audit requirement of SEC Rule 17a-5:

	048339 FINRA MAR Bigelow & Company 700 17th Street, Ste 2400	Note: If any of the information requires correction, please of form@sipc.org and so indication	
	Denver, Colorado 80202-3521	Name and telephone number respecting this form.	r of person to contact
	L	——William Fleming (303)292-5900 ext. 1207
2. A	General Assessment (item 2e from page 2)		\$ <u>0</u>
B	Less payment made with SIPC-6 filed (exclude interest	()	(
	Date Paid		0
C	Less prior overpayment applied		(
D	Assessment balance due or (overpayment)		0
Ē	Interest computed on late payment (see instruction	E) fordays at 20% per annum	0
F	Total assessment balance and interest due (or over	payment carried forward)	\$_ <u>0</u>
G	PAID WITH THIS FORM: Check enclosed, payable to SIPC Total (must be same as F above)	\$ <u>0</u>	-
н	Overpayment carried forward	\$(<u>0</u>	_)

3. Subsidiaries (S) and predecessors (P) included in this form (give name and 1934 Act registration number): None

The SIPC member submitting this form and the person by whom it is executed represent thereby that all information contained herein is true, correct	Bigelow & Company	
and complete.	HANGE of Corporation, Partnership or other organization)	
Dated the 29 day of May , 20 12	CFO, FINOP	
This form and the assessment payment is due 60 days a for a period of not less than 6 years, the latest 2 years	after the end of the fiscal year. Retain the Working Copy of this	form

1 REVIEWER Dates: Postmarked Received Reviewed Forward Copy ____ Documentation ____ Calculations _ X Exceptions:

Disposition of exceptions:

DETERMINATION OF "SIPC NET OPERATING REVENUES" AND GENERAL ASSESSMENT

Amounts for the fiscal period beginning <u>April 1</u>, 20<u>11</u> and ending <u>March 31</u>, 20<u>12</u>

	Eilminate cents
Item No. 2a. Total revenue (FOCUS Line 12/Part IIA Line 9, Code 4030)	\$ <u>0</u>
 2b. Additions: (1) Total revenues from the securities business of subsidiaries (except foreign subsidiaries) and predecessors not included above. 	0
(2) Net loss from principal transactions in securities in trading accounts.	0
(3) Net loss from principal transactions in commodities in trading accounts.	0
(4) Interest and dividend expense deducted in determining item 2a.	0
	0
(5) Net loss from management of or participation in the underwriting or distribution of securities.	
(6) Expenses other than advertising, printing, registration fees and legal fees deducted in determining profit from management of or participation in underwriting or distribution of securities.	
(7) Net loss from securities in investment accounts.	0
Total additions	0
2c. Deductions:	
 (1) Revenues from the distribution of shares of a registered open end investment company or unit investment trust, from the sale of variable annuities, from the business of insurance, from investm advisory services rendered to registered investment companies or insurance company separate accounts, and from transactions in security futures products. 	ent O
	0
(2) Revenues from commodity transactions.	
(3) Commissions, floor brokerage and clearance paid to other SIPC members in connection with securities transactions.	0
(4) Reimbursements for postage in connection with proxy solicitation.	0
(5) Net gain from securities in investment accounts.	0
 (6) 100% of commissions and markups earned from transactions in (i) certificates of deposit and (ii) Treasury bills, bankers acceptances or commercial paper that mature nine months or less from issuance date. 	0
(7) Direct expenses of printing advertising and legal fees incurred in connection with other revenue related to the securities business (revenue defined by Section 16(9)(L) of the Act).	0
(8) Other revenue not related either directly or indirectly to the securities business. (See Instruction C):	
	0
	<i></i>
(9) (i) Total interest and dividend expense (FOCUS Line 22/PART IIA Line 13, Code 4075 plus line 2b(4) above) but not in excess of total interest and dividend income.	_
(ii) 40% of margin interest earned on customers securities accounts (40% of FOCUS line 5, Code 3960).	
	0
Enter the greater of line (i) or (ii)	01
Total deductions	<u>,</u> 0
2d. SIPC Net Operating Revenues	\$ <u> </u>
2e. General Assessment @ .0025	\$
	(