

UNITEDSTATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

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ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT **FORM X-17A-5** PART III

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FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 47 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING	02/01/11 AND ENDING 01/91/12)(/ 12
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NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: Pacif	ic Commonwealth	Corporation	OFFICIAL USE ONLY
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BU	USINESS: (Do not use P.O. Be	ox No.)	FIRM I.D. NO.
1100 Mar West Street, Suite E			
	(No. and Street)		
Tiburon	California	949	
(City)	(State)	(Zi	p Code)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF Melanie K. Hoffner	PERSON TO CONTACT IN R		ORT 415) 435-8400
	GORDANIS SON CONTROL C		Area Code – Telephone Numbe
B. AC	COUNTANT IDENTIFIC	CATION	
David B. Bennett, CPA	whose opinion is contained in (Name – if individual, state last, fi		
76 Main Street, Suite A	Tiburon	California	94920
(Address)	(City)	securities an	D EXCHANGE CONTINISSION) ECEIVED
CHECK ONE:			0.0.0010
Certified Public Accountant		MAH	3 0 2012
☐ Public Accountant			
☐ Accountant not resident in U	nited States or any of its posses	ssions. 02 REGIST	RATIONS BRANCH
	FOR OFFICIAL USE OF	NLY	

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)



Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I,	Melanie K. Hoffner	, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of
my	knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statemen	it and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of
P	Pacific Commonwealth Corporation	, as
of	January 31, 20 12	, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that
neit	ither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal offi	cer or director has any proprietary interest in any account
	assified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:	
	None	
		7.1
	MICHELE SALINAS COMM. # 1943171 UNITARY PUBLIC - CALIFORNIA UNITARY PUBLIC - CALIFORNI	- Muldica A HOA
	ate of California unty of Marin MARIN COUNTY MY COMM. Exp. JULY 31, 2015	Chief Financial Officer
Hoffr	oscribed and sworn to before me on this 28th day of March, 2012, by Mclanic K. Ther, proved to me on the basis of satisfactory evidence to be the person who seared before me.	Title
<u>L</u>	Rotary Public	
	nis report ** contains (check all applicable boxes):	
		
7	(d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition. (Statement	nt of Cash Flows)
		ners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital.
		Claims of Creditors.
	O D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D	ents Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
	(:) Information Polating to the Possession or Control Res	mirements Under Rule 1503-3.
	(a) A Decembilistion including appropriate explanation of	the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 1363-1 and the
_	Computation for Determination of the Reserve Reguli	rements Under Exhibit A of Rule 1303-3.
	(k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited	Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of
	consolidation.	
Ø	1	
	(m) A convert the SIDC Supplemental Report	
	(n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to	exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.
**/	For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions	

PACIFIC COMMONWEALTH CORPORATION
COMPARATIVE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JANUARY 31, 2012 and 2011

PACIFIC COMMONWEALTH CORPORATION

COMPARATIVE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

January 31, 2012 and 2011

DAVID B. BENNETT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT 76 MAIN STREET, SUITE A TIBURON, CALIFORNIA 94920 [415] 435-5966

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Stockholder Pacific Commonwealth Corporation

I have audited the accompanying balance sheets of Pacific Commonwealth Corporation as of January 31, 2012 and January 31, 2011 and the related statements of income and retained earnings, changes in stockholder's equity, and cash flows for each of the two years then ended as filed pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements, and the supplemental schedules discussed below, are the responsibility of the Corporation's management. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit.

I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. I believe that my audit provides a reasonable basis for my opinion.

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Pacific Commonwealth Corporation at January 31, 2012 and January 31, 2011, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the years then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in the supplementary schedules is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in my opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

March 26, 2012

David Esumen -

PACIFIC COMMONWEALTH CORPORATION BALANCE SHEETS JANUARY 31, 2012 AND 2011

See Accountant's Audit Report

ASSETS

	2012	2011
Cash and equivalents Accounts receivable - affiliate Prepaid income taxes Prepaid expenses Refundable deposits	\$ 323,823 5,382 -0- 1,598 3,570	\$ 322,509 5,461 154 1,117 3,570
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 334,373	\$ 332,811
LIABILITIES AND STOCKH	OLDER'S EQUITY	
Income taxes payable	\$ 103	\$ -0-
Total Liabilities	103	-0-
Common stock, no par value, 10,000 shares authorized, 50 shares issued and outstanding Additional paid-in capital Retained earnings	2,500 322,500 9,270	2,500 322,500 7,811
Total Stockholder's Equity	334,270	332,811
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY	\$ 334,373	\$ 332,811

PACIFIC COMMONWEALTH CORPORATION STATEMENT OF INCOME AND RETAINED EARNINGS FOR THE YEARS ENDED JANUARY 31, 2012 AND 2011

See Accountant's Audit Report

	2012	2011
FEE INCOME:	# FO ODD	a 13 110
Consulting	\$ 58,983	\$ 13,117
Total Income	58,983	13,117
OPERATING EXPENSES:		
Administration	46,387	1,829
Automobile	58	39
Dues and subscriptions	500	500
Furniture and equipment rental	66	65
Insurance	2,226	1,929
Interest and bank charges	10	29 5,000
Legal and accounting	5,000 62	5,000
Office expense	192	101
Postage	2	5
Promotion and entertainment Rent	524	404
Registration and assessment fees	934	912
Salaries	933	700
Taxes and licenses	100	49
Taxes - payroll	77	63
Telephone	103	80
Travel	187	178
Utilities	7	7
001110100		
Total Operating Expenses	57,368	11,940
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	1,615	1,177
OTHER INCOME: Interest	901	2,860
Total Other Income	901	2,860
NET INCOME BEFORE TAXES	2,516	4,037
TAXES ON INCOME	1,057	1,286
NET INCOME AFTER TAXES	1,459	2,751
Add: Retained Earnings, beginning of year	7,811	5,060
RETAINED EARNINGS, END OF YEAR	\$ 9,270	\$ 7,811

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

PACIFIC COMMONWEALTH CORPORATION STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY FOR THE YEARS ENDED JANUARY 31, 2012 AND 2011

See Accountant's Audit Report

	Common Stock	Paid-in Capital	Retained Earnings	Total
Stockholder's equity,				
January 31, 2010	\$ 2,500	\$ 322,500	\$ 5,060	\$ 330,060
Net income			2,751	2,751
Stockholder's equity, January 31, 2011	2,500	322,500	7,811	332,811
Net income			1,459	1,459
Stockholder's equity, January 31, 2012	\$ 2,500	\$ 322,500	\$ 9,270	\$ 334,270

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

PACIFIC COMMONWEALTH CORPORATION STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED JANUARY 31, 2012 AND 2011

See Accountant's Audit Report

	2012	2011
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:		
Net income Items not affecting cash (Increase) decrease in receivables (Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses (Increase) decrease in prepaid taxes Increase (decrease) in payables Increase (decrease) in taxes payable	\$ 1,459 -0- 79 (481) 154 -0- 103	\$ 2,751 -0- (1,472) 1,490 (154) (5,000) (158)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	1,314	(2,543)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities: Net cash provided (used) by investing activities Cash Flows From Financing Activities:	-0-	-0-
Net cash provided (used) by financing activities	-0-	
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Equivalents	1,314	(2,543)
Cash and Equivalents at Beginning of the Year	322,509	325,052
Cash and Equivalents at End of the Year	\$ 323,823	\$322,509
Supplemental Disclosures of Cash Flow Intormation:		
Cash paid for taxes	\$ 954	\$ 1,440
Interest paid on borrowing	ş -0-	ş -0-

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

PACIFIC COMMONWEALTH CORPORATION NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JANUARY 31, 2012 AND 2011

See Accountant's Audit Report

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Description of Operations

Pacific Commonwealth Corporation, the Corporation, operates as a registered securities broker/dealer and financial advisor. Its business activities consist of structuring and underwriting new issue securities, trading securities and providing financial advisory services to public and private sector clients. Pacific Commonwealth Group, Inc., a holding company, owns all of the Corporation's stock.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Income Recognition

Fees and commissions are recognized as income when contractual obligations are satisfied and the income is reasonably determinable.

Financial Instruments

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash equivalents are short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash, have an original maturity of 90 days or less, and present an insignificant risk of change in value because of interest rate changes. Cash and cash equivalents are carried at approximate fair value because of the short period to maturity of the instruments.

Income Taxes

Income tax expense may differ from the actual amount payable due to the different treatment of certain items for financial statement purposes and for income tax purposes. The resulting difference, if any, affects the deferred tax asset or liability accounts and represents the net change in deferred income tax expense (benefit).

The Corporation's tax returns are subject to possible examination by the tax authorities. For federal income tax purposes, the tax returns essentially remain open for possible examination for a period of three years, and for state purposes for four years, after their respective filing deadlines.

Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through March 26, 2012 which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued, for events requiring recording or disclosure in the financial statements for the year ended January 31, 2012.

These notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

PACIFIC COMMONWEALTH CORPORATION NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JANUARY 31, 2012 AND 2011

See Accountant's Audit Report

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - cont.

Related Party Transactions

The Corporation shares office space with other corporations related through common ownership. Certain costs such as rent, salaries and office expenses are incurred in common by all companies. The Corporation is allocated a share of these monthly expenses based upon management's estimate of the work done by each entity. Management believes this allocation is reasonable and appropriate under the circumstances. The Corporation also receives consulting income from its affiliated corporation. There is no way to determine what the tinancial condition and results of operations would be if the Corporation operated as an independent company.

Note 2 - Administration

Administration charges reflect amounts paid to the Corporation's parent holding company for operating expenses and charges.

Note 3 - Taxes on Income

The components of the income tax expense account are as follows:

	2011	2012
Federal Income Tax	\$ 257	\$ 486
State Income Tax	800	800
Total Income Tax Expense	\$ <u>1,057</u>	\$ <u>1,286</u>

Note 4 - Commitments and Contingencies

The Corporation renewed its lease on its present office located in Tiburon, California on October 1, 2011, for an additional two years. The minimum lease payment for the remainder of this lease is now \$54,978 but as it shares office space with affiliated companies (see Note 1), its actual rental obligation may be substantially less than its contractual obligation.

In the opinion of management there are no pending lawsuits or other contingencies, which will have a material effect on the Corporation's financial position.

Note 5 - Credit Risks and Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The Corporation's financial instruments that are subject to concentration of credit risk consist primarily of cash, cash equivalents and investment securities.

Cash

The Corporation maintains its cash in bank deposit accounts, which at times may exceed federally insured limits. It believes that it is not exposed to any significant credit risk on cash due to the financial strength of the institutions it maintains its deposits with.

These notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

PACIFIC COMMONWEALTH CORPORATION NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JANUARY 31, 2012 AND 2011

See Accountant's Audit Report

Note 5 - Credit Risks and Fair Value of Financial Instruments - cont.

Cash Equivalents

The Corporation invests its excess cash in money market accounts and short-term securities, and has established guidelines relative to diversification and maturities in an effort to maintain safety and liquidity.

The fair value estimates discussed above are made at a specific point in time and involve significant judgment and certain assumptions. In addition, the tax ramifications related to the realization of any unrealized gains and losses have not been considered in the estimates.

Note 6 - Net Capital Requirements

The Corporation is subject to the revised Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) Uniform Net Capital Rule, Rule 15(c)3-1, which requires broker/dealers engaged in a general securities business to maintain a minimum net capital of \$250,000 and a ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital of not more than 15 to 1. At January 31, 2012, the Corporation had net capital of \$323,720, which was \$73,720 in excess of its requirement. The ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital is nominal.

These notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

PACIFIC COMMONWEALTH CORPORATION SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION January 31, 2012

DAVID B. BENNETT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT 76 MAIN STREET, SUITE A TIBURON, CALIFORNIA 94920 [415] 435-5966

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Structure
Required by Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) Rule 17a-5(g)(1)

To the Stockholder Pacific Commonwealth Corporation

In planning and performing our audit of the Pacific Commonwealth Corporation (the Corporation), as of and for the year ended January 31, 2012, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Corporation's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Corporation's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Corporation's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Corporation including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Corporation does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Corporation in any of the following:

- Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13;
- 2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Corporation is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's previously mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Corporation has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the company's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined previously.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Corporation's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at January 31, 2012, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

David Samen

March 26, 2012

DAVID B. BENNETT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT 76 MAIN STREET, SUITE A TIBURON, CALIFORNIA 94920 [415] 435-5966

Reconciliation of Net Capital With Company's Computation

To the Stockholder Pacific Commonwealth Corporation

I have examined the financial statements of Pacific Commonwealth Corporation for the period ended January 31, 2012 and have issued my report thereon dated March 26, 2012. As required by Rule 15(c)3-1 of the Securities and Exchange Commission, I made a comparison and reconciliation of the Corporation's net capital as reflected on its January 31, 2012 audited financial statement with the amount reported on its January 31, 2012 FOCUS report.

As the attached calculation indicates, the amount previously reported on the Corporation's FOCUS report differs from the amount reflected on its audited financial statement by \$103, the amount of its year-end tax accrual.

A summary of the calculation is as follows:

	Audit	FOCUS	Diff
Net stockholder's equity Less: Non-allowable asset items Haircuts	\$334,270 10,550 -0-	\$334,373 10,550 -0-	\$ 103 -0- -0-
Net Capital	\$323,720	\$323,823	\$103

March 26, 2012

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PACIFIC COMMONWEALTH CORPORATION COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL IN ACCORDANCE WITH RULE 15(c)3-1 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION JANUARY 31, 2012

AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS	
Total liabilities for net capital purposes Less: deductions and/or changes	\$ -0- -0-
Total Aggregate Indebtedness	\$0-
NET CAPITAL	
Total capital (stockholder's equity) per balance sheet Less: non-allowable asset items haircuts on securities	\$ 334,270 10,550 -0-
Total Net Capital	\$ <u>323,720</u>
NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT	
Net capital from above Minimum net capital requirement	\$ 323,720 250,000
Excess Net Capital	\$ <u>73,720</u>
PERCENT OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS TO NET CAPITAL	N/A
RECONCILIATION OF DIFFERENCE IN NET CAPITAL AS REPORTED BY INDEPENDENT AUDITOR AND BY BROKER/DEALER ON FOCUS REPORT	
Net capital as reported by auditor Net capital as reported on FOCUS report	\$ 323,823 323,720
Difference	\$ 103