	UNITED STATES ECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISS Washington, D.C. 20549	1	OMB APPROVAL MB Number: 3235-012 pires: April 30, 2013
12060549	ANNUAL AUDITED REPO FORM X-17A-5 PART III	RTVED Es	SEC FILE NUMBER 8- 42117
-	FACING PAGE nired of Brokers and Dealers Pursua Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a	Star In	
REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGIN	INING_01/01/11AND	ENDING 12	2/31/11 MM/DD/YY
	A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATIO	N	
		· · ·	
	Cresap, Inc.		OFFICIAL USE ONLY
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE	FIRM I.D. NO.		
259 Radnor Chester R			
Deduce	(No. and Street)		10000
Radnor (City)	PA (State)	(7)	19087 o Code)
	R OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARI	TO THIS REPO	
	3. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATIO		ngga ng kanang na ng kanang na kanang na ng kanang na na ng kanang ng kanang n
	TANT whose opinion is contained in this Re	port*	e elangen elan generalisek internetisek internetisek en elan generalisek en elan generalisek en elan generalis
Pirolli, James G.	(Name – if individual, state last, first, middl	e name)	
207 Buck Road, Suite		PA	18966
(Address)	(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)
CHECK ONE:			
Certified Public Accou	intant		
Public Accountant			
□ Accountant not resider	nt in United States or any of its possessions.		
	FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY		

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

SEC 1410 (06-02)

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

Mark W. Cresap, III	, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of
	ncial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of
Cresap, Inc.	, as
December 31,	, 20_11, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that
her the company nor any partner, proprietor,	, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account
sified solely as that of a customer, except as	follows:
COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA	
Notarial Seal	mail George
Marvann Russo, Notary Public	<u>Mark hisy</u> Signature
Radnor Twp., Delaware County My Commission Expires Dec. 9, 2015	
MEMBER, PENNSYLVANIA ASSOCIATION OF NOTARIES	Pres.
\sim 1	Title
VIAnia Duna	
Notary Public	
Chonary Public .	
report ** contains (check all applicable box	(es):
(a) Facing Page.	
(b) Statement of Financial Condition.	
(c) Statement of Income (Loss).(d) Statement of Changes in Einensiel Cond.	1141-
(d) Statement of Changes in Financial Cond	Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital.
(f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Sub-	
(g) Computation of Net Capital.	
(h) Computation for Determination of Reser	rve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
	or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
	explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the
	Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
	nd unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of
consolidation.	
(1) An Oath or Affirmation.	
(m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report	
o Independent Auditor's Report	acies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit. on Internal Control Structure Required by SEC Rule]
	rtain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).
	r

CRESAP, INC. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011 WITH REPORT AND SUPPLEMENTARY REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

CRESAP, INC.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011

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JAMES G. PIROLLI

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Mark W. Cresap III Cresap, Inc. Radnor, Pennsylvania

I have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Cresap, Inc. (a Pennsylvania corporation) as of December 31, 2011, and the related statements of operations, changes in stockholder's equity, and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit.

I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. I believe that my audit provides a reasonable basis for my opinion.

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Cresap, Inc. at December 31, 2011, and the results of its operations and cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

My audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The supplementary information contained in Schedules I and II required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other additional statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

February 21, 2012

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CRESAP, INC. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION DECEMBER 31, 2011

ASSETS

Cash Deposit and other funds held in accounts with clearing organization Receivables from clearing organization Receivables from affiliated registered representatives Prepaid expenses Furniture and equipment, less accumulated depreciation of \$127,622	\$177,489 \$25,134 203,655 3,708 72,827 36,916
	<u>\$519,729</u>
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 28,003
Accrued wages	56,139
Commissions payable	139,031
Payroll taxes payable	7,430
r ujron unto pujuoro	
Total liabilities	230,603
Commitments	
Stockholder's Equity	
Common stock; 100 shares authorized; 100	
shares issued and outstanding	10
Additional paid in capital	143,120
Accumulated earnings	145,996
Total stockholder's equity	289,126
	\$519,729

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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CRESAP, INC. STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011

REVENUE		
Commission income		\$ 3,669,432
Interest income		274,475
Total revenue		3,943,907
EXPENSES		
Employee compensation and ber	nefits	620,409
Commissions and floor brokerag	ge de la companya de	2,779,012
Communications		129,023
Regulatory fees		67,824
Rent		73,851
Other operating expense		176,332
Total expenses		3,846,451
Net income		<u>\$ 97,456</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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CRESAP, INC. STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011

	•	C	Additional	Accumulated	Total Stockholder's
	ء ، ، ،	Common Stock	Paid in Capital	Earnings	Equity
Balances, January 1, 2011		\$ 10	\$ 143,120	\$ 218,540	\$ 361,670
Distributions to shareholder			n Service Alternation	(170,000)	(170,000)
Net income, year ended December 31, 20	011	·		97,456	97,456
Balances, December 31, 2011		<u>\$ 10</u>	<u>\$ 143,120</u>	<u>\$ 145,996</u>	<u>\$ 289,126</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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CRESAP, INC. STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Net income	\$ 97,456
Adjustments to reconcile net income	
to cash provided by operating activities:	
Depreciation and amortization	10,179
(Increase) decrease in	
Deposit and other funds held in accounts with clearing organization	22
Receivables from clearing organization	127,224
Receivables due from affiliated representatives	(506)
Employee advances	13,167
Prepaid expense	(23,313)
Increase (decrease) in	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	4,915
Accrued wages	(21,862)
Accrued commissions	(86,091)
Payroll taxes payable	(5,842)
Cash provided by operating activities	115,349
	1. <u> </u>
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Purchase of furniture and equipment	(14,045)
Cash used by investing activities	(14,045)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Distributions to shareholder	(170,000)
Cash used by financing activities	(170,000)
Increase in cash	(68,696)
Cash at beginning of year	246,185
Cash at end of year	\$ 177,489
·	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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CRESAP, INC. NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011

(1) ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Organization

Cresap, Inc. (the "Company") was incorporated on December 7, 1989 in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for the purpose of conducting business as a broker-dealer. On January 16, 1990, 100 shares of common stock were sold to the President and sole stockholder, Mark W. Cresap, III. The Company became a member of the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. (now the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority) on May 11, 1990.

The Company uses a clearing broker-dealer for all customer transactions.

Significant Accounting Policies

<u>Cash</u>

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Company includes as cash, amounts on deposit at banks and funds held on account by the Company's clearing broker. The Company considers all highly liquid debt instruments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Furniture and Equipment

Furniture and equipment are recorded at cost. Depreciation is computed using the straightline method based on the estimated lives ranging from five to seven years. In 2011 depreciation expense was \$10,179.

Securities Transactions

All securities transactions and related commission income and expenses are recorded on the trade date basis as if they had settled.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Estimates also affect the reported amounts of revenues and expense during the reported period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

CRESAP, INC. NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011

(2) NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

Pursuant to the net capital requirements of the Securities and Exchange Commission (Rule 15c 3-1), the Company is required to maintain a minimum "net capital," as defined under such provisions. The rule requires that "aggregate indebtedness," as defined, shall not exceed fifteen times "net capital," as defined, and that minimum "net capital" must be the greater of \$50,000 or 6 2/3% of aggregate indebtedness. As of December 31, 2011 the Company had net capital of \$131,995 which was \$81,995 in excess of the minimum net capital requirement. The Company's net capital ratio was 2.02 to 1.

(3) **INCOME TAXES**

The Company has elected to be treated under the provisions of Subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code and comparable provisions of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. Under those provisions, the Company does not pay federal or Pennsylvania corporate taxes on its taxable income. Instead, the stockholder is liable for federal and Pennsylvania income taxes on the Company's taxable income.

Accounting standards require the tax effects of uncertain tax positions to be recognized. These tax positions must meet a "more likely than not" standard that based on their technical merit have more than 50% likelihood of being sustained upon IRS examination. Management estimates that there are no uncertain tax positions as of December 31, 2011.

The Company's corporation income tax returns for the years ending December 31, 2008, 2009, 2010 and 2011 are subject to examination by the Internal Revenue Service.

(4) **COMMITMENTS**

The Company has a lease agreement for office space at 259 Radnor Chester Road, Suite 230, Radnor, PA. The term of the lease is from June 1, 2010 through April 30, 2014. In addition, the Company is obligated to pay for a proportional amount of the building's costs.

Future minimum lease payments at December 31, 2011 are as follows:

2012	\$ 67,574
2013	68,929
2014	23,167
	\$159.670

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(5) EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS

The Company has adopted a qualified profit sharing plan with a 401(k) deferred compensation provision. All employees are eligible to participate in the Company's profit sharing plan and 401(k) plan as long as they are at least 21 years of age and have completed one year of employment. The profit sharing plan provides for contributions by the Company in such amounts as management may determine. The company incurred no profit sharing plan expense for the year ended December 31, 2011. The salary deferral 401(k) plan allows eligible employees to defer up to twelve percent of their salary and requires no matching Company contribution.

The Company has adopted a Section 125 plan that offers all employees pre-tax health insurance benefits.

(6) SPECIAL ACCOUNT FOR EXCLUSIVE BENEFIT OF CUSTOMERS

The Company is exempt from the provisions of Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934 and therefore, among other things, is not required to maintain a "Special Reserve Bank Account for the Exclusive Benefit of Customers," since it meets the requirement of Rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(a) and does not carry security accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities.

(7) CONCENTRATIONS OF CREDIT RISK

The Company is engaged in various trading and brokerage activities in which counterparties primarily include broker-dealers, banks and other financial institutions. In the event counterparties do not fulfill their obligations, the Company may be exposed to risk. The risk of default depends on the creditworthiness of the counterparty or issuer of the instrument. It is the Company's policy to review, as necessary, the credit standing of each counterparty.

The Company at times during operations has cash deposits which exceed \$250,000. The Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insures only the first \$250,000 of funds on deposit. In addition, the Company's bank often places funds in temporary investments which are not insured by the FDIC. The Company had no funds in temporary investment accounts at December 31, 2011.

(8) LITIGATION

A threatened claim has been made against the Company as a part of a receivership action made in a matter involving a firm for whom the Company received fees for trade execution. Management believes that it has adequate defenses in the event the receiver should initiate a claim and believes that the resolution of the potential claim will not result in any material adverse effect on the Company's financial position.

(8) LITIGATION (CONTINUED)

The Company has offered \$10,000 to resolve the threat of a claim for the purpose of minimizing additional legal expense. This amount has been reflected as an expense and accrued liability in the financial statements.

(9) SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Events subsequent to December 31, 2011 of the Company have been evaluated through February 21, 2012, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued, for the purpose of identifying events requiring recording or disclosure in the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2011.

CRESAP, INC. COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER RULE 15c3-1 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION DECEMBER 31, 2011

NET CAPITAL

Total stockholder's equity qualified for net capital	\$ 289,126	
Deductions and/or charges:		
Non-allowable assets:		
Receivables of 12b1 commissions	36,462	
Receivables from affiliated registered representatives	3,708	
Prepaid expenses	72,827	
Furniture and equipment less		
accumulated depreciation	36,916	
Postage reimbursement	2,717	·
Excess fidelity bond deductible	4,000	
Total nonallowable assets		156,630
Net capital before haircuts	1 -	132,496
Haircut on securities		(501)
Net Capital		\$ 131,995

AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS

Items included in statement of financial condition

Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 28,003
Accrued wages	56,139
Accrued commissions	139,031
Payroll taxes payable	7,430
Total aggregate indebtedness	\$ 230,603
Total aggregate muchicultess	

CRESAP, INC. COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER RULE 15c3-1 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION DECEMBER 31, 2011

COMPUTATION OF BASIC NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

Minimum net capital required or \$50,000 if gro	eater	<u>\$ 50,000</u>
Excess net capital at 1500%		<u>\$ 81,995</u>
Excess net capital at 1000%		\$ 105,288
Ratio: aggregate indebtedness to net capital		2.02 to 1

RECONCILIATION WITH COMPANY'S COMPUTATION

(Included in Part IIA of Form X-17A-5 as of December 31, 2011)

Net capital as reported in Company's Part IIA (Unaudited)	
FOCUS Report	\$ 138,364
Adjustments:	
Increase in accounts payable	(2,370)
Increase in receivables and prepaid expenses	2,781
Increase in nonallowable assets	(6,771)
Increase in cash	502
Decrease in furniture and equipment less depreciation	(10)
Haircut on securities	(501)
Net capital reported herein	<u>\$ 131,995</u>

Schedule II

CRESAP, INC. COMPUTATION FOR DETERMINATION OF RESERVE REQUIREMENTS UNDER RULE 15c3-3 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011

Cresap, Inc. claims an exemption from Rule 15c3-3 based on Section 15c3-3 (k)(2)(ii) who, as an introducing broker or dealer, clears all transactions with and for customers on a fully disclosed basis with a clearing broker or dealer, and who promptly transmits all customers' funds and securities to the clearing broker or dealer which carries all of the accounts of such customers and maintains and preserves such books and records pertaining thereto pursuant to the requirements of Rules 17a-3 and 17a-4, as are customarily made and kept by a clearing broker or dealer. The clearing broker is First Clearing LLC.

INFORMATION RELATING TO POSSESSION OR CONTROL REQUIREMENTS UNDER RULE 15c3-3 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011

Cresap, Inc. claims an exemption from Rule 15c3-3 based on Section 15c3-3(k)(2)(ii) who as an introducing broker or dealer, clears all transactions with and for customers on a fully disclosed basis with a clearing broker or dealer, or who promptly transmits all customer funds and securities to the clearing broker or dealer, which carries all of the accounts of such customers and maintains and preserves such books and records pertaining thereto pursuant to the requirements of Rule 17a-3 and 17a-4, as are customarily made and kept by a clearing broker or dealer.

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JAMES G. PIROLLI

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL STRUCTURE REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17a-5(g)(1)

Mark W. Cresap III Cresap, Inc. Radnor, Pennsylvania

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements of Cresap, Inc. (the Company), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2011, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, I considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing my auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing my opinion on the consolidated financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17-a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), I have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company, including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that I considered relevant to the objectives stated in the rule 17-a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (of aggregate debits) and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, I did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making the quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and the recordation of difference required by rule 17a-13.
- 2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of the Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls, and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph, and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's previously mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL STRUCTURE REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17a-5(g)(1) (CONTINUED)

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, errors or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal controls that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the company's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that I consider to be material weaknesses, as defined previously.

I understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on my study, I believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2011, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the Securities and Exchange Commission, the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17-a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

James C. Judli

February 21, 2012

JAMES G. PIROLLI

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT

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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED- UPON PROCEDURES RELATED TO AN ENTITY'S SIPC ASSESSMENT RECONCILIATION

Mark W. Cresap, III Cresap, Inc. Radnor, Pennsylvania

In accordance with Rule 17a-5(e)(4) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, I have performed the procedures enumerated below with respect to the accompanying Schedule of Assessment and Payments (General Assessment Reconciliation Form SIPC-7) to the Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC) for the Year Ended December 31, 2011, which were agreed to by Cresap, Inc. and the Securities and Exchange Commission, Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. and SIPC, solely to assist you and the other specified parties in evaluating Cresap, Inc.'s compliance with the applicable instructions of the General Assessment Reconciliation (Form SIPC-7). Cresap, Inc.'s management is responsible for Cresap Inc.'s compliance with those requirements. This agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of those parties specified in this report. Consequently, I make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose. The procedures I performed and my findings are as follows:

- 1. Compared the listed assessment payments in Form SIPC-7 with respective cash disbursements records entries recorded in the company's general ledger noting no differences;
- 2. Compared the amounts reported in the audited Form X-17A-5 for the year ended December 31, 2011, as applicable, with the amounts reported in Form SIPC-7 for the year ended December 31, 2011, noting no differences;
- 3. Compared any adjustments reported in Form SIPC-7 with supporting schedules and working papers no differences.
- 4. Proved the mathematical accuracy of the calculations reflected in Form SIPC-7 and in the related schedules and working papers prepared by the firm's principal supporting the adjustments noting no differences.
- 5. Compared the amount of any overpayment applied to the current assessment with the Form SIPC-7 on which it was originally computed noting no differences if applicable.

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED- UPON PROCEDURES RELATED TO AN ENTITY'S SIPC ASSESSMENT RECONCILIATION (CONTINUED)

6. Compared the amount of any overpayment applied to the current assessment with the Form SIPC-7 on which it was originally computed noting no differences if applicable.

I was not engaged to, and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on compliance. Accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. Had I performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to my attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the specified parties listed above and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

James Gualti

February 21, 2012

CRESAP, INC. SCHEDULE OF ASSESSMENT AND PAYMENTS (GENERAL ASSESSMENT RECONCILIATION FORM SIPC-7) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011

Total Revenue	\$ 3,943,907
Deductions:	
Revenues from the distribution of shares of a re end investment company or unit investment tru of variable annuities, from the business of insu	st, from the sale
investment advisory services rendered to regist companies or insurance company separate acco transactions in security futures products.	ered investment
Commissions, floor brokerage and clearance pa members in connection with securities transact	
SIPC Net Operating Revenues	2,889,366
General Assessment @ .0025	7,223
Prior year overpayment applied to current year	(508)
Payments made with 2011 Form SIPC-6	(3,274)
Balance paid with SIPC-7	<u>\$ 3,441</u>

See accompanying independent accountant's report.

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